Task 2 - Suprvised Machine learning

Problem definition:

Using regression technique, predicting the percentage of marks that a student is expected to score based upon the number of hours they have studied. This simple linear regression task includes just two variables.

Dataset:

http://bit.ly/w-data

```
In [33]: #importing all the required libraries
    import pandas as pd
    import numpy as np
    import seaborn as sns

In [60]: #reading the data into a file
    file_path = 'http://bit.ly/w-data'
    dataset = pd.read_csv(file_path)
    print('File created successfully')
    dataset.head(10)

File created successfully

Out[60]:

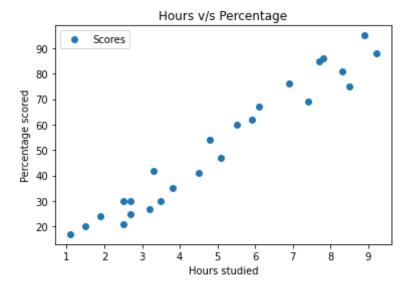
    Hours Scores
    0 2.5 21
```

```
Hours Scores
                5.1
                        47
           1
                3.2
           2
                        27
                8.5
           3
                        75
           4
                3.5
                        30
           5
                1.5
                        20
           6
                9.2
                        88
           7
                5.5
                        60
           8
                8.3
                        81
           9
                2.7
                        25
In [61]: dataset.describe()
                    Hours
                             Scores
           count 25.000000 25.000000
                  5.012000 51.480000
           mean
                  2.525094 25.286887
             std
                  1.100000 17.000000
            25%
                  2.700000 30.000000
            50%
                  4.800000 47.000000
            75%
                  7.400000 75.000000
                  9.200000 95.000000
            max
In [14]: #Marking down data by converting into labels(output) and attributes(inp
          uts)
          X = dataset.iloc[:, :-1].values
          y = dataset.iloc[:,1].values
          print('created labels and attributes successfully')
```

Out[61]:

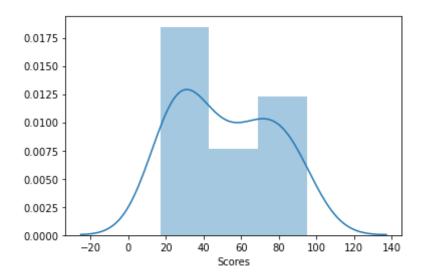
Data Visualization

```
In [11]: #Plotting an Hours v/s Percentage graph
    dataset.plot(x='Hours', y='Scores', style='o')
    plt.title('Hours v/s Percentage')
    plt.xlabel('Hours studied')
    plt.ylabel('Percentage scored')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [58]: #checking the scores distribution
sns.distplot(dataset['Scores'])
```

Out[58]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x191064b3370>



In [27]: #splitting the dataset into train and test data for the model
 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size =
 0.2, random_state = 0)
 print('train and test datasets created successfully')

train and test datasets created successfully

Model Training

```
In [28]: #using train dataset to for a linear regression model
    from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    model = LinearRegression()
    model.fit(X_train, y_train)
    print('training successful')
```

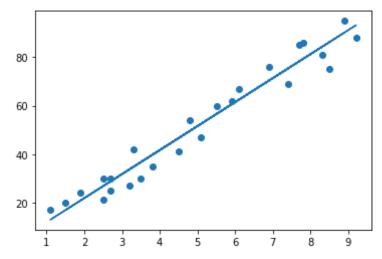
training successful

Regression line visualization

y = ax + b

```
In [38]: #plotting a graph for the test data
line = model.coef_*X+model.intercept_

plt.scatter(X,y)
plt.plot(X, line)
plt.show()
```



Model predictions

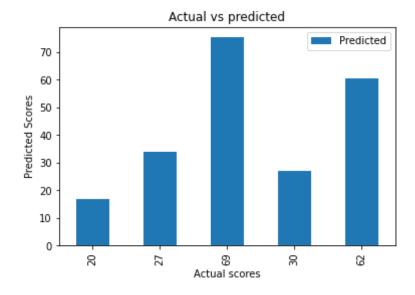
```
In [63]: #comapring actual values with predicted ones
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
df = pd.DataFrame({'Actual': y_test, 'Predicted': y_pred})
df
```

Out[63]:

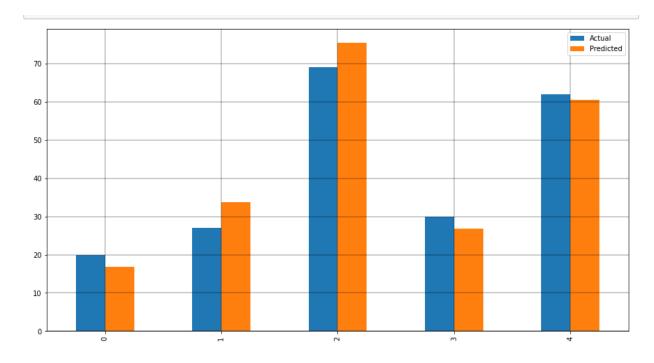
	Actual	Predicted
0	20	16.884145

	Actual	Predicted
1	27	33.732261
2	69	75.357018
3	30	26.794801
4	62	60.491033

```
In [65]: # Plotting the prediction with actual values
    df.plot(x='Actual', y='Predicted', kind = 'bar')
    plt.title('Actual vs predicted')
    plt.xlabel('Actual scores')
    plt.ylabel('Predicted Scores')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [67]: #visualising comparison result as a bar graph
    df1 = df.head()
    df1.plot(kind='bar',figsize=(15,8))
    plt.grid(which='major', linestyle='-', linewidth='0.4', color='black')
    plt.grid(which='minor', linestyle=':', linewidth='0.4', color='black')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [56]: #testing with custom data
hours = [[9.2]]
own_pred = model.predict(hours)
print("No of Hours = {}".format(hours))
print("Predicted Score = {}".format(own_pred[0]))
#final_prediction = model.predict(np.array([[9.25]]).reshape(1,1))[0]
[0]
#print("Predicted scores on 9.25 hours study:", final_prediction)
```

No of Hours = [[9.2]] Predicted Score = 93.19619966334326

Model evaluation

In []: Evaluating the model performance using the mean absolute error

```
In [51]: from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error
mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
print('Mean absolute error :', mae)

Mean absolute error : 4.183859899002982
```