

## GEOMETRY HOMEWORK 8

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**Problem 2.** 考慮直線族  $L_\lambda : \frac{x}{\lambda} + \frac{y}{1-\lambda} = 1$ , 令 ruled surface  $\mathbb{X}$  為  $(L_\lambda, \lambda) \subset \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}$

- (a) 求出 line of striction(龍骨)  $\beta(\lambda) \in \mathbb{R}^3$
- (b) 令  $\gamma(\lambda)$  為  $\beta(\lambda)$  在  $\mathbb{R}^2$  上的投影, 說明  $L_\lambda$  為  $\gamma(\lambda)$  的切線
- (c)  $\gamma(\lambda)$  是圓嗎? 其方程式為何 (以  $f(x, y) = c$  的方式表示)?

*Proof.*

□

**Problem 4** (Ex p.210 6). Let

$$\mathbf{X}(t, v) = \alpha(t) + v w(t)$$

be a developable surface. Prove that at a regular point we have

$$\langle N_v, \mathbf{X}_v \rangle = \langle N_v, \mathbf{X}_t \rangle = 0.$$

Conclude that the tangent plane of a developable surface is constant along (the regular points of) a fixed ruling.

*Proof.*

$$\mathbf{X}_{vv} = 0 \Rightarrow g = \langle N, \mathbf{X}_{vv} \rangle = 0;$$

$$K = \det(-dN) = 0 \Rightarrow eg = f^2 \Rightarrow f = 0;$$

$$N_v = dN(\mathbf{X}_v) = \begin{bmatrix} E & F \\ F & G \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} e & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix};$$

$$\Rightarrow \langle N_v, \mathbf{X}_v \rangle = \langle N_v, \mathbf{X}_t \rangle = 0.$$

Thus  $N$ , the normal vector of the tangent plane, is independent of  $v$  and hence the conclusion follows. □

**Problem 5** (Ex p.210 8). Show that if  $C \subset S^2$  is a parallel of a unit sphere  $S^2$ , then the envelope of tangent planes of  $S^2$  along  $C$  is either a cylinder, if  $C$  is an equator, or a cone, if  $C$  is not an equator.