

Version 1.0

"The Universal Measurement and Calibration Protocol Family"

Part 3

XCP on CAN - Transport Layer Specification



Association for Standardization of Automation and Measuring Systems

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0 Introduction

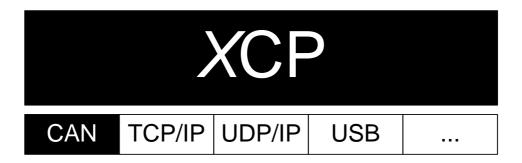
0.1 The XCP Protocol Family

This document is based on experiences with the **C**AN **C**alibration **P**rotocol (CCP) version 2.1 as described in feedback from the companies Accurate Technologies Inc., Compact Dynamics GmbH, DaimlerChrysler AG, dSPACE GmbH, ETAS GmbH, Kleinknecht Automotive GmbH, Robert Bosch GmbH, Siemens VDO Automotive AG and Vector Informatik GmbH.

The XCP Specification documents describe an improved and generalized version of CCP.

The generalized protocol definition serves as standard for a protocol family and is called "XCP" (Universal Measurement and Calibration Protocol).

The " \boldsymbol{X} " generalizes the "various" transportation layers that are used by the members of the protocol family e.g " \boldsymbol{X} CP on CAN", " \boldsymbol{X} CP on TCP/IP", " \boldsymbol{X} CP on UDP/IP", " \boldsymbol{X} CP on USB" and so on.



XCP is not backwards compatible to an existing CCP implementation.



0.2 Documentation Overview

The XCP specification consists of 5 parts. Each part is a separate document and has the following contents:

Part 1 "Overview" gives an overview over the XCP protocol family, the XCP features and the fundamental protocol definitions.

Part 2 "Protocol Layer Specification" defines the generic protocol, which is independent from the transportation layer used.

Part 3 "Transport Layer Specification" defines the way how the *X*CP protocol is transported by a particular transportation layer like CAN, TCP/IP and UDP/IP.

This document describes the way how the XCP protocol is transported on CAN.

Part 4 "Interface Specification" defines the interfaces from an XCP master to an ASAM MCD 2MC description file and for calculating Seed & Key algorithms and checksums.

Part 5 "Example Communication Sequences" gives example sequences for typical actions performed with *XCP*.

Everything not explicitly mentioned in this document, should be considered as implementation specific.





0.3 Definitions and Abbreviations

The following table gives an overview about the most commonly used definitions and abbreviations throughout this document.

Abbreviation	Description		
A2L	File Extension for an ASAM 2MC Language File		
AML	ASAM 2 Meta Language		
ASAM	Association for Standardization of Automation and Measuring Systems		
BYP	BYPassing		
CAL	CALibration		
CAN	Controller Area Network		
CCP	Can Calibration Protocol		
CMD	CoMmanD		
CS	C heck S um		
СТО	Command Transfer Object		
CTR	CounTeR		
DAQ	Data AcQuisition, Data AcQuisition Packet		
DTO	Data Transfer Object		
ECU	Electronic Control Unit		
ERR	ERRor Packet		
EV	EVent Packet		
LEN	LEN gth		
MCD	Measurement Calibration and Diagnostics		
MTA	Memory Transfer Address		
ODT	Object Descriptor Table		
PAG	PAGing		
PGM	ProGraMming		
PID	Packet IDentifier		
RES	command RESponse packet		
SERV	SERVice request packet		
SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface		
STD	STanDard STanDard		
STIM	Data STIMulation packet		
TCP/IP	Transfer Control Protocol / Internet Protocol		
TS	Time Stamp		
UDP/IP	Unified Data Protocol / Internet Protocol		
USB	Universal Serial Bus		
XCP	Universal Calibration Protocol		

Table 1: Definitions and Abbreviations

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1 The XCP Transport Layer for CAN

1.1 Addressing

The master can use GET_SLAVE_ID to detect all XCP slaves within a CAN network. The master has to send GET_SLAVE_ID with the XCP Broadcast CAN identifier.

XCP on CAN uses at least two different CAN identifiers for each independent slave: one identifier for the CMD and STIM packets and one identifier for the RES, ERR, EV, SERV and DAQ packets.

The STIM CAN Identifiers may be the same as the CMD CAN Identifier or may be assigned by the SET_DAQ_ID command.

The DAQ CAN Identifiers may be the same as the RES/ERR/EV/SERV CAN Identifier or may be assigned by the SET_DAQ_ID command.

The assignment of CAN message identifiers to the XCP objects CMD/STIM and RES/ERR/EV/SERV/DAQ is defined in the slave device description file (e.g. the ASAP2 format description file), which is used to configure the master device. It is recommended that the bus priority of the message objects be carefully determined in order to avoid injury to other real-time communication on the bus. Also, the CMD/STIM should obtain higher priority than the RES/ERR/EV/SERV/DAQ.

The most significant bit (of the 32-bit value) set, indicates a 29 bit CAN identifier.





1.2 Communication Model

XCP on CAN makes use of the standard communication model.

The block transfer communication model is optional.

The interleaved communication model is not allowed.





1.3 Header and Tail

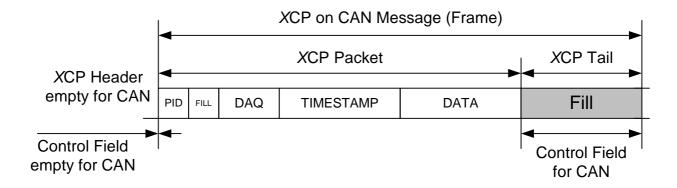


Diagram 1: Header and Tail for XCP on CAN

1.3.1 Header

For XCP on CAN there's no Header (empty Control Field).



1.3.2 Tail

For XCP on CAN, the Tail consists of a Control Field containing optional Fill bytes.

The maximum data length of a CAN message and therefore maximum length of an XCP on CAN message is MAX_DLC = 8.

If the length (LEN) of an XCP Packet equals MAX_DLC, the Control Field of the XCP Tail is empty and the XCP on CAN Message is the same as the XCP Packet (DLC = LEN = MAX_DLC).

If LEN is smaller than MAX_DLC, there're 2 possibilities to set the DLC.

A first possibility is to set DLC = LEN. The Control Field of the XCP Tail is empty and the XCP on CAN Message is the same as the XCP Packet.

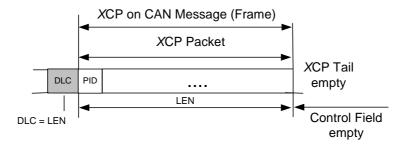


Diagram 2 : No XCP Tail if DLC = LEN (<= MAX_DLC)

A second possibility is to set DLC = MAX_DLC = 8. The Control Field of the XCP Tail contains MAX_DLC – LEN fill bytes. The contents of the FILL bytes is "don't care".

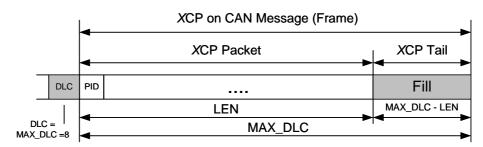


Diagram 3 : XCP Tail if DLC = MAX_DLC (> LEN)

With MAX_DLC_REQUIRED, the slave can inform the master that it has to use CAN frames with DLC = MAX_DLC = 8 when sending to the slave.





1.4 The Limits of performance

The maximum length of a CTO or a DTO packet is 8.

Name	Туре	Representation	Range of value
MAX_CTO	Parameter	BYTE	0x08
MAX_DTO	Parameter	WORD	0x0008





2 Specific commands for XCP on CAN

Table of Command Codes:

Command	Code	Timeout	Remark
GET_SLAVE_ID	0xFF	t1	optional
GET_DAQ_ID	0xFE	t1	optional
SET_DAQ_ID	0xFD	t1	optional





2.1 Get Slave CAN identifiers

Category CAN only, optional Mnemonic GET_SLAVE_ID

Position	Туре	Description
0	BYTE	Command Code = TRANSPORT_LAYER_CMD = 0xF2
1	BYTE	Sub Command Code = 0xFF
2	BYTE	0x58 (ASCII = X)
3	BYTE	0x43 (ASCII = C)
4	BYTE	0x50 (ASCII = P)
5	BYTE	Mode 0 = identify by echo 1 = confirm by inverse echo

The master can use GET_SLAVE_ID to detect all XCP slaves within a CAN network.

At the same time, the master gets to know the CAN identifier the master has to use when transferring CMD/STIM to a specific slave and the CAN identifier this slave uses for transferring RES/ERR/EV/SERV/DAQ.

The master has to send GET_SLAVE_ID with the XCP Broadcast CAN identifier.

If the master sends an XCP message with the XCP Broadcast CAN identifier, all XCP slaves that are connected to the CAN network have to respond. GET_SLAVE_ID is the only XCP message that can be broadcasted.

A slave always has to respond to GET_SLAVE_ID, even if the slave device is not in Connected state yet.

The slave has to send the response with the CAN identifier it uses for transferring RES/ERR/EV/SERV/DAQ.

The master sends GET_SLAVE_ID with an Identification Pattern (ASCII for "XCP"). The master uses this Pattern for recognizing answers from XCP slaves.

If the master sends a GET_SLAVE_ID(identify by echo), the slave has to send a response that contains an echo of the Pattern. Additionally the slave informs the master about the CAN identifier the master has to use when transferring CMD/STIM to this slave.

Positive Response (mode = identify by echo):

Position	Туре	Description
0	BYTE	Packet ID: 0xFF
1	BYTE	0x58
2	BYTE	0x43
3	BYTE	0x50
47	DWORD	CAN identifier for CMD/STIM





If the master sends a GET_SLAVE_ID(confirm by inverse echo), the slave has to send a response that contains an inversed echo of the Pattern. Additionally the slave repeats the CAN identifier the master has to use when transferring CMD/STIM to this slave.

Positive Response (mode = confirm by inversed echo) :

Position	Туре	Description
0	BYTE	Packet ID: 0xFF
1	BYTE	0xA7
2	BYTE	0xBC
3	BYTE	0xAF
47	DWORD	CAN identifier for CMD/STIM

If the master sends a GET_SLAVE_ID(confirm by inverse echo), without a previous GET_SLAVE_ID(identify by echo), the slaves will silently ignore that command.

If the master first sends a GET_SLAVE_ID(identify by echo) and then a GET_SLAVE_ID(confirm by inversed echo), this sequence allows the master to reliably distinguish the responses of the slaves from other communication frames on the CAN network and to reliably detect the CAN identifier pairs for every single slave.

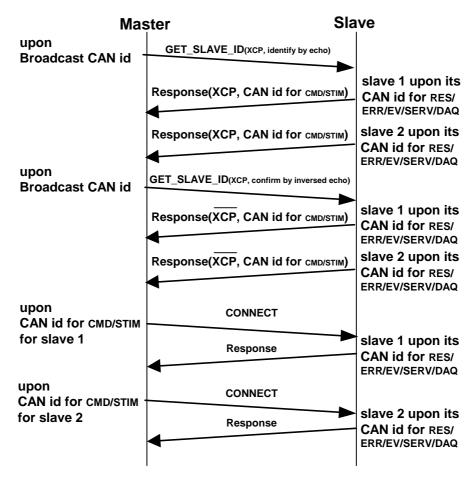


Diagram 4: Typical use of GET_SLAVE_ID modes





2.2 Get DAQ List CAN Identifier

Category CAN only, optional Mnemonic GET_DAQ_ID

Position	Туре	Description
0	BYTE	Command Code = TRANSPORT_LAYER_CMD = 0xF2
1	BYTE	Sub Command Code = GET_DAQ_ID = 0xFE
2,3	WORD	DAQ_LIST_NUMBER [0,1,MAX_DAQ-1]

Positive Response:

Position	Туре	Description
0	BYTE	Packet ID: 0xFF
1	BYTE	CAN_ID_FIXED 0 = CAN-Id can be configured 1 = CAN-Id is fixed
2,3	WORD	Reserved
47	DWORD	CAN Identifier of DTO dedicated to list number

As a default, the master transfers all DAQ lists with DIRECTION = STIM on the same CAN Identifier as used for CMD.

Alternatively, the master may have individual CAN Identifiers (other than the one used for CMD) for the DAQ lists with DIRECTION = STIM.

As a default, the slave transfers all DAQ lists with DIRECTION = DAQ on the same CAN Identifier as used for RES/ERR/EV/SERV.

Alternatively, the slave may have individual CAN Identifiers (other than the one used for RES/ERR/EV/SERV) for its DAQ lists with DIRECTION = DAQ.

With GET_DAQ_ID, the master can detect whether a DAQ list uses an individual CAN identifier and whether this Identifier is fixed or configurable.

If the CAN Identifier is configurable, the master can configure the individual Can Identifier for this DAQ list with SET_DAQ_ID.





2.3 Set DAQ List CAN Identifier

Category CAN only, optional Mnemonic SET_DAQ_ID

Position	Туре	Description
0	BYTE	Command Code = TRANSPORT_LAYER_CMD = 0xF2
1	BYTE	Sub Command Code = SET_DAQ_ID = 0xFD
2,3	WORD	DAQ_LIST_NUMBER [0,1,MAX_DAQ-1]
47	DWORD	CAN Identifier of DTO dedicated to list number

The master can assign an individual CAN Identifier to a DAQ list.

If the given identifier isn't possible, the slave returns an ERR_OUT_OF_RANGE.



3 Specific events for XCP on CAN

There are no specific events for XCP on CAN at the moment.

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4 Interface to ASAM MCD 2MC description file

The following chapter describes the parameters that are specific for XCP on CAN.

4.1 ASAM MCD 2MC AML for XCP on CAN

```
/*
         ASAP2 meta language for XCP on CAN V1.0
                                                                                                                                                                                            */
                                                                                                                                                                                            */
        2003-03-03
         Vector Informatik, Schuermans
        Datatypes:
/* A2ML
                                  ASAP2
                                                                      Windows description
                                                                       BYTE unsigned 8 Bit char signed 8 Bit WORD unsigned integer 16 Bit signed integer 16 Bit DWORD unsigned integer 16 Bit DWORD u
/* uchar
                                UBYTE
/* char
/* uint
/* int
                                SBYTE
                                UWORD
                                 SWORD
        ulong
                                ULONG
SLONG
                                                                           DWORD unsigned integer 32 Bit
        long
                                                                             LONG signed integer 32 Bit
                                FLOAT32_IEEE
         float
                                                                                                          float 32 Bit
       ******************* start of CAN *************************/
   struct CAN_Parameters { /* At MODULE */
                                                                     /* XCP on CAN version */
        uint:
                                                                     /* e.g. "1.0" = 0x0100 */
         taggedstruct {
                                                                                 /* optional */
              "CAN_ID_BROADCAST" ulong; /* Auto detection CAN-ID
                                                                                                        /* master -> slaves
                                                                                                       /* Bit31= 1: extended identifier
               "CAN_ID_MASTER"
                                                                                ulong;
                                                                                                        /* CMD/STIM CAN-ID
                                                                                                        /* master -> slave
                                                                                                        /* Bit31= 1: extended identifier
                                                                                 ulong; /* RES/ERR/EV/SERV/DAQ CAN-ID */
               "CAN_ID_SLAVE"
                                                                                                        /* slave -> master
                                                                                                        /* Bit31= 1: extended identifier
               "BAUDRATE"
                                                                                 ulong; /* BAUDRATE [Hz] */
               "SAMPLE_POINT" uchar;
                                                                                                      /* sample point
                                                                                                      /* [% complete bit time] */
               "SAMPLE RATE" enum {
                                      "SINGLE" = 1,
                                                                                                     /* 1 sample per bit */
                                      "TRIPLE" = 3
                                                                                                      /* 3 samples per bit */
                                  };
```



```
"BTL_CYCLES" uchar;
                             /* BTL_CYCLES
                              /* [slots per bit time] */
   "SJW" uchar;
                              /* length synchr. segment */
                             /* [BTL_CYCLES]
   "SYNC_EDGE" enum {
                             /* on falling edge only
          "SINGLE" = 1,
          "DUAL" = 2
                             /* on falling and rising edge */
         };
   "MAX_DLC_REQUIRED";
                             /* master to slave frames
                             /* always to have DLC = MAX_DLC = 8 */
  (block "DAQ_LIST_CAN_ID" struct { /* At IF_DATA DAQ */
    uint;
                         /* reference to DAQ_LIST_NUMBER */
    taggedstruct {
                         /* exclusive tags */
                         /* either VARIABLE or FIXED */
         "VARIABLE";
         "FIXED" ulong;
                         /* this DAQ_LIST always */
                         /* on this CAN_ID
        };
   })*;
  };
```



4.2 IF_DATA example for XCP on CAN

/begin XCP_ON_CAN

0x0100 /* XCP on CAN version */

CAN_ID_BROADCAST 0x0100 /* Broadcast */

CAN_ID_MASTER 0x0200 /* CMD/STIM */

CAN_ID_SLAVE 0x0300 /* RES/ERR/EV/SERV/DAQ */

BAUDRATE 500000 /* BAUDRATE */

/begin DAQ_LIST_CAN_ID

0x0000 /* for DAQ_LIST 0 */

FIXED 0x310

/end DAQ_LIST_CAN_ID

/begin DAQ_LIST_CAN_ID

0x0001 /* for DAQ_LIST 1 */

FIXED 0x320

/end DAQ_LIST_CAN_ID

/begin DAQ_LIST_CAN_ID

0x0002 /* for DAQ_LIST 2 */

FIXED 0x330

/end DAQ_LIST_CAN_ID

/end XCP_ON_CAN

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