CS30800 Introduction to Computer Graphics Lab 5 – Scene Graph

2025. 04. 08/ 2025. 04. 10

Note



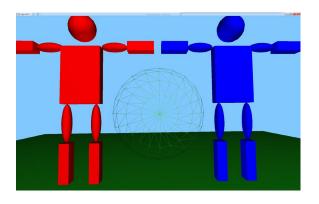
- You would be better to get familiar with the following concepts to complete this assignment:
 - Class
 - Vector (stl)
 - Pointer

 There are many classes and functions in this homework, so please read the description (pdf and code) in advance, and start to do some coding.

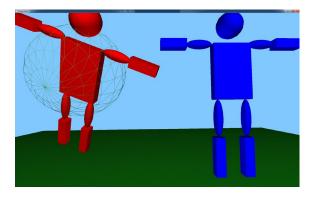
Goals



- Scene graph
 - Build a structure for dealing with objects in a smart way



- Picking
 - Implement user manipulation code



 Note that you have to read the description file (pdf) and the detailed description in the code thoroughly

Code Migration



- In this project, asst4 is based on your asst3.
 - You should finish previous homework before start.

 Make the copy of asst3 project (named asst4) and add asst4.zip file into your new project.

• Change the existing Visual Studio project or MakeFile to build the project

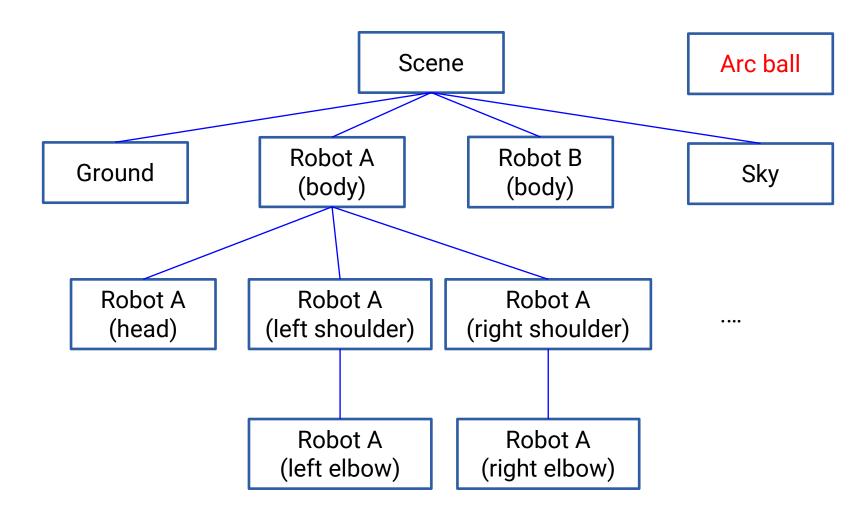
Code Migration



- 'asst4-snippets.cpp' can help you for modifying your asst4.cpp code
 - Construct the scene graph
 - Draw the scene graph



Whole scene = 1 tree structure





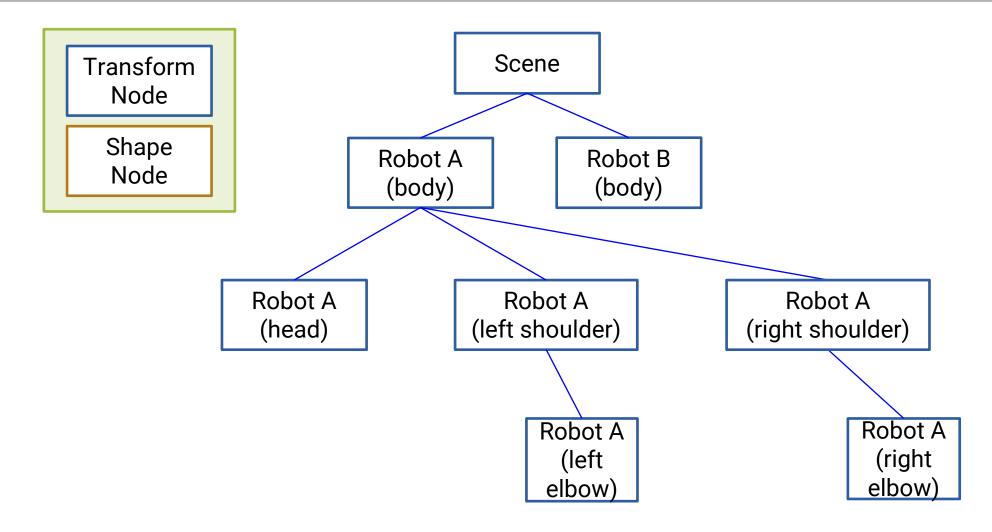
- Two kinds of nodes on scene graph
 - Transform nodes
 - RBT with respect to its parent frame

$$\vec{\mathbf{o}}^t = \vec{\mathbf{w}}^t O$$
$$\vec{\mathbf{s}}^t = \vec{\mathbf{o}}^t S$$
$$\vec{\mathbf{l}}^t = \vec{\mathbf{s}}^t L$$

- Shape nodes
 - Matrix4 (AffineMatrix): geometry to be drawn

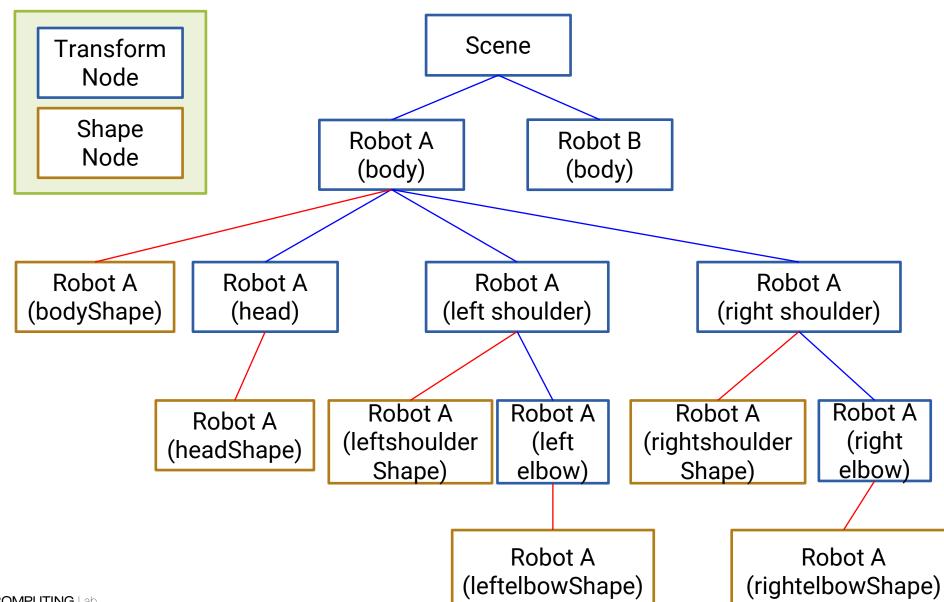
$$\vec{\mathbf{b}}^t = \vec{\mathbf{l}}^t B = \vec{\mathbf{l}}^t \cdot \text{Trans} \cdot \text{Scale}$$





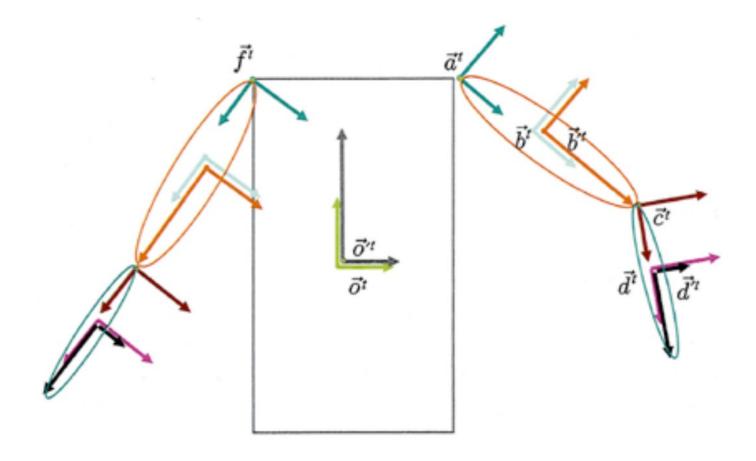
8





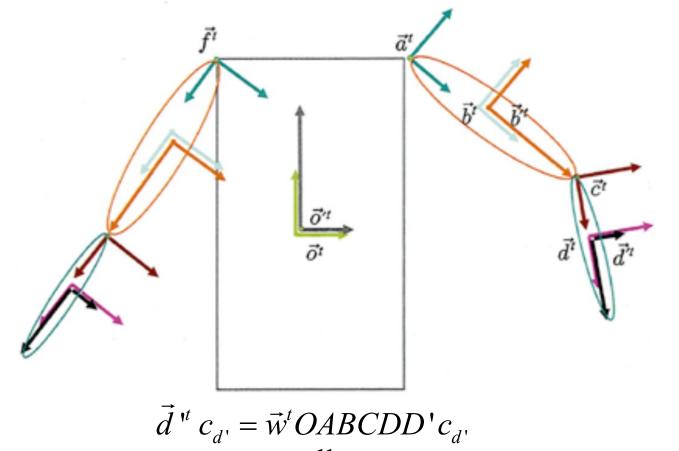


 If we move the body of the robot, the connected components should be modified automatically.





 In order to build it, we describe an object frame with the previous object frame, not the world frame.



$$\vec{\mathbf{o}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{w}}^{t} O$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{o}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{o}}^{t} O'$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{a}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{o}}^{t} A$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{b}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{a}}^{t} B$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{b}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{b}}^{t} B'$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{c}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{b}}^{t} C$$

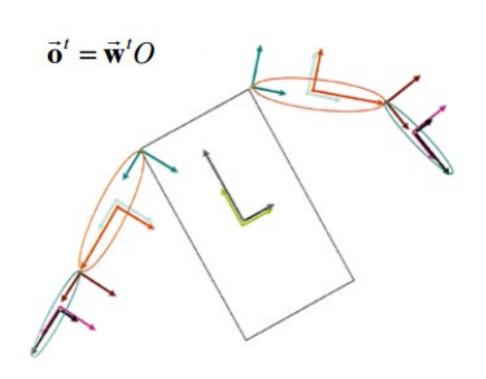
$$\vec{\mathbf{d}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{c}}^{t} D$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{d}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{d}}^{t} D'$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{f}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{o}}^{t} F$$



• Other parts would be changed following the scene graph when we modify the object frame $\vec{\mathbf{o}}^t = \vec{\mathbf{w}}^t O$.



$$\vec{\mathbf{o}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{w}}^{t} O$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{o}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{o}}^{t} O'$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{a}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{o}}^{t} A$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{b}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{a}}^{t} B$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{b}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{b}}^{t} B'$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{c}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{b}}^{t} C$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{d}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{c}}^{t} D$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{d}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{d}}^{t} D'$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{f}}^{t} = \vec{\mathbf{o}}^{t} F$$

Visitor (SgNodeVisitor)



- Class for easy traversal on the scene graph
- We need to do various operations through the nodes of scene graph

```
class SgNodeVisitor {
  public:
    virtual bool visit(SgTransformNode& node);
    virtual bool visit(SgShapeNode& node);

    virtual bool postVisit(SgTransformNode& node);
    virtual bool postVisit(SgShapeNode& node);
};
```

Visitor (SgNodeVisitor)



- There are three types of visitor
 - Drawer, Picker and RbtAccumVisitor
 - Each visitor has different role, variables and functions (visit(), postVisit(), ..)

```
class Drawer : public SgNodeVisitor {
protected:
   std::vector<RigTForm> rbtStack_;
```

```
class Picker : public SgNodeVisitor {
   std::vector<std::tr1::shared_ptr<SgNode> > nodeStack_;
```

```
|class RbtAccumVisitor : public SgNodeVisitor {
| protected:
| vector<RigTForm> rbtStack_;
```

accept() and visit()

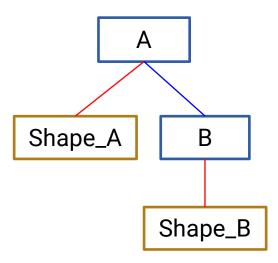


Each node has accept()

: apply visit() for itself (node) and pass the visitor to its children

node's accept() function

```
|bool SgTransformNode::accept(SgNodeVisitor& visitor) {
    if (!visitor.visit(*this))
        return false;
    for (int i = 0, n = children_.size(); i < n; ++i) {
        if (!children_[i]->accept(visitor))
            return false;
    }
    return visitor.postVisit(*this);
}
```



Each visitor has visit()

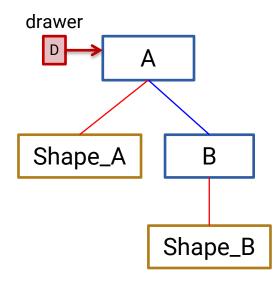
: visit() do some works on certain node



Example

A->accept(drawer)

Operation

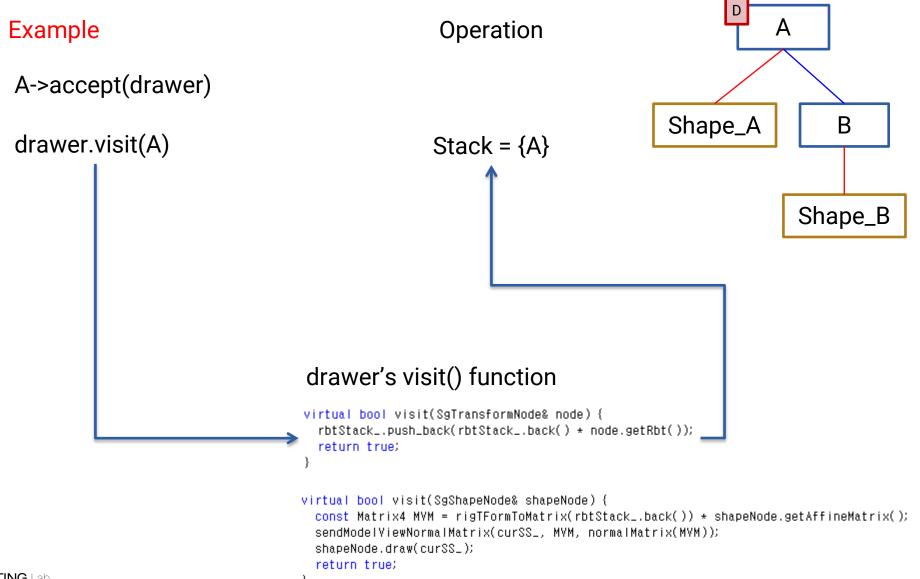


drawer's visit() function

```
virtual bool visit(SgTransformNode& node) {
   rbtStack_.push_back(rbtStack_.back() * node.getRbt());
   return true;
}

virtual bool visit(SgShapeNode& shapeNode) {
   const Matrix4 MVM = rigTFormToMatrix(rbtStack_.back()) * shapeNode.getAffineMatrix();
   sendModelViewNormalMatrix(curSS_, MVM, normalMatrix(MVM));
   shapeNode.draw(curSS_);
   return true;
}
```







Example

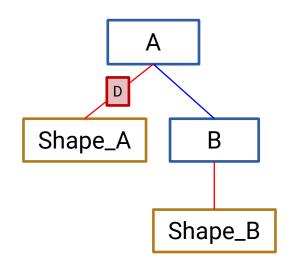
Operation

A->accept(drawer)

drawer.visit(A)

pass 'drawer' to Shape_A

Stack = {A}

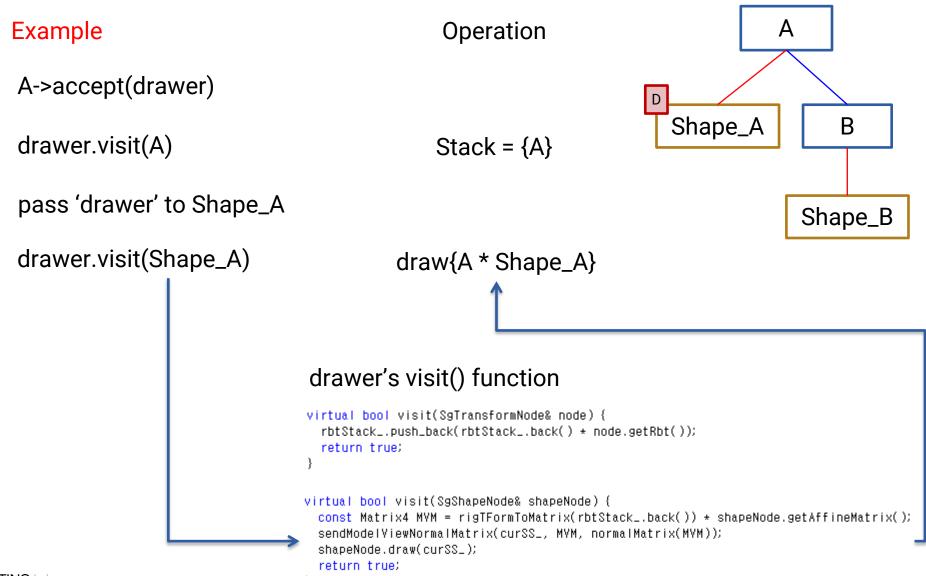


drawer's visit() function

```
virtual bool visit(SgTransformNode& node) {
   rbtStack_.push_back(rbtStack_.back() * node.getRbt());
   return true;
}

virtual bool visit(SgShapeNode& shapeNode) {
   const Matrix4 MVM = rigTFormToMatrix(rbtStack_.back()) * shapeNode.getAffineMatrix();
   sendModelViewNormalMatrix(curSS_, MVM, normalMatrix(MVM));
   shapeNode.draw(curSS_);
   return true;
```







Example

Operation

A->accept(drawer)

drawer.visit(A)

pass 'drawer' to Shape_A

drawer.visit(Shape_A)

pass 'drawer' to no child

Stack = {A}

draw{A * Shape_A}

None, Stack = {A}

drawer's visit() function

```
virtual bool visit(SgTransformNode& node) {
  rbtStack_.push_back(rbtStack_.back() * node.getRbt());
  return true;
}

virtual bool visit(SgShapeNode& shapeNode) {
  const Matrix4 MVM = rigTFormToMatrix(rbtStack_.back()) * shapeNode.getAffineMatrix();
  sendModelViewNormalMatrix(curSS_, MVM, normalMatrix(MVM));
  shapeNode.draw(curSS_);
  return true;
```

Α

В

Shape_B

Shape_A

D

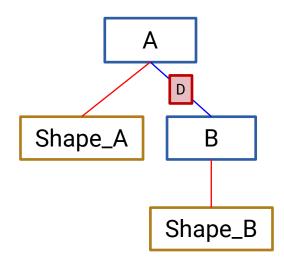


Example

pass 'drawer' to B

Operation

Stack = {A}

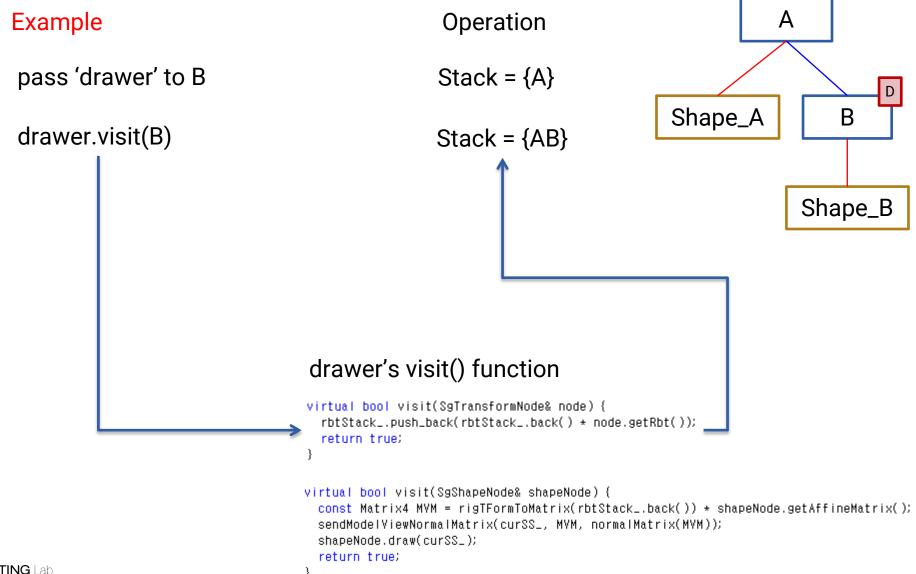


drawer's visit() function

```
virtual bool visit(SgTransformNode& node) {
   rbtStack_.push_back(rbtStack_.back() * node.getRbt());
   return true;
}

virtual bool visit(SgShapeNode& shapeNode) {
   const Matrix4 MVM = rigTFormToMatrix(rbtStack_.back()) * shapeNode.getAffineMatrix();
   sendModelViewNormalMatrix(curSS_, MVM, normalMatrix(MVM));
   shapeNode.draw(curSS_);
   return true;
}
```







Example

pass 'drawer' to B

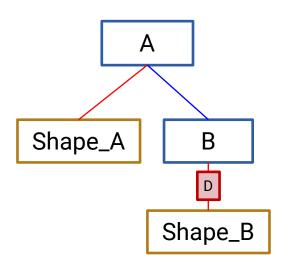
drawer.visit(B)

pass 'drawer' to Shape_B

Operation

Stack = {A}

Stack = {AB}

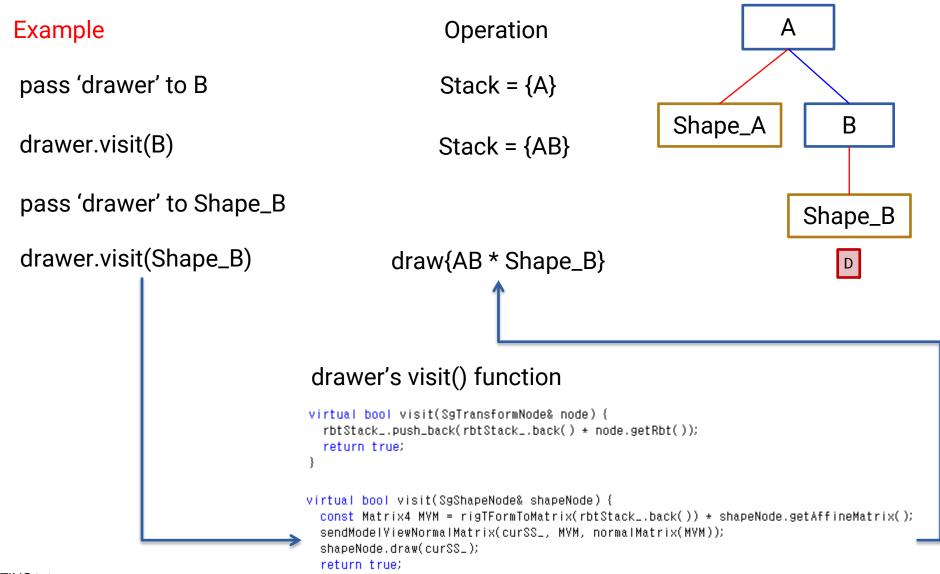


drawer's visit() function

```
virtual bool visit(SgTransformNode& node) {
   rbtStack_.push_back(rbtStack_.back() * node.getRbt());
   return true;
}

virtual bool visit(SgShapeNode& shapeNode) {
   const Matrix4 MVM = rigTFormToMatrix(rbtStack_.back()) * shapeNode.getAffineMatrix();
   sendModelViewNormalMatrix(curSS_, MVM, normalMatrix(MVM));
   shapeNode.draw(curSS_);
   return true;
}
```







Example

pass 'drawer' to B

drawer.visit(B)

pass 'drawer' to Shape_B

drawer.visit(Shape_B)

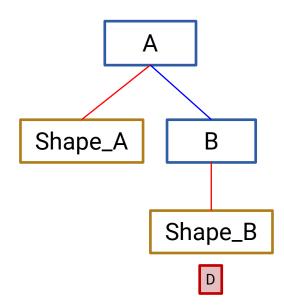
pass 'drawer' to no child

Operation

Stack = {A}

Stack = {AB}

draw{AB * Shape_B}



drawer's visit() function

```
virtual bool visit(SgTransformNode& node) {
   rbtStack_.push_back(rbtStack_.back() * node.getRbt());
   return true;
}

virtual bool visit(SgShapeNode& shapeNode) {
   const Matrix4 MVM = rigTFormToMatrix(rbtStack_.back()) * shapeNode.getAffineMatrix();
   sendModelViewNormalMatrix(curSS_, MVM, normalMatrix(MVM));
   shapeNode.draw(curSS_);
   return true;
}
```

Task 2. Part Picking



- If picking mode is on,
 - do not swap front buffer and back buffer
 - render the different scene on back buffer using colors defined by each object's ID.
 - Handle the h_uldColor in shaderState using object's ID color.
 - You can query the drawer for the current ShaderState by calling its getCurSS()
 - do not shade according to light direction

Task 2. Part Picking



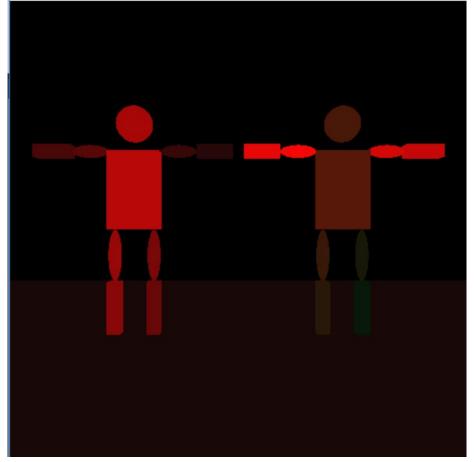
- If some object is picked,
 - Using shared_ptr<SgRbtNode> q = dynamic_pointer_cast<SgRbtNode>(p);
 - SgShapeNode or SgRootNode cannot be cast to SgRbtNode.
 - you can distinguish which object is picked using back buffer's color
 - Using glReadPixels to get RGB value to find object's ID.
 - redisplay(swap) the scene and new arc ball

Fill TODO in the Picker class

Task 2. Part Picking



 You can see the Picking screen to comment glutPostRedisplay() in mouse() and uncomment glutSwapBuffer() in pick()



Task 3. Transform Any Part



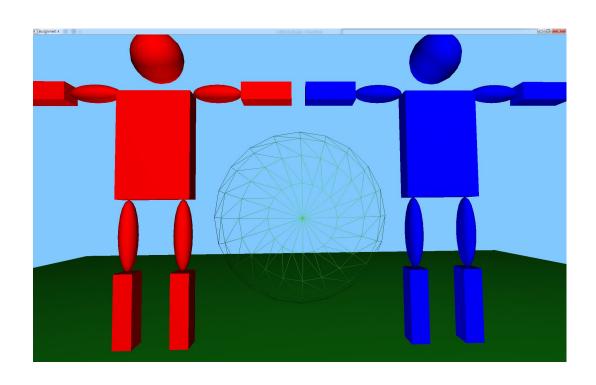
 Transform any part with keeping hierarchical structure using scene graph

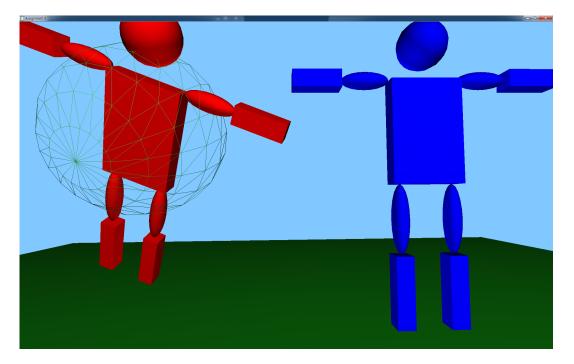
Refer to RbtAccumVisitor class

Task 4. Build the robot



Now, build your own robot using constructRobot().

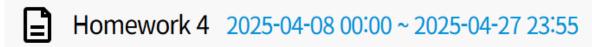




HW4 Submission



- Homework due
 - 4/27 (SUN) 23:55



- Submission
 - Zip your code folder and upload it on KLMS
 - Zip file name: hw4_20241234_Name.zip