

Architektur

Beispiel / Service

Interface Definition Language (Protobuf)

```
syntax = "proto3";  
option csharp_namespace = "BasicExample";  
package Greet;
```

```
// Service definition
```

```
service Greeter {
```

```
    // Sends a greeting
```

```
    rpc SayHello (HelloRequest)
```

```
        returns (HelloReply);
```

```
}
```

```
// Request message containing the user's name
```

```
message HelloRequest {
```

```
    string name = 1;
```

```
}
```

```
// Response message containing the greetings
```

```
message HelloReply {
```

```
    string message = 1;
```

```
}
```

Service-Definition

Service-Methode mit
Request / Response

Message Type

Service Implementation

```
public class GreeterService : Greeter.GreeterBase  
{
```

```
    public override async Task<HelloReply> SayHello(  
        HelloRequest request,  
        ServerCallContext context)
```

```
{
```

```
    return await Task.FromResult(new HelloReply  
    {
```

```
        Message = "Hello " + request.Name
```

```
    });
```

```
}
```

Generierte Basisklasse

Überschr. Methode

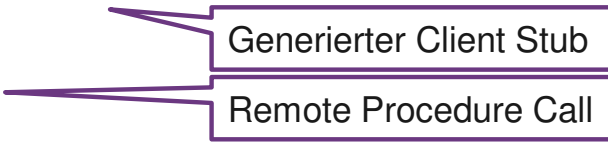
Implementation

Architektur

Beispiel / Client

Service Client

```
// The port number(5001) must match the port of the gRPC server.  
GrpcChannel channel = GrpcChannel.ForAddress("https://localhost:5001");  
Greeter.GreeterClient client = new Greeter.GreeterClient(channel);  
  
HelloReply reply = await client.SayHelloAsync(  
    new HelloRequest { Name = "GreeterClient" }  
);  
  
Console.WriteLine("Greeting: " + reply.Message);
```



Generierter Client Stub

Remote Procedure Call

Protocol Buffers | Basics

Proto Files

- Datei-Endung *.proto
- Header
 - Allgemeine Definitionen (syntax, option, etc.)
- Services
 - 0 oder mehr Services
 - 1 oder mehr Service-Methoden pro Service
- Message Types
 - 1 oder mehr Fields
 - Field definiert sich aus
 - Type
 - Unique Name
 - Unique Field Number (Versionierung)

```
syntax = "proto3";  
option csharp_namespace = "_01_BasicExample";  
package Greet;  
  
// The greeting service definition.  
service Greeter {  
    // Sends a greeting  
    rpc SayHello (HelloRequest)  
        returns (HelloReply);  
}  
  
// The request message containing the user's name.  
message HelloRequest {  
    string name = 1;  
}  
  
// The response message containing the greetings.  
message HelloReply {  
    string message = 1;  
}
```

Protocol Buffers | Basics

Proto Files

- Service-Methoden haben immer genau
 - 1 Parameter
 - 1 Rückgabewert
- Null-Werte / Leere Message

```
import "google/protobuf/empty.proto";  
...  
google.protobuf.Empty
```

```
syntax = "proto3";  
option csharp_namespace = "_01_BasicExample";  
package Greet;  
  
// The greeting service definition.  
service Greeter {  
    // Sends a greeting  
    rpc SayHello (HelloRequest)  
        returns (HelloReply);  
}  
  
// The request message containing the user's name.  
message HelloRequest {  
    string name = 1;  
}  
  
// The response message containing the greetings.  
message HelloReply {  
    string message = 1;  
}
```

Protocol Buffers | Basics

Messages / Fields

- Angabe des Feldtypen
 - Skalarer Werttyp
 - Anderer Message Type
 - Enumeration
- Unique Field Name
 - Wird für Generatoren verwendet
 - Lower Snake Case (Underscores)
- Unique Field Number
 - Identifikator für das Binärformat
 - Wertebereich 1 bis 536'870'911
Ausnahme: 19'000 bis 19'999*

```
message SearchRequest {  
    string query = 1;  
    int32 page_number = 2;  
    int32 result_per_page = 3;  
}
```

* vom Protokoll reserviert

Protocol Buffers | Basics

Fields / Repeated Fields

- Zwei Arten von Fields
 - Singular Default / Skalarer Wert
 - Repeated Liste von Werten
- Schlüsselwort “repeated”
- Ergibt eine Liste von Strings

```
message SearchResponse {  
    repeated string results = 1;  
}
```

Enumerations

- Von der Idee her analog zu Enumerationstypen (enum) in .NET
- Definition
 - Innerhalb einer Message
 - Proto-File Root
- Enum-Member mit dem Wert 0 muss zwingend existieren
 - Wird als Default Value verwendet
- Schlüsselwort “reserved” kann auch für Enumerations verwendet werden

```
message SearchRequest {  
    Color searchColor = 1;  
    Size searchSize = 2;  
  
    enum Color {  
        RED = 0; // 0 must exist  
        GREEN = 1;  
    }  
}  
  
enum Size {  
    S = 0; // 0 must exist  
    M = 1;  
    L = 2;  
}
```

Message Type Composition & Imports

- Message Types können ebenfalls als Field verwendet werden
- Import eines *.proto Files über das “import” Schlüsselwort

```
// File: example.proto
import "protos/_base.proto";

message Search {
  Query query = 1;
  LogicalOperator operator = 2;
}

message Query {
  string filter = 1;
}

// File: _base.proto
enum LogicalOperator {
  AND = 0;
  OR = 1;
  XOR = 2;
}
```


Protocol Buffers | Basics

Reserved Fields

- Für Versionierung gedacht
- Wiederverwendung wird vom Protocol Buffer Compiler verhindert
- Schlüsselwort “reserved” bei
 - Unique Field Name
 - Unique Field Number
- Ranges können mit “to” reserviert werden
`reserved 1 to 3`

```
message SearchRequest {  
  reserved 1, 3, 20 to 30;  
  reserved "page_number",  
    "result_per_page";  
  
  string query = 1; // Compilerfehler  
  int32 page_number = 2; // Compilerfehler  
  int32 result_per_page = 3; // Compilerfehler  
}
```

Generierter Code

- Services müssen beim Startup registriert werden
 - Startup.cs (app.UseEndpoints)
endpoints.MapGrpcService<...>();
 - Sonst
Grpc.Core.RpcException:
'Status(StatusCode=Unimplemented, Detail="Service is unimplemented.")'
- Generierte Methoden aus abstrakter Basisklasse müssen Implementiert werden
 - Sonst
Grpc.Core.RpcException:
'Status(StatusCode=Unimplemented, Detail="")'

```
public class GreeterService : Greeter.GreeterBase
{
    public override async Task<HelloReply> SayHello(
        HelloRequest request,
        ServerCallContext context)
    {
        return await Task.FromResult(new HelloReply
        {
            Message = "Hello " + request.Name
        });
    }
}
```

C# API / Startup

- Registrierung der gRPC Types via Dependency Injection

```
public class Startup
{
    public void ConfigureServices(
        IServiceCollection services)
    {
        services.AddGrpc();
    }
}
```

- Definition der Endpoints
 - Einmal pro Service

```
public void Configure(
    IApplicationBuilder app,
    IWebHostEnvironment env)
{
    // ...
    app.UseEndpoints(ep =>
    {
        ep.MapGrpcService<MyCustomerService>();
        ep.MapGrpcService<MyOrderService>();
        // ...
    });
    // ...
}
```

Beispiel Customer Service

Proto-File

CustomerService

```
service CustomerService {  
  rpc GetCustomers (google.protobuf.Empty)  
    returns (GetCustomersResponse);  
  
  rpc GetCustomer (GetCustomerRequest)  
    returns (GetCustomerResponse);  
}
```

OrderService

```
service OrderService {  
  rpc GetOrders (GetOrdersRequest)  
    returns (GetOrdersResponse);  
}
```

Beispiel Customer Service

Proto-File

Messages (Customer)

```
message GetCustomersResponse {
  repeated CustomerResponse data = 1;
}
message GetCustomerResponse {
  CustomerResponse data = 1;
}

message GetCustomerRequest {
  int32 id_filter = 1;
  bool include_orders = 2;
}
message CustomerResponse {
  int32 id = 1;
  string first_name = 2;
  string last_name = 3;
  Gender gender = 4;
  repeated OrderResponse orders = 10;
}
enum Gender { UNKNOWN = 0; FEMALE = 1; MALE = 2; }
```

Messages (Order)

```
message GetOrdersRequest {
  int32 customer_id_filter = 1;
}
message GetOrdersResponse {
  repeated OrderResponse data = 1;
}
message OrderResponse {
  string product_name = 1;
  int32 quantity = 2;
  double price = 3;
}
```

Beispiel Customer Service

Service-Implementation

CustomerService

```
public class MyCustomerService
    : CustomerService.CustomerServiceBase
{
    public override async
        Task<GetCustomersResponse>
        GetCustomers(
            Empty request,
            ServerCallContext context)
    { /* ... */ }

    public override async
        Task<GetCustomerResponse>
        GetCustomer(
            GetCustomerRequest request,
            ServerCallContext context)
    { /* ... */ }
}
```

OrderService

```
public class MyOrderService
    : OrderService.OrderServiceBase
{
    public override async
        Task<GetOrdersResponse>
        GetOrders(
            GetOrdersRequest request,
            ServerCallContext context)
    { /* ... */ }
}
```

Beispiel Customer Service

Client-Implementation (Customer)

```
// The port number (5001) must match the port of the gRPC server.
GrpcChannel channel = GrpcChannel.ForAddress("https://localhost:5001");

// Customer service calls
var customerClient = new CustomerService.CustomerServiceClient(channel);

var request1 = new Empty();
GetCustomersResponse response1 = await customerClient.GetCustomersAsync(request1);
Console.WriteLine(response1);

var request2 = new GetCustomerRequest { IdFilter = 1 };
GetCustomerResponse response2 = await customerClient.GetCustomerAsync(request2);
Console.WriteLine(response2);

request2.IncludeOrders = false;
response2 = await customerClient.GetCustomerAsync(request2);
Console.WriteLine(response2);
```

Beispiel Customer Service

Client-Implementation (Order)

```
// The port number (5001) must match the port of the gRPC server.  
GrpcChannel channel = GrpcChannel.ForAddress("https://localhost:5001");  
  
// Order service calls  
var orderClient = new OrderService.OrderServiceClient(channel);  
  
var request3 = new GetOrdersRequest { CustomerIdFilter = 1 };  
GetOrdersResponse response3 = await orderClient.GetOrdersAsync(request3);  
Console.WriteLine(response3);
```


Streams

Protocol Buffers

- Schlüsselwort “stream” vor Typbezeichnung
 - Payload ist eine normale Message
- ReadFiles
 - Server Streaming Call (Server > Client)
- SendFiles
 - Client Streaming Call (Client > Server)
- RoundtripFiles
 - Bi-directional / Duplex Streaming Call

```
service FileStreamingService {  
  rpc ReadFiles (google.protobuf.Empty)  
    returns (stream FileDto);  
  
  rpc SendFiles (stream FileDto)  
    returns (google.protobuf.Empty);  
  
  rpc RoundtripFiles (stream FileDto)  
    returns (stream FileDto);  
}  
  
message FileDto {  
  string file_name = 1;  
  int32 line = 2;  
  string content = 3;  
}
```

Server Streaming Call | Server > Client

Client

```
using (AsyncServerStreamingCall<FileDto> call = client.ReadFiles(new Empty()))  
{  
    await foreach (FileDto message in call.ResponseStream.ReadAllAsync())  
    {  
        WriteLine($"File: {message.FileName}, Line Nr: {message.Line}, Line Content:  
{message.Content}");  
    }  
}
```

Call Object (Wrapper)

No Parameters

Read last written chunk

Server Streaming Call | Server > Client

Service

```
public override async Task ReadFiles(  
    Empty request,  
    IServerStreamWriter<FileDto> responseStream,  
    ServerCallContext context)  
{  
    string[] files = Directory.GetFiles(@"...");  
    foreach (string file in files)  
    {  
        string content; int line = 0;  
        using StreamReader reader = File.OpenText(file);  
        while ((content = await reader.ReadLineAsync()) != null)  
        {  
            line++;  
            FileDto reply = new FileDto  
            {  
                FileName = file, Line = line, Content = content,  
            };  
            await responseStream.WriteAsync(reply);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

No Parameters

Response Stream

File-Loop

Line-Loop

Write to Stream

Client Streaming Call | Client > Server

Client

```
using (AsyncClientStreamingCall<FileDto, Empty> call = client.SendFiles())  
{  
    string[] files = Directory.GetFiles(@"Files");  
    foreach (string file in files)  
    {  
        string content; int line = 0;  
        using StreamReader reader = File.OpenText(file);  
        while ((content = await reader.ReadLineAsync()) != null)  
        {  
            line++;  
            FileDto reply = new FileDto  
            {  
                FileName = file, Line = line, Content = content,  
            };  
            await call.RequestStream.WriteAsync(reply);  
        }  
    }  
    // Required!  
    await call.RequestStream.CompleteAsync(); // No more messages to come (server exits foreach-Loop)  
    Empty result = await call; // Wait until service method is terminated / Get the result  
}
```

Call Object (Wrapper)

No Parameters

File-Loop

Line-Loop

Write to Stream

Close Stream / Call

Result (instance of
Empty in this case)

Client Streaming Call | Client > Server

Service

```
public override async Task<Empty> SendFiles(  
    IAsyncStreamReader<FileDto> requestStream,  
    ServerCallContext context)  
{  
    await foreach (FileDto message in requestStream.ReadAllAsync())  
    {  
        WriteLine(  
            $"File: {message.FileName}, Line Nr: {message.Line}, Line Content: {message.Content}");  
    }  
  
    return new Empty();  
}
```

Request Stream

Read last written chunk

Empty Result

Bi-directional (Duplex) | Client > Server > Client

Client [1 of 2]

```
using (AsyncDuplexStreamingCall<FileDto, FileDto> call = client.RoundtripFiles())  
{  
    // Read  
    Task readTask = Task.Run(async () =>  
    {  
        await foreach (FileDto message in call.ResponseStream.ReadAllAsync())  
        {  
            WriteLine(  
                $"File: {message.FileName}, Line Nr: {message.Line}, Line Content: {message.Content}");  
        }  
    });  
  
    // Write  
    // ... See next Slide ...  
  
    // Required!  
    await call.RequestStream.CompleteAsync(); // No more messages to come (server exits foreach-Loop)  
    await readTask; // Wait until service method is terminated / all messages are received by client  
}
```

Call Object (Wrapper)

No Parameters

Read Task (no await)

Read last written chunk

Close Stream

Await Read Task

Bi-directional (Duplex) | Client > Server > Client

Client [2 of 2]

```
// Write
string[] files = Directory.GetFiles(@"Files");
foreach (string file in files)
{
    string content; int line = 0;
    using StreamReader reader = File.OpenText(file);
    while ((content = await reader.ReadLineAsync()) != null)
    {
        line++;
        FileDto reply = new FileDto
        {
            FileName = file, Line = line, Content = content,
        };
        await call.RequestStream.WriteAsync(reply);
    }
}

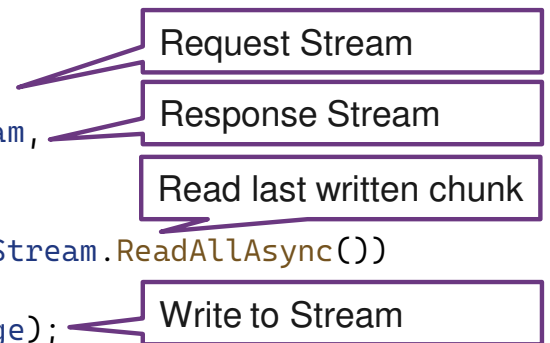
// Required!
await call.RequestStream.CompleteAsync(); // No more messages to come (server exits foreach-Loop)
await readTask; // Wait until service method is terminated / all messages are received by client
}
```

The diagram consists of three purple-outlined boxes with callout lines pointing to specific parts of the code. The first box, labeled 'File-Loop', points to the `foreach (string file in files)` line. The second box, labeled 'Line-Loop', points to the `while ((content = await reader.ReadLineAsync()) != null)` line. The third box, labeled 'Write to Stream', points to the `await call.RequestStream.WriteAsync(reply);` line.

Bi-directional (Duplex) | Client > Server > Client

Service

```
public override async Task RoundtripFiles(
    IAsyncStreamReader<FileDto> requestStream,
    IServerStreamWriter<FileDto> responseStream,
    ServerCallContext context)
{
    await foreach (FileDto message in requestStream.ReadAllAsync())
    {
        await responseStream.WriteAsync(message);
        WriteLine(
            $"File: {message.FileName}, Line Nr: {message.Line}, Line Content: {message.Content}");
    }
}
```



Request Stream

Response Stream

Read last written chunk

Write to Stream