# **GraphQL**

Tip: Creating a sample nodeJS Project Using VSCode

Tip: Querying the data

Extensions to add to VSCode for GraphQL

https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?itemName=GraphQL.vscode-graphql

Youtube Link

https://youtu.be/Dr2dDWzThK8

REST vs GraphQL (In terms of how it handles routes/endpoints)

In traditional REST, your endpoints would look like:

/users

/travels

/books

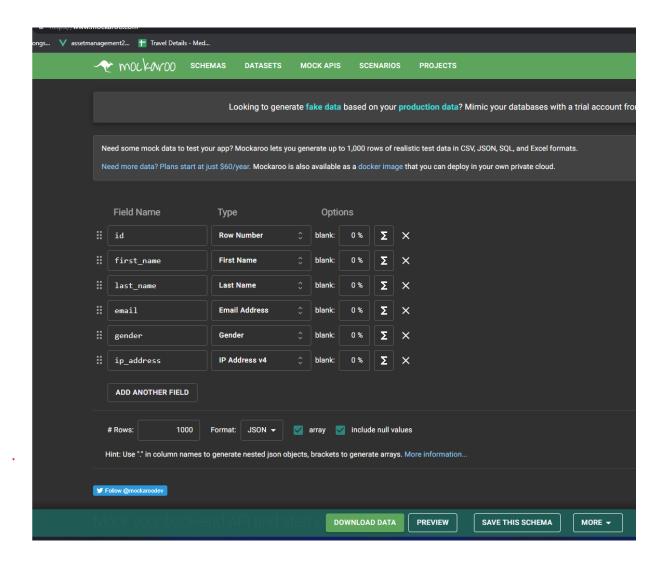
etc...

In Graphql you only have "one" endpoint

/graphql

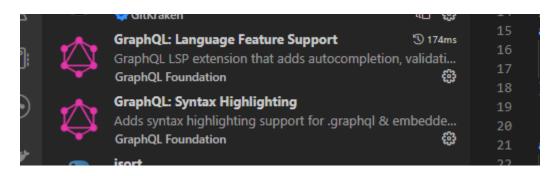
Sample Data

To get some fake data to work with, you can go to a website called <a href="https://www.mockaroo.com/">https://www.mockaroo.com/</a>



I changed the type to JSON

Add the VSCode Extensions to your VSCODE



# Tip: Creating a sample nodeJS Project Using VSCode

First I create a directory called GraphqlProject

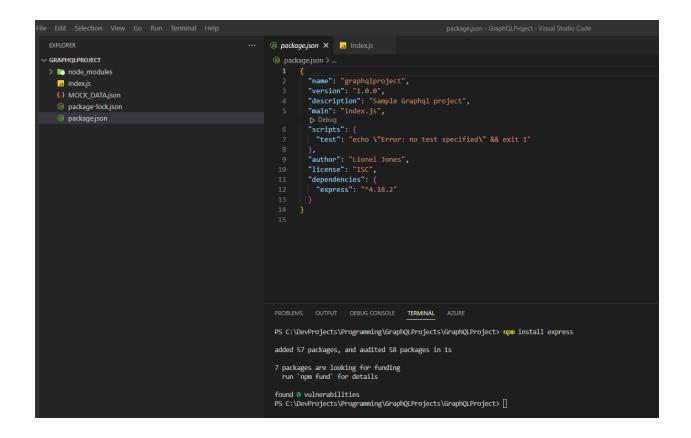
I download the fake data and add it to my directory Then to initialize the project, I open a new terminal, type npm init

I just follow the prompts, enter in generic information

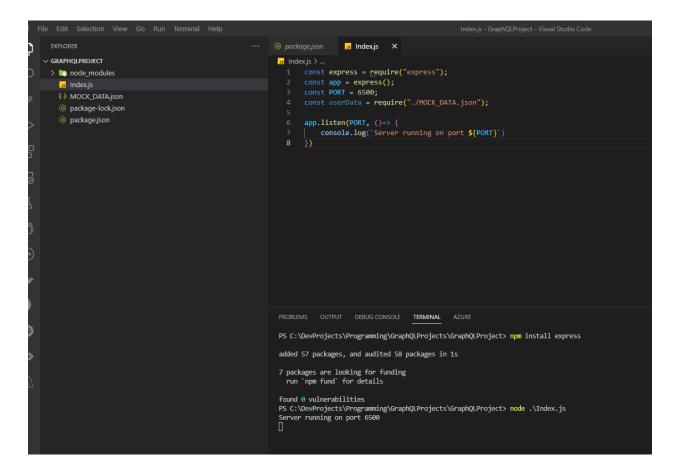
```
PROBLEMS
          OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
PS C:\DevProjects\Programming\GraphQLProjects\GraphQLProject> npm init
This utility will walk you through creating a package.json file.
It only covers the most common items, and tries to guess sensible defaults.
See `npm help init` for definitive documentation on these fields
and exactly what they do.
Use `npm install <pkg>` afterwards to install a package and
save it as a dependency in the package.json file.
Press ^C at any time to quit.
package name: (graphqlproject)
version: (1.0.0)
description: Sample Graphql project
entry point: (index.js)
test command:
git repository:
keywords:
author: Lionel Jones
```

This will create my package.json file for my dependencies

Next, type the following command to install expressjs npm install express



Next I create an index.js file and add the following lines of code to it



If you go to browser http://localhost:6500/ You will get a Cannot GET /

This is because we are not creating a traditional REST api, but we still need to have some sort of service running to expose a port.

Next, install the next two packages at the terminal npm i graphql npm install --save express-graphql --force

```
package.json - GraphQLProject - Vis
package.json X Js Index.js
package.json > 
main
         "name": "graphqlproject",
         "version": "1.0.0",
         "description": "Sample Graphql project",
         "main": "index.js",
   5
          ▶ Debug
         "scripts": {
           "test": "echo \"Error: no test specified\" && exit 1"
         "author": "Lionel Jones",
         "license": "ISC",
         "dependencies": {
  11
           "express": "^4.18.2",
  12
            "graphql": "^16.6.0",
            "graphql-express": "^2.0.7"
  17
```

As you can see, as you install packages, it updates your package.json file

#### **Graphql Concepts**

Mutations: This is the same as CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete)

Queries: How you fetch the data you need

Object types, before we create our schema, we need import the different object types

```
• Index.js - GraphQLProject - Visual Studio Code
package.json
                 Js Index.js 1 ● {..} MOCK_DATA.json
Js Index.js > [❷] Grapql
  const express = require("express");
  2 const app = express();
      const PORT = 6500;
       //FAKE DATA - THIS WOULD NORMALLY BE COMMING FROM A DATABASE
       const userData = require("./MOCK_DATA.json");
      const graphql, {Grapql} = require('graphql')
  8
       //this is the graphql [❷] GraphQLBool... (alias) const GraphQLBoolean: GraphQLScal...
      const {graphqlHTTP} = [ø] GraphQLDeprecatedDirective
      const { GraphQLSchema [ø] GraphQLDirective
                              [ø] GraphQLEnumType
      //Mutations: This is t [@] GraphQLError
       //Queries: How you fet [❷] GraphQLFloat
                              (ø) GraphQLID
       const RootQuery = "que [@] GraphQLIncludeDirective
       const Mutation = "muta [ø] GraphQLInputObjectType
                              [ø] GraphQLInt
                              [ø] GraphQLInterfaceType
      //create our schema [❷] GraphQLList
      const schema = new GraphQLSchema({query: RootQuery, mutation: Mutation});
 PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
```

## Creating the type(s):

In Graphql, you interact with your data by first defining your type(s)

```
//Create a type definition for a user

const UserType = new GraphQLObjectType({
    name:"User",
    fields: ()=> ({
        id:{type: GraphQLInt},
        first_name:{type: GraphQLString},
        last_name:{type: GraphQLString},
        email:{type: GraphQLString},
        gender:{type: GraphQLString},
        jender:{type: GraphQLString},
        last_name:{type: GraphQLString},
        last_name:{ty
```

## Creating the querie(s)

As explained above, you create your mutations (queries as coded below)

## Creating the mutation

Also explained before, you create (CRUD OPERATIONS) via "Mutations"

```
const Mutation = new GraphQLObjectType ( {
    name: "Mutation",
    fields: {
        createUser: {
            type:UserType,
            args:{
                first_name:{type: GraphQLString},
                last name:{type: GraphQLString},
                email:{type: GraphQLString},
                gender:{type: GraphQLString},
            resolve(parent,args) {
               //THIS IS WHERE YOU PUT YOUR MUTATION LOGIC, INSERT, DELETE, UPDATE ...
               userData.push({id:userData.length + 1,
                            first_name: args.first_name,
                            last_name: args.last_name,
                            email: args.email,
                            gender: args.gender
                        return args
```

Next, let's fire up our graphql server Enter the command at the terminal

node index.js

Then in the browser type:

http://localhost:6500/graphql

When you do this:

```
V assetmanagement2022
                              X | M Inbox (1) - lioneljones5116@gma X | O GraphQL: The Easy Way to Do the X (A) How to Get Star
    → C (i) localhost:6500/graphql
🌀 how to play songs... 💙 assetmanagement2... 🔭 Travel Details - Med...
GraphiQL
                       Prettify Merge
                                            Сору
   # Welcome to GraphiQL
   # GraphiQL is an in-browser tool for writing, validating, and
   # testing GraphQL queries.
6
   # Type queries into this side of the screen, and you will see intelligent
    # typeaheads aware of the current GraphQL type schema and live syntax and
   # validation errors highlighted within the text.
10 # GraphQL queries typically start with a "{" character. Lines that start
11 # with a # are ignored.
12
13
   # An example GraphQL query might look like:
14
15
            field(arg: "value") {
16
   #
17
   #
              subField
18
19
20
21 # Keyboard shortcuts:
22
23
   # Prettify Query: Shift-Ctrl-P (or press the prettify button above)
24
25
          Merge Query: Shift-Ctrl-M (or press the merge button above)
26
27
   #
           Run Query: Ctrl-Enter (or press the play button above)
28
29
        Auto Complete: Ctrl-Space (or just start typing)
30
31
32
```

You get a graphical UI to view your results of your query against

This is like using a API test like POSTMAN or any other API tester

### Tip: Querying the data

To fetch some data, just type below

```
6 how to play songs...
                       assetmanagement2...
                                            Travel Details - Med...
GraphiQL
                         Prettify
                                    Merge
                                               Copy
                                                        History
1 v query {
      getAllUsers {
3
        first_name
4
        last name
5
        email
6
7
```

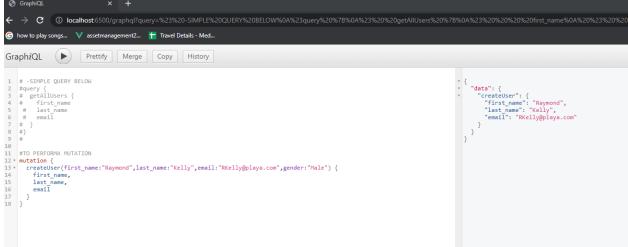
As you type your information inside of the query, it will autocomplete the query you defined in your code.

Then just hit the run button and you will see the results in the right pane

To perform a mutation:

```
GraphiQL
                                                        Сору
                                                                   History
    # -SIMPLE QUERY BELOW
 1
 2 #query {
3 # getAllUsers {
4  # first_name
5  # last_name
6  # email
7  # }
 8 #}
 9
10
11 #TO PERFORMA MUTATION
12 ▼ mutation {
13 r createUser(first_name:"Raymond",last_name:"Kelly",email:"RKelly@playa.com",gender:"Male") {
14
        first_name,
15
         last_name,
16
         email
17
18 }

        C
        (b)
        localhost 6500/graphql?query=%23%20-SIMPLE%20QUERY%20BELOW%0A%23query%20%7B%0A%23%20%20getAllUsers%20%7B%0A%23%20%20%20first_name%0A%20%23%20
```



#### Run the query:

```
.9
10 ▼ query {
1 *
    getAllUsers {
2
      id
23
      first name
4
      last name
25
      email
26
27
    }
8.9
19
```

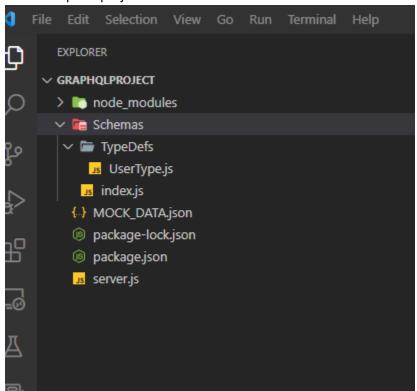
And you will see the item added to the array:

```
},
{
    "id": 1001,
    "first_name": "Raymond",
    "last_name": "Kelly",
    "email": "RKelly@playa.com"
}
]
```

•

IMPORTANT: The user was added to an "in-memory" instance of the MOCK\_DATA file, the actual .json file was not modified

To clean up the project structure:



Rename index.js on our root to "Server.js"

We place our types inside of the typdefs folder We place our mutations and queries in the index.js file under the schema folder

Then we execute node server.js

PS C:\DevProjects\Programming\GraphQLProjects\GraphQLProject> node .\server.js
Server running on port 6500

### And everything works: