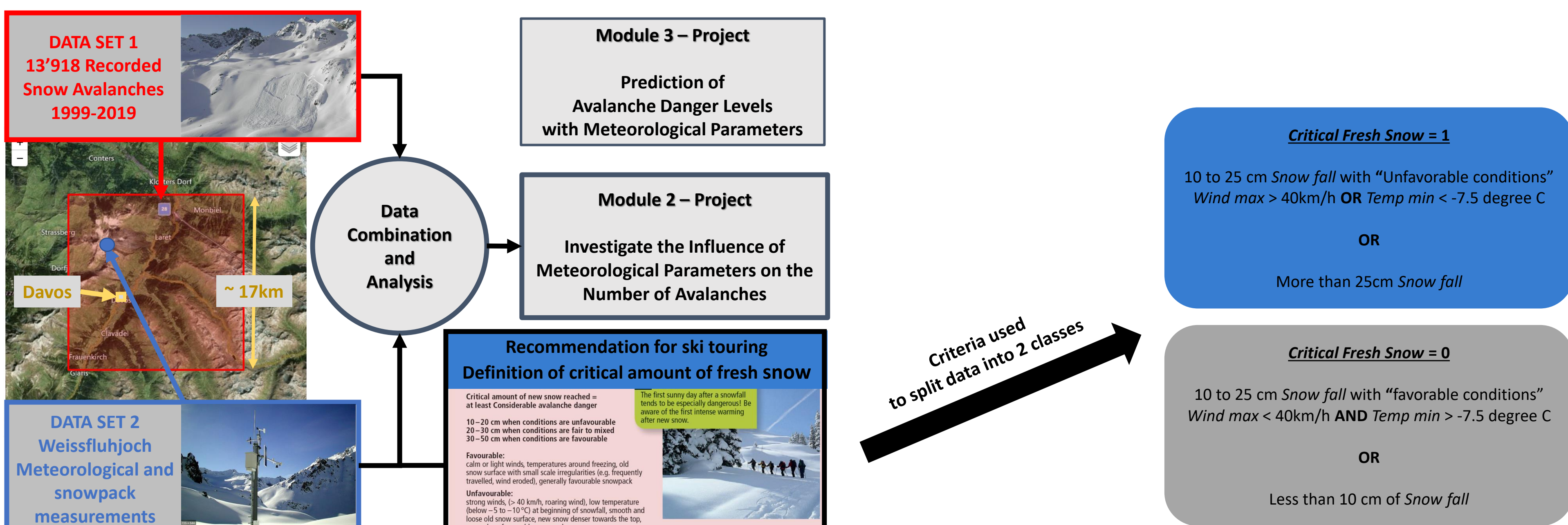


Prediction of Avalanche Danger Levels with Meteorological Data

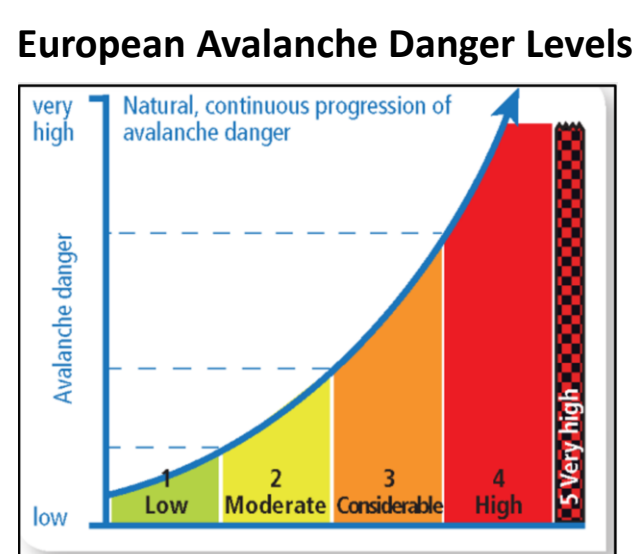
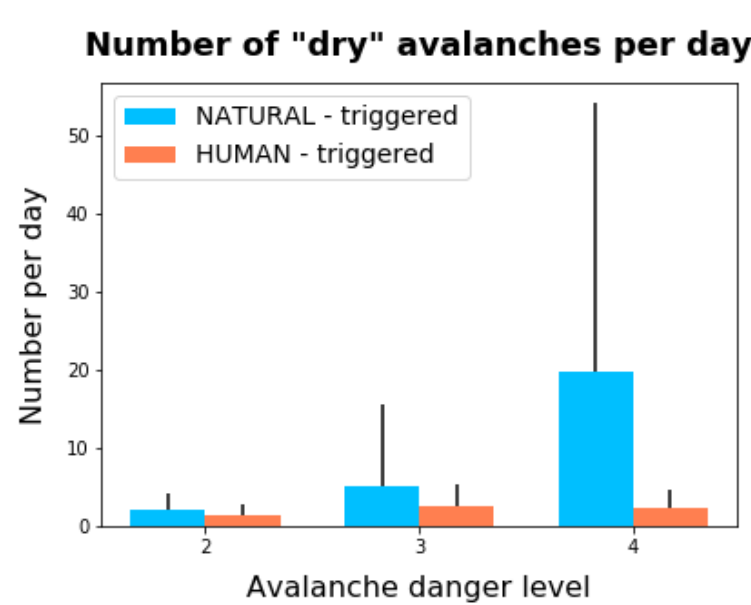
Overview and Concept



Data Available in the Avalanche Dataset

Date	Snow_type	Trigger_type	Avalanche_size_m2	Avalanche_danger_level
11394 2017-03-10	wet	EXPLOSIVE	7.022.0	4
11395 2017-03-10	dry	EXPLOSIVE	9.953.0	4
11396 2017-03-10	dry	NATURAL	3.306.0	4
11397 2017-03-10	dry	EXPLOSIVE	10.339.0	4
11398 2017-03-10	dry	HUMAN	3.925.0	4
11399 2017-03-10	dry	NATURAL	1.411.0	4

- 3 avalanches triggered artificially, for security reasons
- 2 avalanches triggered by natural causes
- 1 avalanche triggered by human causes
- 1 “wet” snow avalanche
- 5 “dry” snow avalanches

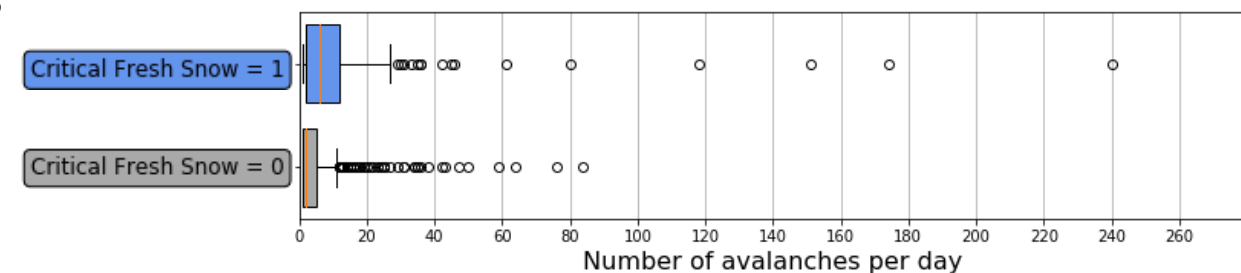


- Number of NATURAL triggered avalanches per day increases with the danger level
- Number of HUMAN triggered avalanches per day slightly decrease with danger level 4

Influence of Fresh Snow/Meteorological Parameters on Avalanches

Box plot to compare the distributions

- High number of avalanches per day
 - Max number per day = 240



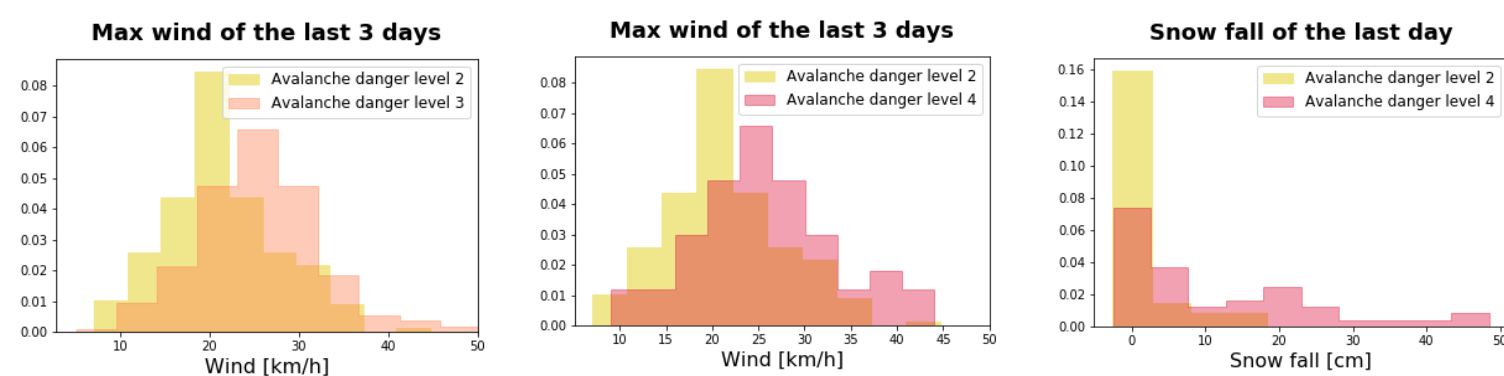
- Median = 6 for Critical Fresh Snow = 1
- Median = 2 for Critical Fresh Snow = 0
- No overlap of the notches
 - The 2 medians are not the same (with 95% CI)

- Critical Fresh Snow = 0
 - 25% of the time: more than 5 avalanches per day
 - up to max 85 avalanches per day
 - Still high risk of avalanches with Critical Fresh Snow = 0
 - Other parameters play a role?
- Unfavorable snow surface before the snow fall has an influence on the number of avalanches



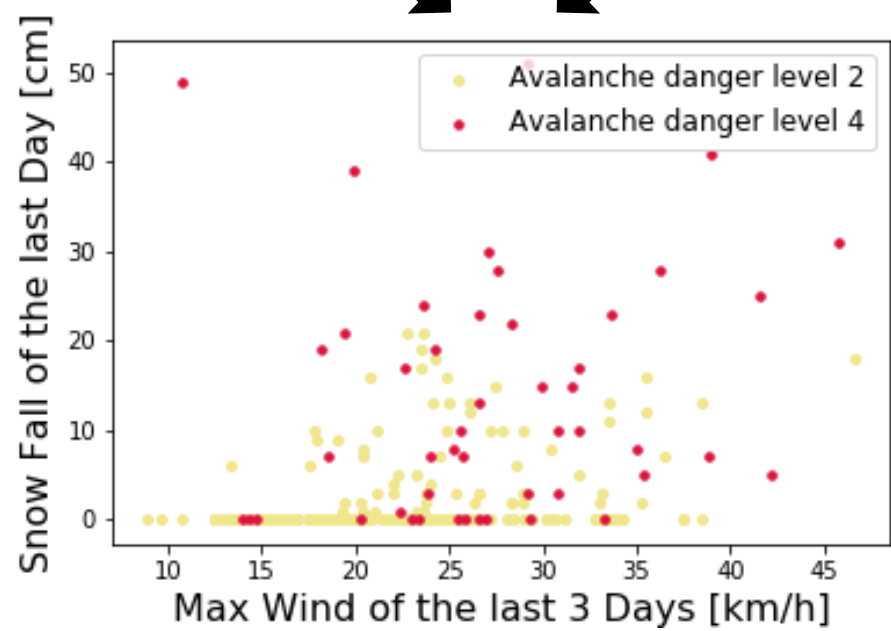
Filtering of avalanche danger levels with meteorological parameters

Filtering possibilities...



- Statistical tests performed on those distribution
 - Max Wind tested for normality with D Agostino-Pearson
 - Max Wind is normal for Avalanche Danger Level 4
 - The 2 other Max Wind distributions reject H0 with p<0.01

- Scatter plot, possible filtering of the 2 avalanche danger level classes
 - Avalanche danger level 2 | Avalanche danger level 4
 - Some visible separation



Conclusion and Outlook for Project Module 3

Conclusion Project Module 2

- Number of avalanche occurring per day:
 - Consistent with definition of European avalanche danger level
- Binary Variable - Critical Fresh Snow (Snow/wind/temperature)
 - Influence on the number of avalanches occurring per day
- LOCAL parameters play an important role
 - Meteorological parameter
 - Snow surface condition before a snow fall
 - Snowpack composition
 - Topological parameters where the avalanche occurs (Slope steepness, orientation, altitude,...)

Prediction of Avalanches Danger Levels

- Total 699 rows available for “dry”/“Natural” avalanches
 - Only 48 rows of Avalanche Danger Level 4
 - Not only snow/wind/temp data, but also relative humidity, incoming radiation, outgoing radiation, ...
- Module 3 Project:
 - Data quantity is enough to apply machine learning algorithms on it?