## 考研英语必备语法同步测试 第七章:固定结构

- 一、请选择划线部分的语法成分(共 20 分; 5\*4 分)
- 1. It is stability that destroys people's ambition.
- A. 主语
- B. 宾语
- C. 谓语
- D. 表语
- 2. It is a truth that stability destroys people's ambition.
- A. 主语
- B. 宾语
- C. 谓语
- D. 表语
- 3. And only over the past 30 years have <u>scholars</u> examined history from the bottom up.
- A. 主语
- B. 宾语
- C. 定语
- D. 同位语
- 4. <u>So involved with their computers</u> do the children become that leaders at summer computer camps often have to force them to break for sports and games.
- A. 状语
- B. 谓语
- C. 主语
- D. 表语
- 5. To some smile is very easy, and to others so hard.
- A. 定语
- B. 状语
- C. 谓语

### D. 表语

- 二、请根据语法成分选择对应的句子部分。(共20分;5\*4分)
- 6. ...it was not until the 19th century that the newspaper became the dominant pre-electronic medium... 请选择本句中的主语。
- A. it
- B. the 19th century
- C. the newspaper
- D. that the newspaper became the dominant pre-electronic medium
- 7. It is the playgoers, the RSC (Royal Shakespeare Company) contends, who bring in much of the towns revenue because they spend the night (some of them four or five nights) pouring cash into the hotels and restaurants. 请选择本句中 主句部分的主语。
- A. It
- B. the playgoers
- C. the RSC
- D. they
- 8. In no country other than Britain, it has been said, can one experience four seasons in the course of a single day. 请选择本句中的主语。
- A. no country
- B. Britain
- C. it
- D. one
- 9. Aluminum remained unknown until the nineteenth century, because nowhere in nature is it found free, owing to its always being combined with other elements. 请选择本句中的从句部分的主语。
- A. Aluminum
- B. nowhere
- C. it

- D. its always being combined with other elements
- 10. But as the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) reviews the company's application, it should keep in mind what promises from Entergy are worth. 请选择本句中的主句部分的宾语。
- A. the company's application
- B. mind
- C. what promises
- D. what promises from Entergy are worth
- 三、请选择下面句子最恰当的中英文翻译。(共20分;5\*4分)
- 11. It was only after "toddler" became a common shoppers' term that it evolved into a broadly accepted developmental stage.
- A. 在"学步儿童"成为通用的购物术语后,它("学步期")成为了人们广泛接受的一个成长阶段。
- B. 它仅仅是在那之后, "学步儿童"成为通用的购物术语, 它("学步期") 成为了人们广泛接受的一个成长阶段。
- C. 正是在"学步儿童"成为通用的购物术语后,它("学步期")才成为人们 广泛接受的一个成长阶段。
- 12. Only when humanity began to get its food in a more productive way was there time for other things.
- A. 只有当人类开始获取食物时,一种更有效率的方式才在那里为了其它的事情。
- B. 只有当人类开始以一种更有效率的方式获取食物时,他们才有时间去思考其它的事情。
- C. 正是在那时人类开始以一种更有效率的方式获取食物,并且有时间去思考其它的事情。
- 13. The great use of a school education is not so much to teach you things as to teach you the art of learning.
- A. 学校教育的伟大作用不在于教会你多少东西,而在于教会你学习的技能。
- B. 学校的伟大作用不是那么多的去教你东西,就像是去教你学习的技能。

C. 随着教你学习的技能,学校的伟大作用不是去教你那么多东西。

## 14. But what we forget is that happiness is more than pleasure without pain.

- A. 但是我们所忘记的是,幸福多于了快乐,没有痛苦。
- B. 但是我们所忘记的是,幸福超过了没有痛苦的快乐。
- C. 但是我们所忘记的是,幸福绝不仅仅是没有痛苦的快乐。

# 15. Failing hips can be replaced, clinical depression controlled, and cataracts removed in a 30-minute surgical procedure.

- A. 出了毛病的髋骨可以换掉,临床抑郁症控制,白内障 30 分钟内移除了手术。
- B. 出了毛病的髋骨可以换掉,临床抑郁症可以得到控制,白内障只需 30 分钟的手术便可摘除。
- C. 在临床抑郁症的控制之下,出了毛病的髋骨可以换掉,白内障 30 分钟内移 除了手术。

## 四、请根据所给段落选择问题的正确答案(共40分;4题\*10分)

• We have to suspect that continuing economic growth promotes the development of education even when governments don't force it. After all, that's how education got started. When our ancestors were hunters and gatherers 10,000 years ago, they didn't have time to wonder much about anything besides finding food. Only when humanity began to get its food in a more productive way was there time for other things.

# 16. The author quotes the example of our ancestors to show that education emerged \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. when people had enough time
- B. prior to better ways of finding food
- C. when people on longer went hungry
- D. as a result of pressure on government
- The most thoroughly studied intellectuals in the history of the New World are the ministers and political leaders of seventeenth-century New England. According to



the standard history of American philosophy, nowhere else in colonial America was "so much importance attached to intellectual pursuits." According to many books and articles, New England's leaders established the basic themes and preoccupations of an unfolding, dominant Puritan tradition in American intellectual life.

## 17. The author notes that in the seventeenth-century New England\_\_\_\_\_\_

- A. Puritan tradition dominated political life.
- B. intellectual interests were encouraged.
- C. Politics benefited much from intellectual endeavors.
- D. intellectual pursuits enjoyed a liberal environment.
- The early settlers of Massachusetts Bay included men of impressive education and influence in England. Besides the ninety or so learned ministers who came to Massachusetts church in the decade after 1629, there were political leaders like John Winthrop, an educated gentleman, lawyer, and official of the Crown before he journeyed to Boston. It was these men who wrote and published extensively, reaching both New World and Old World audiences, and giving New England an atmosphere of intellectual earnestness.

## 18. The early ministers and political leaders in Massachusetts Bay

- A. were famous in the New World for their writings
- B. gained increasing importance in religious affairs
- C. abandoned high positions before coming to the New World
- D. created a new intellectual atmosphere in New England
- Adding to a woman's increased dose of stress chemicals are her increased "opportunities" for stress. "It's not necessarily that women don't cope as well. It's just that they have so much more to cope with," says Dr. Yehuda. "Their capacity for tolerating stress may even be greater than men's," she observes, "it's just that they're dealing with so many more things that they become worn out

from it more visibly and sooner."

# 19. Dr. Yehuda's research suggests that women \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. need extra doses of chemicals to handle stress.
- B. have limited capacity for tolerating stress.
- C. are more capable of avoiding stress.
- D. are exposed to more stress.

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