

考研英语必备语法同步测试

第六章：副词性结构

一、请选择划线部分的语法成分（共 20 分；5\*4 分）

1. The energetic boy grows healthily.

- A. 宾语
- B. 定语
- C. 状语
- D. 表语

2. The energetic boy grows healthy.

- A. 谓语
- B. 定语
- C. 状语
- D. 表语

3. She keeps the child quietly.

- A. 宾语
- B. 表语
- C. 状语
- D. 宾语补足语

4. She keeps the child quiet.

- A. 状语
- B. 宾语
- C. 宾语补足语
- D. 同位语

5. No doubt many will regard these as harsh words, but regrettably they are true.

- A. 定语
- B. 状语
- C. 主语
- D. 表语

二、请根据语法成分选择对应的句子部分。（共 20 分；5\*4 分）

**6. The decision of the New York Philharmonic to hire Alan Gilbert as its next music director has been the talk of the classical-music world ever since the sudden announcement of his appointment in 2009.** 请选择本句中作状语的介宾结构。

- A. of the New York Philharmonic
- B. to hire Alan Gilbert as its next music director
- C. of the classical-music world
- D. since the sudden announcement

**7. The value of knowledge and the return on the public investment in research depends, in part, upon wide distribution and ready access.** 请选择本句中作状语的介宾结构。

- A. of knowledge
- B. on the public investment
- C. in research
- D. in part

**8. Under modern conditions, economic development requires varying measures of centralized control and hence the help of specialized scientists such as economists and research experts** 请选择本句中作状语的介宾结构。

- A. Under modern conditions
- B. of centralized control
- C. hence the help
- D. such as economists and research experts

**9. Traditionally, legal learning has been viewed in such institutions as the special preserve of lawyers, rather than a necessary part of the intellectual equipment of an educated person.** 请选择本句中作状语的介宾结构。

- A. Traditionally
- B. in such institutions
- C. of lawyers

D. 以上都不是

**10. Music means different things to different people and sometimes even different things to the same person at different moments of his life. 请选择本句中作状语的介宾结构。**

- A. to different people
- B. to the same person
- C. at different moments
- D. 以上都是

**三、请选择下面句子最恰当的中英文翻译。（共 20 分；5\*4 分）**

**11. The center's 'Shop with Your Doctor' program sends doctors to the grocery store to meet with patients ...**

- A. 该中心的“与医生一起购物”项目,让医生到杂货店与病人见面
- B. 该中心的“与医生一起购物”项目,送医生到杂货店去见面与病人
- C. 该中心的“与医生一起购物”项目,送医生去与杂货店里的病人见面

**12. People like Veiseh are of great interest to neuroscientists hoping to understand the way the brain records our lives.**

- A. 人们喜欢 Veiseh, 对神经学家非常感兴趣, 希望了解大脑记录我们生活的方式。
- B. 像 Veiseh 这样的人对神经学家非常感兴趣, 他们希望了解大脑记录我们生活的方式。
- C. 神经科学家对像 Veiseh 这样的人非常感兴趣, 这些科学家希望了解大脑记录我们生活的方式。

**13. But we must also consider the impact of the new technology on those who now depend on driving for their livelihoods.**

- A. 但我们也必须考虑那些新技术的影响, 他们现在依靠开车谋生。
- B. 但我们也必须考虑新技术对那些现在依靠开车谋生的人的影响。
- C. 但我们也必须考虑新技术的影响, 在这些影响上谁现在开车谋生。

**14. What we really need at a policy level is to decide where the money will come**

from.

- A. 我们真的需要政策去决定资金从哪里来。
- B. 我们真的需要的是政策，去决定资金从哪里来。
- C. 在政策层面上，我们真正需要的是决定资金从哪里来。

15. 过中秋节的习俗于唐代早期在中国各地开始流行。

- A. Celebrating the Mid-Autumn Festival's custom in the early Tang Dynasty in China started to gain popularity.
- B. The custom of celebrating the Mid-Autumn Festival started to gain popularity throughout China in the early Tang Dynasty.
- C. The custom of celebrating the Mid-Autumn Festival started to gain popularity in the early Tang Dynasty throughout China.

四、请根据所给段落选择问题的正确答案（共 40 分；4 题\*10 分）

- Under the new Northern Territory law, an adult patient can request death — probably by a deadly injection or pill — to put an end to suffering. For Lloyd Nickson, a 54-year-old Darwin resident suffering from lung cancer, the NT Rights of Terminally Ill law means he can get on with living without the haunting fear of his suffering: a terrifying death from his breathing condition. “I’m not afraid of dying from a spiritual point of view, but what I was afraid of was how I’d go, because I’ve watched people die in the hospital fighting for oxygen and clawing at their masks,” he says.

16. When Lloyd Nickson dies, he will \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. face his death with calm characteristic of euthanasia
- B. experience the suffering of a lung cancer patient
- C. have an intense fear of terrible suffering
- D. undergo a cooling off period of seven days

- In 1784, five years before he became president of the United States, George Washington, 52, was nearly toothless. So he hired a dentist to transplant nine

teeth into his jaw — having extracted them from the mouths of his slaves. That's a far different image from the cherry-tree-chopping George most people remember from their history books.

**17. George Washington's dental surgery is mentioned to \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. show the primitive medical practice in the past.
- B. demonstrate the cruelty of slavery in his days.
- C. stress the role of slaves in the U.S. history.
- D. reveal some unknown aspect of his life.

- From the middle-class family perspective, much of this, understandably, looks far less like an opportunity to exercise more financial responsibility, and a good deal more like a frightening acceleration of the wholesale shift of financial risk onto their already overburdened shoulders. The financial fallout has begun, and the political fallout may not be far behind.

**18. It can be inferred from this paragraph that \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. financial risks tend to outweigh political risks.
- B. the middle class may face greater political challenges.
- C. financial problems may bring about political problems.
- D. financial responsibility is an indicator of political status.

- Several massive leakages of customer and employee data this year — from organizations as diverse as Time Warner, the American defense contractor Science Applications International Corp and even the University of California, Berkeley — have left managers hurriedly peering into their intricate IT systems and business processes in search of potential vulnerabilities.

**19. According to this paragraph, some organizations check their systems to find out \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. whether there is any weak point.
- B. what sort of data has been stolen.

- C. who is responsible for the leakage.
- D. how the potential spies can be located.

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