











SN74LVC1G97

SCES416M - DECEMBER 2002-REVISED JUNE 2015

# **SN74LVC1G97 Configurable Multiple-Function Gate**

#### **Features**

- Available in the Texas Instruments NanoFree™ Package
- Supports 5-V V<sub>CC</sub> Operation
- Inputs Accept Voltages to 5.5 V
- Supports Down Translation to V<sub>CC</sub>
- Max  $t_{pd}$  of 6.3 ns at 3.3 V
- Low Power Consumption, 10-µA Max I<sub>CC</sub>
- ±24-mA Output Drive at 3.3 V
- I<sub>off</sub> Supports Live Insertion, Partial-Power-Down Mode, and Back-Drive Protection
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
  - 2000-V Human Body Model (A114-A)
  - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
- Choose From Nine Specific Logic Functions

## **Applications**

- **Barcode Scanners**
- Cable Solutions
- E-Books
- **Embedded PCs**
- Field Transmitter: Temperature or Pressure Sensors
- Fingerprint Biometrics
- HVAC: Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning
- Network-Attached Storage (NAS)
- Server Motherboards and PSUs
- Software Defined Radios (SDR)
- TVs: High Definition (HDTV), LCD, and Digital
- Video Communications Systems
- Wireless Data Access Cards, Headsets, Keyboard, Mouse, and LAN Cards

## 3 Description

The SN74LVC1G97 device features configurable multiple functions. The output state is determined by eight patterns of 3-bit input. The user can choose the logic functions MUX, AND, OR, NAND, NOR, inverter, and noninverter. All inputs can be connected to V<sub>CC</sub> or GND.

This configurable multiple-function gate is designed for 1.65-V to 5.5-V  $V_{CC}$  operation.

This device functions as an independent gate, but because of Schmitt action, it may have different input threshold levels for positive-going (V<sub>T</sub>+) and negativegoing  $(V_T)$  signals.

NanoFree package technology is a major breakthrough in IC packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

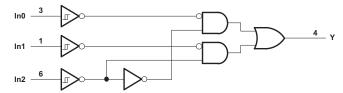
This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using  $I_{\text{off}}$ . The  $I_{\text{off}}$  circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

## Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
SN74LVC1G97DBV	SOT-23 (6)	2.9 mm × 1.6 mm
SN74LVC1G97DCK	SC70 (6)	2.0 mm × 1.25 mm
SN74LVC1G97DRL		1.6 mm × 1.2 mm
SN74LVC1G97DSF	SOT (6)	1.45 mm × 1.0 mm
SN74LVC1G97DRY		1.0 mm × 1.0 mm
SN74LVC1G97YZP	DSBGA (6)	1.41 mm × 0.91 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

#### Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)





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## 4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

#### Changes from Revision L (December 2013) to Revision M

**Page** 

# Changes from Revision K (October 2011) to Revision L

Page

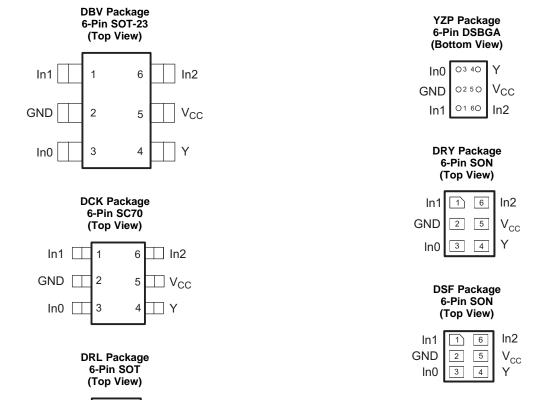
Updated document to new TI data sheet format.
 Removed Ordering Information table.
 Updated I<sub>off</sub> in Features
 Updated operating temperature range.



# 5 Pin Configuration and Functions

In1 ☐ 1

GND ☐ 2 In0 ☐ 3 6 ☐ In2 5 ☐ V<sub>CC</sub>



#### **Pin Functions**

	PIN	1/0	DESCRIPTION
NAME	DCT, DCU, DRY, YZP	· I/O	DESCRIPTION
In0	3	I	Input 0
ln1	1	1	Input 1
ln2	6	I	Input 2
GND	2	_	Ground
$V_{CC}$	5	_	Power
Υ	4	0	Output



## 6 Specifications

#### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	-0.5	6.5	V	
VI	Input voltage <sup>(2)</sup>		-0.5	6.5	V
Vo	Voltage applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state (2)		-0.5	6.5	٧
Vo	Voltage applied to any output in the high or low state (2)(3)		-0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0 V		-50	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V		-50	mA
Io	Continuous output current			±50	mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		±100	mA	
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V	Electrostatic	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins (1)	±2000	\/
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins (2)	±1000	V

<sup>(1)</sup> JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

# 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

See (1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
		Operating	1.65	5.5	
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	Data retention only	1.5		V
VI	Input voltage		0	5.5	V
Vo	Output voltage		0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		-4	
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$		-8	
I <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output current	V 2V		-16	mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		-24	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		-32	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		4	
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$		8	
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output current	V 2V		16	mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		24	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		32	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-40	125	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, SCBA004.

<sup>(2)</sup> The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

<sup>(3)</sup> The value of V<sub>CC</sub> is provided in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.

<sup>2)</sup> JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



### 6.4 Thermal Information

		SN74LVC1G97						
THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		DBV (SOT-23)	DCK (SC70)	DRL (SOT)	YZP (DSBGA)	UNIT		
		6 PINS	6 PINS	6 PINS	6 PINS			
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	165	259	142	123	°C/W		

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		.,	–40°C	TO 85°C	-40°C	TO 125°C	LINUT
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>cc</sub>	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup> MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup> MAX	UNIT
		1.65 V	0.79	1.16	0.79	1.16	
$V_{T+}$		2.3 V	1.11	1.56	1.11	1.56	
Positive-going input		3 V	1.5	1.87	1.5	1.87	V
threshold voltage		4.5 V	2.16	2.74	2.16	2.74	
		5.5 V	2.61	3.33	2.61	3.33	
		1.65 V	0.35	0.62	0.35	0.62	
$V_{T-}$		2.3 V	0.58	0.87	0.58	0.87	
Negative-going input		3 V	0.84	1.19	0.84	1.19	V
threshold voltage		4.5 V	1.41	1.9	1.41	1.9	
		5.5 V	1.87	2.29	1.87	2.29	
		1.65 V	0.3	0.62	0.3	0.62	
		2.3 V	0.4	0.8	0.4	0.8	
$\Delta V_T$ Hysteresis ( $V_{T+} - V_{T-}$ )		3 V	0.53	0.87	0.53	0.87	V
		4.5 V	0.71	1.04	0.71	1.04	
		5.5 V	0.71	1.11	0.71	1.11	
	$I_{OH} = -100 \ \mu A$	1.65 V to 5.5 V	$V_{CC} - 0.1$		$V_{CC} - 0.1$		
	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$	1.65 V	1.2		1.2		
$V_{OH}$	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V	1.9		1.9		V
VOH	I <sub>OH</sub> = −16 mA	3 V	2.4		2.4		V
	$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	3 V	2.3		2.3		
	$I_{OH} = -32 \text{ mA}$	4.5 V	3.8		3.8		
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	1.65 V to 5.5 V		0.1		0.1	
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	1.65 V		0.45		0.45	
V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	2.3 V		0.3		0.3	V
VOL	I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA	3 V		0.4		0.45	V
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	3 V		0.55		0.55	
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 32 mA	4.5 V		0.55		0.58	
I <sub>I</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or GND	0 to 5.5 V		±5		±5	μΑ
l <sub>off</sub>	$V_I$ or $V_O = 5.5 \text{ V}$	0		±10		±10	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	$V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or GND}, I_O = 0$	1.65 V to 5.5 V		10		10	μΑ
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	One input at $V_{CC}$ – 0.6 V, Other inputs at $V_{CC}$ or GND	3 V to 5.5 V		500		500	μΑ
C <sub>I</sub>	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	3.3 V		3.5		3.5	pF

<sup>(1)</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C.



## 6.6 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			-	-40°C T	O 85°C				
PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub> = ± 0.1		V <sub>CC</sub> = ± 0.		V <sub>CC</sub> = ± 0.		V <sub>CC</sub> = ± 0.		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>pd</sub>	Any In	Y	3.2	14.4	2	8.3	1.5	6.3	1.1	5.1	ns

## 6.7 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

						-	40°C T	O 125°C	:			
	PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub> = ± 0.1		V <sub>CC</sub> = ± 0.:		V <sub>CC</sub> = ± 0.3		V <sub>CC</sub> = ± 0.		UNIT
				MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t	pd	Any In	Υ	3.2	16.4	2	9.3	1.5	7.3	1.1	6.1	ns

# 6.8 Operating Characteristics

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

	PARAMETER	TEST	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	UNIT
	FANAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	ONIT
$C_{pd}$	Power dissipation capacitance	f = 10 MHz	22	23	23	26	pF

# 6.9 Typical Characteristics

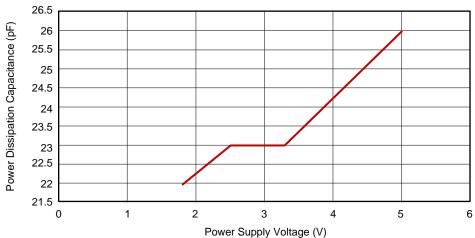
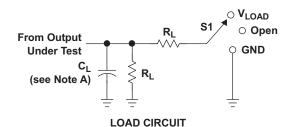


Figure 1. Power Dissipation Capacitance vs Power Supply Voltage

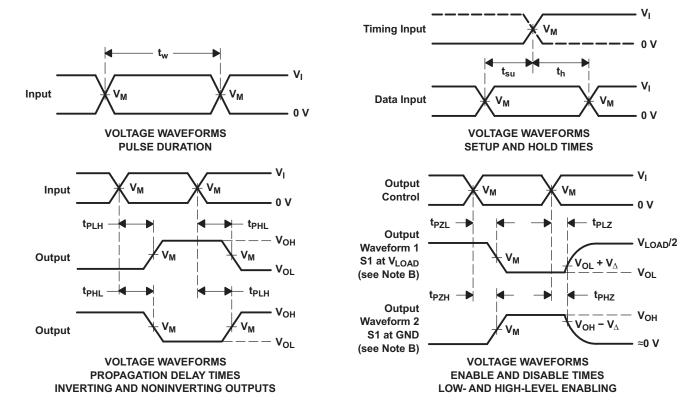


### 7 Parameter Measurement Information



TEST	S1
t <sub>PLH</sub> /t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	V <sub>LOAD</sub>
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	GND

.,	INF	PUTS	.,	V				
V <sub>CC</sub>	VI	t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>LOAD</sub>	CL	R <sub>L</sub>	$oldsymbol{V}_{\Delta}$	
1.8 V ± 0.15 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2 × V <sub>CC</sub>	30 pF	<b>1 k</b> Ω	0.15 V	
2.5 V ± 0.2 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2 × V <sub>CC</sub>	30 pF	<b>500</b> Ω	0.15 V	
3.3 V ± 0.3 V	3 V	≤2.5 ns	1.5 V	6 V	50 pF	<b>500</b> Ω	0.3 V	
5 V ± 0.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2.5 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2 × V <sub>CC</sub>	50 pF	<b>500</b> Ω	0.3 V	



NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_0$  = 50 W.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
- F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$
- G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$
- H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



## 8 Detailed Description

#### 8.1 Overview

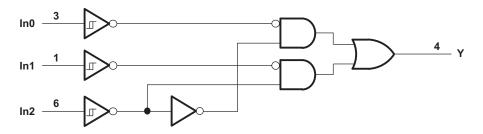
This configurable multiple-function gate is designed for 1.65-V to 5.5-V V<sub>CC</sub> operation.

The SN74LVC1G97 device features configurable multiple functions. The output state is determined by eight patterns of 3-bit input. The user can choose variations of common logic functions, like AND, OR, and NOT. All inputs can be connected to  $V_{\rm CC}$  or GND.

This device functions as an independent gate, but because of Schmitt action, it may have different input threshold levels for positive-going  $(V_{T_{+}})$  and negative-going  $(V_{T_{-}})$  signals.

This device is fully-specified for partial-power-down applications using  $I_{off}$ . The  $I_{off}$  circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

## 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



### 8.3 Feature Description

The SN74LVC1G97 device has a wide operating  $V_{CC}$  range of 1.65 V to 5.5 V, which allows use in a broad range of systems. The 5.5-V I/Os allow down translation and also allow voltages at the inputs when  $V_{CC} = 0$  V.

#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

**Table 1. Function Table** 

	INPUTS	OUTPUT	
ln2	In1	In0	Υ
L	L	L	L
L	L	Н	L
L	Н	L	Н
L	Н	Н	Н
Н	L	L	L
Н	L	Н	Н
Н	Н	L	L
Н	Н	Н	Н



**Table 2. Function Selection Table** 

LOGIC FUNCTION	FIGURE NUMBER
2-to-1 data selector	Figure 3
2-input AND gate	Figure 4
2-input OR gate with one inverted input	Figure 5
2-input NAND gate with one inverted input	Figure 5
2-input AND gate with one inverted input	Figure 6
2-input NOR gate with one inverted input	Figure 6
2-input OR gate	Figure 7
Inverter	Figure 8
Noninverted buffer	Figure 9

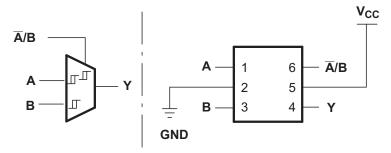


Figure 3. 2-to-1 Data Selector

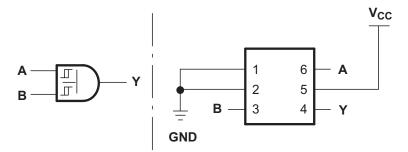


Figure 4. 2-Input AND Gate

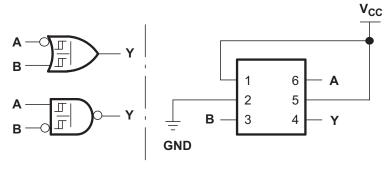


Figure 5. 2-Input OR Gate With One Inverted Input 2-Input NAND Gate With One Inverted Input

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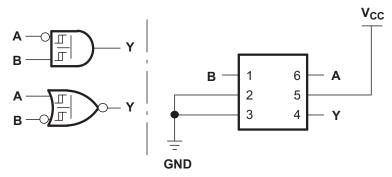


Figure 6. 2-Input AND Gate With One Inverted Input 2-Input NOR Gate With One Inverted Input

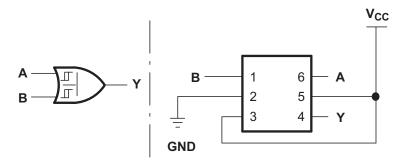


Figure 7. 2-Input OR Gate

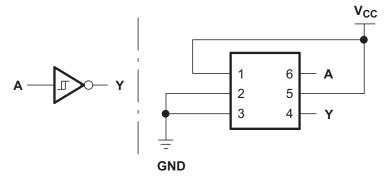


Figure 8. Inverter

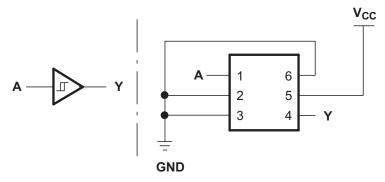


Figure 9. Noninverted Buffer



# 9 Application and Implementation

#### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Validate and test the design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 9.1 Application Information

The SN74LVC1G97 device offers flexible configuration for many design applications. This example describes basic power sequencing using the AND gate configuration. Power sequencing is often used in applications that require a processor or other delicate device with specific voltage timing requirements in order to protect the device from malfunctioning.

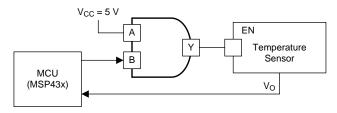


Figure 10. Simplified Application

## 9.2 Typical Application

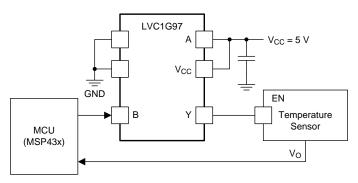


Figure 11. Typical Application

### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

- Recommended input conditions:
  - For rise time and fall time specifications, see  $\Delta t/\Delta v$  in the Recommended Operating Conditions table.
  - For specified high and low levels, see V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>II</sub> in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.
  - Inputs and outputs are overvoltage tolerant and can therefore go as high as 5.5 V at any valid V<sub>CC</sub>.
- · Recommended output conditions:
  - Load currents must not exceed ±50 mA.
- Frequency selection criterion:
  - Figure 12 illustrates the effects of frequency on output current.
  - Added trace resistance and capacitance can reduce maximum frequency capability. Follow the layout practices listed in the *Layout* section.



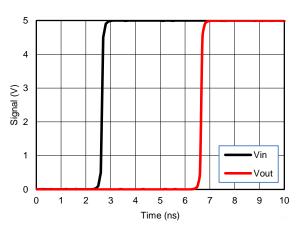
### **Typical Application (continued)**

#### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The SN74LVC1G97 device uses CMOS technology and has balanced output drive. Avoid bus contentions that can drive currents that can exceed maximum limits.

The SN74LVC1G97 allows for performing logical Boolean functions with digital signals. Maintain input signals as close as possible to either 0 V or  $V_{CC}$  for optimal operation.

#### 9.2.3 Application Curve



 $V_{CC} = 5 V$ 

Figure 12. Simulated Input-to-Output Voltage Response Showing Propagation Delay

# 10 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating listed in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.

To prevent power disturbance, ensure good bypass capacitance for each  $V_{CC}$  terminal. For devices with a single-supply, a 0.1- $\mu$ F bypass capacitor is recommended. If multiple pins are labeled  $V_{CC}$ , then a 0.01- $\mu$ F or 0.022- $\mu$ F capacitor is recommended for each  $V_{CC}$  because the  $V_{CC}$  pins are tied together internally. For devices with dual supply pins operating at different voltages, for example  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{DD}$ , a 0.1- $\mu$ F bypass capacitor is recommended for each supply pin. To reject different frequencies of noise, use multiple bypass capacitors in parallel. Capacitors with values of 0.1  $\mu$ F and 1  $\mu$ F are commonly used in parallel. Place the bypass capacitor as close to the power terminal as possible for best results.



## 11 Layout

## 11.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple-bit logic devices, inputs must never float.

In many cases, functions (or parts of functions) of digital logic devices are unused, for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used or when only 3 of the 4 buffer gates are used. Such input pins must not be left unconnected, because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. Figure 13 specifies the rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that must be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they are tied to GND or  $V_{\rm CC}$ , whichever makes more sense or is more convenient. It is generally acceptable to float outputs, unless the part is a transceiver. If the transceiver has an output enable pin, it disables the output section of the part when asserted, which does not disable the input section of the I/Os. Therefore, the I/Os cannot float when disabled.

### 11.2 Layout Example

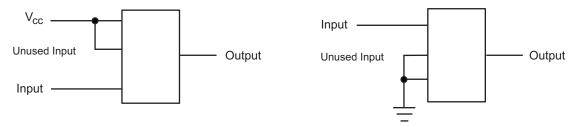


Figure 13. Layout Diagrams



## 12 Device and Documentation Support

### 12.1 Documentation Support

#### 12.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, SCBA004
- Selecting the Right Texas Instruments Signal Switch, SZZA030

### 12.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

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**Design Support** *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

#### 12.3 Trademarks

NanoFree, E2E are trademarks of Texas Instruments. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

# 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical packaging and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left hand navigation.





12-May-2015

### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	_	Pins	_	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
SN74LVC1G97DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(C975 ~ C97K ~ C97R)	Samples
SN74LVC1G97DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(C975 ~ C97K ~ C97R)	Samples
SN74LVC1G97DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(C975 ~ C97K ~ C97R)	Samples
SN74LVC1G97DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(C975 ~ C97K ~ C97R)	Samples
SN74LVC1G97DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(C975 ~ C97K ~ C97R)	Samples
SN74LVC1G97DCKR	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(CS5 ~ CSF ~ CSK ~ CSR)	Samples
SN74LVC1G97DCKRE4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(CS5 ~ CSF ~ CSK ~ CSR)	Samples
SN74LVC1G97DCKRG4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(CS5 ~ CSF ~ CSK ~ CSR)	Samples
SN74LVC1G97DCKT	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(CS5 ~ CSF ~ CSK ~ CSR)	Samples
SN74LVC1G97DCKTG4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(CS5 ~ CSF ~ CSK ~ CSR)	Samples
SN74LVC1G97DRLR	ACTIVE	SOT	DRL	6	4000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(CS7 ~ CSR)	Samples
SN74LVC1G97DRLRG4	ACTIVE	SOT	DRL	6	4000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(CS7 ~ CSR)	Samples
SN74LVC1G97DRYR	ACTIVE	SON	DRY	6	5000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CS	Samples
SN74LVC1G97DSFR	ACTIVE	SON	DSF	6	5000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CS	Samples
SN74LVC1G97YZPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(CS7 ~ CSN)	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows: **ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

# PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM



12-May-2015

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between

the die and leadframe. The component has a Roh5 exemption for eitner 1) lead-based filip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RohS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74LVC1G97:

Automotive: SN74LVC1G97-Q1

Enhanced Product: SN74LVC1G97-EP

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects



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# **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

12-May-2015

• Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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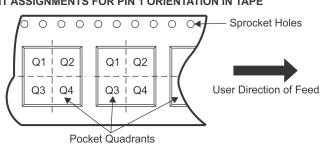
# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





- 1	-	
	A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
		Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
	K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
	W	Overall width of the carrier tape
	D1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74LVC1G97DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	178.0	9.2	3.3	3.2	1.55	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G97DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	9.2	3.17	3.23	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G97DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	178.0	9.2	3.3	3.2	1.55	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G97DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	9.2	3.17	3.23	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G97DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	178.0	9.0	2.4	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G97DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	9.2	2.3	2.55	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G97DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	180.0	9.2	2.3	2.55	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G97DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	178.0	9.2	2.4	2.4	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G97DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	178.0	9.0	2.4	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G97DRLR	SOT	DRL	6	4000	180.0	8.4	1.98	1.78	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G97DRLR	SOT	DRL	6	4000	180.0	9.5	1.78	1.78	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G97DRYR	SON	DRY	6	5000	180.0	9.5	1.15	1.6	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q1
SN74LVC1G97DSFR	SON	DSF	6	5000	180.0	9.5	1.16	1.16	0.5	4.0	8.0	Q2
SN74LVC1G97YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	178.0	9.2	1.02	1.52	0.63	4.0	8.0	Q1

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\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74LVC1G97DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74LVC1G97DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0
SN74LVC1G97DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74LVC1G97DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	205.0	200.0	33.0
SN74LVC1G97DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74LVC1G97DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0
SN74LVC1G97DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	205.0	200.0	33.0
SN74LVC1G97DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74LVC1G97DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74LVC1G97DRLR	SOT	DRL	6	4000	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74LVC1G97DRLR	SOT	DRL	6	4000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74LVC1G97DRYR	SON	DRY	6	5000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74LVC1G97DSFR	SON	DSF	6	5000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74LVC1G97YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0

# DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
- Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AB, except minimum lead width.



# DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



# DCK (R-PDSO-G6)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AB.



# DCK (R-PDSO-G6)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



# DRL (R-PDSO-N6)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body dimensions do not include mold flash, interlead flash, protrusions, or gate burrs.

  Mold flash, interlead flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 per end or side.
- D. JEDEC package registration is pending.



# DRL (R-PDSO-N6)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.
- E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,127 mm (5 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- G. Side aperture dimensions over—print land for acceptable area ratio > 0.66. Customer may reduce side aperture dimensions if stencil manufacturing process allows for sufficient release at smaller opening.





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. SON (Small Outline No-Lead) package configuration.

The exposed lead frame feature on side of package may or may not be present due to alternative lead frame designs.

E. This package complies to JEDEC MO-287 variation UFAD.

 $frac{f}{K}$  See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the pin 1 identifier shape.



# DRY (R-PUSON-N6)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD



NOTES: A.

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.
- E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,127 mm (5 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- G. Side aperture dimensions over—print land for acceptable area ratio > 0.66. Customer may reduce side aperture dimensions if stencil manufacturing process allows for sufficient release at smaller opening.





### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. Reference JEDEC registration MO-287, variation X2AAF.



DSF (S-PX2SON-N6)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads. If 2 mil solder mask is outside PCB vendor capability, it is advised to omit solder mask.
- E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,1016 mm (4 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- G. Suggest stencils cut with lasers such as Fiber Laser that produce the greatest positional accuracy.
- H. Component placement force should be minimized to prevent excessive paste block deformation.





DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



#### NOTES:

NanoFree Is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. NanoFree<sup>™</sup> package configuration.



DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints.
 For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SBVA017 (www.ti.com/lit/sbva017).



DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



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#### Products Applications

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