# Im2col

# Simple Usage

See main.cpp.

#### Files and Directories

```
1 Im2col
 2
   — acc_function
       —— AcceleratorFunction.h
                                       // The base class of accelertor functions.
 4
       — winograd
           ├── WinogradFunction_1D.cpp // Winograd 1D. (***** HERE!!!!! ******)
           WinogradFunction_1D.h
 6
           └── WinogradFunction.h
 7
                                        // The base classWinograd accelertor funct
 8
      CMakeLists.txt
9
      feature_map
10
       DirectFeatureMap.cpp
        DirectFeatureMap.h
11
12
       FeatureMap.h
13
       Im2colFeatureMap.cpp
                                        // Im2col feature map that allows
                                          convolution with a accelerator
14
                                          function. (***** HERE!!!!!! ******)
15
       ── Im2colFeatureMap.h
16
       Im2colFeatureMap_OMP.cpp
17
       └── Im2colFeatureMap_OMP.h
18
      - kernel
19
20
       ── DirectKernel.cpp
       ├─ DirectKernel.h
21
       ── Im2colKernel.cpp
22
23
        ├── Im2colKernel.h
       └─ Kernel.h
24
25
      - main.cpp
      output_map
26
       OutputMap.cpp
27
       └─ OutputMap.h
28
29
      - util
       └─ GetTime.h
30
```

# **Analysis**

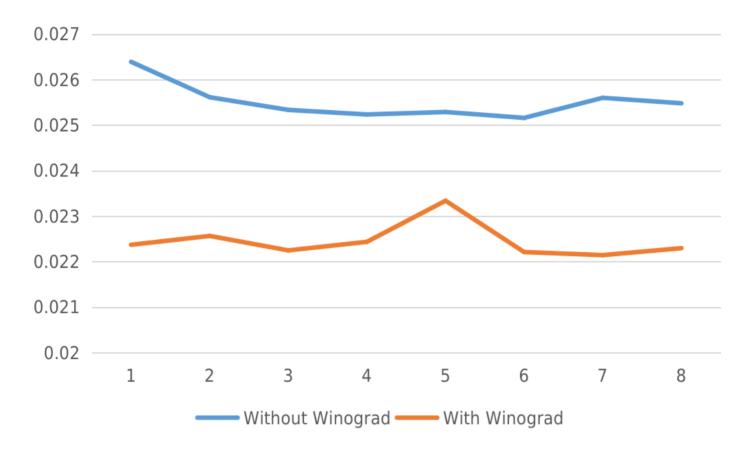
Direct conv: 0.03022

Im2col conv: 0.0263898

Im2col conv with Winograd: 0.0223682

Im2col conv with Winograd (OpenMP enabled): 0.00318503

### Steady Improvement is Witnessed when Using Winograd



In Lab2 settings, my implementation is around 13% faster on average when using Winograd (2, 3), which is not beyond expectation because, in fact, Winograd does not break much spatial locality. As the size of a row is small under our settings, although it loads two rows at the same time, we can infer that it still needs not to reload data from memory to cache.

#### **Parallelism**

Still, we can use OpenMP to parallel convolution even if Winograd is used. Yet, this time we cannot simply add the pragma in the innermost for-loop because the innermost for-loop will not loop many times when we use Winograd (e.g., loop for K \* R \* S / 3 times when using Winograd(2, 3)). Here we'd better let one thread be responsible for every two rows, which guarantees little parallel overhead (and also better locality actually).

 $k_{00}$  $k_{01}$  $k_{02}$  $d_{00}$  $d_{01}$  $d_{02}$  $d_{10}$  $d_{11}$  $d_{12}$  $d_{20}$  $d_{21}$  $d_{22}$  $k_{10}$  $d_{02}$  $d_{03}$  $d_{22}$  $d_{11}$  $d_{12}$  $d_{13}$  $d_{21}$  $d_{23}$  $k_{11}$  $d_{12}$  $d_{20}$  $d_{22}$  $d_{31}$  $d_{32}$  $d_{21}$  $d_{30}$  $k_{12}$  $d_{11}$  $d_{12}$  $d_{13}$  $d_{21}$  $d_{22}$  $d_{23}$  $d_{31}$  $d_{32}$  $d_{33}$  $k_{20}$  $k_{21}$ 

 $k_{22}$ 

thread 2