

1. $\min 2x_1 + 3z_1$

s.t. $x_2 + z_3 \leq 5$

$x_2 - 10 \leq z_1$

$-x_2 + 10 \leq z_1$

$x_1 + 2 \leq z_2$

$-x_1 - 2 \leq z_2$

$x_2 \leq z_3$

$-x_2 \leq z_3$

2. x_1 = number of units of special risk insurance
 x_2 = number of units of ~~total~~ Mortgage

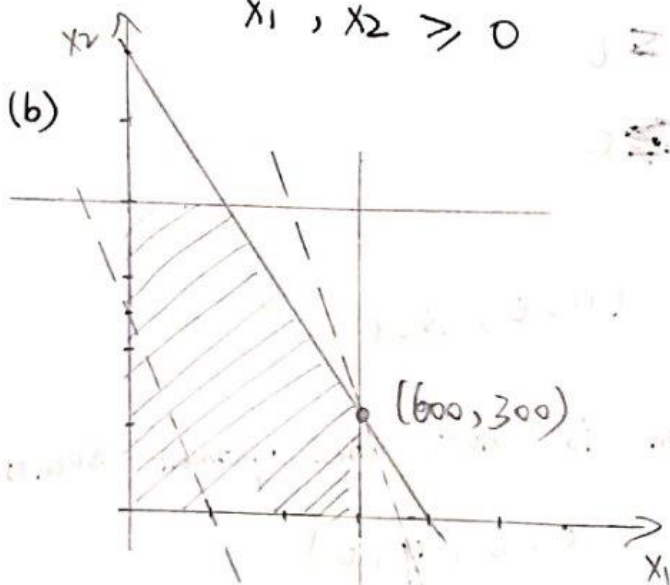
(a) $\max 5x_1 + 2x_2$

s.t. $3x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 2400$

$x_2 \leq 800$

$2x_1 \leq 1200$

$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$



The optimal solution is

$x_1 = 600$

$x_2 = 300$

profit = 3600

(c)

$3x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 2400$

$2x_1 \leq 1200$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 3.(a) & (1, 0, 0) \\
 & (0, 1, 0) \\
 & (0, 0, 1) \\
 & (0, 0, 0)
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{l}
 (b) \quad (1, 0, 0, 0) \\
 (0, 1, 0, 0) \\
 (0, 0, 2, 0) \\
 (0, 0, 0, 0)
 \end{array}$$

4. the extreme points : $(1, 0)$

the optimal solution :

no optimal solution or all the points are optimal solutions

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 5. & \min -x_1 - x_2 + 0 \cdot s_1 + 0 \cdot s_2 \\
 & \text{s.t. } x_1 - x_2 + s_1 = 3 \\
 & \quad x_1 + x_2 + s_2 = 6 \\
 & \quad x_1, x_2, s_1, s_2 \geq 0
 \end{array}$$

basic feasible solution : $(0, 0, 3, 6)$

this basic feasible solution is not the optimal solution
 the optimal solution is $(0, 6, 9, 0)$

b. (a)

$$\max \sum_{i=1}^n r_i (s_i - x_i)$$

$$\text{s.t.} \quad \sum_{i=1}^n q_i x_i \leq (1 - 0.01)$$

$$-0.3 \sum_{i=1}^n (q_i - p_i) \cdot x_i \geq k$$

$$x_i \geq 0$$