

Last Updated: June 2021

CYBERSECURITY POLICY



Strategy Documents

Estrategia Nacional de Seguridad Cibernética (National Cybersecurity Strategy)

Ministry of the Interior

First step towards establishing the guidelines and objectives that were proposed in the National Security Policy.

Calls to:

- Regulate the protection of digital information systems in the public and private sectors in order to guarantee the continuity of their services;
- Establish coordination organizations (CSIRT-GT) to implement the national cyber security; and
- Design a national protection plan for critical infrastructures to strengthen contingency and recovery plans.

Source

March 2018

STRUCTURE

National Centre or Responsible Agency

Ministerio de Gobernación (Ministry of the Interior)

Source

Key Positions

Viceministro de Tecnologías de la Información

Source

Dedicated Agencies and Departments

Sección contra Delitos Informáticos

Policía Nacional Civil

Source

5 May 2016

National CERT or CSIRT

CSIRT-GT (no longer operational)

Ministry of Defense

- Was an ad hoc team that operated under the Ministry of Defense;
- No longer operational due to lack of a legal and regulatory framework to support it;
- Current strategy documents call for reestablishing CSIRT-GT.



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Source

March 2018



In Progress or Proposed

Comité de Seguridad Cibernética (Cybersecurity Committee)

- Establishment announced in the Draft Cyber Security Strategy;
- Will support the National Security Council, comprising members of all Ministries, Organisms, and other governmental instances that have competencies in cybersecurity matters.

Source

LEGAL FRAMEWORK

♣ Legislation

Penal Code

- Article 274A: Destruction, deletion, disabling computer records;
- Article 274B: Alteration, deletion, disabling computer programs;
- Article 274C: Unauthorized reproduction of computer programs;
- Article 274D: Prohibition of establishing databases or computer registries with data that may affect privacy;
- Article 274E: Concealing, alteration or distortion of information required for a commercial activity by computer programs;
- Article 274F: Unauthorized access or use to computer records, databases, or electronic files;
- Article 274G: Distribution of programs or destructive instructions, which may cause damage to computer records, programs or equipment.

<u>Source</u>

COOPERATION



Bilateral and Multilateral Cooperation

Resolution on Working Group on Cooperative and Confidence Building Measures for Cyberspace, Inter-American Committee against Terrorism

Presented by Chile, Colombia, Perú, Costa Rica, Canada, Guatemala and Mexico

Prepare a set of draft confidence-building measures, based on UN GGE reports to enhance interstate cooperation, transparency, predictability and stability and to reduce the risks of misperception, escalation, and conflict that may stem from the use of ICTs

Source

10 April 2017

Global Forum on Cyber Expertise, Member

A global platform for countries, international organizations and private companies to exchange best practices and expertise on cyber capacity building

Source Source 2

16 December 2017

Cyber Security Symposium, OAS-Guatemala

Ministry of the Interior



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Source



International Telecommunications
Union (ITU)

Organization of American States (OAS)

(d) United Nations (UN)