# **Department of Computer Engineering**

**Academic Term: First Term 2023-24** 

# Class: T.E /Computer Sem – V / Software Engineering

Practical No:	6
Title:	Data Flow Diagram
Date of Performance:	
Roll No:	9607
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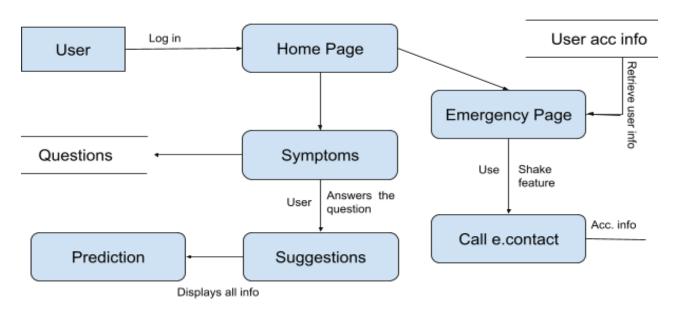
# **Rubrics for Evaluation:**

Sr. No.	Performance Indicator	Excellent	Good	Below Average	<b>Total Score</b>
1	On time Completion & Submission (01)	01 (On Time)	NA	00 (Not On Time)	
2	Theory Understanding (02)	02 (Correct)	NA	01 (Tried)	
3	Content Quality (03)	01 (All used)	02 (Partial)	03 (Rarely allowed)	
4	Post Lab Questions (04)	04 (Done Well)	03 (Partially Correct)	02 (Submitted)	

# **Signature of the Teacher:**

# **SE EXP: 6 DATA FLOW DIAGRAM**

For Women Safety and Period Management App



# **Explanation**

### **Process**

**Home Page:** The user logs in and is directed to the home page.

**Emergency Page:** The user enters the emergency page and initiates the shake

feature.

**Call e.contact:** An call is initiated to the e.contact which is stored in user acc. info.

**Symptoms:** The users answer the questions based on how they feel.

**Suggestions:** The users are given suggestions on how to help with their symptoms.

**Prediction:** Displays all the information to the user.

### **Data Stores**

**User acc. Info.:** Contains personal information of the user.

Questions: Contains all the questions the user needs to answer.

### **External Entities**

**User:** Initiates the Home Page and Symptoms Page

# **Data Flows**

Log in: Flows from User to Home Page.

Retrieve user info.: Flows from User acc. info. to the Emergency Page.

**User uses the shake feature:** Flows from Emergency Page to Call e.contact . **User answers the questions:** Flows from Symptoms Page to Suggestions Page.

**Displays all the info.:** Flows from Suggestions Page to Prediction Page.

### **POSTLAB:**

a) Evaluate the benefits of using Data Flow Diagrams (DFD) to analyse and visualise the data movement in a complex software system.

# 1. Clarity and Simplification:

Simplifies complex systems for better understanding.

### 2. Effective Communication:

 Serves as a universal language for technical and non-technical stakeholders.

#### 3. Identification of Processes and Data Stores:

o Clearly identifies system processes and data storage.

# 4. Boundary Definition:

• Distinguishes between internal processes and external entities.

## 5. Data Transformation and Processing:

Shows how data is processed and transformed within the system.

### 6. Change Management:

Facilitates managing system changes and updates.

# 7. Error Detection and Prevention:

Helps identify potential errors and bottlenecks.

## 8. Scalability and Optimization:

Aids in identifying areas for performance and scalability improvements.

### 9. Documentation and Training:

Useful for documentation and onboarding new team members.

### 10. Requirements Analysis:

 Supports early-stage requirements gathering and system behavior definition.

b) Apply data flow analysis techniques to a given project and identify potential data bottlenecks and security vulnerabilities.

#### 1. Data Flow Definition:

 Identify key data flows within the app, including user data, location data, and emergency contact details.

### 2. Create a Data Flow Diagram (DFD):

 Develop a DFD to visualize data flow, including processes, data stores, data flows, and external entities.

### 3. Data Flow Tracing:

• Trace sensitive data to understand how it moves through the app.

## 4. Identify Data Bottlenecks:

 Look for areas where data processing or transfer may cause delays or bottlenecks.

### 5. Data Validation and Sanitization:

 Assess how the app validates and sanitizes user inputs to prevent security vulnerabilities.

# 6. Data Encryption:

• Examine encryption standards for sensitive data in transit and at rest.

### 7. Data Access Controls:

 Review user access controls and permissions to prevent unauthorized data access.

#### 8. Authentication and Authorization:

 Ensure secure user authentication and authorized access to sensitive features or data.

# 9. Data Leakage and Privacy:

 Identify potential data leakage points, especially regarding period tracking and location data.

#### 10. External Data Sources:

Assess security during interactions with external data sources or APIs.

### 11. Data Backup and Recovery:

 Review data backup and recovery processes for data integrity and availability.

### 12. Logging and Monitoring:

Implement robust logging and real-time monitoring for security events.

# 13. Security Audits and Testing:

o Conduct periodic security audits and penetration tests.

### 14. Incident Response Plan:

 Develop an incident response plan for prompt security incident handling.

# 15. Data Retention and Purge Policies:

 Implement data retention and purging policies to minimize data exposure.

# 16. Compliance and Documentation:

 Ensure compliance with privacy regulations and maintain documentation of security processes.

c) Propose improvements to the data flow architecture to enhance the system's efficiency and reduce potential risks.

### 1. Data Validation and Sanitization:

- Strengthen validation and sanitization processes.
- Implement standardized input validation libraries.

# 2. Data Encryption:

- Upgrade encryption protocols for data at rest and in transit.
- Maintain robust key management practices.

### 3. Access Controls:

- Refine access controls and follow the principle of least privilege.
- Consider role-based or attribute-based access control.

# 4. Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA):

Introduce MFA for enhanced user authentication security.

#### 5. Secure External Data Sources:

- Enhance security for external data sources with validation and rate limiting.
- Use API security tokens.

# 6. Data Leakage Prevention:

Implement DLP solutions and outbound data encryption.

# 7. Backup and Recovery:

- Strengthen backup and recovery strategies.
- Regularly test and validate backups.

# 8. Logging and Monitoring:

Implement comprehensive logging and real-time monitoring.

# 9. Security Audits and Penetration Testing:

- Conduct routine security audits and penetration testing.
- o Promptly address identified vulnerabilities.

### 10. User Education and Training:

- Educate users and staff on security best practices.
- o Provide security awareness training.

# 11. Incident Response Plan:

 Develop a robust incident response plan with clear roles and procedures.

# 12. Data Retention and Purge Policies:

Implement data retention policies and regular data purging.

## 13. External Dependency Assessment:

- Continuously assess external dependency security.
- Keep dependencies updated and patched.

### 14. Documentation and Compliance:

- Maintain detailed security process documentation.
- Ensure compliance with security standards and regulations.

# 15. Regular Security Reviews:

 Conduct periodic security reviews and risk assessments to adapt to evolving threats.