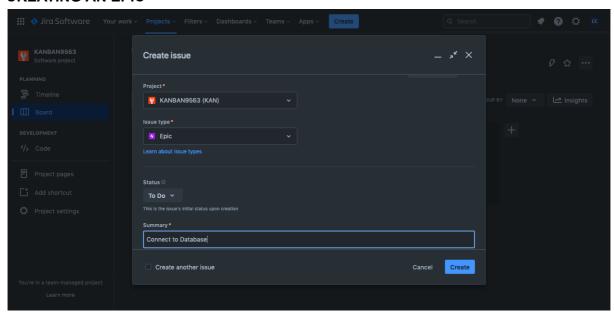
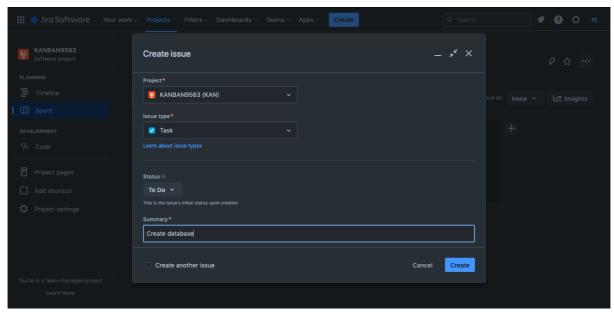
# **SE EXP 3: KANBAN METHOD IN JIRA**

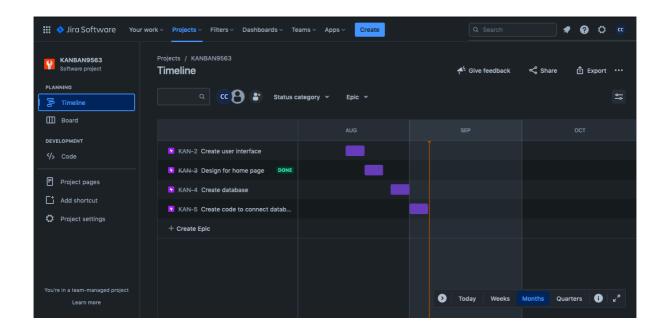
## **CREATING AN EPIC**



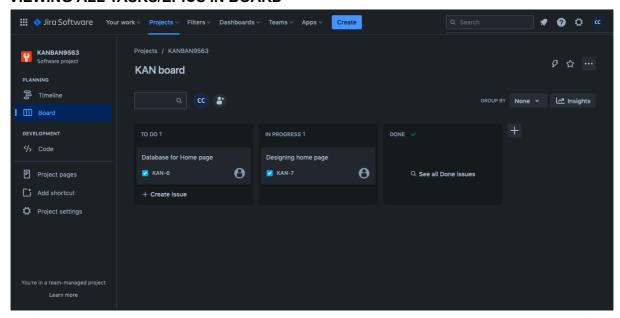
## **CREATING AN TASK**

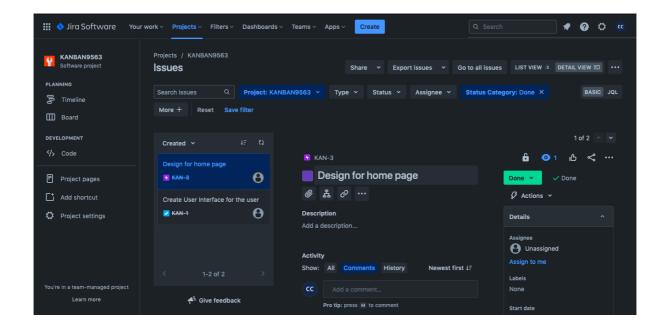


**VIEWING ALL EPICS CREATED IN TIMELINE** 

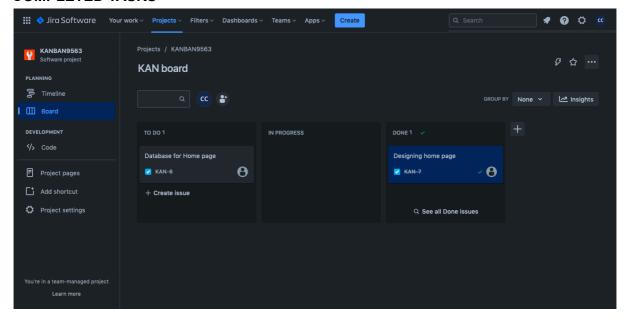


## **VIEWING ALL TASKS/EPICS IN BOARD**





#### **COMPLETED TASKS**



#### **POSTLABS**

a) Compare and contrast the Kanban and Scrum methodologies in terms of flexibility, adaptability, and workflow management in different project scenarios.

## Flexibility:

- Kanban: Highly flexible with a continuous flow model.
- Scrum: Less flexible within a sprint but allows for adjustments between sprints.

## Adaptability:

- Kanban: Adaptable at any time, ideal for rapidly changing requirements.
- Scrum: Adapts at the end of each sprint, suitable for somewhat stable requirements.

## **Workflow Management:**

- Kanban: Emphasises workflow optimization, uses Kanban boards and WIP limits.
- Scrum: Uses fixed-length sprints for structured workflow management.

## **Project Scenarios:**

- Kanban: Suited for unpredictable workloads and continuous delivery.
- Scrum: Ideal for projects with defined requirements and regular, timeboxed releases.
- b) Analyse a Kanban board in JIRA and propose improvements to optimise the team's efficiency and productivity.
  - 1. Streamline the workflow by reviewing and simplifying stages.
  - 2. Set and enforce Work-in-Progress (WIP) limits for each column.
  - 3. Visualise dependencies through swimlanes or colour-coding.
  - 4. Define clear prioritisation criteria and maintain a backlog.
  - 5. Conduct daily stand-up meetings for progress updates and issue resolution.
  - 6. Use JIRA's metrics and reporting for data-driven insights.
  - 7. Foster a culture of continuous improvement and regular retrospectives.
  - 8. Explore automation options to reduce manual tasks.
  - 9. Provide training and education for team members on JIRA and Kanban principles.
  - 10. Enhance stakeholder visibility through JIRA boards or filters.
- c) Evaluate the impact of Work In Progress (WIP) limits on a Kanban board and how it affects the team's throughput and cycle time.
  - 1. **Balanced Workload:**WIP limits prevent overloading and encourage a balanced distribution of tasks.
  - 2. **Reduced Multitasking:**WIP limits discourage multitasking, leading to better task focus and quality.
  - 3. **Shortened Cycle Time:**WIP limits speed up task completion by reducing the time tasks spend in progress.
  - 4. **Improved Flow and Predictability:**WIP limits ensure a smoother and more predictable flow of work items.
  - 5. **Early Issue Detection:**Consistent WIP limit breaches signal workflow issues that can be addressed early.
  - 6. **Enhanced Responsiveness:** Teams can adapt to changing priorities more effectively with WIP limits.
  - 7. **Quality Improvement:**Reduced multitasking and increased focus lead to higher-quality outcomes.
  - 8. **Team Collaboration:**WIP limits encourage collaboration and shared responsibility among team members.
  - 9. **Sustainable Pace:**WIP limits promote a sustainable work pace, positively impacting team morale.