Semi-Supervised Locally Linear Embedding (SSLLE)

Application & Sensitivity Analysis of Critical Hyperparameters

0 AGENDA

- 1 Problem
- 2 Local graph-based manifold learning (LGML)
- 3 Techniques
 - 1 Unsupervised
 - 2 Semi-supervised SSLLE
 - 3 Challenges
- 4 Sensitivity analysis
 - 1 Setup
 - 2 Results
- 5 Discussion

1 PROBLEM MANIFOLD LEARNING

Situation. Rapidly increasing amount of data thanks to novel applications and data sources

Problem. High data dimensionality detrimental to

- → Model functionality
- → Interpretability
- → Generalization ability

Manifold assumption. Data in high-dimensional observation space truly sampled from low-dimensional manifold



How to find a meaningful, structure-preserving embedding?

1 PROBLEM MANIFOLD LEARNING

Goal of manifold learning.

- ightarrow Given. Data $\mathcal{X}=(\mathbf{x}_1,\mathbf{x}_2,...,\mathbf{x}_N)$, with $\mathbf{x}_i\in\mathbb{R}^D\ \forall i\in\{1,2,...,N\}$ and $N,D\in\mathbb{N}$, supposedly lying on d-dimensional manifold \mathcal{M} $\Rightarrow \psi:\mathcal{M}\to\mathbb{R}^d$ $\Rightarrow \mathcal{X}\sim\mathcal{M}\subset\mathbb{R}^D$ with $d\ll D$
- \rightarrow **Goal.** Find *d*-dimensional Euclidean representation of the data, i.e., compute $\mathcal{Y} = (\mathbf{y_1}, \mathbf{y_2}, ..., \mathbf{y_N})$, where $\mathbf{y_i} = \psi(\mathbf{x_i}) \in \mathbb{R}^d \ \forall i \in \{1, 2, ..., N\}$.

1 PROBLEM NOTATION

2 LGML

2 LGML TAXONOMY

2 LGML CONCEPT

3 TECHNIQUES

3.1 UNSUPERVISED LLE

3.2 SEMI-SUPERVISED SSLLE

3.3 CHALLENGES NEIGHBORHOOD RELATIONS

4 SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

4.1 SETUP SCENARIOS

4.1 SETUP EVALUATION

4.2 RESULTS FOO

5 DISCUSSION

5 DISCUSSION FOO

REFERENCES

