

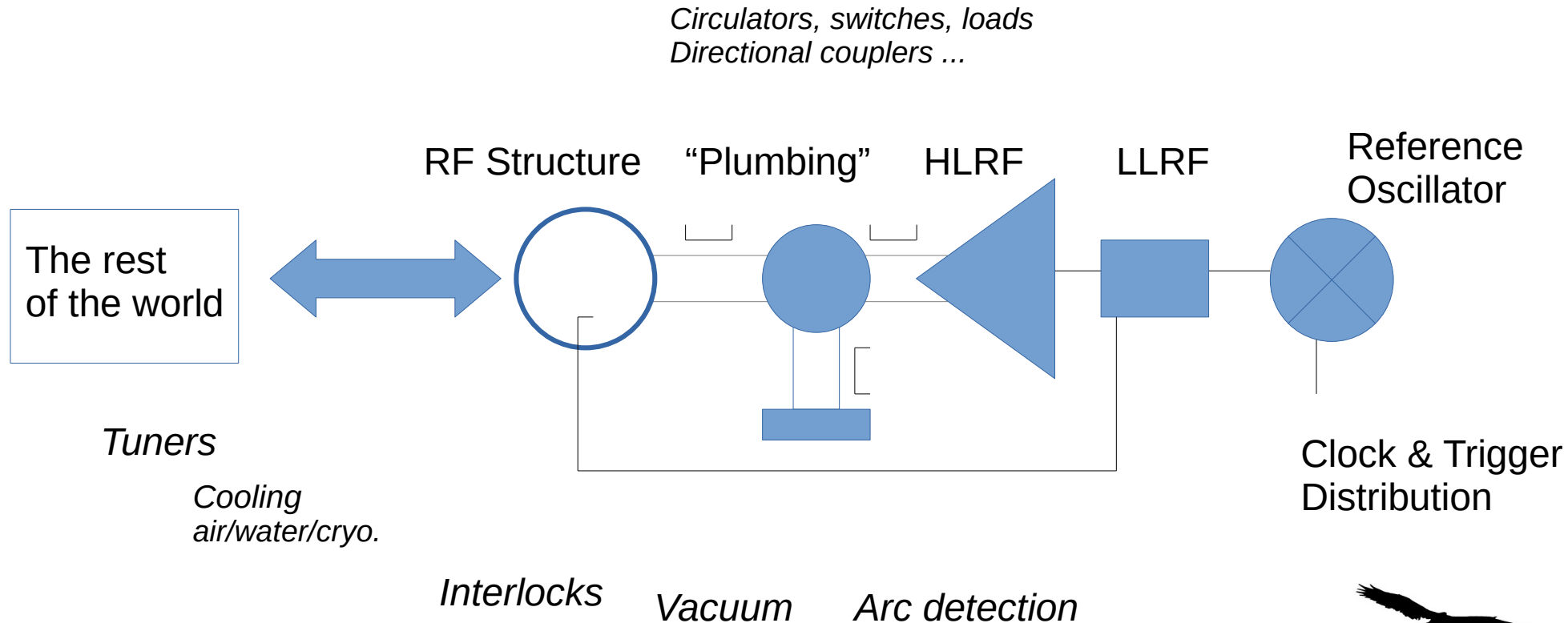
(LL)RF and EPICS

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Why DCS?

- Why bother with a **D**istributed **C**ontrol **S**ystem?
- Scope and Scale
 - $RF \geq LLRF$
- Integration / Uniformity

Pieces of an RF System



The “Slow” Parts

<< 100 Hz

- Personal Safety / Physical access control
 - eg. Door switches
 - Typically high reliability PLC w/ redundant I/O
- Equipment Protection
 - eg. thermal switches
- Cooling
 - Water water everywhere...
 - Sometimes LN₂ and/or He
- Vacuum
 - Pumps, Gauges, RGAs, ...

*Sometimes 2x vendors!
Often “one way” communication
with DCS*

Interlocks!
SCADA

Recommended Reading
Therac 25 Incident

Leveson (1993) "An Investigation
of the Therac-25 Accidents".

Insulating vacuum in cavity, wave guide, cavity, ...

The (maybe) Faster Parts

~1 KHz → ~1 MHz

- RF chain monitoring
 - Directional Couplers
 - Amplitude (and sometimes phase)
- Arc detection
- Cavity tuner
 - Motor / Piezo. actuator(s)

The Fast Parts

> ~10 MHz

- LLRF
 - ...
- Timing
 - Clock & trigger distribution

What is EPICS

- **E**xperimental **P**hysics and **I**ndustrial **C**ontrol **S**ystem
- Free and Open Source SW Toolkit to build DCS
- Developed since ~1990
- In use at many facilities large and small
 - Particle, Plasma, Telescopes, ...

<https://epics-controls.org/>

<https://epics.anl.gov/>



EPICS is ...

- Collaboration of many laboratories, companies, and organizations
- Software ecosystem *Drivers for lots of common hardware!*
- Network protocol(s) *... also uncommon ...*
- Conventions
- Your friendly local controls group

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Jargon...

- EPICS ...
- PV – Process Variable. *Addressable unit of data*
- CA / PVA – Network protocols
- IOC – Input/Output Controller *Most common type of server*
- Record – Data structure in an IOC *Often for each I/O point*
- (Record) Field – Part of such a data structure

PV is ...

- Process Variable *name*
 - Address string used by CA and PVA protocols
- Unique within facility (or at least a network)
- ...
- Often cryptic
- Hiding among many many others

CA / PVA are ...

- Network protocols
 - Channel Access protocol (designed circa 1980)
 - PV Access protocol (designed circa 2010)
- Get / Put / RPC (pva only)
- Publish / subscribe
 - Data rate driven by IOC / hardware
 - Zero updates → ~0 bandwidth (only periodic keepalive)
- Multiplex
 - eg. 1000 subscriptions over one socket

CLI tools

cainfo / pvinfo

caget / pvget

caput / pvput

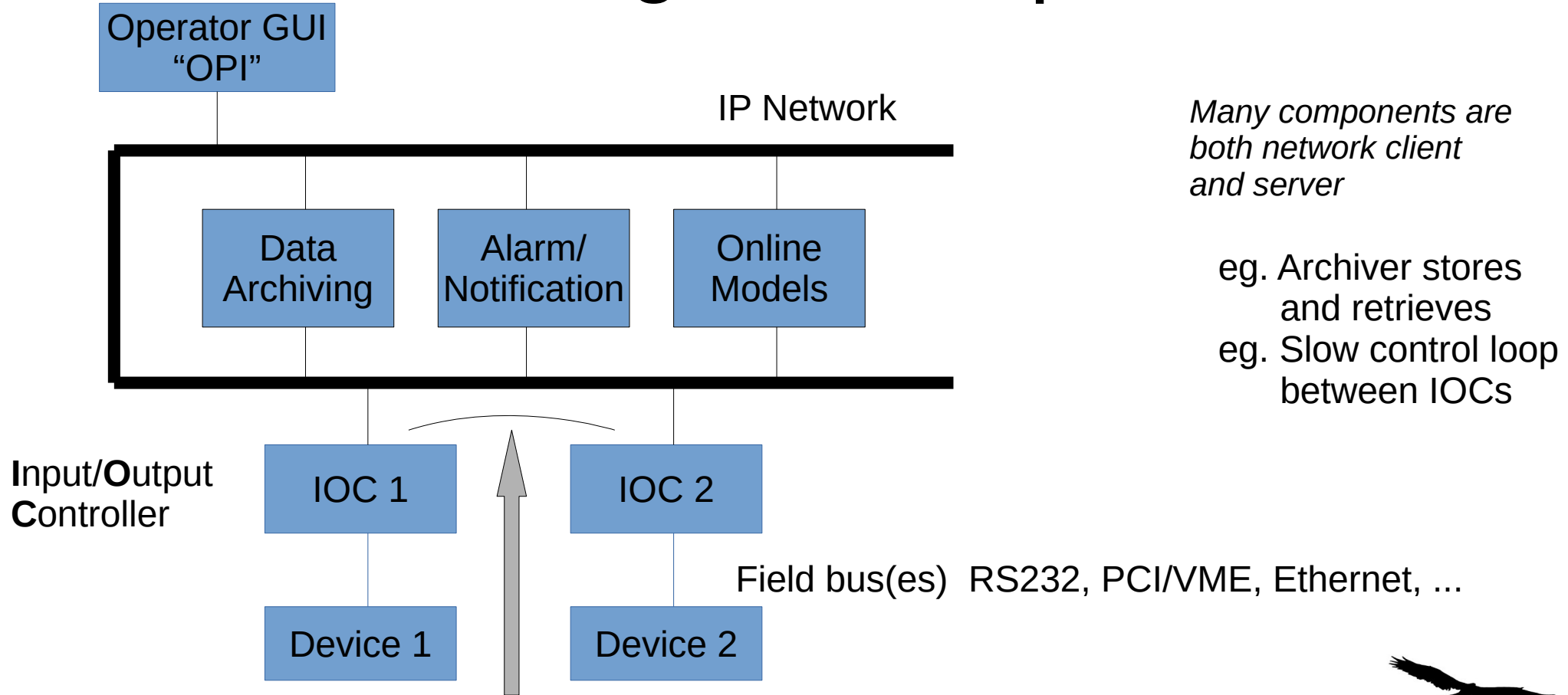
camonitor / pvmonitor
/ pvcall

PVA adds extendable
Data types

IOC is ...

- Input / Output Controller
 - An OS process
 - Sometimes the host computer
- Modular / (mostly) dynamic data processing engine
- Interact with “device”s
- CA/PVA Network server
- CA/PVA Network client
 - An IOC can easily talk to other IOCs!

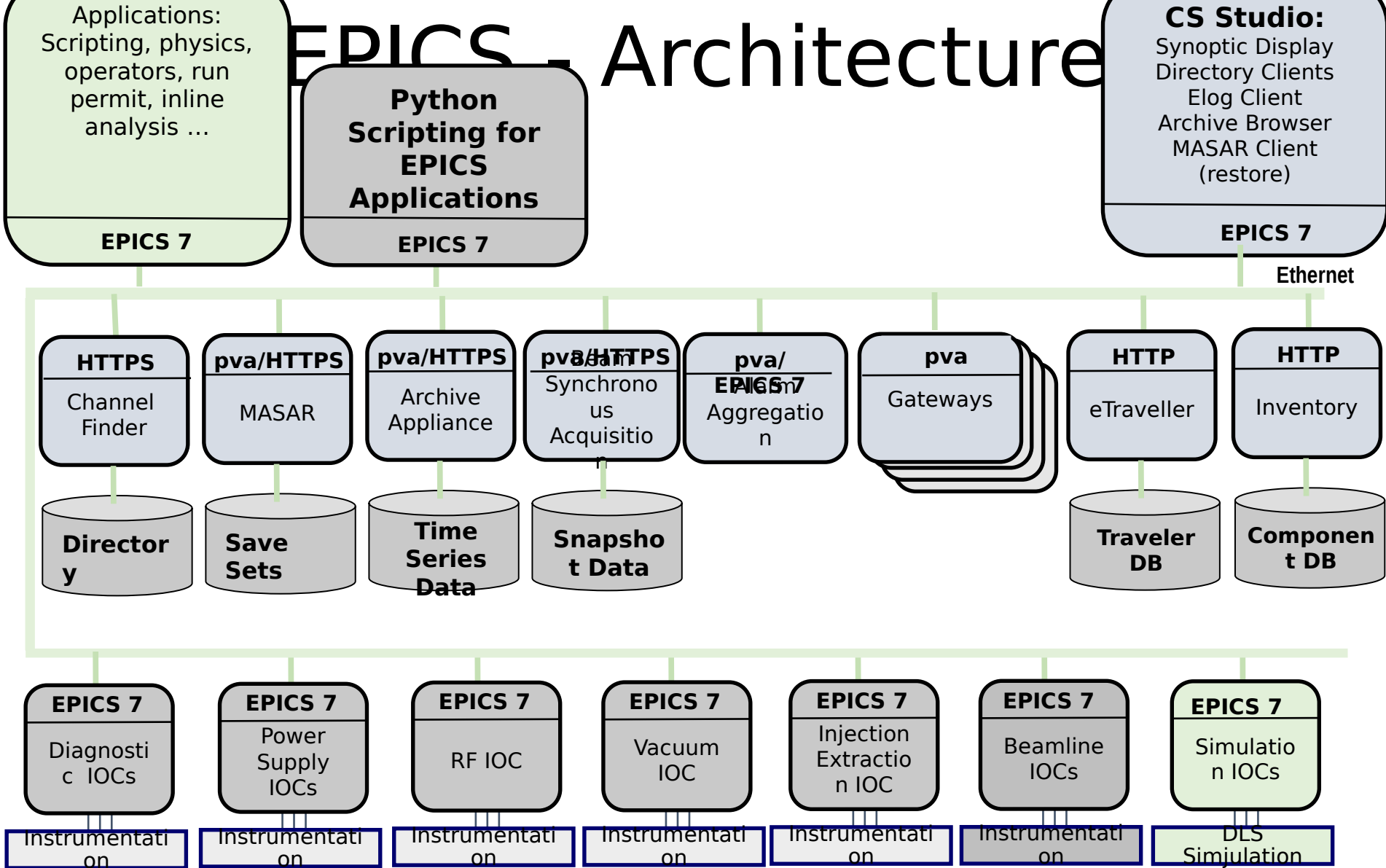
EPICS Logical Components



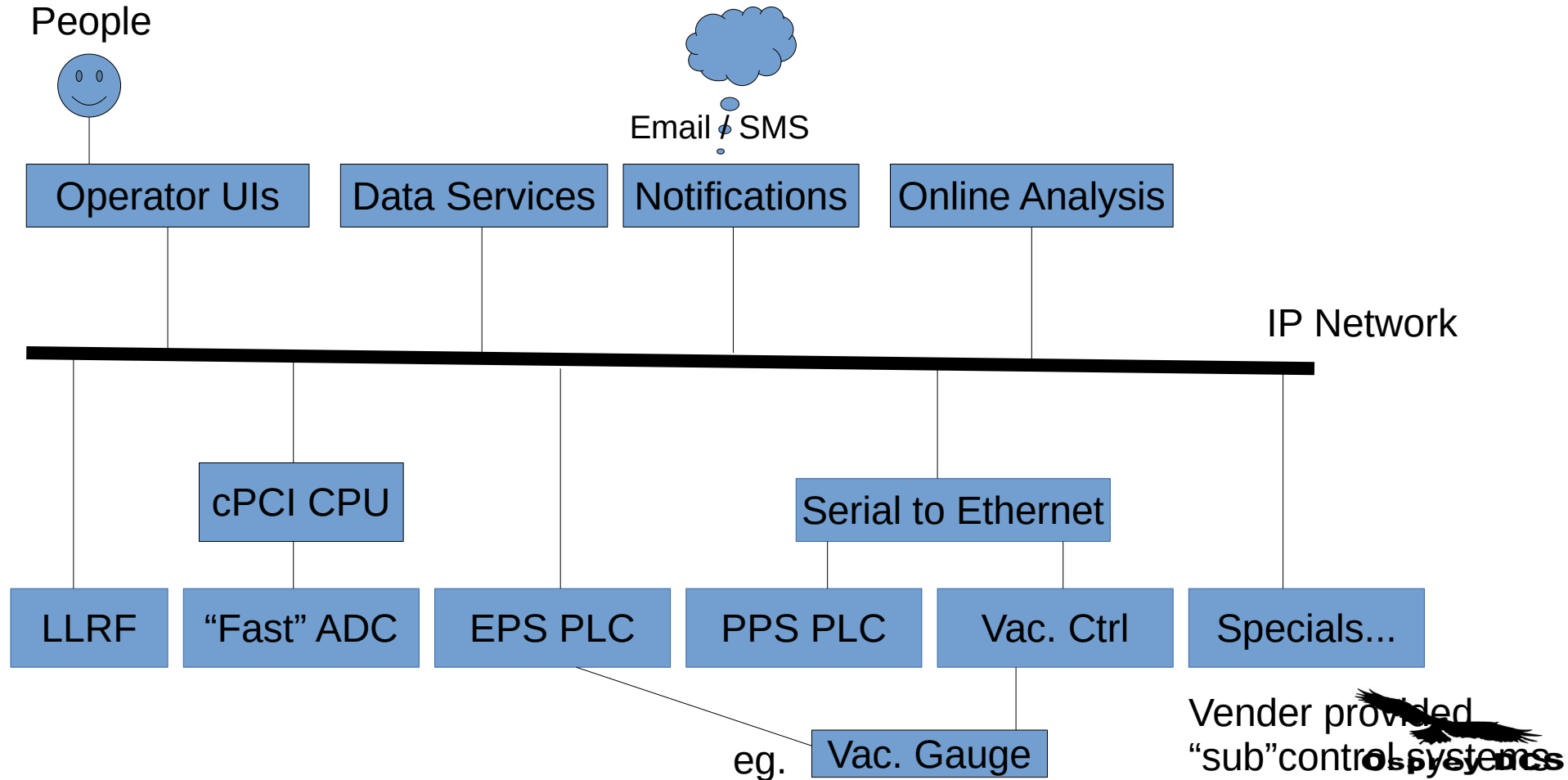
Many components are both network client and server

eg. Archiver stores and retrieves
eg. Slow control loop between IOCs

Easy for IOCs to talk to each other!



Controls Interfaces *Example*



When to use EPICS

- Integrating hardware from many vendors
 - Leverage existing driver SW
- Large scale (loosely coupled)
- Flexible

When not to use EPICS

- Not a PLC
 - Not a safety system!
- Not an FPGA

Demo