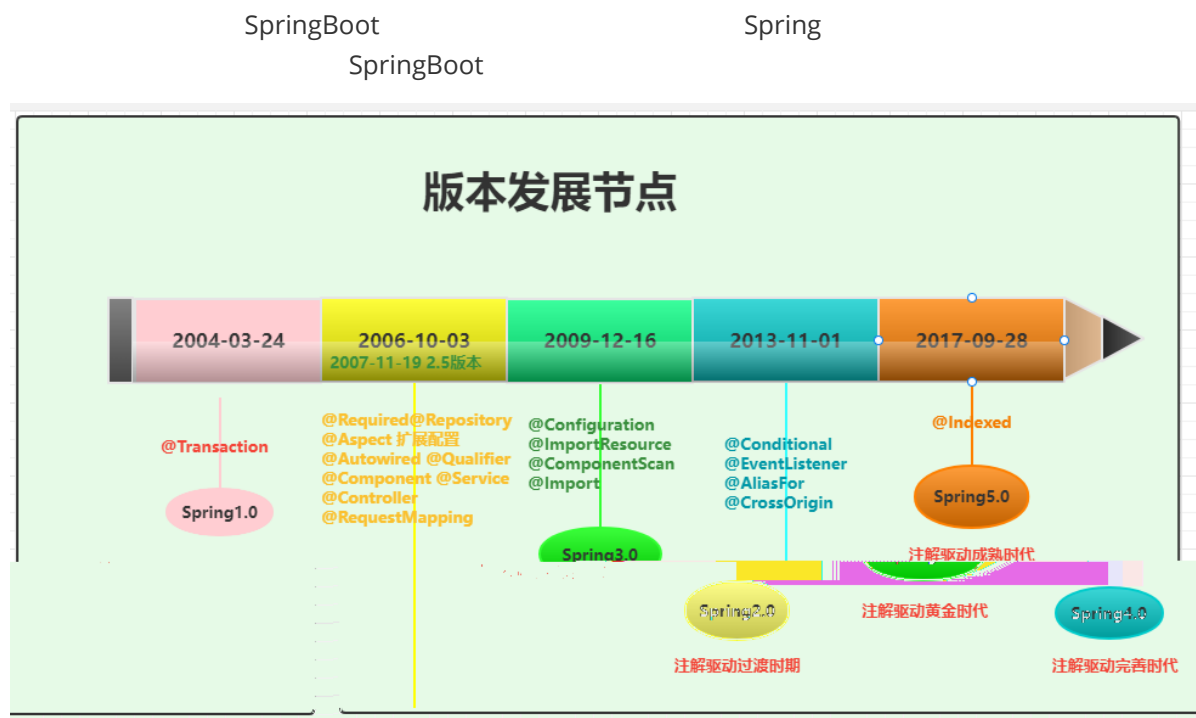


# 重新认识SpringBoot

## 1.Spring注解编程的发展过程



### 1.1 Spring 1.x

2004 3 24      Spring 1.0

IoC    AOP    XML

Spring 1.x

XML

xml

<bean>

IoC

Bean

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
       xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
       xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd">
```

```
    <bean class="com.bobo.demo01.UserService" />
</beans>
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    ApplicationContext ac = new
    FileSystemXmlApplicationContext("classpath:applicationContext01.xml");
    System.out.println("ac.getBean(UserService.class) = " +
    ac.getBean(UserService.class));
}
```



Spring1.2

@Transaction (org.springframework.transaction.annotation)



## 1.2 Spring 2.x

2006 10 3 Spring2.0

2.x

## Spring 2.5之前

2.5

@Required @Repository @Aspect,  
<dubbo>

XML

## @Required

java

set

set

xml

```

public class UserService {

    private String userName;

    public String getUserName() {

```

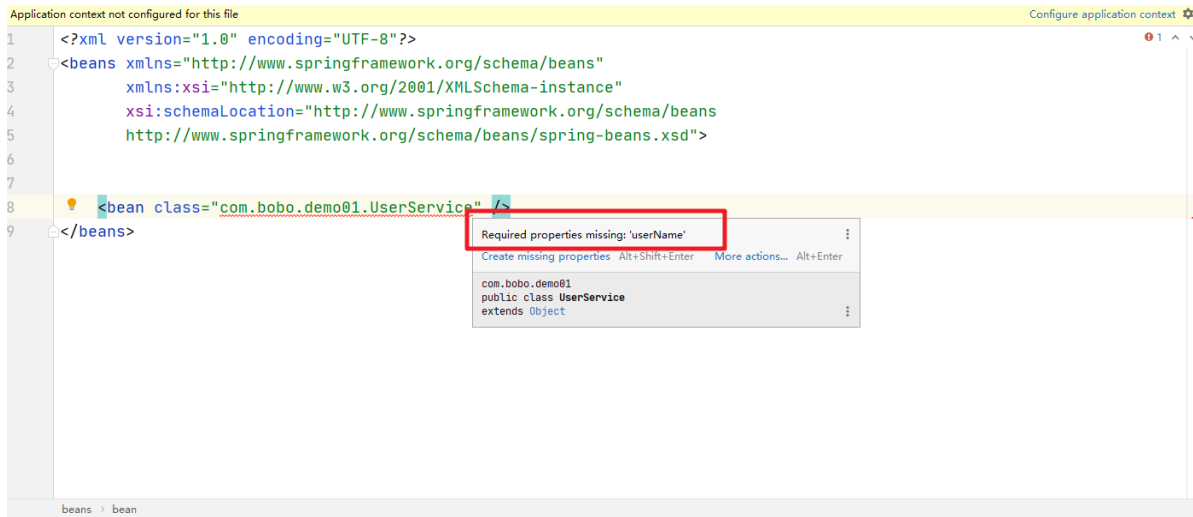
```

        return userName;
    }

    @Required
    public void setUsername(String userName) {
        this.userName = userName;
    }
}

```

xml



@Required 2.0

```

28 * <p>Please do consult the javadoc for the {@link RequiredAnnotationBeanPostProcessor}
29 * class (which, by default, checks for the presence of this annotation).
30 *
31 * @author Rob Harrop
32 * @since 2.0
33 * @see RequiredAnnotationBeanPostProcessor
34 * @deprecated as of 5.1, in favor of using constructor injection for required settings
35 * (or a custom {@link org.springframework.beans.factory.InitializingBean} implementation)
36 */
37 @Deprecated
38 @Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
39 @Target(ElementType.METHOD)
40 public @interface Required {
41
42 }

```

## @Repository

@Repository

Bean.

Spring2.0

```
44 * aspects, etc.
45 *
46 * <p>As of Spring 2.5, this annotation also serves as a specialization of
47 * {@link Component @Component}, allowing for implementation classes to be autodetected
48 * through classpath scanning.
49 *
50 * @author Rod Johnson
51 * @author Juergen Hoeller
52 * @since 2.0
53 * @see Component
54 * @see Service
55 * @see org.springframework.dao.DataAccessException
56 * @see org.springframework.dao.annotation.PersistenceExceptionTranslationPostProcessor
57 */
58 @Target({ElementType.TYPE})
59 @Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
60 @Documented
61 @Component
62 public interface Repository {
63     /**
64      * The value may indicate a suggestion for a logical component name,
65      * to be turned into a Spring bean in case of an autodetected component.
66      * @return the suggested component name, if any (or empty String otherwise)
67      */
68     @AliasFor(annotation = Component.class)
69     String value() default "";
70 }
71
```

## @Aspect

@Aspect AOP

## Spring2.5 之后

2007 11 19

Spring

2.5

注解	说明
@Autowired	
@Qualifier	@Autowired
@Component	
@Service	
@Controller	
@RequestMapping	

xml

bean

Bean

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
       xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
       xmlns:context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
       xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
http://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context.xsd">

    <context:component-scan base-package="com.bobo" />

</beans>
```

```
@Repository
public class UserDao {

    public void query(){
        System.out.println("dao query ..." );
    }
}
```

```
@Service
public class UserService {

    @Autowired
    private UserDao dao;

    public void query(){
        dao.query();
    }
}
```

```
@Controller
public class UserController {

    @Autowired
    private UserService service;

    public void query(){
        service.query();
    }
}
```

```

public class Demo02Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ApplicationContext ac = new
ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("applicationContext02.xml");
        UserController acBean = ac.getBean(UserController.class);
        acBean.query();
    }
}

```

Spring 2.5

XML

## 1.3 Spring 3.x

2009 12 16 Spring3.0  
Java5 @Configuration xml @ImportResource  
Java XML

```

/**
 * @Configuration 标注的Java类 相当于 application.xml 配置文件
 */
@Configuration
public class JavaConfig {

    /**
     * @Bean 注解 标注的方法就相当于 <bean></bean> 标签
     * 也是 Spring3.0 提供的注解
     * @return
     */
    @Bean
    public UserService userService(){
        return new UserService();
    }
}

```

Spring3.1

XML

component-scan

3.1

XML

3.1

component-scan

@ComponentScan

Spring

## @ComponentScan

@ComponentScan

XML

<component-scan>

UserService

```

@Service
public class UserService {
}

```

Java

默认的扫描路径是 demo04 及 demo04/service

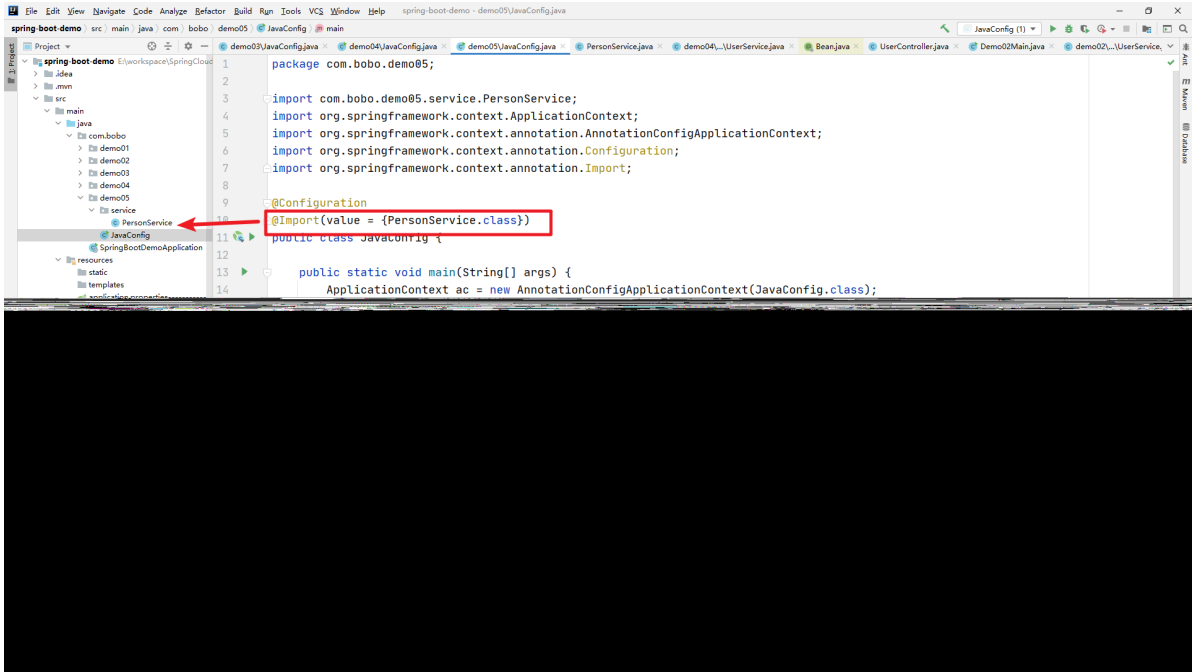
## @Import

@Bean ,@Import

IoC

## 静态导入

IoC



## ImportSelector

[illegible]

```
public class Cache {
}
public class Logger {
}
```

```
ImportSelector      ,      IoC
```

```
public class MyImportSelector implements ImportSelector {
    @Override
    public String[] selectImports(AnnotationMetadata importingClassMetadata) {
        return new String[]{Logger.class.getName(), Cache.class.getName()};
    }
}
```



The screenshot shows an IDE with the following components:

- Top Bar:** File, Edit, View, Navigate, Analyze, Refactor, Build, Run, Tools, VCS, Window, Help.
- Project Explorer (Left):** Shows the project structure with the 'com.bobo' package expanded, containing files like 'demo01', 'demo02', 'demo03', 'demo04', 'demo05', and 'demo06'.
- Main Editor:** Displays the 'demo06.JavaConfig.java' file. The code defines beans for 'Logger', 'Cache', and 'MyImportSelector'.
- Bottom Status Bar:** Shows 'Run' and 'JavaConfig (2)'.
- Output Console (Bottom):** Displays the message 'Process finished with exit code 0'.

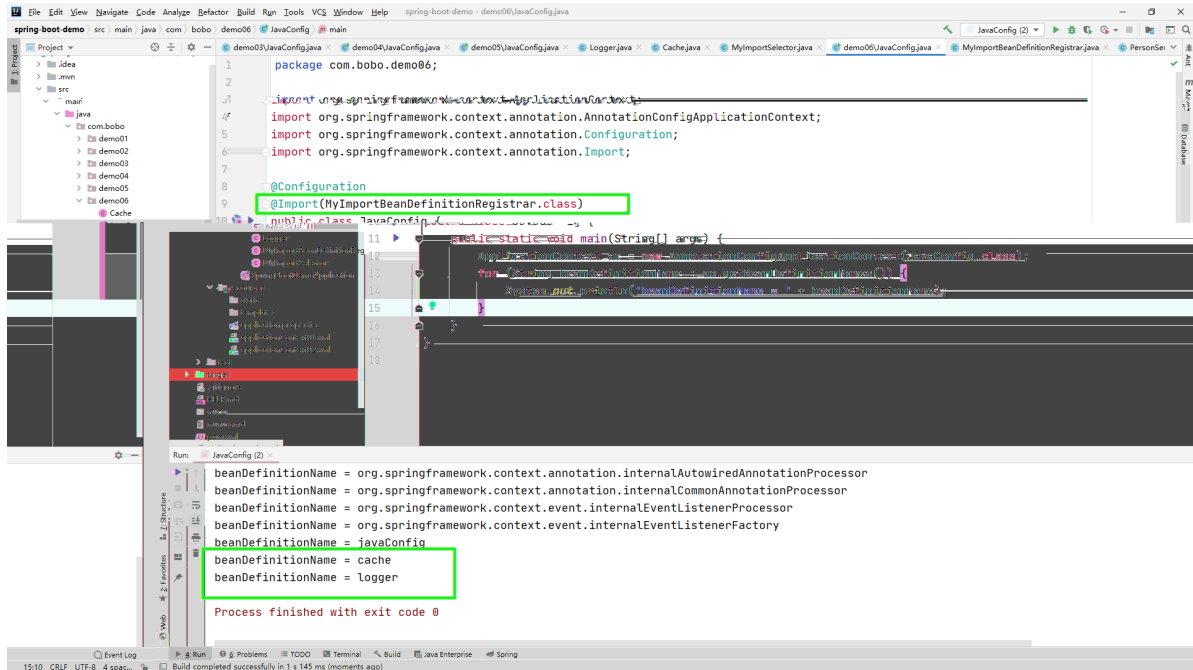
```
public class MyImportBeanDefinitionRegistrar implements
ImportBeanDefinitionRegistrar {
    @Override
    public void registerBeanDefinitions(AnnotationMetadata
importingClassMetadata, BeanDefinitionRegistry registry) {
        // 将需要注册的对象封装为 RootBeanDefinition 对象
        RootBeanDefinition cache = new RootBeanDefinition(Cache.class);
        registry.registerBeanDefinition("cache", cache);

        RootBeanDefinition logger = new RootBeanDefinition(Logger.class);
        registry.registerBeanDefinition("logger", logger);
    }
}
```

```

@Configuration
@Import(MyImportBeanDefinitionRegistrar.class)
public class JavaConfig {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ApplicationContext ac = new
        AnnotationConfigApplicationContext(JavaConfig.class);
        for (String beanDefinitionName : ac.getBeanDefinitionNames()) {
            System.out.println("beanDefinitionName = " + beanDefinitionName);
        }
    }
}

```



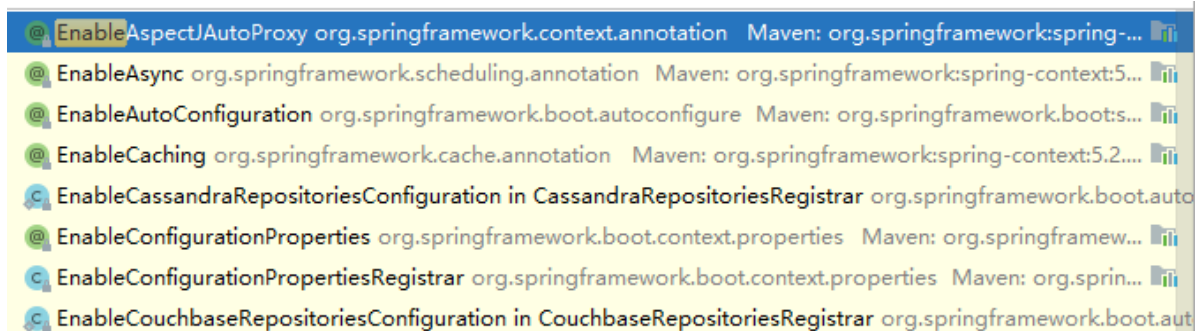
## @EnableXXX

帮我们

@Enable  
AspectJ

Caching

Web MVC



```

/**
 * 定义一个Java配置类
 */
@Configuration
public class HelloWorldConfiguration {

    @Bean
    public String helloworld(){
        return "Hello world";
    }
}

```

@Enable

```

/**
 * 定义@Enable注解
 * 在该注解中通过 @Import 注解导入我们自定义的模块，使之生效。
 */
@Target(ElementType.TYPE)
@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
@Documented
@Import(HelloWorldConfiguration.class)
public @interface EnableHelloWorld {
}

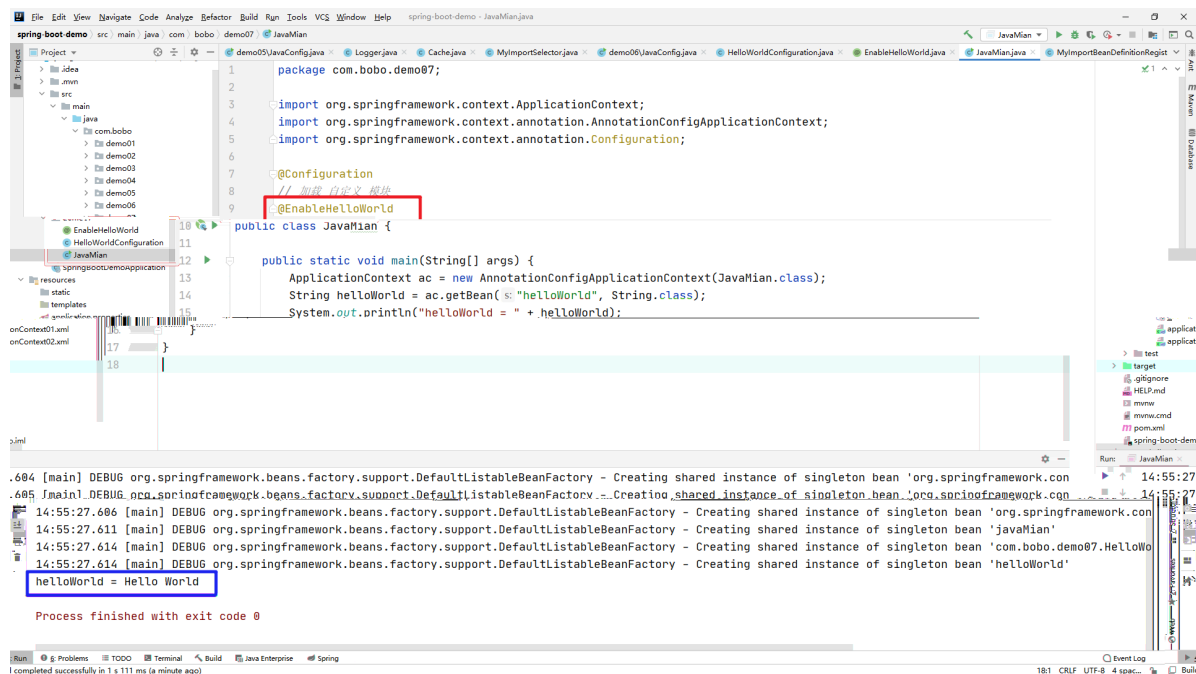
```

```

@Configuration
// 加载 自定义 模块
@EnableHelloWorld
public class JavaMian {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ApplicationContext ac = new
        AnnotationConfigApplicationContext(JavaMian.class);
        String helloworld = ac.getBean("helloworld", String.class);
        System.out.println("helloworld = " + helloworld);
    }
}

```



## 1.4 Spring 4.x

2013 11 1      Spring 4.0      Java8.

@Conditional      @Conditional

Bean

@Conditional

```

// 该注解可以在 类和方法中使用
@Target({ElementType.TYPE, ElementType.METHOD})
@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
@Documented
public @interface Conditional {

    /**
     * 注解中添加的类型必须是 实现了 Condition 接口的类型
     */
    Class<? extends Condition>[] value();
}

```

Condition      matches      true      bean      false

```

/**
 * 定义一个 Condition 接口的是实现
 */
public class MyCondition implements Condition {
    @Override
    public boolean matches(ConditionContext context, AnnotatedTypeMetadata
metadata) {
        return false; // 默认返回false
    }
}

```

Java

@Configuration

```
public class JavaConfig {
```

```
    @Bean
```

```
    // 条件注解，添加的类型必须是 实现了 Condition 接口的类型
```

```
    // MyCondition的 matches 方法返回true 则注入，返回false 则不注入
```

```
    @Conditional(MyCondition.class)
```

```
    public StudentService studentService(){
```

```
        return new StudentService();
```

```
    }
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        ApplicationContext ac = new
```

```
        AnnotationConfigApplicationContext(JavaConfig.class);
```

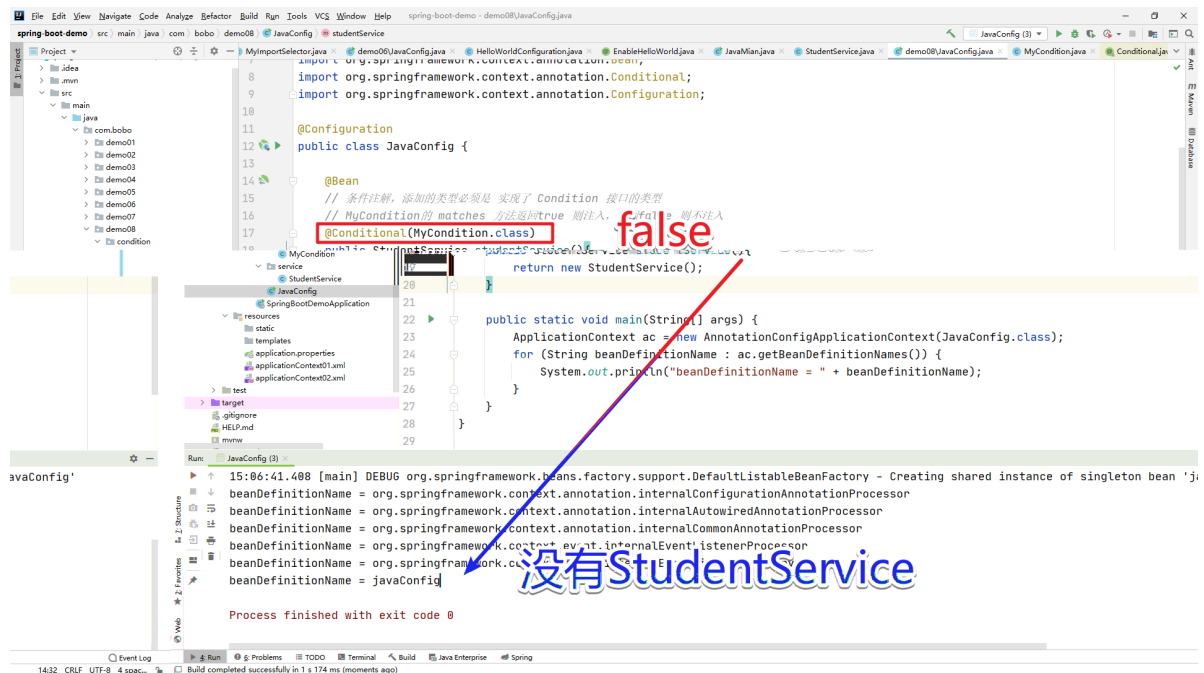
```
        for (String beanDefinitionName : ac.getBeanDefinitionNames()) {
```

```
            System.out.println("beanDefinitionName = " + beanDefinitionName);
```

```
        }
```

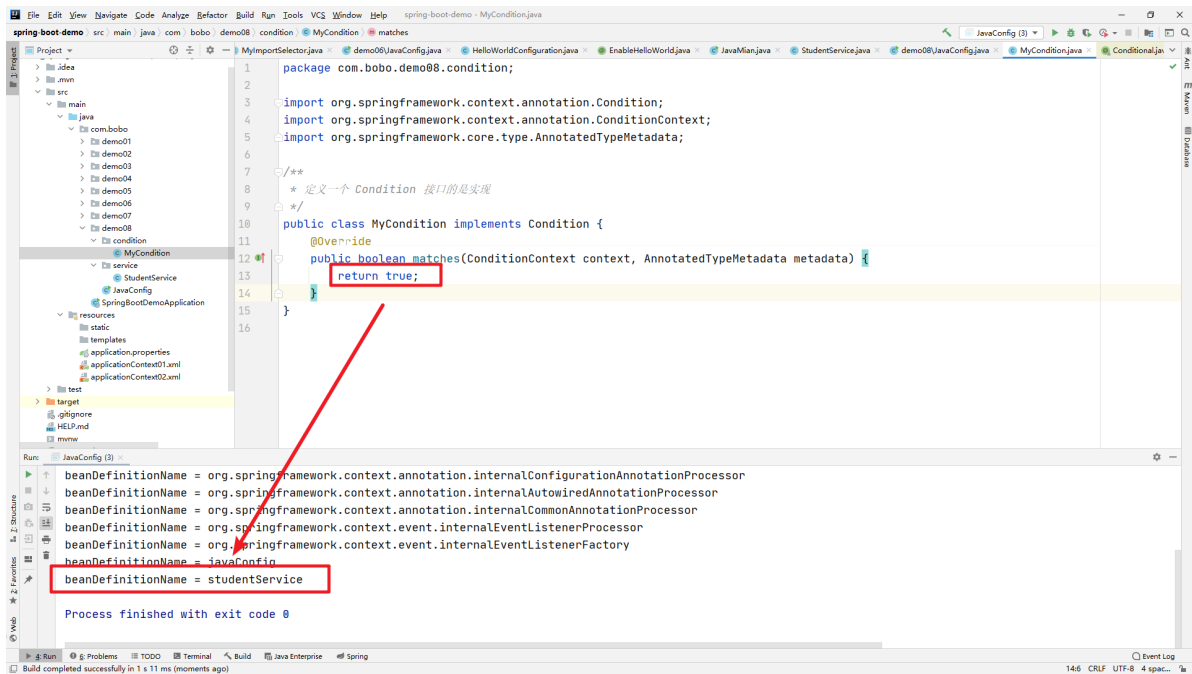
```
    }
```

```
}
```



matches

true



@Conditional                      IoC                      SpringBoot

4.x                      @EventListener,

ApplicationListener                      , @AliasFor                      @CrossOrigin

## 1.5 Spring 5.x

2017 9 28      Spring      5.0      5.0      SpringBoot2.0

Spring Boot                      @ComponentScan                      Spring

---

5.0      @Indexed      Spring

---

@Indexed                      META-

INT/spring.components      Spring                      ComponentScan                      META-

INT/spring.components                      CandidateComponentsIndexLoader

CandidateComponentsIndex                      @ComponentScan                      package

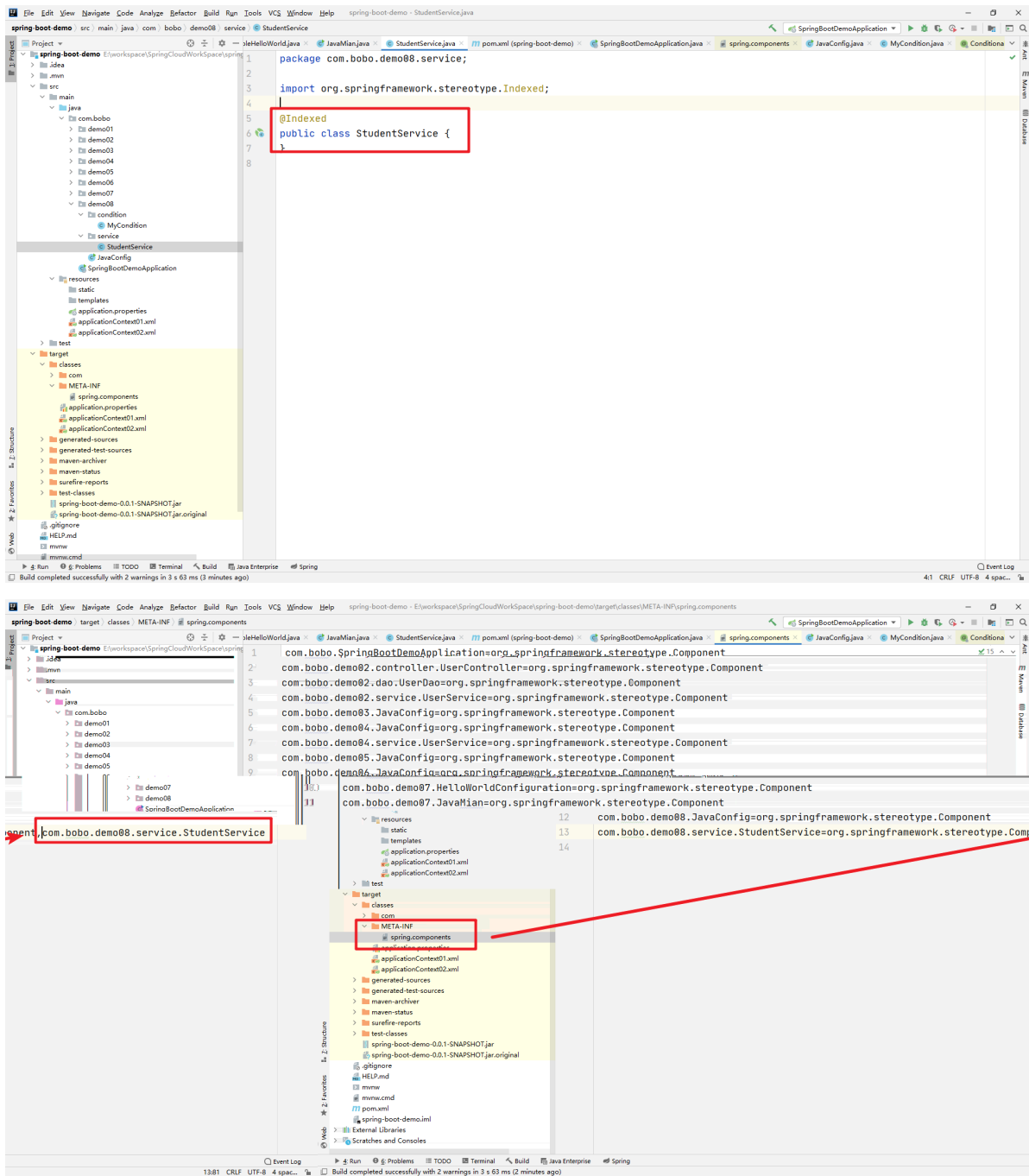
CandidateComponentsIndex

```

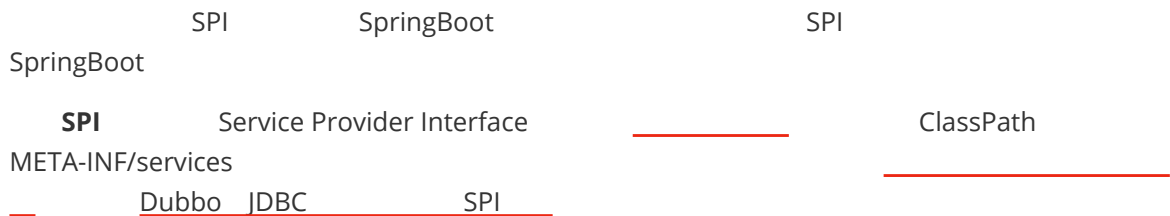
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
  <artifactId>spring-context-indexer</artifactId>
</dependency>

```

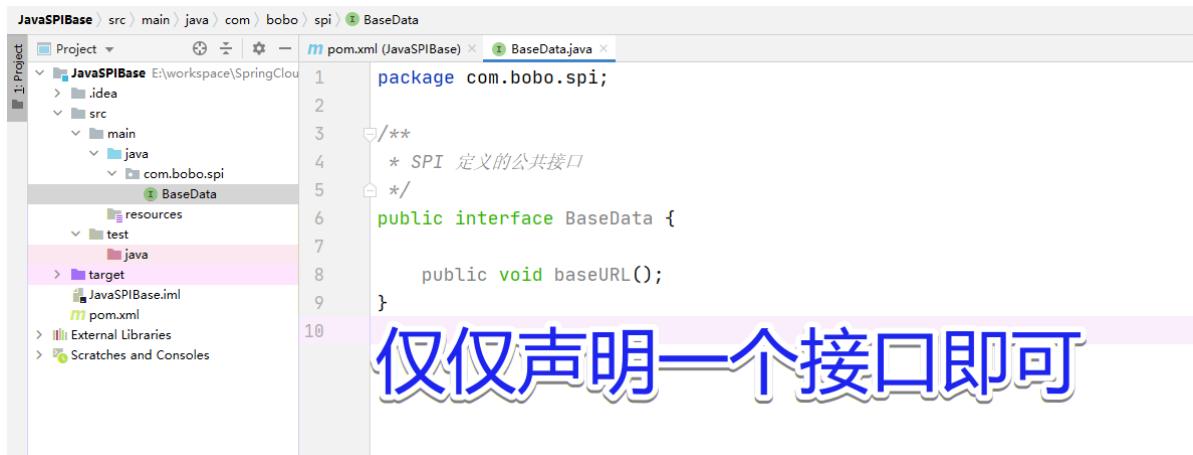
@Indexed



## 2. 什么是SPI



## 案例介绍

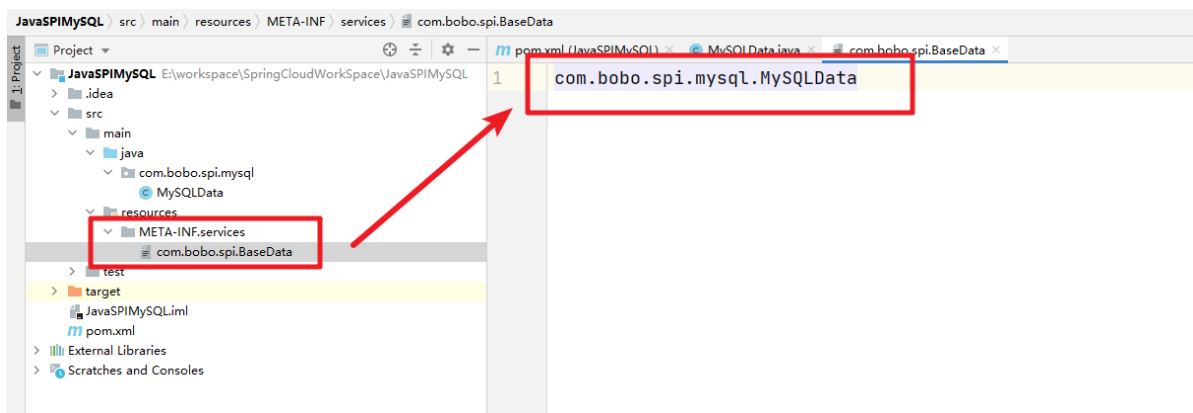


```
<dependencies>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>com.bobo</groupId>
    <artifactId>JavaSPIBase</artifactId>
    <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
  </dependency>
</dependencies>
```

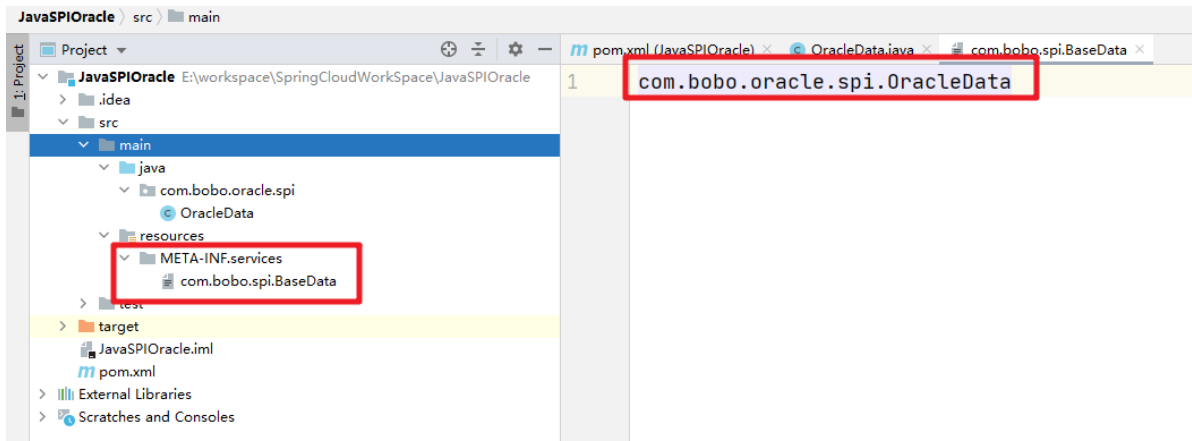
```
/**
 * SPI: MySQL对于 baseURL 的一种实现
 */
public class MySQLData implements BaseData {
    @Override
    public void baseURL() {
        System.out.println("mysql 的扩展实现...");
    }
}
```

resources

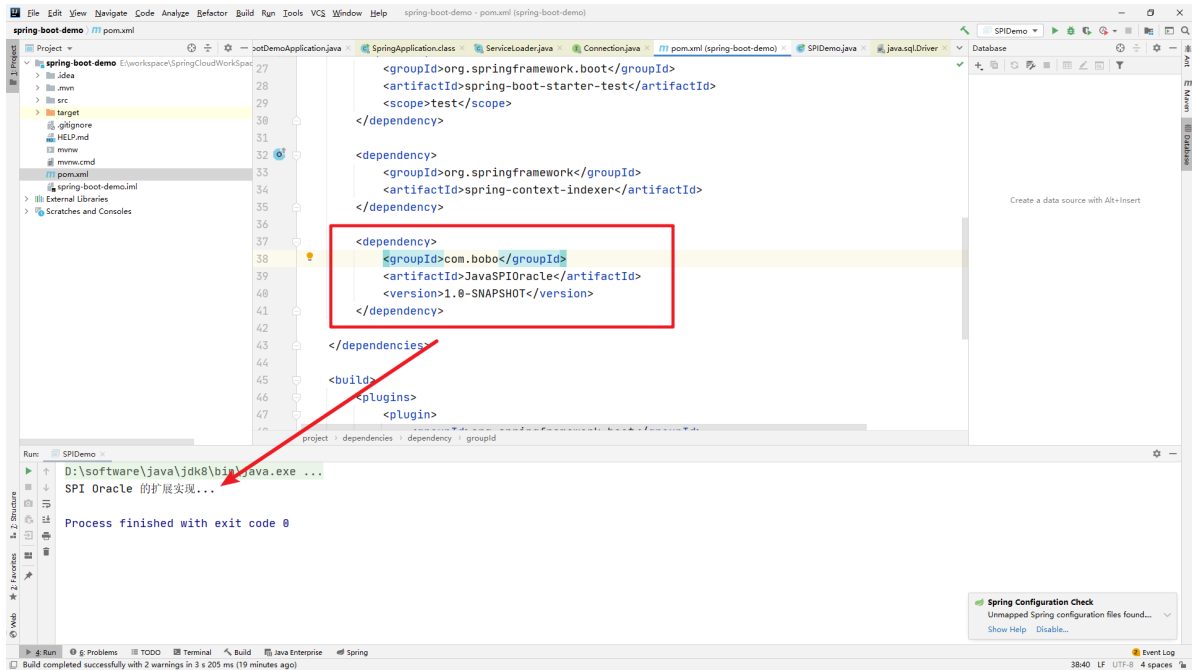
META-INF/services

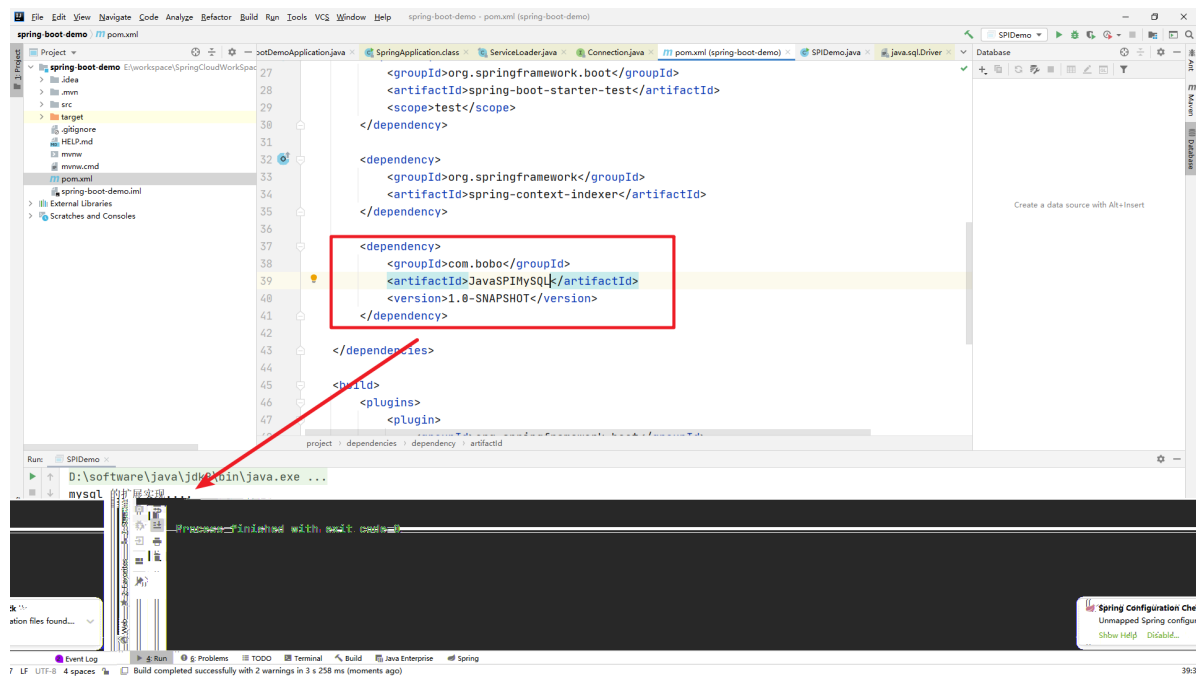






```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    ServiceLoader<BaseData> providers = ServiceLoader.load(BaseData.class);  
    Iterator<BaseData> iterator = providers.iterator();  
    while(iterator.hasNext()){  
        BaseData next = iterator.next();  
        next.baseURL();  
    }  
}
```





## 源码查看

### ServiceLoader

#### ServiceLoader

```
// 配置文件的路径
private static final String PREFIX = "META-INF/services/";

// 加载的服务 类或者接口
private final Class<S> service;

// 类加载器
private final ClassLoader loader;

// 访问权限的上下文对象
private final AccessControlContext acc;

// 保存已经加载的服务类
private LinkedHashMap<String,S> providers = new LinkedHashMap<>();

// 内部类，真正加载服务类
private LazyIterator lookupIterator;
```

### load

#### load

#### LazyIterator

```
public final class ServiceLoader<S> implements Iterable<S>
    private ServiceLoader(Class<S> svc, ClassLoader cl) {
        //要加载的接口
        service = Objects.requireNonNull(svc, "Service interface cannot be null");
        //类加载器
        loader = (cl == null) ? ClassLoader.getSystemClassLoader() : cl;
        //访问控制器
        acc = (System.getSecurityManager() != null) ?
        AccessController.getContext() : null;
```

```

        reload();
    }
    public void reload() {
        //先清空
        providers.clear();
        //实例化内部类
        LazyIterator lookupIterator = new LazyIterator(service, loader);
    }
}

```

iterator.next                      LazyIterator                      iterator.hasNext  
    LazyIterator

```

private class LazyIterator implements Iterator<S>{
    Class<S> service;
    ClassLoader loader;
    Enumeration<URL> configs = null;
    Iterator<String> pending = null;
    String nextName = null;
    private boolean isService = false;

    public LazyIterator(Class<S> service, ClassLoader loader) {
        //第二次调用的时候，已经解析完成了，直接返回
        if (nextName != null) {
            return;
        }
        if (configs == null) {
            Enumeration<URL> urls = loader.getResources("META-INF/services/");
            //META-INF/services/ 加上接口的全限定类名，就是文件服务类的文件
            Iterator<URL> it = urls.iterator();
            while (it.hasNext()) {
                URL url = it.next();
                String fileName = url.getFile();
                //META-INF/services/com.viewsonic.net.supervisor.spi.SPIService
                // String fullName = PREFIX + service.getName();
                //将文件路径转成URL对象
                configs = loader.getResources(fileName); // 加载文件资源
            }
        }
    }
}

```

---

获取文件里面配置的全限定名

next                      lookupIterator.nextService

---

根据全限定名实例化对象

```
        providers.put(cn, p);  
        return p;  
    }  
}
```