To Do:

- 1. Write a lambda expression, which accepts two (int) numbers and determines the remainder when the first number is divided by the second.
- 2. Write a lambda expression, which accepts two (int) numbers. The first number represents the lower bound of a range of values. The second number represents the upper bound of a range of values. The expression should return a random number within the lower and upper limits/bounds. The following code generates a random integer in the range 10 20 and can be used as a guide.

```
int min = 10;
int max = 20;
Random r = new Random();
int rand = r.nextInt((max - min) + 1 ) + min;
```

- 3. Write a lambda expression that will add three numbers together.
- 4. Write a lambda expression that will multiply three numbers together.
- 5. Write a lambda expression that will determine the larger of two numbers.
- 6. Write a lambda expression that will determine the smaller of two numbers.
- 7. Write a lambda expression that will determine the larger of three numbers.
- 8. Write a lambda expression that will determine the smaller of three numbers.

You must also write code to test each of the Lambda expressions.

All of the above tasks should use the existing MathOperation interface (see the course notes).