IoT Connectivity for Drone Applications in Smart Agriculture

Guide: Dr. Y Raja Vara Prasad

Contents:

- 1. Problem Statement
- 2. How we are doing?
- 3. Flow chart
- 4. Components Used
- 5. Methodology
- 6. Recap
- 7. What we have done in Phase 2
- 8. Results
- 9. Video link
- 10. Expected Results from Phase 3 and 4

Problem Statement

The connectivity limitations of smart agriculture and it's solutions are analysed by this project.

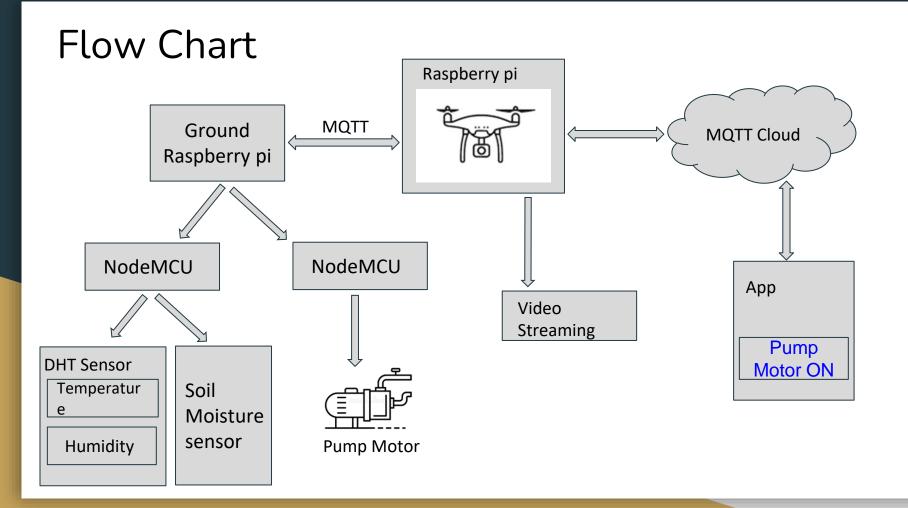
- We are creating local gateways, MQTT brokers in drone to address connectivity limitations of Smart Farming.
- We are streaming photos and videos from drone to analyse the conditions of agriculture.



How we are doing?

- Sensing Temperature, Humidity, Soil Moisture readings
- Sending them to Ground Raspberry pi using NodeMCU
- Then ground Raspberry pi acts as client for Drone Raspberry pi
- Drone Raspberry pi will publish data in Cloud using MQTT protocol
- Streaming video from Drone Raspberry pi camera to Vlc.
- Analyzing the delay in the streaming of video.





Components Used in Phase2

Hardware:

- DHT Sensor
- Soil Moisture Sensor
- Raspberry pi
- NodeMCU
- Raspberry pi camera Module

Software:

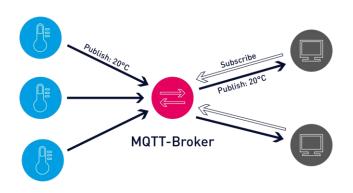
- Arduino IDE
- Putty
- VNC Viewer
- Adafruit Cloud
- VLC media player

Methodology

- Sensors are connected to Raspberry pi through NodeMCU.
- Pump Motor is connected to another NodeMCU.
- Both NodeMCUs are connected to Ground Raspberry pi using MQTT.
- Ground Raspberry pi changes to client from broker and connected to Drone Raspberry pi.
- Drone Raspberry pi acts as MQTT broker between MQTT Cloud and Ground Raspberry pi.
- Then the data will be displayed on a mobile app for user purposes.
- User can actuate the process of turning ON pump motor manually from app.

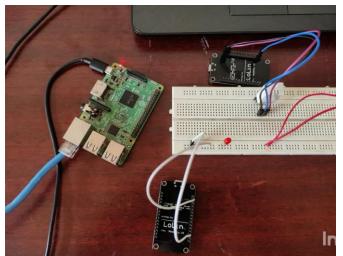
Recap. MQTT

- Message Queueing Telemetry Transport
- lightweight IoT messaging protocol based on the publish/subscribe model.
- They can provide real-time and reliable messaging service for IoT devices, only using very little code and bandwidth.





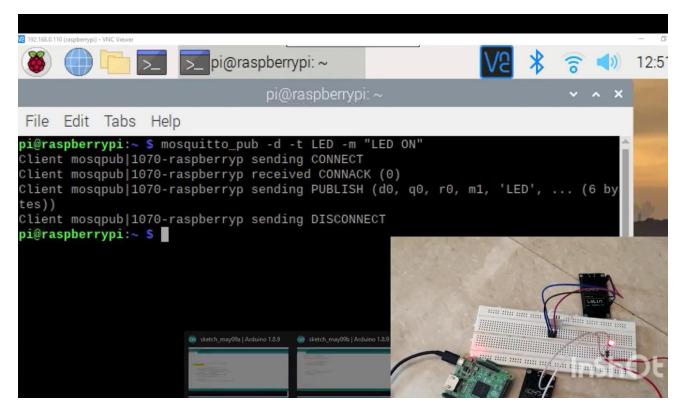
Recap. Phase 1 Results



```
192.168.0.110 (raspberrypi) - VNC Viewer
 File Edit Tabs Help
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ mosquitto sub -d -t data
Client mosqsub|1109-raspberryp sending CONNECT
Client mosqsub|1109-raspberryp received CONNACK (0)
Client mosqsub|1109-raspberryp sending SUBSCRIBE (Mid: 1, Topic: data, QoS: 0)
Client mosqsub|1109-raspberryp received SUBACK
Subscribed (mid: 1): 0
Client mosqsub|1109-raspberryp received PUBLISH (d0, q0, r0, m0, 'data', ... (11
 bytes))
32.60,71.00
```

Publisher Part Output

Recap. Phase 1 Results

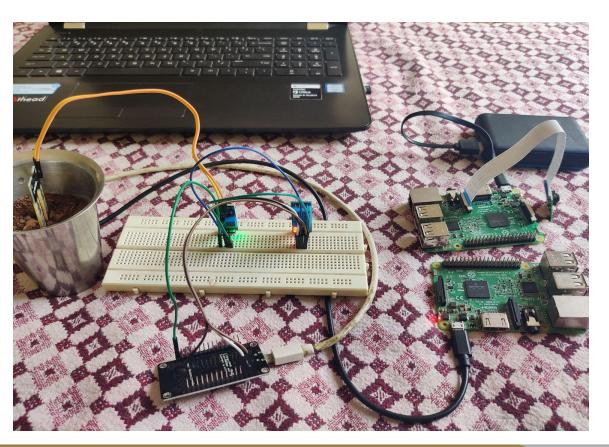


Subscriber Part Output

Phase2 work

- Making ground Raspberry as dual mode.
- Which can acts as both client and broker.
- Wemade a connection between 2 Raspberry pi's using MQTT protocol.
- We published sensor data on MQTT Cloud (Adafruit).
- Fixing a camera module to Drone Raspberry it can stream video and take photos.
- We Analysed the delay in streaming in various resolutions.
- We Analysed the delay in taking photos in different resolutions.

Hardware Connections



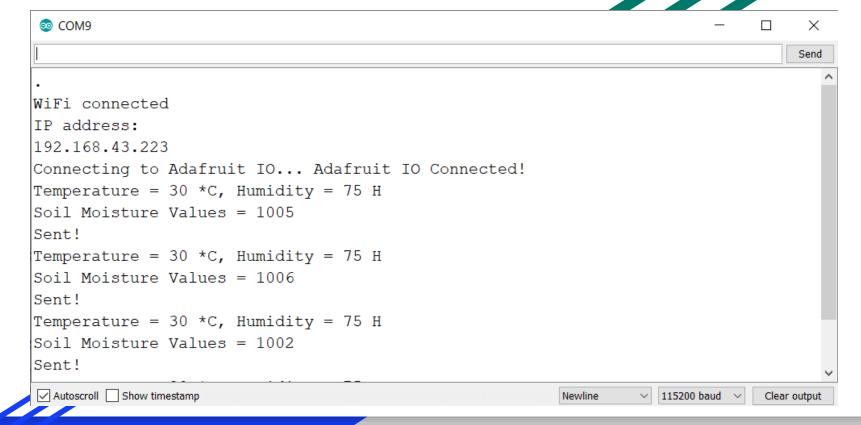
Coding

Adafruit_MQTT_DHT11_YouTube_ | Arduino 1.8.10

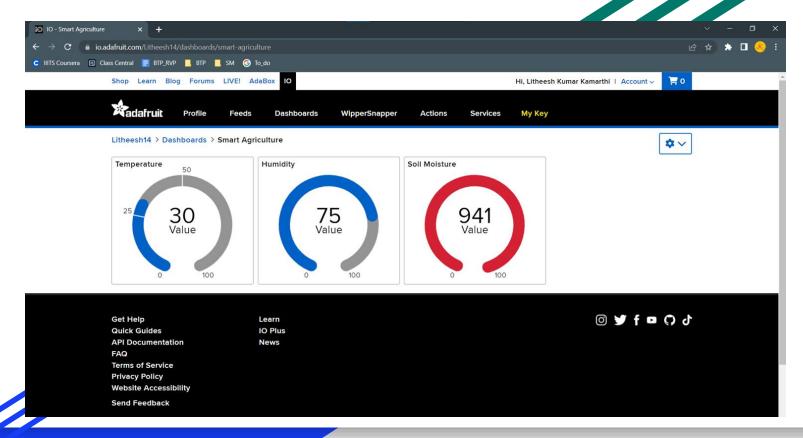
```
File Edit Sketch Tools Help
```

```
Adafruit MQTT DHT11 YouTube
#include <SimpleDHT.h>
                            // Data ---> D3
#include <ESP8266WiFi.h>
#include "Adafruit MQTT.h"
#include "Adafruit MQTT Client.h"
// WiFi parameters
#define WLAN SSID
                        "Redmi 5A"
#define WLAN PASS
                        "k.pallavi"
// Adafruit IO
#define AIO SERVER
                        "io.adafruit.com"
#define AIO SERVERPORT 1883
#define AIO_USERNAME
                        "Litheesh14"
#define AIO KEY
                        "aio PqSR55Pa9OVypEN4NBComN0TS1fu"
WiFiClient client;
// Setup the MQTT client class by passing in the WiFi client and MQTT server and login details.
Adafruit MQTT Client mqtt(&client, AIO SERVER, AIO SERVERPORT, AIO USERNAME, AIO KEY);
Adafruit MQTT Publish Temperature = Adafruit MQTT Publish (&mqtt, AIO USERNAME "/feeds/Temperature");
Adafruit MQTT Publish Humidity = Adafruit MQTT Publish (&mqtt, AIO USERNAME "/feeds/Humidity");
Adafruit MQTT Publish Soil Moisture = Adafruit MQTT Publish (&mqtt, AIO USERNAME "/feeds/Soil Moisture");
int pinDHT11 = 0;
SimpleDHT11 dht11(pinDHT11);
byte hum = 0; //Stores humidity value
byte temp = 0; //Stores temperature value
```

Serial Monitor output



Cloud Screenshots



Raspberry pi Video Streaming

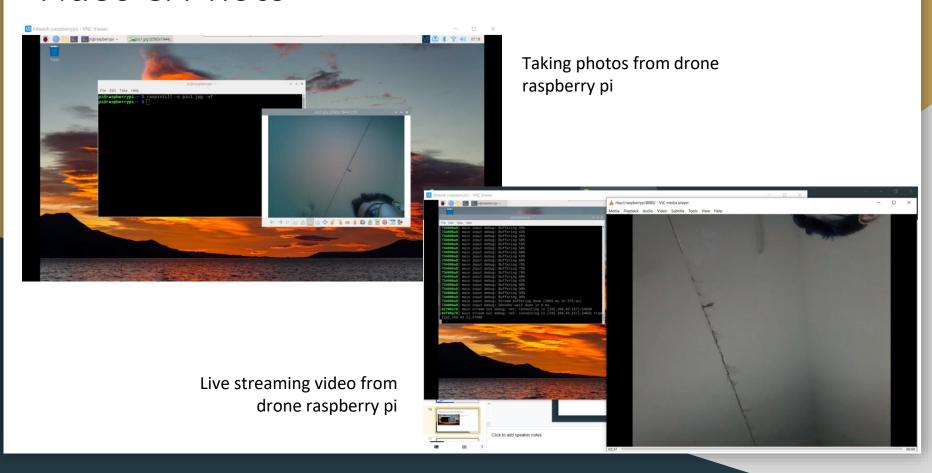


Command line for taking photos from drone raspberry pi

```
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ raspivid -o - -t 0 -w 1200 -h 1080
  -fps 30 | cvlc -vvv stream:///dev/stdin --sout '#rtp
{sdp=rtsp://:8080/}' :demux=h264
```

Command line for Live streaming video from drone raspberry pi

Video & Photo



Analysis

Resolution	Delay in Streaming Video	Delay in taking Photo
1080x700	4 sec	0.5 sec
2500x1080	5 sec	1.2 sec
2592x1944	6.5 sec	3 sec

Video link

Here is the video link of the Phase 2 Work:

Expected Outcomes

PHASE-3: October 2022

- 1. Publishing the data from the cloud to actuators.
- 2. Writing code for Algorithms in Cloud using AI & ML
- 3. Front End of the App.

PHASE-4: December 2022

- 1. Coding for giving instructions from App to ground level Actuators like pump motor etc..
- 2. App User interface

References

- 1. Ayaz, M.; Ammad-Uddin, M.; Sharif, Z.; Mansour, A.; Aggoune, E.H.M. Internet-of-Things (IoT)-Based Smart Agriculture: Toward Making the Fields Talk. IEEE Access 2019, 7, 129551–129583. [CrossRef]
- 1. Boursianis, A.D.; Papadopoulou, M.S.; Diamantoulakis, P.; Liopa-Tsakalidi, A.; Barouchas, P.; Salahas, G.; Karagiannidis, G.; Wan, S.; Goudos, S.K. Internet of Things (IoT) and Agricultural Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAVs) in Smart Farming: A Comprehensive Review. Internet Things 2020, 100187. [CrossRef]
- 1. Les Pounder.; How To Stream Live Video From Your Raspberry Pi Camera: published August 08, 2021. [CrossRef]

THANK YOU

Group Members:

K Litheesh Kumar - S20190020218

litheeshkumar.k19@iiits.in

Surya Sathvik - S20190020254

suryasathvik.t19@iiits.in