Vim Cheat Sheet

:h[elp] keyword-

open help for keyword

:sav[eas] file-save

- :clo[se] close current
- :ter[minal] open a
- K open man page for word under the cursor

Cursor movement

- h move cursor left
- i move cursor down
- **k** move cursor up
- 1 move cursor right
- gj move cursor down (multi-
- **gk** move cursor up (multi-line
- **H** move to top of screen
- M move to middle of screen
- L move to bottom of screen
- W jump forwards to the start of a word
- W jump forwards to the start of a word (words can contain punctuation)
- e jump forwards to the end of a
- **E** jump forwards to the end of a word (words can contain punctuation)
- **b** jump backwards to the start
- $oldsymbol{\mathsf{B}}$ jump backwards to the start of a word (words can contain nunctuation)
- ge jump backwards to the end of a word
- aE jump backwards to the end of a word (words can contain punctuation)
- move to matching character (default supported pairs: '()', '{}', '[]' - use : h matchpairs in vim for more info)
- **0** jump to the start of the line
- ^ jump to the first non-blank character of the line
- \$ jump to the end of the line
- **g_** jump to the last non-blank character of the line
- gg go to the first line of the
- **G** go to the last line of the
- 5gg or 5G go to line 5
- gd move to local declaration
- gD move to global declaration

- ${f r}$ replace a single character.
- **R** replace more than one character, until **ESC** is pressed.
- **J** join line below to the current one with one space in between
- gJ join line below to the current one without space in
- gwip reflow paragraph
- g~ switch case up to motion
- qu change to lowercase up to
- ${f g}{f U}$ change to uppercase up to
- CC change (replace) entire line
- C\$ or C change (replace) to the end of the line
- Ciw change (replace) entire word
- CW or Ce change (replace) to the end of the word
- S delete character and substitute text
- S delete line and substitute text
- XD transpose two letters (delete and paste)
- U undo
- U restore (undo) last changed
- Ctrl + r redo
- repeat last command

Marking text (visual mode)

- V start visual mode, mark lines, then do a command (like y-yank)
- V start linewise visual mode
- O move to other end of marked
- Ctrl + v start visual block
- **0** move to other corner of block
- aw mark a word
- ab a block with ()
- aB a block with {}
- at a block with <> tags
- ib inner block with ()
- iB inner block with {}
- it inner block with <> tags

ESC - exit visual mode

- Visual commands
- > shift text right
- < shift text left
- y yank (copy) marked text
- d delete marked text

Macros

- qa record macro a
- q stop recording macro
- @a run macro a
- @ rerun last run macro

Cut and paste

- yy yank (copy) a line
- **2yy** yank (copy) 2 lines
- **yw** yank (copy) the characters of the word from the cursor position to the start of the next
- yiw yank (copy) word under the cursor
- yaw yank (copy) word under the cursor and the space after or
- **y\$** or **Y** yank (copy) to end of
- **p** put (paste) the clipboard after
- **P** put (paste) before cursor
- **QD** put (paste) the clipboard after cursor and leave cursor after the new text
- **gP** put (paste) before cursor and leave cursor after the new
- dd delete (cut) a line
- 2dd delete (cut) 2 lines
- **dw** delete (cut) the characters of the word from the cursor position to the start of the next word
- diw delete (cut) word under the cursor
- daw delete (cut) word under the cursor and the space after or
- d\$ or D delete (cut) to the end
- X delete (cut) character

Indent text

- >> indent (move right) line one shiftwidth
- de-indent (move left) line one shiftwidth
- >% indent a block with () or {} (cursor on brace)
- >ib indent inner block with ()
- >at indent a block with <>
- 3== re-indent 3 lines
- =% re-indent a block with () or {} (cursor on brace)
- =iB re-indent inner block with
- gg=G re-indent entire buffer
- **] p** paste and adjust indent to current line

- Working with multiple files
- :e[dit] file edit a file in a new buffer
- :bn[ext] go to the next buffer
- :bp[revious] go to the previous buffer
- :bd[elete] delete a buffer (close a file)
- :b[uffer]# go to a buffer by index #
- :b[uffer] file go to a buffer by file
- :ls or :buffers list all open buffers
- :sp[lit] file open a file in a new buffer and split
- :vs[plit] file open a file in a new buffer and vertically split window
- :vert[ical] ba[ll] edit all buffers as vertical
- :tab ba[ll] edit all buffers as tabs
- Ctrl + ws split window
- Ctrl + wv split window vertically
- Ctrl + ww switch windows
- Ctrl + wq quit a window
- Ctrl + wx exchange current window with next one
- Ctrl + w= make all windows equal height & width
- **Ctrl** + **wh** move cursor to the left window (vertical split)
- Ctrl + wl move cursor to the right window (vertical split)
- Ctrl + wj move cursor to the window below (horizontal
- Ctrl + wk move cursor to the window above (horizontal
- Ctrl + wH make current window full height at far left (leftmost vertical window)
- Ctrl + wL make current window full height at far right (rightmost vertical window)
- Ctrl + wJ make current window full width at the very bottom (bottommost horizontal window)
- Ctrl + wK make current window full width at the very top (topmost horizontal window)

- **zf** manually define a fold up to motion
- **zd** delete fold under the cursor
- Za toggle fold under the cursor
- **ZO** open fold under the cursor
- ZC close fold under the cursor
- **Zr** reduce (open) all folds by one level
- **ZM** fold more (close) all folds by one level
- **Zi** toggle folding functionality
- **] C** jump to start of next change
- [C jump to start of previous change do or :diffg[et] - obtain (get) difference (from other
- dp or :diffpu[t] put difference (to other buffer)
- :diffthis make current window part of diff
- :dif[fupdate] update differences
- :diffo[ff] switch off diff mode for current window

Ctrl + n - insert (auto-

cursor during insert mode

Ctrl + p - insert (auto-

complete) next match before the

complete) previous match before

the cursor during insert mode

Exiting ~ - switch case : W - write (save) the file, but don't exit **u** - change marked text to lowercase :w !sudo tee %-write out the current file using sudo U - change marked text to uppercase : WQ or : X or ZZ - write (save) Registers :reg[isters] - show : **q** - quit (fails if there are unsaved changes) "XY - yank into register x :q! or ZQ - quit and throw away unsaved changes "XP - paste contents of register : WQa - write (save) and quit on all tabs "+y - yank into the system clipboard register Search and replace /pattern - search for "+p - paste from the system clipboard register pattern ?pattern - search backward Marks and positions for pattern :marks - list of marks \vpattern - 'very magic' ma - set current position for pattern: non-alphanumeric characters are interpreted as special regex symbols (no escaping needed) a - jump to position of mark A **n** - repeat search in same **y** a - yank text to position of direction mark A ${f N}$ - repeat search in opposite **0** - go to the position where direction Vim was previously exited " - go to the position when last :%s/old/new/g - replace editing this file all old with new throughout file :%s/old/new/gc-- go to the position of the last replace all old with new change in this file throughout file with confirmations - go to the position before the last jump :noh[lsearch] - remove highlighting of search matches : ju[mps] - list of jumps Search in multiple files Ctrl + i - go to newer position in jump list :vim[grep] /pattern/ Ctrl + o - go to older position {`{file}`} - search for in jump list pattern in multiple files : changes - list of changes :cn[ext] - jump to the next g, - go to newer position in change list match **g**; - go to older position in change list :cp[revious] - jump to the previous match Ctrl +] - jump to the tag :cope[n] - open a window containing the list of matches under cursor :ccl[ose] - close the quickfix window Tabs :tabnew or :tabnew {page.words.file} open a file in a new tab Ctrl + wT - move the current split window into its own tab gt or :tabn[ext] - move to the next tab gT or :tabp[revious] - move to the previous tab #gt - move to tab number # :tabm[ove] #-move current tab to the #th position (indexed from 0) :tabc[lose] - close the

current tab and all its windows

Ctrl + **ox** - Temporarily enter normal mode to issue one normal-mode command x.

 $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{Esc}}$ - exit insert mode

:tabo[nly] - close all tabs except for the current one

:tabdo command - run the command on all tabs (e.g. :tabdo q - closes all opened tabs)