# **视频中截取首帧作为封面图 并展示出视频及封面图**

# HTML

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| <p class="clearfix">  <label>视频文件：</label>  <span>  <video id="video" controls="controls" src="http://{{model.videoUrl}}">  您的浏览器不支持 video 标签。  </video>  <span>  <input id="file" type="file" value="" name="file" style="display: none;" οnchange="myFunction()"/>  <label style="width: 100%;" for="file">上传视频</label>  </span>  </span>  </p>  <!--在网上查的是加上 crossorigin="anonymous" 就可以避免跨域的问题 但是我自己测试的还是不行 可能是我们后台那边没有添加吧 有时间让后台在请求头处加一下试试 如果可以的话在更新-->  <img id="img" crossorigin="anonymous" style="float: left;" src="../../img/aaa.png" /> |

# JavaScript

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| $(function() {  initialize();  })  var video, videoFM;  var scale = 0.8;  function initialize() {  video = document.getElementById("video");  video.addEventListener('loadeddata', capImage);  };    function capImage() {  var canvas = document.createElement("canvas");  canvas.width = video.videoWidth \* scale;  canvas.height = video.videoHeight \* scale;  canvas.getContext('2d').drawImage(video, 0, 0, canvas.width, canvas.height);  var img = document.getElementById("img");  img.src = canvas.toDataURL("image/png");  };  function getFileURL(file) {  var getUrl = null;  if(window.createObjectURL != undefined) { // basic  getUrl = window.createObjectURL(file);  } else if(window.webkitURL != undefined) { // webkit or chrome  getUrl = window.webkitURL.createObjectURL(file);  } else if(window.URL != undefined) { // mozilla(firefox)  getUrl = window.URL.createObjectURL(file);  }  return getUrl;  }  function myFunction() {//点击上传视频  var videoFile = document.getElementById('file');  var url = getFileURL(videoFile.files[0]); //把选择的视频文件 files[0]  $('#video').prop('src', url)  console.log(videoFile.files[0])  initialize();  } |