得迭代后的结果 F_{epoch1} , 一轮迭代的时间复杂度为 $O(n^2)$ 。

输入: 恶意/良性代码行为报告集合 BF, MF, 迭代轮数 K

经过了第一轮迭代之后,获得了一组两两相关的关联行为。在此基础上再 次进行迭代,对任意 $(f_i, f_i), (f_i, f_i) \in F_{epoch1},$ 选择 $f_k, f_k \in F_{family}(k \neq i, k \neq j),$ 假设规则 $(f_i, f_i) \Rightarrow f_k$,再次进行验证,流程同公式 (3-6) (3-7) (3-8)。整 体算法如 3-1 所示:

算法 3-1 恶意代码关联行为挖掘算法

for j in family do

end if

end for

end for

```
输出:家族相关行为集合 F_{family},其中包含 K 轮迭代的特征
 1 初始化行为集合 F:;
2 for f_i \in BF \cup MF do
        Support(f_i) = \frac{N(f_i)}{N_m + N_b}
        MF(f_i) = \frac{N_m(f_i)}{N}
        Relation(f_i) = \frac{BF(f_i)}{MF(f_i)}
        if Support(f_i) > \alpha or Relation(f_i) < \beta then
         F \Leftarrow f_i
        end if
10 end for
11 F_{AllFamily} = []
12 for family \subset MF do
        F_{pre} = family
        for epoch in 1 \rightarrow K do
             F_{epoch} = []
15
             for i in 1 \rightarrow F_{pre} do
16
```

 $Support(f_{i} \Rightarrow f_{j}) = \frac{N_{family}(f_{i}, f_{j})}{N_{family}}$ $Confidence(f_{i} \Rightarrow f_{j}) = \frac{N_{family}(f_{i}, f_{j})}{N_{family}(f_{i})}$ $Lift(f_{i} \Rightarrow f_{j}) = \frac{N_{family}(f_{i}, f_{j})}{N_{family}(f_{j})}$ if Support and Confidence of the support and Confidence of t

 $F_{epoch} \Leftarrow (f_i, f_j)$

if $Support > \gamma$ and $Confidence > \delta$ and $Lift > \varepsilon$ then

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