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Roll No .....

# **EE/EX/EI/BM - 305**

## **B.E. III Semester**

Examination, December 2012

## **Network Analysis**

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 70/100

Note: 1. Answer Five questions, selecting One question from each unit.

2. All questions carry equal marks.

#### Unit - I

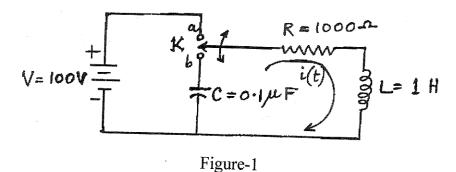
- a) Explain clearly with the help of examples, 'tie-set' and 'cut-set' matrix of a network.
  - b) Explain the concept of duality with the help of suitable example.
  - c) Discuss the properties of series-resonant circuit.

#### OR

- Discuss the initial conditions in a network. Briefly outline 2. the procedure for evaluating the initial conditions in network problems.
  - b) In the network shown in Fig. 1, the switch'k' is changed from position 'a' to 'b' at t = 0. Find the values of i,  $\frac{di}{dt}$

and  $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$  at t=0+.

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### Unit - II

- 3. a) State and explain, 'Maximum power transfer theorem' for A.C. networks.
  - b) In the network shown in Fig. 2, using Thevenin's theorem, find  $\overline{v}_2$ , such that the current through the (2 + j3) ohms impedance is zero.

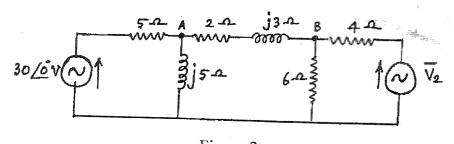
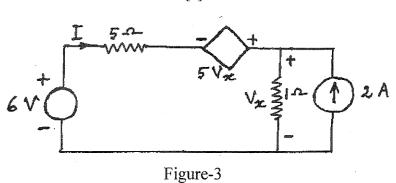


Figure-2

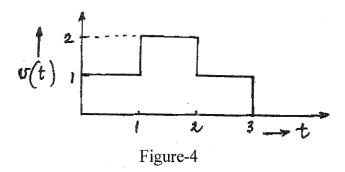
OR

- 4. a) State and explain the following:
  - i) Millman's theorem
  - ii) Reciprocity theorem
  - b) In the network shown in Fig. 3, find the current flowing through  $5\Omega$  resistor (I), by superposition theorem.

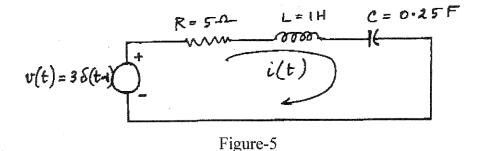


#### Unit - III

5. a) The waveform shown in Fig. 4, is non-recurring. Write an equation for v(t) in terms of steps and related functions as needed. Find v(s) for v(t).

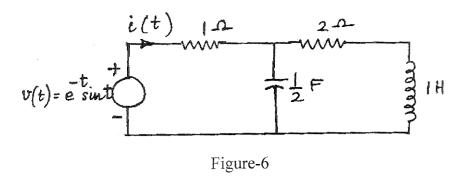


b) Find the current i(t) in a series R-L-C network as shown in Fig. 5, comprising R = 5  $\Omega$ , L = 1H and C = 0.25 F, when an impulse voltage  $3\delta(t-1)$  is applied.



OR

- 6. a) Given the function,  $F(s) = \frac{5(s+3)}{s(s+1)}$  find the initial value f(0+) and the final value  $f(\infty)$ , without finding the inverse laplace transform of F(s).
  - b) If the capacitor is uncharged and the inductor current zero at t = 0, in the network shown in Fig. 6, find I(s), the transform of the current i(t).

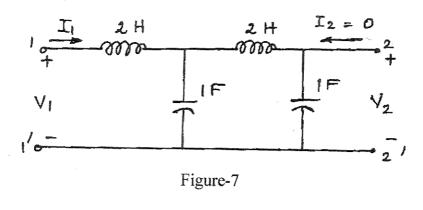


### Unit - IV

- 7. a) Discuss the restrictions on poles and zeros locations in s-plane for driving point functions.
  - b) Find the open circuit transfer impedance  $\frac{V_2(s)}{I_1(s)}$  and open-

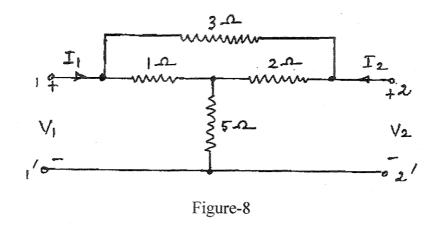
circuit voltage ratio  $\frac{V_2(s)}{V_1(s)}$  for the network shown in Fig. 7.

Fig. 8.



OR

fhe'l. Define open-circuit impedance (z) parameters of a two-port network. Determine 'z' parameters for the network shown in



## Unit - V

- 9. a) Discuss the effect of symmetry for a periodic function to determine the trigonometric Fourier series coefficients.
  - b) Find the trigonometric Fourier series for the wave form shown in Fig. 9, and plot the line spectrum.

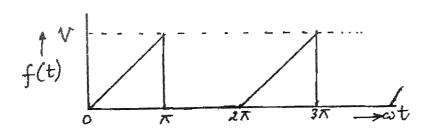


Figure-9

OR

- 10. a) Explain the terms 'Even symmetry' and 'odd symmetry' for periodic waveforms with Fourier series representation.
  - b) Find the trigonometric Fourier series for the square wave shown in Fig. 10, and plot the line spectrum.

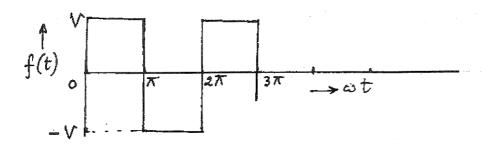


Figure-10

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