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Total No. of Questions : 10]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 4

- b) Solve the recurrence relation

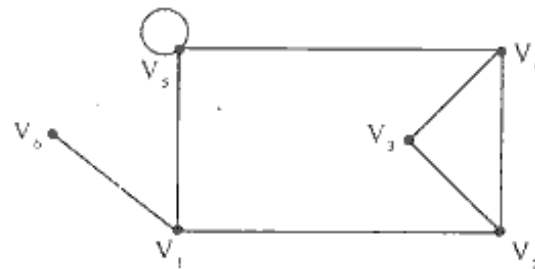
$$a_r - 4a_{r-1} + 4a_{r-2} = (r+1)^2, r \geq 2$$

**Unit - V**

9. a) Write the definition of the following :

- Subgraph
- Incidence and degree of graph
- Hamilton graph
- Isomorphism
- Centre of tree

- b) Write the adjacency matrix of the following graph.

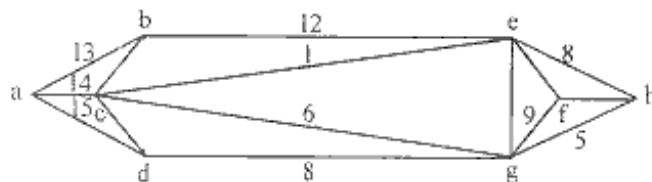


OR

10. a) Show that the maximum number of edges in a simple graph

with  $n$  vertices is  $\frac{n(n-1)}{2}$ .

- b) Find the minimum spanning tree for the graph shown below using Kruskal's algorithm.



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Roll No .....

**MCTA-101**

**M.E/M.Tech., I Semester**

Examination, December 2013

**Mathematical Foundation of Computer Application**

*Time : Three Hours*

*Maximum Marks : 70*

**Note:** Attempt any one question from each unit (inclusive of both parts). All questions carry equal marks.

**Unit - I**

1. a) If  $A, B, C$  are any three sets, prove that

i)  $A - (B \cap C) = (A - B) \cup (A - C)$

ii)  $A - (B \cup C) = (A - B) \cap (A - C)$

- b) Let  $L = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 12, 18, 24\}$  be ordered by the relation ' $\mid$ ' where  $x \mid y$  means ' $x$  divides  $y$ '. Show that  $D_{24}$  the set of all divisors of the integer 24 of  $L$  is a sublattice of the lattice  $(L, \mid)$ .

OR

2. a) Show that the relation  $R = \{(a, b) : a-b = \text{even integer and } a, b \in I\}$  in the set  $I$  of integers is an equivalence relation.
- b) Prove that the product of any invertible mapping  $f$  with its inverse mapping  $f^{-1}$  is an identity mapping.

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**Unit - II**

3. a) Prove that  $(p \Leftrightarrow q) \wedge (q \Leftrightarrow r) \Rightarrow (p \Leftrightarrow r)$  is a tautology.  
b) Express the following formula into conjunctive normal form  $\sim(p \vee q) \leftrightarrow (p \wedge q)$ .

OR

4. a) Prove by truth table that the following is tautology  
 $(p \Rightarrow q) \vee (r \Rightarrow p)$   
b) Distinguish between tautology and contradiction.

**Unit - III**

5. a) What are the six parts of finite state machine and how machine M is denoted?  
b) Let  $A = \{a, b\}$ . Construct an automation M which will accept precisely those words from A which have an even number of a's?

OR

6. a) Minimize the finite state machine given by the following state table.

	State	Input		Output
		0	1	
$\Rightarrow$	A	D	B	1
	B	E	B	0
	C	D	A	1
	D	C	D	0
	E	B	A	1

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- b) For the finite state machine shown below, find all equivalent states and obtain an equivalent finite state machine with the smallest number of states:

	State	Input		Output
		0	1	
$\Rightarrow$	A	F	B	0
	B	D	C	0
	C	G	B	0
	D	E	A	1
	E	D	A	0
	F	A	G	1
	G	C	H	1
	H	A	H	1

**Unit - IV**

7. a) Determine the generating function of the numeric function  $a_r$ ,

$$a_r = \begin{cases} 2^r, & \text{if } r \text{ is even} \\ -2^r, & \text{if } r \text{ is odd} \end{cases}$$

- b) Solve the recurrence relation  $a_r - 5a_{r-1} + 6a_{r-2} = 2 + r$ ,  $r \geq 2$  with boundary conditions  $a_0 = 0$  and  $a_1 = 1$ .

OR

8. a) Determine the numeric function corresponding to the generating function  $A(z) = \frac{1}{1-9z^2}$ .

