

b) Evaluate by using Laplace transform

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Roll No .....

i)  $\int_0^{\infty} t e^{-4t} \sin t dt$

ii)  $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-t} \frac{\sin t}{t} dt$

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**MA-220 (CS/IT/EC) (CBCS)****B.E., III Semester**

Examination, December 2017

**Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)****Mathematics - III****Time : Three Hours****Maximum Marks : 60**

- Note:** i) Attempt any five questions.  
ii) All questions carry equal marks.

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1. a) Prove that

$$x^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{3} + 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{\cos nx}{n^2}, \quad -\pi < x < \pi$$

Hence show that  $\sum \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$

b) Obtain half-range sine series for  $e^x$  in  $0 < x < 1$ 

2. a) Find the Fourier transform of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x^2, & |x| \leq 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$

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Hence evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^3} \cos \frac{x}{2} dx$

- b) Using Laplace transform to solve the diff. equation

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} - 2\frac{dx}{dt} + x = e^t \quad \text{rgpvonline.com}$$

When  $x = 2$ ,  $\frac{dx}{dt} = -1$  at  $t = 0$

3. a) Find the Laplace transform of  $\frac{1 - \cos t}{t^2}$

- b) Using the convolution theorem, find

$$L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 4)} \right\}$$

4. a) Define:

- Probability density function for continuous random variables.
- Mean and variance of random variables.

- b) Find the mean and variance for Binomial distribution.

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5. a) Fit Poisson's distribution to the following and calculate theoretical frequencies ( $e^{-0.5} = 0.61$ )

Deaths:	0	1	2	3	4
Frequency:	122	60	15	2	1

- b) Show that the mean deviation from the mean of the normal

distribution is  $\frac{4}{5}$  times its standard deviation.

6. a) By the method of least squares. Find the straight line that best fits the following data:

x	1	2	3	4	5
y	14	27	40	55	68

- b) The profit of certain company in the  $x^{\text{th}}$  year of its life are given by:

x	1	2	3	4	5
y	1250	1400	1650	1950	2300

Taking  $u = x - 3$  and  $50v = y - 1650$ , show that the parabola of second degree of  $y$  on  $x$  is

$$y = 1140.05 + 72.1x + 32.15x^2.$$

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7. a) Find the Fourier series for  $f(x) = \begin{cases} -\pi, & -\pi < x < 0 \\ x, & 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$

and deduce that  $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$

- b) Find the Fourier cosine transform of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$  and

hence find Fourier sine transform of  $F(x) = \frac{x}{1+x^2}$

8. a) For a Poisson distribution with mean  $m$ , show that

$$\mu_{r+1} = m r \mu_{r-1} + m \frac{d\mu_r}{dm} \quad \text{rgpvonline.com}$$

Where  $\mu_r = \sum_{x=0}^{\infty} (x-m)^r e^{-m} \frac{m^x}{x!}$