Total No. of Questions: 10 ] [Total No. of Printed Pages: 5

Roll No. ....

# CE-601

# B. E. (Sixth Semester) EXAMINATION, June, 2009

(Civil Engg. Branch)

### THEORY OF STRUCTURES—II

(CE - 601)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Minimum Pass Marks: 35

**Note:** Attempt any *five* questions, selecting *one* question from each Unit. Assume any data suitably, if missing and mention it in answer book.

#### Unit-I

- 1. (a) Mention the causes of side sway of portal frames. 5
  - (b) Analyse the frame shown below fig. 1 by Moment Distribution method. Draw the B. M. diagram and sketch the deflected shape of the frame.

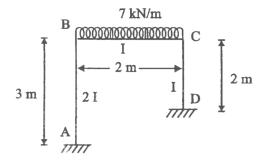


Fig. 1

P. T. O.

- 2. (a) What are the advantages of Kani's method particularly over Moment Distribution method of analysis of frames?
  - (b) Analyse the continuous beam shown in fig. 2. 15

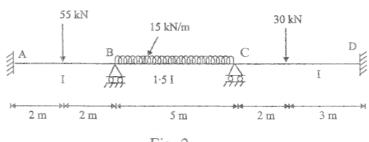


Fig. 2

### Unit-II

- 3. (a) Differentiate plastic analysis of structures with elastic analysis.
  - (b) A fixed beam is shown in fig. 3. Find the value of the collapse load.

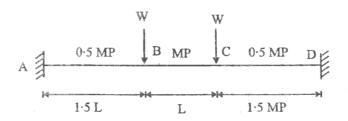


Fig. 3

*Or* 

4. Determine the value of W at collapse for the portal frame shown in ahead fig. 4. The plastic moment of resistance is same for all the members.

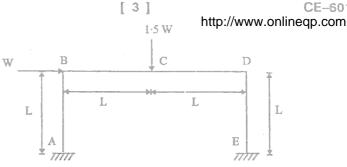


Fig. 4 Unit-III

- 5. (a) Write a short note on 'Structural behaviour of tall buildings subjected lateral forces'.
  - Analyse the frame shown in fig. 5.

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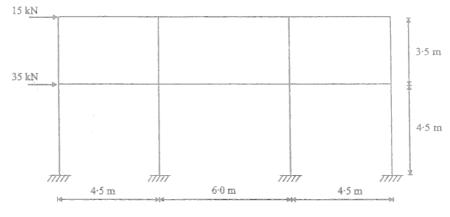


Fig. 5 Or

6. Analyse the substitute frame shown in fig. 6 for maximum positive and negative bending moments in the beams AB, BC and CD. The frames are spaced at 3 m intervals. Use the following data to estimate the moments is beams and columns:

Line load

 $= 2.5 \text{ kN/m}^2$ 

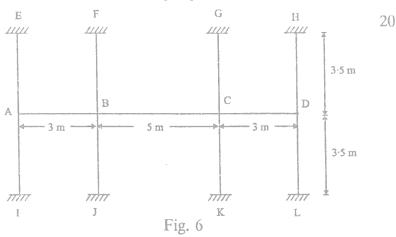
Dead load

 $= 3.0 \text{ kN/m}^2$ 

Self wt. of beams = 2.0 kN/m

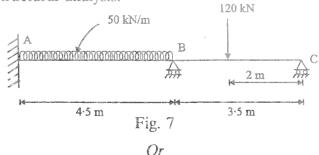
Beam and columns are of the same section.

P. T. O.



Unit-IV

- 7. (a) Explain degree of static and kinematic in determinacy, briefly.
  - (b) Analyse the beam shown in fig. 7 by force method of structural analysis.



8. Analyse the beam shown in fig. 8 by Displacement method of structural analysis.

