

Total No. of Questions : 5] [Total No. of Printed Pages : 3

Roll No.

403(O)

B. E. (Fourth Semester) EXAMINATION, Dec., 2009

(Old Scheme)

(Common for CS, EC & IT Engg.)

COMPUTER SYSTEM AND ORGANIZATION

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Mark : 100

Minimum Pass Marks : 35

Note : Attempt all questions. There is internal choice in every question.

1. (a) Explain all the phases of Instruction cycle with interrupt using state diagram. 12
- (b) Describe the General Instruction Format with example. 8

Or

- (a) Explain the CPU register organization. 10
- (b) Explain the addressing modes of a processor. 10
2. (a) Explain the difference between hardwired control and microprogrammed control. Is it possible to have a hardwired control associated with a control memory ? 10
- (b) What are the different address sequencing techniques used in microprogramming ? 10

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Or

- (a) What is the purpose of control memory ? 10
 - (b) Explain the following terms : 10
 - (i) Microinstruction encoding
 - (ii) Microprogram sequencer
3. (a) Given $x = 0101$ and $y = 1010$ in two's complement notation, compute the product $P = x \times y$ with Booth's algorithm. 12
- (b) What are the basic elements of floating point addition and subtraction ? 8

Or

- (a) Explain unsigned binary division algorithm with suitable example. 10
 - (b) Give reasons for the use of guard bits and explain different methods of rounding the result of a floating point operation. 10
4. (a) Why does DMA have priority over the CPU when both request a memory transfer ? Explain the DMA transfer in a computer system. 12
- (b) What are the different I/O addressing schemes of a processor ? Explain them. 8

Or

- (a) Explain Interrupt driven data transfer scheme and compare it with Programmed data transfer scheme. 12
 - (b) Write a short note on I/O Processors. 8
5. (a) What is Cache memory ? Explain the types of mapping procedures when considering the organization of Cache memory. 12

- (b) Explain the memory hierarchy in a computer system.

8

Or

- (a) Write a brief note on pipelining and parallel processing by taking a suitable example. 15
- (b) What is virtual memory ? 5