Total No. of Questions: 10] [Total No. of Printed Pages: 4

Roll No.

CS/EI/IT-405(O)

B. E. (Fourth Semester) EXAMINATION, Dec., 2009

(Old Scheme)

(Common for CS, EI & IT Engg.)

DISCRETE STRUCTURE

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Minimum Pass Marks: 35

Note: Attempt *one* question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. (a) Explain countable set and uncountable set with example.

(b) Prove that:

$$(A - B) \cup (B - A) = (A \cup B) - (A \cap B)$$

$$Or$$

2. (a) Show that $n^3 + 2n$ is divisible by 3.

(b) Show that the relation

$$R = \{(a, b) : a - b = \text{ even integer }$$

i. e. $a R b \Leftrightarrow a - b = \text{ even integer and } a, b \in I \text{ is an equivalence relation }$.

Unit - II

3. Consider the FSM in the table given ahead. Find the equivalent classes and construct the reduced machine: 20 P. T. O.

Present	Next State		Output	
State	x = 0	x = 1	x = 0	x = 1
A	F	С	0	0
В	E	G	1	0
С	F	В	1	1
D	G	Е	0	1
Е	В	D	1	0
F	G	F	0	0
G	D	В	1	1
Н	Е	В	1	0

Or

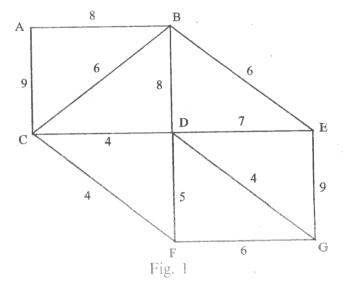
4. (a) Construct the truth table

$$(p \land q \Rightarrow r) \Leftrightarrow [(p \Rightarrow r) \lor (q \Rightarrow r)].$$
 10

(b) Express $\sim (p \lor q) \Leftrightarrow (p \land q)$ in conjunctive normal forms.

Unit-III

5. Define minimum spanning tree and find the minimum spanning tree of the following graph: 20



Or

6. Find the shortest path using Dijkstra's algorithm.

20

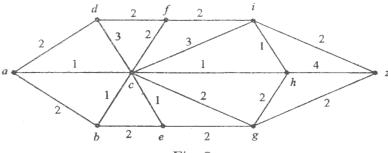


Fig. 2

Unit-IV

7. (a) What is the solution of the recurrence relation: 10

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 2 a_{n-2}$$

with $a_0 = 2$ and $a_1 = 7$?

(b) Find the generating function of the following numeric function:

$$a_r = 3^{r+2}, \qquad r \ge 0$$

Or

8. (a) Solve the difference equation:

10

$$a_r - a_{r-1} = 7$$

(b) Solve the recurrence relation:

10

$$a_r - 7 a_{r-1} + 10 a_{r-2} = 0$$

Unit-V

9. Write short notes on the following:

5 each

(i) Group

San to

- (ii) Isomorphism
- (iii) Normal subgroup
- (iv) Ring

P. T. O.

[4]

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- 10. (a) Let $(\{a,b\},*)$ be a semigroup where a*a=b. Show that:
 - (i) a * b = b * a
 - (ii) b * b = b
 - (b) What is Semigroup? Prove that (A, +) is a semigroup where A be the set of all positive even integers and + be the ordinary addition operation.