

Total No. of Questions : 10] [Total No. of Printed Pages : 4

Roll No. 050203091004

CS/IT-402(N)

B. E. (Fourth Semester) EXAMINATION, June, 2011

(Common for CS & IT Engg. Branch)

DISCRETE STRUCTURE

[CS/IT-402(N)]

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Minimum Pass Marks : 35

Note : Attempt *one* question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. (a) Let A, B, C be any three sets, then prove that :

$$A \times (B \cap C) = (A \times B) \cap (A \times C)$$

- (b) Define relation and partial order relation. Let R be a binary relation on the set of all integers such that $R = \{(a, b) : (a - b) \text{ is an even integer}\}$. Is R an equivalence relation ?

Or

2. (a) Write principle of mathematical induction. By this principle prove that :

$$2 \cdot 7^n + 3 \cdot 5^n - 5$$

is divisible by 24 for all natural numbers n .

P. T. O.

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(b) Define the following :

- (i) Function
- (ii) Inverse function
- (iii) Composition of functions
- (iv) Recursively defined functions
- (v) Pigeonhole principle

Unit – II

3. (a) Let G be the set of the non-zero real numbers and let $a * b = \frac{ab}{2}$. Then show that $(G, *)$ is an abelian group.

(b) Prove that every finite integral domain is a field.

Or

4. (a) The intersection of any two normal subgroups of a group is a normal subgroup.

(b) Define field. Prove that the set $\{0, 1, 2\} \pmod{3}$ is a field with resp. to addition and multiplication $\pmod{3}$.

Unit – III

5. (a) Obtain principal disjunctive normal form of $(P \wedge Q) \vee (\sim P \wedge R) \vee (Q \wedge R)$.

(b) Determine whether each of the following is a tautology, contradiction or contingency ?

- (i) $(P \rightarrow Q) \leftrightarrow (\sim Q \rightarrow \sim P)$
- (ii) $Q \vee (P \wedge \sim Q) \vee (\sim P \vee \sim Q)$

Or

6. (a) Write short notes on the following :

- (i) Quantifiers
- (ii) Predicates

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- (b) Minimize the finite state machine given by the following state table :

State	Input		Output
	0	1	
A	D	B	1
B	E	B	0
C	D	A	1
D	C	D	0
E	B	A	1

Unit-IV

7. (a) Find the shortest path between a and z for the graph :

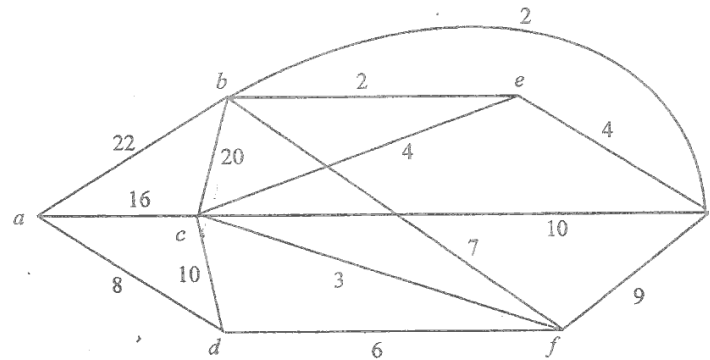


Fig. 1

- (b) Define the following :

- (i) Planar graphs
- (ii) Isomorphic graphs
- (iii) Hamiltonian circuit
- (iv) Chromatic number

Or

8. (a) Prove that the maximum number of edges in a graph with n vertices is $n(n-1)/2$.

P. Y. Q.

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- (b) Determine the minimum weight spanning tree for the following graph :

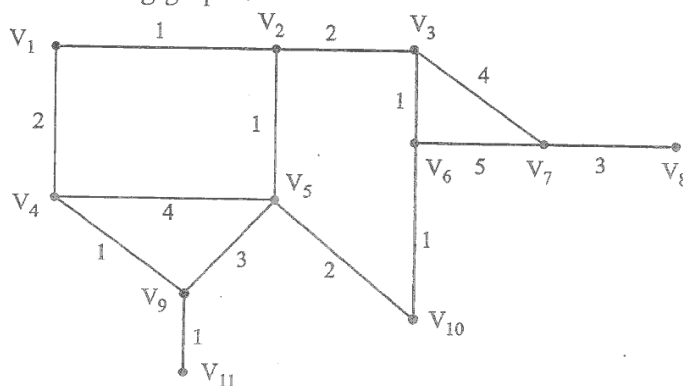


Fig. 2

Unit – V

9. (a) Write short notes on the following :
- Complemented lattice
 - Lattice homomorphism
 - Direct product of lattices
 - Sub-lattice
- (b) Solve the recurrence relation
 $a_r - 6a_{r-1} + 8a_{r-2} = 0$ given $a_0 = 3$ and $a_1 = 2$.
- Or
10. (a) Solve the recurrence relation :
 $a_r - 5a_{r-1} + 6a_{r-2} = 2 + r, r \geq 2$
 with conditions $a_0 = 1$ and $a_1 = 1$.
- (b) Let $L = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 12, 18, 24\}$ be ordered by the relation ' $|$ ' where $x | y$ means ' x divides y '. Show that D_{24} the set of all divisors of the integer 24 of L is a sublattice of the lattice $(L, |)$.

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