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when an orifice of 60mm is used in the same pipe. The discharge coefficient of orifice is 0.6.

[4]

- 5. a) Explain working of liquid-in-gas thermometer.
 - b) What is RTD, thermistors and pyrometers?
 - c) Give compression between thermistors and metal resistors.
 - d) Explain working of following with neat sketch:
 - i) Semiconductor and sensors
 - ii) Dewpoint measurement device
 - iii) Humidity measurement device.

OR

Explain with a neat diagram the construction and working of pyromometer.

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Total No. of Questions: 5]

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B.E. IV Semester

Examination, December 2015

Mechanical Measurements

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

- **Note:** i) Answer five questions. In each question part A, B, C is compulsory and D part has internal choice.
 - ii) All parts of each questions are to be attempted at one place.
 - iii) All questions carry equal marks, out of which part A and B (Max.50 words) carry 2 marks, part C (Max.100 words) carry 3 marks, part D (Max.400 words) carry 7 marks.
 - iv) Except numericals, Derivation, Design and Drawing etc.
- 1. a) What is strain gauge and differential transformer?
 - b) Define potentiometer and induction potentiometer.
 - Differentiate between the sensor and transducer.
 Define digital displacement transducer, active and passive transducer.
 - d) Write short note on followings:
 - i) Photoelastic
 - ii) Holographic technique
 - iii) Types of Tachometer

OR

The following data relate to strain gauge: load cell arranged with four identical strain gauge.

Diameter of steel cylinder = 60 mm

Nominal resistance of each gauge = 120 Ω

Gauge factor = 2

Supply voltage(V) = 6V

Modulus of elasticity for steel = 200GN/m²

Poission ratio = 0.3

Calculate the sensitivity of the load cell.

- a) What is Gyroscopic force transducer?
- b) How torque can be measured with the help of measuring tool?
- c) Define with neat sketch basic principle of dynamometer.
- d) The following data were recorded with rope brake dynamometer in a laboratory experiment.

Diameter of the brake wheel = 1.44m

Diameter of the rope = 15mm

Speed of the engine = 240rpm

Dead load on the brake = 720N

Spring balance reading = 180N

Calculate the brake power of the engine.

OR

Write short note on:

- i) Hydraulic dynamometer and another to any (iii)
- ii) Eddy current dynamometer
- iii) Belt transmission dynamometer
- a) What are the methods of measurement of pressure and sound?

- b) Define Bourdon tube, Bellow and diaphragms.
- c) What is Piezoelectric resistance and electric resistance?
- d) Explain the measurement gauges for low pressure measurement, with neat diagram, construction and working.

c) Give compression bao een thermistors and metal

A Mc lead gauge has volume of bulb and measuring capillary equal to $110 \times 10^{-6} \text{m}^3$ and measuring capillary diameter of 1.1mm.

- Calculate the pressure indicated when the reading of the measuring capillary is 28mm.
- What is the error if the exact formula is used for pressure measurement.
- 4. a) What is pitot tube?
 - b) Write about flow measurement.
 - What are different factors which influence the choice of method used for flow measurement.
 - d) Explain followings:
 - i) Purge method
 - ii) Buoyancy method
 - iii) Visual level indicator
 - iv) Flow visualization

OR

A venturi tube of throat diametric 60mm has a discharge coefficient of 0.97 and with a flow rate of 1.2 m³/sec. The pressure differential is 15.5 N/m². Determine the flow rate