## EE/EX-401(N)

## B. E. (Fourth Semester) EXAMINATION, June, 2011

(Common for EE & EX Engg.)

## ELECTRO-MAGNETIC THEORY

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Minimum Pass Marks: 35

Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- (a) Explain physical significance of gradient of a scalar, divergence of a vector and curl of a vector.
  - (b) Transform the vector field F = 2 r cos φ a<sub>r</sub> + a<sub>φ</sub> into Cartesian co-ordinates and evaluate it at P (4, -2, 3). Also find a unit vector a<sub>F</sub> at P.
- (a) Apply Gauss's law to a differential volume element and obtain expression for total charge enclosed.
  - (b) Show that the energy stored in electric field is given by:

$$W_E = \frac{1}{2} \int_{vol} \rho_v V dv$$

 (a) Starting from current density J obtain the current continuity equation (b) At the boundary of two perfect dielectric materials ε<sub>1</sub> and ε<sub>2</sub>, D<sub>1</sub> is incident at an angle θ<sub>1</sub> with respect to normal to the boundary surface. Prove that:
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$$\mathbf{D}_2 = \mathbf{D}_1 \Big[ \cos^2 \theta_1 + \left( \frac{\varepsilon_1}{\varepsilon_2} \right)^2 \sin^2 \theta_1 \Big]^{1/2}$$

- (a) Derive Poisson's equation and Laplace's equation from the point form of Gauss's law,
  - (b) For the configuration of Fig. 1, find the V and E for 0< φ < α using Laplace equation. Hence find the capacitance of the system of Fig. 2

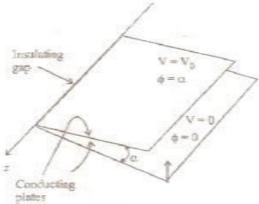
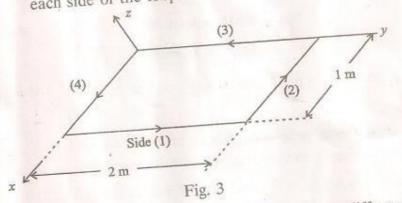


Fig. 1

- Explain Biot-Savart law. Derive an expression for 10 magnetic field of a current carrying loop. 5. (a)
  - (b) Show that at a boundary between two dielectrics, the tangential component of H and normal component of B must be continuous.
  - Derive the point form of Ampere's circuital law.
    - (b) A rectangular loop shown in the Fig. 3 has dimensions 1 m by 2 m (as shown) and lies in the uniform field  $B = -6 a_y + 8 a_z T$ .

The loop current is 10 mA. Find the vector force on each side of the loop.



- Write Maxwell's equations in vector form, differential form, scalar form and integral form. State the physical significance of equations in integral forms.
  - (b) What is meant by displacement current density? Derive continuity equation for time varying field.
- 8. Derive the relation between E and H in a uniform plane wave and show that an electromagnetic wave:

$$E_y = A \cos \omega (t - x/v)$$

$$H_z = (A/n) \cos \omega (t - x/v)$$