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Roll No

MCSE/MSE - 101

M.E/M.Tech., I Semester

Examination, December 2013

Advanced Computational Mathematics

Time : Three Hours

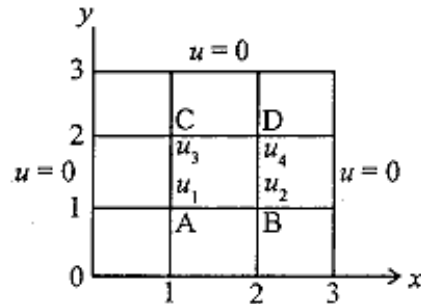
Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt any five questions.

b) Solve the Poisson equation

$$u_{xx} + u_{yy} = -10(x^2 + y^2 + 10)$$

in the domain mentioned below:



7. a) Find Fourier transform of

$$i) f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 < x < a \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

ii) Sine-transform of $f(x) = e^{-3x}$

b) i) Show that $F(f(x-a)) = e^{-iwa} F(w)$

ii) If $P(A) = \frac{3}{8}$, $P(B) = \frac{1}{2}$ and $P(A \cap B) = \frac{1}{4}$, then find $P(\bar{A} / \bar{B})$.

8. a) Write short notes on:

- Hash function
- Hermite polynomial
- Modular mathematics.

b) If $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_k$ are distinct characteristic roots of $T \in A(V)$ and v_1, v_2, \dots, v_k are characteristic vectors of T belonging to $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_k$ respectively, then show that v_1, v_2, \dots, v_k are LI over F .

1. a) i) Let $x_1 = (1, 3)^T$, $x_2 = (4, 6)^T$ be a basis of \mathbb{R}^2 . Find a linear transformation $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ such that

$$Tx_1 = (-2, 2, -7)^T, Tx_2 = (-2, -4, -10)^T$$

ii) If v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n are linearly independent in a vector space V over F . Then show that every element in their linear span has a unique representation in the form $\lambda_1 v_1 + \lambda_2 v_2 + \dots + \lambda_n v_n$ with $\lambda_i \in F$.

b) Find

$$i) \text{ The Fourier transform of } f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & |x| < a \\ 0, & |x| > a \end{cases}$$

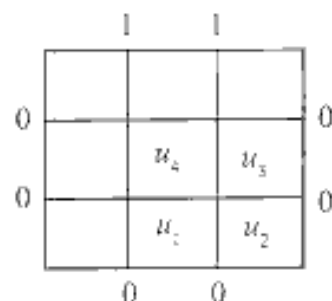
ii) Using the Heaviside unit step function find the convolution $(f*f)(x)$ and hence find the Fourier transform of $(f*f)(x)$, where f is same as in (i) above.

$$2. a) \text{ Solve } \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 2 \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 0$$

using separation of variables method.

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- b) i) Solve the equation $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$ in the domain of following figure by using Jacobi's method upto 6 iterations.



- ii) Define Haar wavelet and justify with an example.
3. a) i) If A and B are two events of a random experiment, then show that $P(\bar{A} / B) = 1 - P(A / B)$
- ii) Two integers are selected at random from integers 1 through 11. If the sum is even, find the probability that both the numbers are odd.
- b) i) Define normal distribution and give an example.
- ii) If X_1, \dots, X_n are independent normal variables, X_i being $N(\mu_i, \sigma_i)$, then show that the variate

$$Y = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i X_i \text{ is an } N(\mu', \sigma') \text{ random variable with}$$

$$\mu' = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i \mu_i, \sigma' = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n a_i^2 \sigma_i^2}.$$

4. a) i) What do you mean by steady state probability?

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- ii) Find the steady state probability for the following Markov chain:

$$P = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} E_1 & E_2 & E_3 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} E_1 \\ E_2 \\ E_3 \end{matrix} & \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1/4 & 1/4 \\ 1/2 & 1/4 & 1/4 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 1/2 \end{pmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

- b) A computer repairman finds that the time spent on his jobs has an exponential distribution with a mean of 30 minutes. If he repairs sets on the first-come-first-served basis and if the arrival of sets is with an average rate of 10 per 8-hours a day, find the repairman's expected idle time each day. Also find average number of units in the system.
5. a) i) Describe different averaging operators on fuzzy sets.
- ii) Prove that the Yager union operator satisfies:

$$\mu_{A \cup B}(x) = 1 \text{ for } \mu_A(x) = 1$$

$$\mu_{A \cup B}(x) \geq \mu_A(x) \text{ for } \mu_A(x) = \mu_B(x)$$

- b) Consider the linguistic variable "Age" and let the term "old" be defined as

$$\mu_{old}(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x \in [0, 40] \\ \left(1 + \frac{x - 40}{5}\right)^{-1} & \text{if } x \in [40, 100] \end{cases}$$

Determine the membership functions of the terms "very old", "not very old" and "more or less old".

6. a) Use the method of separation of variables to solve the equation:

$$4 \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 3z, \text{ when } x=0, z=3e^{2y}-e^{-5y}.$$