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Roll No .....

**MA-220 (EX/EI/EE) (CBCS)****B.E., III Semester**

Examination, December 2017

**Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)****Mathematics - III****Time : Three Hours****Maximum Marks : 60****Note:** i) Attempt any five questions out of eight.

ii) All questions carry equal marks.

1. a) Find Fourier series of the function  $f(x) = e^x$  in the interval  $(-\pi, \pi)$ .  
b) Express  $f(x) = x$  as a half range sine series in  $(0 < x < 2)$ .
2. a) Find Fourier cosine transform of  $e^{-x}$ . **rgpvonline.com**  
b) Find a Fourier series of represent  $f(x) = x$  from  $(-\pi, \pi)$ .
3. a) Find Laplace transform of the following functions:  
i)  $\frac{\sin t}{t}$  and ii)  $te^{at} \sin t$   
b) Using convolution theorem to find inverse Laplace transforms of  $\frac{s}{(s-a)(s-b)}$ .
4. a) Test the analyticity of the function  $w = e^z$ .  
b) Using Cauchy's residue theorem, evaluate the real integral

$$\int_c \frac{e^{2z}}{z(z-1)} dz, \text{ where } c \text{ is the circle } |z| = \frac{1}{2}.$$

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5. a) Show that the function  $u = x^3 - 3xy^2 + 3x^2 - 3y^2 + 1$  is harmonic and find its harmonic conjugate.  
b) Evaluate  $\int_C (z^2) dz$ , where  $C$  is the straight line joining the points  $(0, 0)$  and  $(2, 2)$ .
6. a) Find the directional derivative of the function  $\phi = x^2 - y^2 + 2z^2$  at the point  $P(1, 2, 3)$  in the direction of the line  $PQ$ , where  $Q$  is the point  $(5, 0, 4)$ .  
b) Use Stoke's theorem to evaluate  $\int_c [(2x-y)dx - yz^2dy - y^2zdz]$ , where  $c$  is the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ , corresponding to the surface of spheres of unit radius.
7. a) A vector field is given by  $\vec{A} = (x^2 + xy^2)\hat{i} + (y^2 + x^2y)\hat{j}$ . Show that the vector field is irrotational.  
b) Define the divergence of a vector field and show that the vector  $\vec{A} = (x+3y)\hat{i} + (y-3z)\hat{j} + (x-2z)\hat{k}$  is solenoidal.
8. a) Using Laplace transform, solve  $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} - 4y = 24 \cos 2t$ , given that  $y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 4$ .  
b) Find the following:

$$\text{i) } L\{e^{-3t} \cos 4t\} \text{ and ii) } L^{-1}\left\{\frac{3s+5}{s^2-2s-3}\right\}$$

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