Roll No

EC - 302

B.E. III Semester

Examination, December 2012

Computer System Organization

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 70/100

Note: 1. Attempt one question from each unit.

2. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit - I

- 1. a) What are various subsystems of computer? Explain each.
 - What is instruction cycle? Explain different phases of instruction cycle and show flow chart for instruction cycle.

OR

- a) What are various types of addressing modes? Explain them in short them with example.
 - b) Show the hardware implementation for the following statements. The registers are 4-bit in length.

$$T_0: A \leftarrow R_0$$

$$T_1: A \leftarrow R_1$$

$$T_2: A \leftarrow R_2$$

$$T_3: A \leftarrow R_3$$

Unit - II

- a) What is the purpose of micro program sequencer? Explain its functioning.
 - b) Define the following terms:
 - i) Control Memory
 - ii) Micro operation
 - iii) Register transfer language
 - iv) Micro instruction

OR

- a) Draw the block diagram for selection of neat address for a control memory. Explain the function of each block.
 - Draw the flowchart and explain how division of two linedpoint binary numbers in sign-magnitude representation is carried out.

Unit - III

- a) Explain in short programmed I/O and interrupt initiated I/O.
 - b) Differentiate between the following:
 - I/O program controlled transfer and DMA transfer.
 - ii) Isolated I/O and memory mapped I/O.

OR

- a) What do you mean by interrupt? What are various interrupt handling techniques? Explain.
 - b) What do you mean by serial transmission and parallel transmission of data? Compare them.

Unit-IV

- What is the need of virtual memory in computer system?
 Explain how the page map table is organized in virtual memory system.
 - b) What are various mapping methods used with cache memory organisation? Explain set associative memory mapping.

OR

- a) What is associative memory? Explain the concept of match-logic for associative memories.
 - b) Consider a cache consisting of 256 block of 16word each, for a total of 4096 (4k) words, and assume that the main memory is addressed by a 16-bit address and it consist of 4K blocks. How many bits are there in each of the TAG, BLOCK/SET and word field for different mapping techniques?

Unit - V

- a) Write explanatory note on parallel processing.
 - b) What do you mean by pipeline? Explain various pipeline conflicts.

OR

- 10. a) What is an interconnection network? Explain different types of interconnection network.
 - b) Write short note on array processor.