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Total Pages: 3

Third Semester Computer Hardware and Maintenance/Computer Science and Engineering / Information Technology Scheme July 2009

COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE

| | | | | a i be i e i e | | |
|-------------------|--|--|------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Time: Three Hours | | | | Maximum Marks: 100 | | |
| Note: | i) | Attempt total six questions, Question No. I (Objective type) is compulsory. From the remaining questions attempt any five. कुल छः प्रश्न हल कीजिए । प्रश्न क्रमांक I (वस्तुनिष्ठ प्रकार का) अनिवार्थ है । शेष प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पाँच को हल कीजिए । | | | | |
| | i) | • | • | ite, the English version question | | |
| | | should be treated as | | | | |
| | | | - | विवाद की स्थिति में अंग्रेजी भाषा के | | |
| | | प्रश्न को अंतिम माना व | यावनी । | | | |
| 1. Ch | oosc | the correct answer. | | 2 each | | |
| सही | उत्तर | का चयन कीजिए। | | | | |
| i) | Wh | en the CPU detects a | n interr | upt, then it saves its. | | |
| | जब | CPU कोई interrupt | को dete | ect करता है तो वह इस state को | | |
| | | रूप में save करत | ता है | | | |
| | (a) | Previous state | (b) | Next state | | |
| | (c) | Current state | (d) | Both (a) and (b) | | |
| ñ) | Wh | ich shift is used for Sig | gned Bi | nary number. | | |
| | कौन | -सी shift, Signed Bir | nary nu | mber के लिए प्रयोग की जाती है | | |
| | (a) | Logical | (b) | Arithmetic | | |
| | (c) | Both (a) and (b) | (d) | None of above. | | |
| m) | In computer, subtraction is generally carried out by | | | | | |
| | कम्पर् | ट्रर में घटाने का कार्य स | गमान्यत: | से किया जाता है। | | |
| | (a) | | | 10's complements | | |
| | (c) | l's complements | | 2's complements. | | |

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2.

3.

4.

| iv) | Average time to reach storage location in memory and get data | | | | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | औसत समय जो memory तक जाने एवं वहां से data प्राप्त करने में लगता | | | | | | |
| | है कहलाता है | | | | | | |
| | (a) Access time (b) Latency time | | | | | | |
| | (c) Turn around time (d) Response time | | | | | | |
| v) | An address in main memory is called | | | | | | |
| | मेन मेमारी का Address कहलाता है | | | | | | |
| | (a) Logical address (b) Physical address | | | | | | |
| | (c) Memory address (d) Direct address | | | | | | |
| | ,,,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | | | | | |
| a) | Explain three state bus buffer. How it is useful in computer. 9 | | | | | | |
| | Three state bus buffer को समझाइये ये कम्प्यूटर में कैसे उपयोगी है? | | | | | | |
| b) | Describe binary half adder and full adder. 9 | | | | | | |
| U) | बाइनरी half adder एवं full adder को समझाइये। | | | | | | |
| | बाइनरा nam adder एवं 100 adder का सन्त्राह्म | | | | | | |
| a) | Differentiate between register reference instruction and memory | | | | | | |
| | reference instruction Explain each in detail 10 | | | | | | |
| | रजिस्टर रिफरेंस इन्स्ट्रक्शन एवं मेमोरी रिफरेंस इन्स्ट्रक्शन में अंतर स्पष्ट | | | | | | |
| | कीजिए एवं प्रत्येक की विस्तार से समझाइये। | | | | | | |
| b) | What is Instruction Cycle? Explain fetch and decode. | | | | | | |
| | इन्स्ट्रक्शन साइकल क्या है? fetch एवं decode को समझाइये। | | | | | | |
| a) | What do you mean by instruction format? Define 12 | | | | | | |
| -, | इन्स्ट्रक्शन फारमेट से आप यया समझते हैं? निम्न को समझाझ्ये। | | | | | | |
| | i) Three address instruction | | | | | | |
| | Two address instruction | | | | | | |
| | m) One address instruction | | | | | | |
| | (v) Zero address instruction | | | | | | |
| h) | Write various characteristics of CISC and RISC. 6 | | | | | | |
| | CISC एवं RISC की विभिन्न विशेषताएँ लिक्सिए। | | | | | | |

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| 5 . | a) | Explain Asynchronous data transfer in detail. | | |
|------------|------------|--|-------|--|
| | | Asynchronous data transfer को विस्तार से समझाइये। | | |
| | b) | Explain Direct memory access and data Transparency in deta | il. 9 | |
| | | Direct memory access एवं data Trunsparency को विस्तार से समझ | झ्ये | |
| 6. | a) | What is the significance of Virtual Memory in computer? Horis different from auxiliary memory. | w it | |
| | | कम्प्यूटर में virtual memory का क्या महत्त्व है? यह auxiliary mem से कैसे मित्र है? | ory | |
| | b) | Explain Associative mapping and Direct Mapping in detail. | 9 | |
| | | Associative mapping एवं Direct Mapping को विस्तार से समझा | झ्ये। | |
| 7. | . a) | Explain Flynn's classification of parallel processing in detail | 10 | |
| | | Parallel processing के लिए Flynn's classification की विस्तान समझाइये। | : से | |
| | b) | Write a detailed note on pipelining. | 8 | |
| | | Pipelining पर विस्तृत टिप्पणी तिखिए। | | |
| 8 | 8. W | Vrite short note on following | 18 | |
| | F | क्न पर संक्षित टिप्पणी लि खिये। | | |
| | 3 |) Shift nucro operation | | |
| | b | Conditional branch instruction | | |
| | С |) Array processor | | |

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