

Roll No

BE-3001 (AU/ME/CM/MI) (CBGS)**B.E., IV Semester**

Examination, May 2018

Choice Based Grading System (CBGS)**Mathematics - III****Time : Three Hours****Maximum Marks : 70****Note:** i) Attempt any five questions out of eight.

ii) All questions carry equal marks.

1. a) Express $f(x) = x$ as a half range sine series in $0 < x < 2$.
 b) Obtain the Fourier series for the function $f(x) = x^2, -\pi < x < \pi$.

2. a) Find Fourier sine transform of $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$.

- b) Find Fourier cosine transform of $f(x) = e^{-x}$

3. a) Find Fourier cosine transform of $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$

- b) Develop $\sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{l}\right)$ in half range cosine series in the range $0 < x < l$.

4. a) Find Laplace transform of $te^{-4t} \sin 3t$.

- b) Find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{5s+3}{(s-1)(s^2+2s+5)}$.

5. a) Find Laplace transform of

i) $\frac{e^{-at} - e^{-bt}}{t}$

ii) $\sin at - at \cos at$

- b) Using Laplace transform, solve the differential equation $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 4t + e^{3t}$ when $y(0) = 1$ and $y'(0) = -1$.

6. a) Discuss the analyticity of the function $f(z) = \frac{1}{z}$.

- b) Determine the poles of the function

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2}{(z-1)^2(z+2)}$$

and evaluate residue of each pole. rgpvonline.com

7. a) Evaluate $\oint_c \frac{e^z}{(z+1)^2}$, where c is the circle $|z-1| = 3$.

- b) Find the imaginary part of the analytic function whose real part is $x^3 - 3xy^2 + 3x^2 - 3y^2$.

8. a) Use Picard's method to approximate y when $x = 0.2$ given that $y = 1$ when $x = 0$ and $\frac{dy}{dx} = x - y$

- b) Apply Runge-Kutta method to find an approximate value of y when $x = 0.2$, given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$, $y = 1$ when $x = 0$.
