

- d) Derive an expression for the Euler's crippling load for a long column with both ends is fixed. 7

OR

A hollow mild steel tube 6 meter long 4cm internal diameter and 6 mm thick is used as a strut with both ends hinged. Find the crippling load. Take  $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . 7

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Roll No .....

**CE/FT - 303**

**B.E. III Semester**

Examination, June 2014

**Strength of Materials**

*Time : Three Hours*

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*Maximum Marks : 70*

- Note:** i) Answer five questions. In each question part A, B, C is compulsory and D part has internal choice.  
 ii) All parts of each question are to be attempted at one place.  
 iii) All questions carry equal marks, out of which part A and B (Max. 50 words) carry 2 marks, part C (Max. 100 words) carry 3 marks, part D (Max. 400 words) carry 7 marks.  
 iv) Except numericals, Derivation, Design and Drawing etc.

### UNIT – I

1. a) Define the terms principal planes and principal stresses. 2
- b) Define the term obliquity. 2
- c) State Hooke's Law. 3
- d) Derive an expression for Young's modulus in terms of bulk modulus and Poisson's ratio. 7

OR

Find the diameter of a circular bar which is subjected to an axial pull of 160kN, if the maximum allowable shear stress on any section is 65 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. 7

## UNIT – II

2. a) What do you mean by pure bending? 2
- b) What do you understand by moment of resistance? 2
- c) What is the use of conjugate beam method over other methods? 3
- d) A rectangular beam 200mm deep and 300mm wide is simply supported over a span of 8 meter. What uniformly distributed load per meter the beam may carry, if the bending stress is not to exceed 120 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. 7

OR

Prove that the maximum shear stress in a circular section of a beam is 4/3 times the average shears tress. 7

## UNIT – III

3. a) Define the term polar moment of inertia. 2
- b) What is a spring? Name the two important types of spring. 2
- c) What do you mean by 'strength of a shaft'? 3
- d) Determine the maximum strain energy stored in a solid shaft of diameter 10cm and of length 1.25 meter, if the maximum allowable shear stress is 50 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. Take  $C = 8 \times 10^4$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>. 7

OR

A cylinder of thickness 1.5cm has to withstand maximum internal pressure of 1.5 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. If the ultimate tensile stress in the material of the cylinder is 300 N/mm<sup>2</sup>, factor of safety 3.0 and joint efficiency 80%, determine the diameter of the cylinder. 7

## UNIT – IV

4. a) Write down the Winkler - Bach formula. 2
- b) Define principal moment of inertia. 2
- c) What are the assumptions made in the derivation of stress in a curved bar. 3
- d) Find an expression for  $h^2$  for the circular section. 7

OR

Determine the position of neutral axis, when a curved beam of circular section of diameter 100mm is subjected to pure bending moment of 11.5 kN-m. The radius of curvature is 100mm. 7

## UNIT – V

5. a) Define the term crippling load. 2
- b) What is equivalent length of a column? 2
- c) What do you mean by end conditions of a column? 3