

# MULTIPLE RESPONSE REGRESSION MODELS

Cesar Acosta Qile Wang

Department of Industrial and Systems Engineering University of Southern California



Linear regression with one response (LR)

Linear regression with two or more responses (MRLR)



Linear regression with one response (LR)

$$m1 < -lm(y1 \sim x1+x2+x3, data = d1)$$

Linear regression with two or more responses (MRLR)



Linear regression with one response (LR)

$$m1 < -lm(y1 \sim x1+x2+x3, data = d1)$$

Linear regression with two or more responses (MRLR)

$$m12 \leftarrow lm(c(y1,y2) \sim x1+x2+x3, data = d1)$$



$$m1 < -lm(y1 \sim x1+x2+x3, data = d1)$$

$$m2 < -lm(y2 \sim x1+x2+x3, data = d1)$$

$$m12 \leftarrow lm(c(y1,y2) \sim x1+x2+x3, data = d1)$$



- Differences LR vs MRLR
- When should each be used?
- How to build a MRLR?
- Selecting predictors
- Making predictions



# **Examples**

- 4 responses, 2 predictors
- 2 responses, 5 predictors



- MRLR is a linear regression model with two or more responses
- Responses are correlated

and share same predictors



# Example 1



# Dataframe of 11 car attributes

- Miles/(US) gallon mpg
- Number of cylinders cyl
- Displacement (cu.in.) disp
- Gross horsepower hp
- Rear axle ratio drat
- Weight (1000 lbs) wt

- 1/4 mile time qsec
- Engine (0 = V-shaped, 1 = straight) vs
- Transmission (0 = automatic, 1 = manual) am
- Number of forward gears gear
- Number of carburetors carb



mpg	disp	hp	wt	cyl	am	carb	qsec	vs	gear	drat
21	160	110	2.62	6	1	4	16.46	0	4	3.9
21	160	110	2.875	6	1	4	17.02	0	4	3.9
22.8	108	93	2.32	4	1	1	18.61	1	4	3.85
21.4	258	110	3.215	6	0	1	19.44	1	3	3.08
18.7	360	175	3.44	8	0	2	17.02	0	3	3.15
18.1	225	105	3.46	6	0	1	20.22	1	3	2.76
14.3	360	245	3.57	8	0	4	15.84	0	3	3.21
24.4	146.7	62	3.19	4	0	2	20	1	4	3.69
22.8	140.8	95	3.15	4	0	2	22.9	1	4	3.92
19.2	167.6	123	3.44	6	0	4	18.3	1	4	3.92
17.8	167.6	123	3.44	6	0	4	18.9	1	4	3.92



mpg	disp	hp	wt	cyl	am	carb
21	160	110	2.62	6	1	4
21	160	110	2.875	6	1	4
22.8	108	93	2.32	4	1	1
21.4	258	110	3.215	6	0	1
18.7	360	175	3.44	8	0	2
18.1	225	105	3.46	6	0	1
14.3	360	245	3.57	8	0	4
24.4	146.7	62	3.19	4	0	2
22.8	140.8	95	3.15	4	0	2
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mpg	disp	hp	wt	cyl	am	carb
21	160	110	2.62	6	1	4
21	160	110	2.875	6	1	4
22.8	108	93	2.32	4	1	1
21.4	258	110	3.215	6	0	1
18.7	360	175	3.44	8	0	2
18.1	225	105	3.46	6	0	1
14.3	360	245	3.57	8	0	4
24.4	146.7	62	3.19	4	0	2
22.8	140.8	95	3.15	4	0	2
19.2	167.6	123	3.44	6	0	4
17.8	167.6	123	3.44	6	0	4

cyl as a factor (categorical variable)



# predictors

mpg	disp	hp	wt	cyl	am	carb
21	160	110	2.62	6	1	4
21	160	110	2.875	6	1	4
22.8	108	93	2.32	4	1	1
21.4	258	110	3.215	6	0	1
18.7	360	175	3.44	8	0	2
18.1	225	105	3.46	6	0	1
14.3	360	245	3.57	8	0	4
24.4	146.7	62	3.19	4	0	2
22.8	140.8	95	3.15	4	0	2
19.2	167.6	123	3.44	6	0	4
17.8	167.6	123	3.44	6	0	4



# Im(mpg ~ cyl + am + carb, mtcars)

mpg	disp	hp	wt	cyl	am	carb
21	160	110	2.62	6	1	4
21	160	110	2.875	6	1	4
22.8	108	93	2.32	4	1	1
21.4	258	110	3.215	6	0	1
18.7	360	175	3.44	8	0	2
18.1	225	105	3.46	6	0	1
14.3	360	245	3.57	8	0	4
24.4	146.7	62	3.19	4	0	2
22.8	140.8	95	3.15	4	0	2
19.2	167.6	123	3.44	6	0	4
17.8	167.6	123	3.44	6	0	4



# Im(disp ~ cyl + am + carb, mtcars)

mpg	disp	hp	wt	cyl	am	carb
21	160	110	2.62	6	1	4
21	160	110	2.875	6	1	4
22.8	108	93	2.32	4	1	1
21.4	258	110	3.215	6	0	1
18.7	360	175	3.44	8	0	2
18.1	225	105	3.46	6	0	1
14.3	360	245	3.57	8	0	4
24.4	146.7	62	3.19	4	0	2
22.8	140.8	95	3.15	4	0	2
19.2	167.6	123	3.44	6	0	4
17.8	167.6	123	3.44	6	0	4



# Im(hp ~ cyl + am + carb, mtcars)

mpg	disp	hp	wt	cyl	am	carb
21	160	110	2.62	6	1	4
21	160	110	2.875	6	1	4
22.8	108	93	2.32	4	1	1
21.4	258	110	3.215	6	0	1
18.7	360	175	3.44	8	0	2
18.1	225	105	3.46	6	0	1
14.3	360	245	3.57	8	0	4
24.4	146.7	62	3.19	4	0	2
22.8	140.8	95	3.15	4	0	2
19.2	167.6	123	3.44	6	0	4
17.8	167.6	123	3.44	6	0	4



# model with 4 responses and 3 predictors

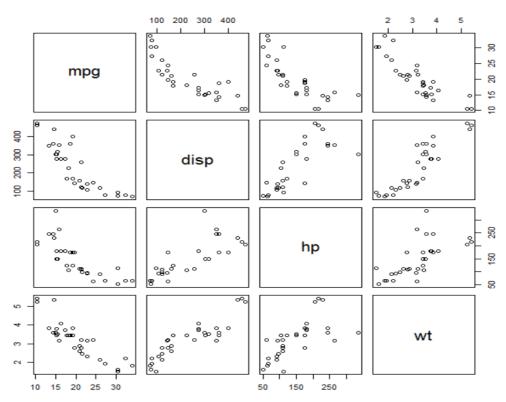
mpg	disp	hp	wt	cyl	am	carb
21	160	110	2.62	6	1	4
21	160	110	2.875	6	1	4
22.8	108	93	2.32	4	1	1
21.4	258	110	3.215	6	0	1
18.7	360	175	3.44	8	0	2
18.1	225	105	3.46	6	0	1
14.3	360	245	3.57	8	0	4
24.4	146.7	62	3.19	4	0	2
22.8	140.8	95	3.15	4	0	2
19.2	167.6	123	3.44	6	0	4
17.8	167.6	123	3.44	6	0	4



# responses are correlated

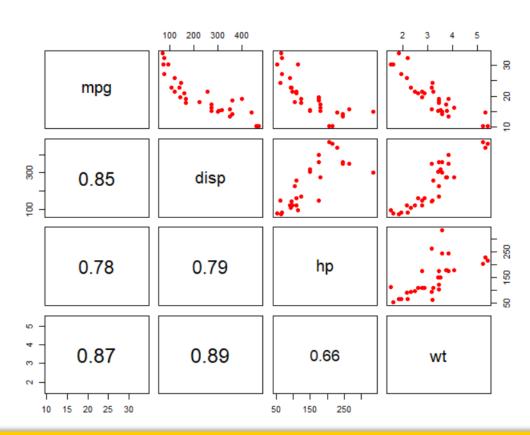
d1 = mtcars[,c("mpg","disp","hp","wt")]

pairs(d1)





# responses are correlated





#### **MRLR vs MLR**

If the responses are correlated,

MRLR model will result in more accurate

predictions



# building the model

```
y <- mtcars[,c("mpg","disp","hp","wt")]
y <- as.matrix(y)
mv1 <- lm(y ~ cyl + am + carb, mtcars)</pre>
```

mpg	disp	hp	wt
21	160	110	2.62
21	160	110	2.875
22.8	108	93	2.32
21.4	258	110	3.215
18.7	360	175	3.44
18.1	225	105	3.46
14.3	360	245	3.57
24.4	146.7	62	3.19
22.8	140.8	95	3.15
19.2	167.6	123	3.44
17.8	167.6	123	3.44



# building the model

```
y <- mtcars[,c("mpg","disp","hp","wt")]
y <- as.matrix(y)
mv1 <- lm(y ~ cyl + am + carb, mtcars)
summary(mv1)</pre>
```

mpg	disp	hp	wt
21	160	110	2.62
21	160	110	2.875
22.8	108	93	2.32
21.4	258	110	3.215
18.7	360	175	3.44
18.1	225	105	3.46
14.3	360	245	3.57
24.4	146.7	62	3.19
22.8	140.8	95	3.15
19.2	167.6	123	3.44
17.8	167.6	123	3.44



#### Response mpg

#### Coefficients:

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|) (Intercept) 25.3203 1.2238 20.690 < 2e-16 *** cyl6 -3.5494 1.7296 -2.052 0.049959 * cyl8 -6.9046 1.8078 -3.819 0.000712 *** am 4.2268 1.3499 3.131 0.004156 ** carb -1.1199 0.4354 -2.572 0.015923 *
```

```
Residual standard error: 2.805 on 27 degrees of freedom
```

Multiple R-squared: 0.8113, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7834

F-statistic: 29.03 on 4 and 27 DF, p-value: 1.991e-09



Response disp

#### Coefficients:

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 134.325 21.836 6.152 1.42e-06 ***

cyl6 61.843 30.860 2.004 0.0552 .

cyl8 218.991 32.256 6.789 2.72e-07 ***

am -43.803 24.086 -1.819 0.0801 .

carb 1.726 7.768 0.222 0.8258
```

```
Residual standard error: 50.05 on 27 degrees of freedom
```

Multiple R-squared: 0.858, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8369

F-statistic: 40.78 on 4 and 27 DF, p-value: 4.537e-11



Response hp

#### Coefficients:

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 46.5201 10.4825 4.438 0.000138 ***

cyl6 0.9116 14.8146 0.062 0.951386

cyl8 87.5911 15.4851 5.656 5.25e-06 ***

am 4.4473 11.5629 0.385 0.703536

carb 21.2765 3.7291 5.706 4.61e-06 ***
```

```
Residual standard error: 24.03 on 27 degrees of freedom
```

Multiple R-squared: 0.893, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8772

F-statistic: 56.36 on 4 and 27 DF, p-value: 1.023e-12



#### coef(mv1)

```
disp
                                       hp
                 mpg
                                                  wt
(Intercept) 25.320303 134.32487 46.5201421 2.7612069
cyl6
           -3.549419
                      61.84324
                                0.9116288
                                           0.1957229
cyl8
        -6.904637 218.99063 87.5910956 0.7723077
           4.226774 -43.80256 4.4472569 -1.0254749
am
carb
           -1.119855
                       1.72629 21.2764930
                                           0.1749132
```



```
coef(mv1)
```

```
disp
                mpg
                                    hp
                                              wt
(Intercept) 25.320303 134.32487 46.5201421 2.7612069
cyl6
     -3.549419 61.84324 0.9116288 0.1957229
cyl8 -6.904637 218.99063 87.5910956 0.7723077
        4.226774 -43.80256 4.4472569 -1.0254749
am
                      1.72629 21.2764930 0.1749132
carb
           -1.119855
m1 \leftarrow lm(mpg \sim cyl + am + carb, data = mtcars)
coef(m1)
(Intercept) cyl6 cyl8
                                                  carb
                                         am
 25.320303 -3.549419 -6.904637 4.226774 -1.119855
```



```
coef(mv1)
```

```
disp
                  mpg
                                        hp
                                                   wt
(Intercept) 25.320303 134.32487 46.5201421 2.7612069
cyl6
            -3.549419 61.84324
                                 0.9116288
                                            0.1957229
cyl8
            -6.904637 218.99063 87.5910956 0.7723077
             4.226774 -43.80256 4.4472569 -1.0254749
am
            -1.119855
                        1.72629 21.2764930
                                            0.1749132
carb
```



```
coef(mv1)
```

```
disp
                  mpg
                                         hp
                                                    wt
(Intercept) 25.320303 134.32487 46.5201421
                                             2.7612069
cyl6
            -3.549419 61.84324
                                  0.9116288
                                             0.1957229
         -6.904637 218.99063 87.5910956 0.7723077
cyl8
            4.226774 -43.80256
                                  4.4472569 -1.0254749
am
            -1.119855
                         1.72629 21.2764930
                                             0.1749132
carb
m2 \leftarrow lm(disp \sim cyl + am + carb, data = mtcars)
coef(m2)
(Intercept)
                   cv16
                                cv18
                                                         carb
                                              am
  134.32487
               61.84324
                           218.99063
                                       -43.80256
                                                      1.72629
```



# **EXAMPLE 1 – prediction**

Predict attributes (mpg, disp, hp, wt) of a car with

- 6 cylinders
- 4 carburetors
- automatic transmission



# **EXAMPLE 1 – prediction**

Predict attributes (mpg, disp, hp, wt) of a car with

- 6 cylinders
- 4 carburetors
- automatic transmission

```
newdata <- data.frame(cyl=factor(6,levels=c(4,6,8)),am=1,carb=4)</pre>
```

using MRLR



```
# confidence interval
predict(mv1, newdata, interval="confidence")
# mpg disp hp wt
# 1 21.51824 159.2707 136.985 2.631108
```



```
# confidence interval
predict(mv1, newdata, interval="confidence")
# mpg disp hp wt
# 1 21.51824 159.2707 136.985 2.631108

# prediction interval
predict(mv1, newdata, interval="prediction")
# mpg disp hp wt
# 1 21.51824 159.2707 136.985 2.631108
```



```
# confidence interval
predict(mv1, newdata, interval="confidence")
                    hp
            disp
#
                                  wt
        mpg
 1 21.51824 159.2707 136.985 2.631108
                                                       No intervals
# prediction interval
predict(mv1, newdata, interval="prediction")
#
                disp
                         hp
                                  wt
        mpg
 1 21.51824 159.2707 136.985 2.631108
```



```
Use function predictmlm()
```

```
predictmlm(mv1,newdata, level, interval)
```



# **EXAMPLE 1 – confidence and prediction intervals**

```
# prediction interval
predictmlm(mv1,newdata, level = 0.90, interval="prediction")
# mpg disp hp wt
#fit 21.51824 159.27070 136.98500 2.631108
#lwr 14.22005 29.05134 74.47169 1.311195
#upr 28.81643 289.49007 199.49831 3.951020
```



# **EXAMPLE 1 – confidence and prediction intervals**

```
# prediction interval

predictmlm(mv1,newdata, level = 0.90, interval="prediction")

# mpg disp hp wt Not provided
#fit 21.51824 159.27070 136.98500 2.631108 by predict()

#lwr 14.22005 29.05134 74.47169 1.311195

#upr 28.81643 289.49007 199.49831 3.951020
```



Predict attributes (mpg, disp, hp, wt) of the following cars

mpg	disp	hp	wt	cyl	am	carb
				4	no	2
				6	yes	4
				8	yes	6



Predict attributes (mpg, disp, hp, wt) of the following cars

mpg	disp	hp	wt	cyl	am	carb
				4	no	2
				6	yes	4
				8	yes	6

newdata <- data.frame(cyl=factor(c(4,6,8), levels=c(4,6,8)), 
$$am=c(0,1,1), carb=c(2,4,6))$$



```
predictmlm(mv1, newdata, level = 0.90, interval="prediction")

#, , fit

# mpg disp hp wt

#1 23.08059 137.7774 89.07313 3.111033

#2 21.51824 159.2707 136.98500 2.631108

#3 15.92331 319.8707 266.21745 3.557519
```



```
, , lwr
                disp
                            hp
                                   wt
      mpg
1 15.66456
                     25.55042 1.769808
          5.455441
2 14,22005
           29.051343 74.47169 1.311195
  8.51807 187.741239 202.78719 2.218245
, upr
              disp hp
                                 wt
      mpg
1 30.49663 270.0994 152.5958 4.452259
2 28.81643 289.4901 199.4983 3.951020
 23.32856 452.0001 329.6477 4.896792
```



```
, , lwr
                disp
                            hp
                                     wt
      mpg
                      25.55042 1.769808
1 15,66456
           5.455441
                                                         lower
2 14,22005
           29.051343 74.47169 1.311195
                                                         boundaries
  8.51807 187.741239 202.78719 2.218245
upr ر ر
                    hp
              disp
                                  wt
      mpg
1 30.49663 270.0994 152.5958 4.452259
                                                         upper
2 28.81643 289.4901 199.4983 3.951020
                                                         boundaries
 23.32856 452.0001 329.6477 4.896792
```



predicted

mpg	disp	hp	wt	cyl	am	carb
23.08	137.77	89.07	3.11	4	no	2
21.51	159.27	136.98	2.63	6	yes	4
15.92	319.87	266.21	3.55	8	yes	6



lower boundary

,·	mpg	disp	hp	wt	cyl	am	carb
	15.66	5.45	25.55	1.77	4	no	2
	14.22	29.05	74.47	1.31	6	yes	4
	8.52	187.74	202.78	2.22	8	yes	6

predicted

mpg	disp	hp	wt	cyl	am	carb
23.08	137.77	89.07	3.11	4	no	2
21.51	159.27	136.98	2.63	6	yes	4
15.92	319.87	266.21	3.55	8	yes	6

mpg	disp	hp	wt	cyl	am	carb
30.49	270.09	152.59	4.45	4	no	2
28.81	289.49	199.49	3.95	6	yes	4
23.32	452.00	329.65	4.89	8	yes	6

upper boundary



# **EXAMPLE 1 – new MRLR predict function**

function predictmlm()
can be found in our Github sites



# Example 2



Drug, *amitriptyline*, is prescribed as an antidepressant. Possible side effects

- irregular heartbeat
- abnormal blood pressure
- irregular waves on the electrocardiogram
- others

Data from patients who were admitted to the hospital ER after an overdose follow



тот	AMI	GEN	AMT	PR	DIAP	QRS
3389	3149	1	7500	220	0	140
1101	653	1	1975	200	0	100
1131	810	0	3600	205	60	111
596	448	1	675	160	60	120
896	844	1	750	185	70	83
1767	1450	1	2500	180	60	80
807	493	1	350	154	80	98
1111	941	0	1500	200	70	93
645	547	1	375	137	60	105
628	392	1	1050	167	60	74
1360	1283	1	3000	180	60	80
652	458	1	450	160	64	60
860	722	1	1750	135	90	79
500	384	0	2000	160	60	80
781	501	0	4500	180	0	100
1070	405	0	1500	170	90	120
1754	1520	1	3000	180	0	129

TOT	Total TCAD plasma level
AMI	Amount of amitriptyline
	present in TCAD plasma level
GEN	1 female, 0 male
AMT	Amount of antidepressant
	at time of overdose
PR	PR wave measurement
DIAP	Diastolic blood pressure
QRS	wave measurement



тот	AMI	GEN	AMT	PR	DIAP	QRS
3389	3149	1	7500	220	0	140
1101	653	1	1975	200	0	100
1131	810	0	3600	205	60	111
596	448	1	675	160	60	120
896	844	1	750	185	70	83
1767	1450	1	2500	180	60	80
807	493	1	350	154	80	98
1111	941	0	1500	200	70	93
645	547	1	375	137	60	105
628	392	1	1050	167	60	74
1360	1283	1	3000	180	60	80
652	458	1	450	160	64	60
860	722	1	1750	135	90	79
500	384	0	2000	160	60	80
781	501	0	4500	180	0	100
1070	405	0	1500	170	90	120
1754	1520	1	3000	180	0	129

TOT	Total TCAD plasma level
AMI	Amount of amitriptyline
	present in TCAD plasma level
GEN	1 female, 0 male
<b>AMT</b>	Amount of antidepressant
	at time of overdose
PR	PR wave measurement
DIAP	Diastolic blood pressure
QRS	wave measurement



d1

тот	AMI	GEN	AMT	PR	DIAP	QRS
3389	3149	1	7500	220	0	140
1101	653	1	1975	200	0	100
1131	810	0	3600	205	60	111
596	448	1	675	160	60	120
896	844	1	750	185	70	83
1767	1450	1	2500	180	60	80
807	493	1	350	154	80	98
1111	941	0	1500	200	70	93
645	547	1	375	137	60	105
628	392	1	1050	167	60	74
1360	1283	1	3000	180	60	80
652	458	1	450	160	64	60
860	722	1	1750	135	90	79
500	384	0	2000	160	60	80
781	501	0	4500	180	0	100
1070	405	0	1500	170	90	120
1754	1520	1	3000	180	0	129

TOT	Total TCAD plasma level
AMI	Amount of amitriptyline
	present in TCAD plasma level
GEN	1 female, 0 male
AMT	Amount of antidepressant
	at time of overdose
PR	PR wave measurement
DIAP	Diastolic blood pressure
QRS	wave measurement



Model with two responses

$$mlm1 \leftarrow lm(cbind(TOT, AMI) \sim GEN + AMT + PR + DIAP + QRS,d1)$$

Models with one response

$$m11 \leftarrow lm(TOT \sim GEN + AMT + PR + DIAP + QRS, d1)$$

$$m22 \leftarrow lm(AMI \sim GEN + AMT + PR + DIAP + QRS,d1)$$



```
Model with two responses
```

```
mlm1 <- lm(cbind(TOT, AMI) ~ GEN + AMT + PR + DIAP + QRS,d1)
```

Assumption: TOT, AMI are correlated

Models with one response

```
m11 \leftarrow lm(TOT \sim GEN + AMT + PR + DIAP + QRS,d1)
```

$$m22 \leftarrow lm(AMI \sim GEN + AMT + PR + DIAP + QRS,d1)$$

Assumption: TOT, AMI are not correlated



TOT 1.0000000 0.9760717

AMI 0.9760717 1.0000000

```
Model with two responses
mlm1 <- lm(cbind(TOT, AMI) ~ GEN + AMT + PR + DIAP + QRS,d1)
   Assumption: TOT, AMI are correlated

cor(d1[,1:2])
   TOT   AMT</pre>
```



```
Jointly test predictors
Anova(mlm1)
#Type II MANOVA Tests: Pillai test statistic
     Df test stat approx F num Df den Df
                                          Pr(>F)
#
#GEN
          0.65521
                    9.5015
                                     10 0.004873 **
#AMT
          0.69097
                   11.1795
                                     10 0.002819 **
          0.34649
                   2.6509
                                     10 0.119200
#PR
#DTAP
          0.32381 2.3944
                                     10 0.141361
                    2.0606
                               2
#QRS
          0.29184
                                     10 0.178092
```



```
Jointly test predictors
Anova(mlm1)
                                            library car
#Type II MANOVA Tests: Pillai test statistic
     Df test stat approx F num Df den Df
#
                                          Pr(>F)
#GEN
          0.65521
                    9.5015
                                      10 0.004873 **
#AMT
          0.69097
                   11.1795
                                     10 0.002819 **
          0.34649
                    2.6509
                                      10 0.119200
#PR
#DTAP
          0.32381 2.3944
                                     10 0.141361
                    2.0606
                                2
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                   11.1795
                                     10 0.119200
          0.34649
                   2.6509
#PR
                                     10 0.141361
#DIAP
          0.32381 2.3944
                                     10\0.178092
                   2.0606
#QRS
          0.29184
```



```
m1 <- lm((TOT
               GEN + AMT + PR + DIAP + QRS, data = d1)
Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                   -3.224 0.008108 **
(Intercept) -2.879e+03
                        8.933e+02
             6.757e+02
                        1.621e+02
                                    4.169 0.001565 **
GEN
                                    4.677 0.000675 ***
             2.848e-01 6.091e-02
AMT
                                    2.414 0.034358 *
             1.027e+01 4.255e+00
PR
                                    2.248 0.046026
DIAP
             7.251e+00 3.225e+00
                                    1.974\0.074006
ORS
             7.598e+00 3.849e+00
```



```
Jointly test predictors
Anova(mlm1)
                                           library car
#Type II MANOVA Tests: Pillai test statistic
     Df test stat approx F num Df den Df
#
                                          Pr(>F)
#GEN
          0.65521
                    9.5015
                                     10 0.004873 **
                                     10 0.002819 **
#AMT
          0.69097
                   11.1795
                                     10 0.119200
          0.34649
                   2.6509
#PR
                                     10 0.141361
#DIAP
          0.32381 2.3944
                                     10\0.178092
                   2.0606
#QRS
          0.29184
```



Simplify the model

```
mlm2 <- update(mlm1, . \sim . - PR - DIAP - QRS)
```

or

$$mlm2 \leftarrow lm(cbind(TOT, AMI) \sim GEN + AMT, d1)$$



```
Predict TOT and AMI for a female with overdose 1200 mg. (consider two linear regression models)
```

```
newval <- data.frame(GEN = 1, AMT = 1200)
m11 <- lm(TOT ~ GEN + AMT,d1)
m22 <- lm(AMI ~ GEN + AMT,d1)</pre>
```



```
Predict TOT with a linear regression model
predict(m11, newval, level=0.90, interval="predict")
 fit lwr upr
#
#1 958.5473 297.8818 1619.213
Predict AMI with a linear regression models
predict(m22,newval,level=0.90,interval="predict")
       fit lwr
#
                        upr
#1 754.0677 127.2403 1380.895
```



Prediction for TOT

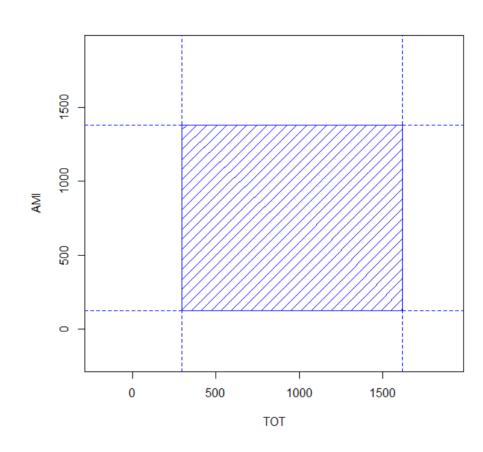
# fit lwr upr

#1 958.5473 297.8818 1619.213

Prediction for AMI

# fit lwr upr

#1 754.0677 127.2403 1380.895





```
Predict TOT and AMI for a female with overdose 1200 mg.

(use MRLR)

predict(mlm2,newval,interval="predict")

# TOT AMI

#1 958.5473 754.0677
```

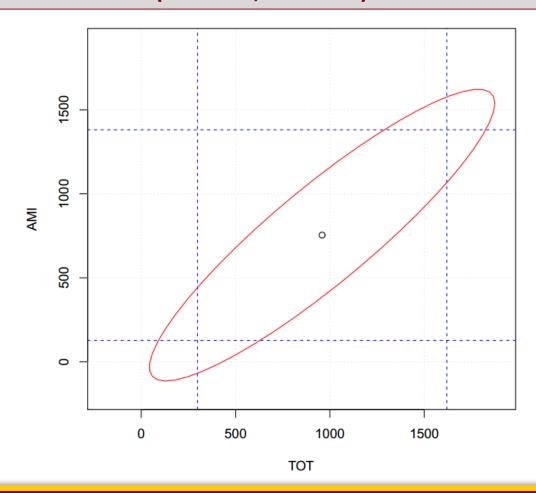
no prediction interval



Plot prediction region

plotellipse(mlm2, newval, level, interval)







To plot the prediction region

plotellipse(mlm2, newval, level, interval="prediction")

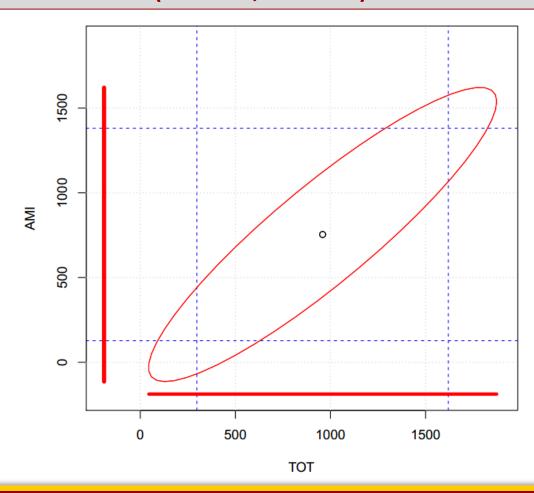


To get individual prediction intervals

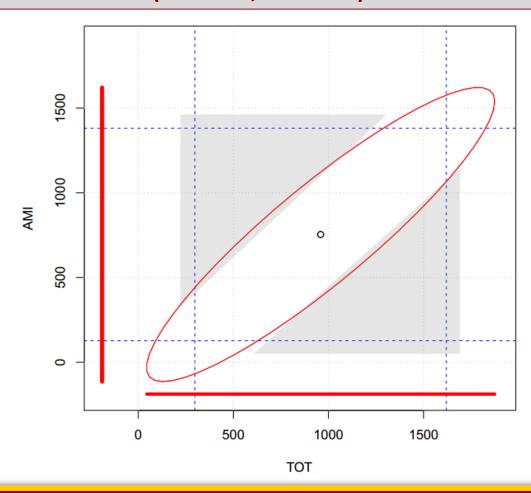
predictmlm(mlm2, newval, level=0.90, interval="prediction")

```
# TOT AMI
# fit 958.5473 754.06767
# lwr 138.7838 -23.70903
# upr 1778.3108 1531.84437
```











To plot prediction region

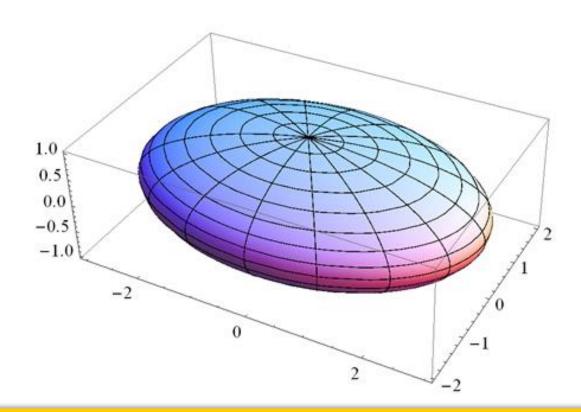
plotellipse(mlm2, newval, level, interval="prediction")

To get individual prediction intervals

predictmlm(mlm2, newval, level=0.90, interval="prediction")

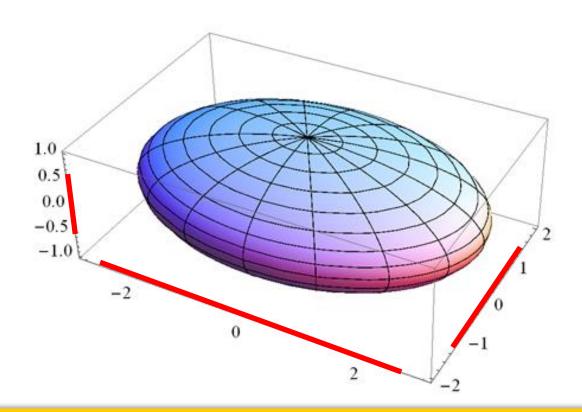


# For three responses - ellipsoid





# For three responses - prediction intervals





#### **MRLR** model

# For more than two responses

- do not plot the prediction region
- but find prediction intervals



# Conclusions



#### **CONCLUSIONS**

- MRLR is a linear regression model with two or more responses
- Should be used when responses are correlated and share same predictors
- R base does not provide MRLR prediction intervals use predictmlm()



#### **PERSONAL DATA**

# Cesar Acosta

acostame@usc.edu

**Professor** 

University of Southern California

Department of Industrial and Systems Engineering

github.com/cesar-acosta



#### **PERSONAL DATA**

# Qile Wang

qilewang@usc.edu

MS Analytics - student

University of Southern California

Department of Industrial and Systems Engineering



# **MULTIPLE RESPONSE REGRESSION MODELS**

# Thank you!



# **MULTIPLE RESPONSE REGRESSION MODELS**

# Questions?