MIS7420

Prof. Zhiqiang Zheng, Prof. Vijay Mookerjee

Author: Yihong Liu,

NETID: YXL180111,

Contents

Li	ist of Figures	4	:
Li	ist of Tables	5	,
Li	ist of Codes	6	í
1	Data Cleaning Process	7	
2	Paper Replication	10)
	2.1 Table 1	10	,
	2.2 Table 2	11	
	2.3 Table 3	12	
	2.4 Table 4	16	,
	2.5 Table 5	17	
	2.6 Table 6	18	
	2.7 Table 7	19	,
	2.8 Table 8	20	1
	2.9 Table 9	21	
	2.10 Table 10	22	
	2.11 Table 11	23	,
	2.12 Table 12	25	
	2.13 Table 13	26	,
	2.14 Table 14	28	,
	2.15 Table C1	29	
	2.16 Table D1-D4	31	
	2.16.1 Table D1	31	
	2.16.2 Table D2	32	
	2.16.3 Table D3	33	,
	2.17 Table E1-E3	34	
	2.17.1 Table E1	34	
	2.17.2 Table E2	35	,
	2.17.3 Table E3	36	1
	2.18 Table G1-G3	37	
	2.18.1 Table G1	37	
	2.18.2 Table G2	38	
	2.18.3 Table G3	39	

3	Adv	vanced Method	40
	3.1	Generalized Synthetic Control Method	40
	3.2	PSM and LA-PSM	40
	3.3	Causal Forest	40
4	Refe	erences	41

List of Figures

List of Tables

1	Summary Statistics of Top Five Vendors by Sales Volume	10
2	Summary Statistics of Referring Domain Categories	11
3	Average Difference-in-Difference (DID) of the Outcome Variables	12
4	Results of the Sales Effect (All Product Categories)	16
5	Results of the Search Effect (All Product Categories)	17
6	Results of the Sales Effect: Experience and Search Products	18
7	Results of the Online Search Effect: Experience Products	19
8	Results of the Online Search Effect: Search Products	20
9	Results of Logistic Regression for Referring Domain	21
10	Results of the Online Sales and Search Effect (All Product Categories)	22
11	Results of the Online Sales and Search Effect After Matching Zip Codes: TotalMonthlySales,	
	PagesPerDollar, and MinsPerDollar (All Product Categories)	23
12	Results of the Online Sales and Search Effect with Zip Code Demographics as Interactions	
	and Time Fixed Effects (All Product Categories)	25
13	Results of the Online Sales and Search Effect After Matching Zip Codes: TotalMonthlySales,	
	PagesPerDollar, and MinsPerDollar (All Product Categories)	26
14	Results of the Online Sales and Search Effect with Arbitrary Variance-Covariance Matrix	
	Corrections (All Product Categories)	28
15	Change in Demographics after Circuit City Store Closure	29
16	Search Intensity Effects on Sales for Amazon	31
17	Product Characteristics Effects on Search Intensity for Amazon	32
18	Product Characteristics Effects on Search Intensity for Amazon	33
19	Results of the Sales Effect (All Product Categories)	34
20	Results of the Online Search Effect (All Product Categories)	35
21	Results of the Online Search Effect (All Product Categories)	36
22	Results of the Sales Effect (Music, Movies and Videos, Console Video Games)	37
23	Results of the Sales Effect (All Products; All Online Sellers in the Control Group)	38
24	Effect Referring Domain on Amazon Sales	39

List of Codes

1	Data Preprocess	7
2	Table 1 Generation	10
3	Table 2 Generation	11
4	Table 3 Generation	12
5	Table 4 Generation	16
6	Table 5 Generation	17
7	Table 6 Generation	18
8	Table 7 Generation	19
9	Table 8 Generation	20
10	Table 9 Generation	21
11	Table 10 Generation	22
12	Table 11 Generation	23
13	Table 12 Generation	25
14	Table 13 Generation	26
15	Table 14 Generation	28
16	Table C1 Generation	29
17	Table D1 Generation	31
18	Table D2 Generation	32
19	Table D3 Generation	33
20	Table E1 Generation	34
21	Table E2 Generation	35
22	Table E3 Generation	36
23	Table G1 Generation	37
24	Table G2 Generation	38
25	Table G3 Generation	39

1 Data Cleaning Process

In this section, we present our codes for data cleaning and panel data preparation. Package dplyr Wickham et al. (2015), haven Wickham and Miller (2018), sqldf Grothendieck (2017), zoo Zeileis and Grothendieck (2005), plm Croissant et al. (2008), are used in this process.

Notice that the provided data only contain users' browsing transactions with purchase. When we apply search engine filter on reference domain, besides google.com, yahoo.com, bing.com, some other search engines (msn.com, aol.com, live.com, mywebsearch.com) and five vendors (amazon.com, staples.com, dell.com, walmart.com, bestbuy.com) are also involved. For product categories, we only consider those sold at Circuit City and exclude three other types (Business machines, Office furniture, Office supplies).

For CCStorePresent, its value is the same as Store_Close_Status in original data. And we set AfterStoreClosing to 0 if the time of user transaction is before November, 2008 and 1 otherwise. For BBStorePresent, we set it as 1 for user transactions if there's any Best Buy stores around user's location and 0 otherwise, using the bestbuyzipcodes_sample dataset. NoReferringDomain is the variable we construct if the user directly came to the target website without any referring domain. And ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine is the variable we construct if the user was referred by search engine to the target website.

Finally, two panel data are constructed by concatenating sales_allotherzipcode with sales_ccity0mile and sales_ccity5mile. After the concatenation and aggregation, we found that the built panel data are unbalanced, in a sense that, for instance, zip_code 75080 only has 2 records, instead of 24 (2 years). It happens because (a) the provided data are a small sample from the whole original one; (b) the original data might not cover the full 2 years period. Unbalanced panel data has been studied by many researchers Baltagi and Song (2006), like unbalanced seemingly unrelated regression McDowell (2004). Here we adopt a naive solution: we impute the missing values for one zip_code by averaging those non-missing values of this zip_code.

```
# load library
 2 library('dplyr')
3 library('haven')
   library('sqldf')
5 library('zoo')
6 library('plm')
7 library('stargazer')
10 bb_zipcode_path <- 'data/bestbuyzipcodes_sample.sas7bdat'
11 sales_allother_zipcode_path <- 'data/sales_allotherzipcode_sample.sas7bdat'
12 sales_cc_Omile_path <- 'data/sales_ccityOmilezipcode_sample.sas7bdat
13 sales_cc_5miles_path <- 'data/sales_ccity5milezipcode_sample.sas7bdat
14
16 bb_zipcode <- read_sas(bb_zipcode_path)
17 sales_allother_zipcode <- read_sas(sales_allother_zipcode_path)
18 sales_cc_Omile <- read_sas(sales_cc_Omile_path)
19 sales_cc_5miles <- read_sas(sales_cc_5miles_path)
21 # Data Mapping
22 sales_allother_zipcode$Store_Close_Status <- 0 # NaN means no CC in 5-miles radius, we change NaN to 0
24 # Exclude Data without purchase
25 # All data should be with purchase -> tran_flg == 1
```

```
26 sales_allother_zipcode <- sales_allother_zipcode[sales_allother_zipcode$tran_flg == 1,]
27 sales_cc_Omile <- sales_cc_Omile[sales_cc_Omile$tran_flg == 1,]
28 sales_cc_5miles <- sales_cc_5miles[sales_cc_5miles$tran_flg == 1,]
29
30 # Filter Referring Domain
31
32 # groupby ref_domain and count
33 groupby_ref_domain_result <- aggregate(machine_id ~ ref_domain_name, rbind(sales_allother_zipcode, sales_cc_0mile, sales_cc_5miles), FUN = "length"
34 groupby_ref_domain_result <- groupby_ref_domain_result[order(-groupby_ref_domain_result$machine_id), ]
35 # we identify some search engines
36 search_engine_to_consider1 <- c("GOOGLE.COM", "YAHOO.COM", "google.com", "yahoo.com",
37
                                 "MSN.COM", "msn.com", "aol.com", "AOL.COM", "LIVE.COM", "live.com",
                                "MYWEBSEARCH.COM", "ASK.COM", "MYWAY.COM", "mywebsearch.com",
38
39
                                "ask.com", "YAHOO.NET", "BIZRATE.COM", "bizrate.com",
40
                                "amazon.com", "staples.com", "dell.com", "walmart.com", "bestbuy.com",
                                "AMAZON.COM", "STAPLES.COM", "DELL.COM", "WALMART.COM", "BESTBUY.COM")
41
42
43 search_engine_to_consider2 <- c("GOOGLE.COM", "YAHOO.COM", "BING.COM", "google.com", "yahoo.com", "bing.com")
45 ref_domain_to_consider1 <- c("", "GOOGLE.COM", "YAHOO.COM", "google.com", "yahoo.com",
                                "MSN.COM", "msn.com", "aol.com", "AOL.COM", "LIVE.COM", "live.com",
46
47
                                 "MYWEBSEARCH.COM", "ASK.COM", "MYWAY.COM", "mywebsearch.com",
48
                                "ask.com", "YAHOO.NET", "BIZRATE.COM", "bizrate.com",
49
                                "amazon.com", "staples.com", "dell.com", "walmart.com", "bestbuy.com",
50
                                "AMAZON.COM". "STAPLES.COM". "DELL.COM". "WALMART.COM". "BESTBUY.COM")
51
52 ref_domain_to_consider2 <- c("", "GOOGLE.COM", "YAHOO.COM", "BING.COM", "google.com", "yahoo.com", "bing.com")
53
54 # Then we filter data by refer domain name
55 sales_allother_zipcode <- sales_allother_zipcode (sales_allother_zipcode ref_domain_name %in% ref_domain_to_consider1),]
56 sales_cc_Omile <- sales_cc_Omile[(sales_cc_Omile$ref_domain_name %in% ref_domain_to_consider1),]
57 sales_cc_5miles <- sales_cc_5miles[(sales_cc_5miles$ref_domain_name %in% ref_domain_to_consider1),]
59 # Filter Target Domain Name
60 groupby_target_domain_result <- aggregate(machine_id ~ domain_name, rbind(sales_allother_zipcode, sales_cc_5miles), FUN = "length")
    groupby_target_domain_result <- groupby_target_domain_result[order(-groupby_target_domain_result$machine_id), ]
62 five_target_domain_to_consider <- c("amazon.com", "staples.com", "dell.com", "walmart.com", "bestbuy.com")
63 two_target_domain_to_consider <- c("amazon.com", "bestbuy.com")
65 # we can choose what filter to apply
66 sales_allother_zipcode <- sales_allother_zipcode sales_allother_zipcode domain_name %in% five_target_domain_to_consider,]
   sales_cc_Omile <- sales_cc_Omile[sales_cc_Omile$domain_name %in% five_target_domain_to_consider,]
68 sales_cc_5miles <- sales_cc_5miles[sales_cc_5miles$domain_name %in% five_target_domain_to_consider,]
69
70 # Product Categories
71 # 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40
72 # Jay removed 28, 30, 39, 40
73 # We choose to remove 38 39 40
74 sort(unique(rbind(sales_allother_zipcode, sales_cc_Omile, sales_cc_5miles)$prod_category_id))
75 category to consider <- c(22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37)
76 experience_product <- c(24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 36, 37)
   search_product <- c(22, 23, 24, 29, 30, 35)
79 sales_allother_zipcode <- sales_allother_zipcode[sales_allother_zipcode$prod_category_id %in% category_to_consider,]
80 sales_cc_Omile <- sales_cc_Omile[sales_cc_Omile$prod_category_id %in% category_to_consider,]
81 sales_cc_5miles <- sales_cc_5miles[sales_cc_5miles*prod_category_id %in% category_to_consider,]
83 # Date Transform
    sales_allother_zipcode$event_date <- as.Date(sales_allother_zipcode$event_date)
85 sales_cc_Omile$event_date <- as.Date(sales_cc_Omile$event_date)
86 sales_cc_5miles$event_date <- as.Date(sales_cc_5miles$event_date)
88 # construct MonthYear - month of year
89 sales_allother_zipcode$MonthYear <- format(sales_allother_zipcode$event_date, "%Y-%m")
90 sales_cc_Omile$MonthYear <- format(sales_cc_Omile$event_date, "%Y-%m")
91 sales_cc_5miles$MonthYear <- format(sales_cc_5miles$event_date, "%Y-%m")
93 # Mark CC Closure
94
95 # CCStorePresent
96\, # it is the same as Store_Close_Status
```

```
97 sales_allother_zipcode$CCStorePresent <- sales_allother_zipcode$Store_Close_Status
98 sales_cc_Omile$CCStorePresent <- sales_cc_Omile$Store_Close_Status
99 sales_cc_5miles CCStorePresent <- sales_cc_5miles Store_Close_Status
100
101 # AfterStoreClosing
102 sales_allother_zipcode$AfterStoreClosing <- ifelse(sales_allother_zipcode$MonthYear < "2008-11", 0, 1)
103 sales_cc_Omile$AfterStoreClosing <- ifelse(sales_cc_Omile$MonthYear < "2008-11", 0, 1)
104 sales_cc_5miles $AfterStoreClosing <- ifelse(sales_cc_5miles $MonthYear < "2008-11", 0, 1)
105
106 # BBStorePresent
107 sales_allother_zipcode <- merge(sales_allother_zipcode, bb_zipcode, by.x ="Zip_Code", by.y = "Zip_Code", all.x = TRUE)
108 sales_cc_Omile <- merge(sales_cc_Omile, bb_zipcode, by.x ="Zip_Code", by.y = "Zip_Code", all.x = TRUE)
109 sales_cc_5miles <- merge(sales_cc_5miles, bb_zipcode, by.x ="Zip_Code", by.y = "Zip_Code", all.x = TRUE)
111 sales_allother_zipcode$BBStorePresent <- na.fill(sales_allother_zipcode$BB_Store_Status, 0)
112 sales_cc_0mile$BBStorePresent <- na.fill(sales_cc_0mile$BB_Store_Status, 0)
113 sales_cc_5miles$BBStorePresent <- na.fill(sales_cc_5miles$BB_Store_Status, 0)
114
115\, # Mark Referring Domain
116 # Question: How to group data?
117 sales_allother_zipcode$NoReferringDomain <- ifelse(sales_allother_zipcode$ref_domain_name == "", 1, 0)
118 sales_cc_Omile$NoReferringDomain <- ifelse(sales_cc_Omile$ref_domain_name == "", 1, 0)
119 sales_cc_5miles$NoReferringDomain <- ifelse(sales_cc_5miles$ref_domain_name == "", 1, 0)
120
121 sales_allother_zipcode$ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine <- ifelse(sales_allother_zipcode$ref_domain_name %in% search_engine_to_consider1, 1, 0)
122 sales_cc_Omile$ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine <- ifelse(sales_cc_Omile$ref_domain_name %in% search_engine_to_consider1, 1, 0)
123 sales_cc_5miles$ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine <- ifelse(sales_cc_5miles$ref_domain_name %in% search_engine_to_consider1, 1, 0)
124
125 # Aggregate Data
126 concat_data1 <- rbind(sales_allother_zipcode, sales_cc_0mile)
127 concat_data2 <- rbind(sales_allother_zipcode, sales_cc_5miles)
128 concat_data1_exp <- concat_data1[concat_data1$prod_category_id %in% experience_product, ]
129 concat_data1_search <- concat_data1[concat_data1$prod_category_id %in% search_product, ]
130 concat_data2_exp <- concat_data2[concat_data2$prod_category_id %in% experience_product, ]
131 concat_data2_search <- concat_data2[concat_data2$prod_category_id %in% search_product, ]
```

Code 1: Data Preprocess

2 Paper Replication

In this section, we provide our replication for this paper. Names for subsections correspond to the tables in the published paper. Package stargazer Hlavac (2015) and estout Jann (2004) are used to export estimation into LATEX format.

2.1 Table 1

Table 1 shows the summary statistics of top five vendors by sales volume.

Table 1: Summary Statistics of Top Five Vendors by Sales Volume

Domain	Total	Total	Total Pages	Pages	Total	Mins
Name	Transactions	Sales	Viewed	Per Dollar	Duration	Per Dollar
dell.com	1,620	483, 703.300	66,953	0.138	57, 225.660	0.118
amazon.com	10,904	354,573.300	464,383	1.310	369,227.900	1.041
staples.com	5,927	236,982.300	247, 163	1.043	166, 189.900	0.701
walmart.com	1,977	156,606.100	80,397	0.513	68,434.890	0.437
bestbuy.com	1,230	149,950.400	50,627	0.338	36,735.900	0.245

Codes for generating Table 1 are listed below.

```
# Table 1

table1_raw <- rbind(read_sas(sales_allother_zipcode_path), read_sas(sales_cc_Omile_path))

table1 <- sqldf("SELECT domain_name as DomainName, count(*) as TotalTransaction, SUM(prod_totprice) AS TotalSales, SUM(pages_viewed) AS

TotalPagesViewed, SUM(pages_viewed)/SUM(prod_totprice) AS PagesPerDollar, SUM(duration) AS TotalDuration, SUM(duration)/SUM(prod_totprice) AS

MinsPerDollar FROM table1_raw GROUP BY domain_name ORDER BY TotalSales DESC")

stargazer(table1[1:5,], align=TRUE, summary = FALSE, rownames = FALSE, title="Summary Statistics of Top Five Vendors by Sales Volume")
```

Code 2: Table 1 Generation

2.2 Table 2

Table 2 summarizes the frequency of referral channels for various online retailers.

Table 2: Summary Statistics of Referring Domain Categories

Domain	Total	Referred by	Direct to	Referred by
Name	Transactions	Search Engine	Website	Others
amazon.com	10,904	2,955(27.1%)	7,018(64.4%)	931(8.6%)
bestbuy.com	1,230	258(21.0%)	901(73.3%)	71(5.8%)
All Others	36,794	6,999 (19.0%)	25,483 (69.3%)	4,312(11.7%)
All Transactions	48,928	10,212 (20.9%)	33,402 (68.3%)	5,314 (10.9%)

Codes for generating Table 2 are listed below.

```
# Table 2

table2_raw <- rbind(read_sas(sales_allother_zipcode_path), read_sas(sales_cc_Omile_path))

table2_raw$direct_to_website <- ifelse(table2_raw$ref_domain_name == '', 1, 0)

table2_raw$referred_by_search <- ifelse(table2_raw$ref_domain_name %in% search_engine_to_consider1, 1, 0)

table2_raw$referred_by_other <- ifelse(!(table2_raw$ref_domain_name %in% ref_domain_to_consider1), 1, 0)

table2_raw$domain_name[!(table2_raw$domain_name %in% c('amazon.com', 'bestbuy.com'))] <- "All Others"
```

Code 3: Table 2 Generation

2.3 Table 3

Table 3 reports the model-free average DID values for some outcome variables.

Table 3: Average Difference-in-Difference (DID) of the Outcome Variables

Outcome Variable	Croung	After Store	Before Store	First Difference	DID
Outcome variable	Groups	Closure	Closure	(se)	עוע
Amazon	Control	3.418	3.303	0.115	
Sales	Control	5.410	5.505	(0.031)	-0.167
Sales	Treatment	3.351	3.403	-0.052	
	Heatment	5.551	3.403	(0.212)	
Amazon	Control	1.188	1.147	0.041	
	Collitor	1.100	1.147	(0.025)	0.257
PagesPerDollar	Treatment	1.363	1.065	0.298	
	reatment	1.303	1.000	(0.153)	
Amazon	Control	1.016	0.975	0.041	
	Control	1.010	0.975	(0.025)	0.263
MinsPerDollar	TD 4 4	1 107	0.000	0.304	
	Treatment	1.187	0.882	(0.137)	
1 (1	Control	9.410	9.909	0.354	
bestbuy.com	Control	3.418	3.303	(0.031)	0.623
Sales	TD	0.051	9, 409	0.976	
	Treatment	3.351	3.403	(0.212)	
1 4	G 1	1 100	1.148	-0.109	
bestbuy.com	Control	1.188	1.147	(0.025)	0.074
PagesPerDollar		4 000		-0.035	
	Treatment	1.363	1.065	(0.153)	
	G . 1	4.04.0	0.0==	-0.084	
bestbuy.com	Control	1.016	0.975	(0.025)	-0.012
MinsPerDollar		4.40	0.000	-0.096	
	Treatment	1.187	0.882	(0.137)	

Codes for generating Table 3 are listed below.

```
18 # it is the same as Store Close Status
19 table3_0m_raw$CCStorePresent <- table3_0m_raw$Store_Close_Status
20 table3_5m_raw$CCStorePresent <- table3_5m_raw$Store_Close_Status
22 # AfterStoreClosing
23 table3_0m_raw$AfterStoreClosing <- ifelse(table3_0m_raw$MonthYear < "2008-11", 0, 1)
24 table3_5m_raw$AfterStoreClosing <- ifelse(table3_5m_raw$MonthYear < "2008-11", 0, 1)
26 # BBStorePresent
   table3_0m_raw <- merge(table3_0m_raw, bb_zipcode, by.x ="Zip_Code", by.y = "Zip_Code", all.x = TRUE)
28 table3_5m_raw <- merge(table3_5m_raw, bb_zipcode, by.x = "Zip_Code", by.y = "Zip_Code", all.x = TRUE)
30 table3_0m_raw$BBStorePresent <- na.fill(table3_0m_raw$BB_Store_Status, 0)
   table3_5m_raw$BBStorePresent <- na.fill(table3_5m_raw$BB_Store_Status, 0)
31
33 # aggregate data
34
35 table3_Om_aggregate <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, count(*) AS TotalTransactions, SUM(pages_viewed) as TotalPages, SUM(prod_
          totprice) as TotalMonthlySales, SUM(duration) as TotalMins, SUM(pages_viewed) / SUM(prod_totprice) AS PagesPerDollar, SUM(duration) / SUM(
          prod_totprice) AS MinsPerDollar, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent, AVG(BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS
         AfterStoreClosing FROM table3 Om raw GROUP BY Zip Code, MonthYear, domain name")
36 table3_5m_aggregate <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, count(*) AS TotalTransactions, SUM(pages_viewed) as TotalPages, SUM(prod_
          totprice) as TotalMonthlySales, SUM(duration) as TotalMins, SUM(pages_viewed) / SUM(prod_totprice) AS PagesPerDollar, SUM(duration) / SUM(
          prod_totprice) AS MinsPerDollar, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent, AVG(BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS
          AfterStoreClosing FROM table3_5m_raw GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name")
37
38 # Table 3 Gen Func
39 table3_gen <- function(table3_raw, domain_name_used, print_name){
40
    # Amazon Sales
42
     amazonsales_control_before <- table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 0) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$
         AfterStoreClosing == 0),]$TotalMonthlySales
     amazonsales_control_after <- table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 0) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$
43
         AfterStoreClosing == 1),]$TotalMonthlySales
44
45
     amazonsales_control_before <- log(amazonsales_control_before + 1)
     amazonsales_control_after <- log(amazonsales_control_after + 1)
46
47
     # t test
48
     t_test.amazonsales_control <- t.test(amazonsales_control_after, amazonsales_control_before)
49
     amazonsales\_control\_mean\_diff\_se \ \leftarrow \ t\_test.amazonsales\_control\$stderr
50
     t_test.amazonsales_control$p.value
5.1
     amazonsales\_control\_after\_mean \ \leftarrow \ t\_test. amazonsales\_control\$estimate[["mean of x"]]
52
     amazonsales_control_before_mean <- t_test.amazonsales_control$estimate[["mean of y"]]
53
     amazonsales_control_mean_diff <- t_test.amazonsales_control$estimate[["mean of x"]] - t_test.amazonsales_control$estimate[["mean of y"]]
54
55
     # Amazon Sales
56
      # for treatment
57
     amazonsales_treatment_before <- table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 1) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$
         AfterStoreClosing == 0),]$TotalMonthlySales
     amazonsales_treatment_after <- table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 1) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$
         AfterStoreClosing == 1),]$TotalMonthlySales
59
60
     amazonsales_treatment_before <- log(amazonsales_treatment_before + 1)
61
     amazonsales_treatment_after <- log(amazonsales_treatment_after + 1)
62
     # t test
63
     t_test.amazonsales_treatment <- t.test(amazonsales_treatment_after, amazonsales_treatment_before)
64
     amazonsales\_treatment\_mean\_diff\_se <- t\_test.amazonsales\_treatment\$stderr
65
     t_test.amazonsales_treatment$p.value
66
     amazonsales_treatment_after_mean <- t_test.amazonsales_treatment$estimate[["mean of x"]]
67
      amazonsales_treatment_before_mean <- t_test.amazonsales_treatment$estimate[["mean of y"]]
     amazonsales_treatment_mean_diff <- t_test.amazonsales_treatment$estimate[["mean of x"]] - t_test.amazonsales_treatment$estimate[["mean of y"]]
68
69
70
71
     amazonsales did <- amazonsales treatment mean diff - amazonsales control mean diff
72
73
     # Amazon PagesPerDollar
74
     amazonppd_control_before <- table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 0) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$
         AfterStoreClosing == 0),]$TotalPages / table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 0) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_
          raw$AfterStoreClosing == 0), | $TotalMonthlySales
     amazonppd_control_after <- table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 0) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$
      AfterStoreClosing == 1),]$TotalPages / table3_rav[(table3_rav$CCStorePresent == 0) & (table3_rav$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_
```

```
raw$AfterStoreClosing == 1),]$TotalMonthlySales
  77
  78
                 amazonppd_control_before <- log(amazonppd_control_before + 1)
  79
                 amazonppd_control_after <- log(amazonppd_control_after + 1)
  80
  81
                 t_test.amazonppd_control <- t.test(amazonppd_control_after, amazonppd_control_before)
                 amazonppd_control_mean_diff_se <- t_test.amazonppd_control$stderr
  82
  83
                 t_test.amazonppd_control$p.value
  84
                 amazonppd\_control\_after\_mean <- t\_test.amazonppd\_control\$estimate[["mean of x"]]
                 amazonppd_control_before_mean <- t_test.amazonppd_control$estimate[["mean of y"]]
                 amazonppd_control_mean_diff <- t_test.amazonppd_control$estimate[["mean of x"]] - t_test.amazonppd_control$estimate[["mean of y"]]
  86
  87
  88
                 # Amazon PagesPerDollar
  89
                 # for treatment
                 amazonppd_treatment_before <- table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 1) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$
                            AfterStoreClosing == 0),]$TotalPages / table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 1) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$domain_name_us
                            raw$AfterStoreClosing == 0),]$TotalMonthlySales
                 amazonppd_treatment_after <- table3_raw[Ctable3_rawsCCStorePresent == 1) & (table3_rawsdomain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_rawsdomain_name_used) & (tab
  91
                          AfterStoreClosing == 1),]$TotalPages / table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 1) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_
                            raw$AfterStoreClosing == 1),]$TotalMonthlySales
 92
                 amazonppd_treatment_before <- log(amazonppd_treatment_before + 1)
  93
  94
                 amazonppd_treatment_after <- log(amazonppd_treatment_after + 1)
  95
                 t_test.amazonppd_treatment <- t.test(amazonppd_treatment_after, amazonppd_treatment_before)
  97
                 amazonppd_treatment_mean_diff_se <- t_test.amazonppd_treatment$stderr
  98
                 t_test.amazonppd_treatment$p.value
 99
                 amazonppd_treatment_after_mean <- t_test.amazonppd_treatment$estimate[["mean of x"]]
100
                 amazonppd\_treatment\_before\_mean <-t\_test.amazonppd\_treatment\\ \$estimate[["mean of y"]]
101
                 amazonppd_treatment_mean_diff <- t_test.amazonppd_treatment$estimate[["mean of x"]] - t_test.amazonppd_treatment$estimate[["mean of y"]]
102
103
                 # Amazon PagesPerDollar DID
104
                 amazonppd_did <- amazonppd_treatment_mean_diff - amazonppd_control_mean_diff
                 # Amazon MinsPerDollar
106
                 # for control
                 amazonmpd_control_before <- table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 0) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$
108
                           AfterStoreClosing == 0),]$TotalMins / table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 0) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$domain_used) & (table3_raw$domain_used
                            raw$AfterStoreClosing == 0),]$TotalMonthlySales
                 amazonmpd_control_after <- table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 0) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$
                         AfterStoreClosing == 1),]$TotalMins / table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 0) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_
                            raw$AfterStoreClosing == 1),]$TotalMonthlySales
                 amazonmpd_control_before <- log(amazonmpd_control_before + 1)
                 amazonmpd_control_after <- log(amazonmpd_control_after + 1)
112
113
                 # t test
114
                 t_test.amazonmpd_control <- t.test(amazonmpd_control_after, amazonmpd_control_before)
                 amazonmpd_control_mean_diff_se <- t_test.amazonmpd_control$stderr
116
                 t_test.amazonmpd_control$p.value
117
                 amazonmpd\_control\_after\_mean <- t\_test.amazonmpd\_control\$estimate[["mean of x"]]
                 amazonmpd control before mean <- t test.amazonmpd control estimate [["mean of v"]]
118
119
                 amazonmpd_control_mean_diff <- t_test.amazonmpd_control$estimate[["mean of x"]] - t_test.amazonmpd_control$estimate[["mean of y"]]
121
                 # Amazon MinsPerDollar
122
                 # for treatment
                 amazonmpd_treatment_before <- table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 1) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$
123
                            AfterStoreClosing == 0),]$TotalMins / table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 1) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$domain_name_used) & (tabl
                            raw$AfterStoreClosing == 0),]$TotalMonthlySales
124
                 amazonmpd_treatment_after <- table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 1) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_raw$
                            AfterStoreClosing == 1),]$TotalMins / table3_raw[(table3_raw$CCStorePresent == 1) & (table3_raw$domain_name == domain_name_used) & (table3_
                            raw $ AfterStoreClosing == 1), ] $ TotalMonthlySales
125
                 amazonmpd_treatment_before <- log(amazonmpd_treatment_before + 1)
                 amazonmpd_treatment_after <- log(amazonmpd_treatment_after + 1)
127
128
129
                 t_test.amazonmpd_treatment <- t.test(amazonmpd_treatment_after, amazonmpd_treatment_before)
130
                 amazonmpd\_treatment\_mean\_diff\_se \ \leftarrow \ t\_test.amazonmpd\_treatment\$stderr
131
                 \verb|t_test.amazonmpd_treatment|| \$p.value|
132
                 amazonmpd_treatment_after_mean <- t_test.amazonmpd_treatment$estimate[["mean of x"]]
133
                 amazonmpd_treatment_before_mean <- t_test.amazonmpd_treatment$estimate[["mean of y"]]
                 amazonmpd_treatment_mean_diff <- t_test.amazonmpd_treatment$estimate[["mean of x"]] - t_test.amazonmpd_treatment$estimate[["mean of y"]]
134
135
```

```
136
      # Amazon MinsPerDollar DID
137
      amazonmpd_did <- amazonmpd_treatment_mean_diff - amazonmpd_control_mean_diff
138
139
140
      return(rbind(c(paste(print_name, "Sales"), "Control", amazonsales_control_after_mean, amazonsales_control_before_mean, amazonsales_control_mean_
           diff, amazonsales_control_mean_diff_se, amazonsales_did),
                   c(paste(print_name, "Sales"), "Treatment", amazonsales_treatment_after_mean, amazonsales_treatment_before_mean, amazonsales_treatment
          mean_diff, amazonsales_treatment_mean_diff_se, amazonsales_did),
142
                   c(paste(print_name, "PagesPerDollar"), "Control", amazonppd_control_after_mean, amazonppd_control_before_mean, amazonppd_control_mean_
          diff, amazonppd_control_mean_diff_se, amazonppd_did),
                   c(paste(print_name,"PagesPerDollar"),"Treatment", amazonppd_treatment_after_mean, amazonppd_treatment_before_mean, amazonppd_
143
          treatment_mean_diff, amazonppd_treatment_mean_diff_se, amazonppd_did),
                   c(paste(print_name, "MinsPerDollar"), "Control", amazonmpd_control_after_mean, amazonmpd_control_before_mean, amazonmpd_control_mean_
144
           diff, amazonmpd_control_mean_diff_se, amazonmpd_did),
                  c(paste(print_name, "MinsPerDollar"), "Treatment", amazonmpd_treatment_after_mean, amazonmpd_treatment_before_mean, amazonmpd
145
           treatment_mean_diff, amazonmpd_treatment_mean_diff_se, amazonmpd_did))
146
147 }
148
149 # generate table
amazon_table3 <- table3_gen(table3_0m_aggregate, "amazon.com", "Amazon")
bestbuy_table3 <- table3_gen(table3_0m_aggregate, "bestbuy.com", "bestbuy.com")
152
153 #
154 stargazer(rbind(amazon_table3, bestbuy_table3), align=TRUE, summary = FALSE, rownames = FALSE, title="Summary Statistics of Top Five Vendors by
     Sales Volume")
```

Code 4: Table 3 Generation

2.4 Table 4

Table 4: Results of the Sales Effect (All Product Categories)

		log(TotalMon	thlySales + 1)		
	Amazon-0 Mile	nazon-0 Mile Amazon-5 Miles		${\bf BestBuy\text{-}5\ Miles}$	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
β_1	0.014	-0.005	-0.002	-0.002	
	(0.015)	(0.008)	(0.033)	(0.008)	
β_2	-0.033	0.003	0.009	0.002	
	(0.022)	(0.010)	(0.036)	(0.010)	
Observations	68,472	75,096	14,664	16,848	
\mathbb{R}^2	0.00003	0.00001	0.00002	0.00000	
Adjusted R ²	-0.044	-0.044	-0.045	-0.045	
F Statistic	1.091 (df = 2; 65594)	0.278 (df = 2; 71942)	0.154 (df = 2; 14028)	0.035 (df = 2; 16121)	

Note: *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

Codes for generating Table 4 are listed below.

```
data_Om_t4 <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, SUM(prod_totprice) AS TotalMonthlySales, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent, AVG(
          BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS AfterStoreClosing FROM concat_data1 GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name")
   data_5m_t4 <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, SUM(prod_totprice) AS TotalMonthlySales, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent, AVG(
         BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS AfterStoreClosing FROM concat_data2 GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name")
 4 # manually construct DID and THREEINTERACTION
5 data_Om_t4$DID <- data_Om_t4$CCStorePresent * data_Om_t4$AfterStoreClosing
6 data_0m_t4$THREEINTER <- data_0m_t4$CCStorePresent * data_0m_t4$AfterStoreClosing * data_0m_t4$BBStorePresent
   data_5m_t4$DID <- data_5m_t4$CCStorePresent * data_5m_t4$AfterStoreClosing
8 data_5m_t4$THREEINTER <- data_5m_t4$CCStorePresent * data_5m_t4$AfterStoreClosing * data_5m_t4$BBStorePresent
10 ama.t4.Omile <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t4[data_Om_t4$domain_name == "amazon.com",], index = c("Zip_Code"
           "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
11 ama.t4.5mile <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t4[data_5m_t4$domain_name == "amazon.com",], index = c("Zip_Code"
         , "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
12 bb.t4.0mile <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t4[data_0m_t4$domain_name == "bestbuy.com",], index = c("Zip_Code"
         , "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
13 bb.t4.5mile <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t4[data_5m_t4$domain_name == "bestbuy.com",], index = c("Zip_Code"
       , "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
```

Code 5: Table 4 Generation

2.5 Table 5

Table 5: Results of the Search Effect (All Product Categories)

		log(PagesPerDe	ollar + 1)		log(MinsPerDollar + 1)				
	Amazon-0 Mile	Amazon-5 Miles	BestBuy-0 Mile	BestBuy-5 Miles	Amazon-0 Mile	Amazon-5 Miles	BestBuy-0 Mile	BestBuy-5 Miles	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
β_1	0.003	-0.019***	0.001	0.002	0.004	-0.021***	0.001	0.003	
	(0.012)	(0.007)	(0.016)	(0.004)	(0.012)	(0.007)	(0.013)	(0.003)	
β_2	-0.068***	0.018**	0.003	-0.001	-0.057^{***}	0.022***	0.0004	-0.002	
	(0.018)	(0.009)	(0.018)	(0.005)	(0.017)	(0.008)	(0.014)	(0.004)	
Observations	68,472	75,096	14,664	16,848	68,472	75,096	14,664	16,848	
\mathbb{R}^2	0.0004	0.0001	0.00003	0.00004	0.0003	0.0001	0.00001	0.0001	
djusted R ²	-0.043	-0.044	-0.045	-0.045	-0.044	-0.044	-0.045	-0.045	
Statistic	12.530*** (df = 2; 65594)	3.985** (df = 2; 71942)	0.202 (df = 2; 14028)	0.337 (df = 2; 16121)	8.867*** (df = 2; 65594)	5.187*** (df = 2; 71942)	0.046 (df = 2; 14028)	0.451 (df = 2; 161)	

Codes for generating Table 5 are listed below.

```
1 # Table 5 Data
 2 data_Om_t5 <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, SUM(pages_viewed) / SUM(prod_totprice) AS PagesPerDollar, SUM(duration) / SUM(prod_
          totprice) AS MinsPerDollar, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent, AVG(BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS
          AfterStoreClosing FROM concat_data1 GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name")
 3 data_5m_t5 <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, SUM(pages_viewed) / SUM(prod_totprice) AS PagesPerDollar, SUM(duration) / SUM(prod_
          totprice) AS MinsPerDollar, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent, AVG(BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS
          {\tt AfterStoreClosing\ FROM\ concat\_data2\ GROUP\ BY\ Zip\_Code,\ MonthYear,\ domain\_name")}
 4 # manually construct DID and THREEINTERACTION
5 data_Om_t5$DID <- data_Om_t5$CCStorePresent * data_Om_t5$AfterStoreClosing
 6 data_0m_t5$THREEINTER <- data_0m_t5$CCStorePresent * data_0m_t5$AfterStoreClosing * data_0m_t5$BBStorePresent
 7 data_5m_t5$DID <- data_5m_t5$CCStorePresent * data_5m_t5$AfterStoreClosing
8 data_5m_t5$THREEINTER <- data_5m_t5$CCStorePresent * data_5m_t5$AfterStoreClosing * data_5m_t5$BBStorePresent
10 # For PagesPerDollar
11 ama.t5.pagesperdollar.Omile <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t5[data_Om_t5$domain_name == "amazon.com",], index =
         c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
12 ama.t5.pagesperdollar.5mile <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t5$domain_name == "amazon.com",], index =
         c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
13 bb.t5.pagesperdollar.Omile <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t5[data_0m_t5$domain_name == "bestbuy.com",], index =
           c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
14 bb.t5.pagesperdollar.5mile <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t5[data_5m_t5$domain_name == "bestbuy.com",], index =
          c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   ama.t5.minsperdollar.Omile <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t5[data_0m_t5$domain_name == "amazon.com",], index = c(
          "Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   ama.t5.minsperdollar.5mile <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t5[data_5m_t5$domain_name == "amazon.com",], index = c(
          "Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   bb.t5.minsperdollar.Omile <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t5[data_Om_t5$domain_name == "bestbuy.com",], index = c(
          "Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
19 bb.t5.minsperdollar.5mile <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t5[data_5m_t5$domain_name == "bestbuy.com",], index = c(
        "Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
```

Code 6: Table 5 Generation

2.6 Table 6

Table 6: Results of the Sales Effect: Experience and Search Products

	$\log(\mathrm{TotalMonthlySales} + 1)$										
	$Amazon-0\ Mile-Exp \qquad Amazon-5\ Miles-Exp \qquad Amazon-0\ Mile-Search \qquad Best Buy-0\ Mile-Exp \qquad$										
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)			
β_1	0.005	-0.007	0.005	-0.008	-0.011	-0.009	-0.001	-0.010			
	(0.017)	(0.010)	(0.013)	(0.006)	(0.009)	(0.007)	(0.023)	(0.008)			
β_2	-0.043*	0.009	-0.002	0.009		0.013	0.000	0.009			
	(0.024)	(0.012)	(0.018)	(0.008)		(0.008)	(0.028)	(0.010)			
Observations	32,112	35,568	52,392	57,648	10,224	11,712	5,664	6,600			
\mathbb{R}^2	0.0002	0.00002	0.00000	0.00003	0.0001	0.0002	0.00000	0.0002			
Adjusted R ²	-0.044	-0.044	-0.044	-0.044	-0.046	-0.045	-0.048	-0.047			
F Statistic	2.775* (df = 2; 30749)	0.318 (df = 2; 34061)	0.101 (df = 2; 50184)	0.774 (df = 2; 55221)	1.377 (df = 1; 9774)	1.297 (df = 2; 11199)	0.004 (df = 2; 5403)	0.746 (df = 2; 6300)			

Note: *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.05; ***p<0.01

Codes for generating Table 6 are listed below.

```
# Table 6 Data
    data_Om_t6_exp <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, SUM(prod_totprice) AS TotalMonthlySales, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent,
         AVG(BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS AfterStoreClosing FROM concat_datai_exp GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain
    data_Om_t6_search <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, SUM(prod_totprice) AS TotalMonthlySales, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent
          , AVG(BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS AfterStoreClosing FROM concat_data1_search GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear,
 4 data_5m_t6_exp <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, SUM(prod_totprice) AS TotalMonthlySales, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent,
          AVG(BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS AfterStoreClosing FROM concat_data2_exp GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain
 5 data_5m_t6_search <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, SUM(prod_totprice) AS TotalMonthlySales, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent
          , AVG(BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS AfterStoreClosing FROM concat_data2_search GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear,
          domain_name")
6 # manually construct DID and THREEINTERACTION
    data_0m_t6_exp$DID <- data_0m_t6_exp$CCStorePresent * data_0m_t6_exp$AfterStoreClosing
   data_Om_t6_exp$THREEINTER <- data_Om_t6_exp$CCStorePresent * data_Om_t6_exp$AfterStoreClosing * data_Om_t6_exp$BBStorePresent
   data_0m_t6_search$DID <- data_0m_t6_search$CCStorePresent * data_0m_t6_search$AfterStoreClosing
10 data_0m_t6_search$THREEINTER <- data_0m_t6_search$CCStorePresent * data_0m_t6_search$AfterStoreClosing * data_0m_t6_search$BBStorePresent
11 data_5m_t6_exp$DID <- data_5m_t6_exp$CCStorePresent * data_5m_t6_exp$AfterStoreClosing
12 data_5m_t6_exp$THREEINTER <- data_5m_t6_exp$CCStorePresent * data_5m_t6_exp$AfterStoreClosing * data_5m_t6_exp$BBStorePresent
13 data_5m_t6_search$DID <- data_5m_t6_search$CCStorePresent * data_5m_t6_search$AfterStoreClosing
44 data_5m_t6_search$THREEINTER <- data_5m_t6_search$DEStorePresent * data_5m_t6_search$AfterStoreClosing * data_5m_t6_search$BEStorePresent
16 # AmazonTotalMonthlySales & BBTotalMonthlySale vs Experience and Search Product
   ama.t6.0mile.exp <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t6_exp[data_0m_t6_exp$domain_name == "amazon.com",], index =
          c("Zip Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twowavs")
   ama.t6.5mile.exp <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t6_exp[data_5m_t6_exp$domain_name == "amazon.com",], index =
         c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   ama.t6.0mile.search <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t6_search[data_0m_t6_search$domain_name == "amazon.com",],
          index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   ama.t6.5mile.search <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t6_search[data_5m_t6_search$domain_name == "amazon.com",],
           index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   bb.t6.0mile.exp <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) - DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t6_exp[data_0m_t6_exp$domain_name == "bestbuy.com",], index =
          c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   bb.t6.5mile.exp <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t6_exp[data_5m_t6_exp$domain_name == "bestbuy.com",], index =
         c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   bb.t6.0mile.search <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t6_search[data_0m_t6_search$domain_name == "bestbuy.com",],
          index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   bb.t6.5mile.search <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t6_search[data_5m_t6_search$domain_name == "bestbuy.com",],
        index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
```

Code 7: Table 6 Generation

*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

2.7 Table 7

Table 7: Results of the Online Search Effect: Experience Products

		log(PagesPerDo	llar + 1)			log(MinsPerDoll	ar + 1)	
	Amazon-0 Mile	Amazon-5 Miles	${\bf BestBuy\text{-}0}$ Mile	BestBuy-5 Miles	Amazon-0 Mile	Amazon-5 Miles	$\operatorname{BestBuy-0}$ Mile	${\bf BestBuy-5\ Miles}$
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
β_1	0.007	-0.037***	0.006**	0.001	0.006	-0.039***	0.003	0.001
	(0.015)	(0.008)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.015)	(0.008)	(0.002)	(0.001)
β_2	-0.077***	0.030***		-0.0001	-0.067***	0.034***		-0.001
	(0.020)	(0.010)		(0.002)	(0.020)	(0.010)		(0.002)
Observations	32,112	35,568	10,224	11,712	32,112	35,568	10,224	11,712
\mathbb{R}^2	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.00003	0.001	0.001	0.0003	0.0001
Adjusted R ²	-0.043	-0.044	-0.045	-0.046	-0.044	-0.044	-0.046	-0.046
Statistic	12.857*** (df = 2; 30749)	10.009*** (df = 2; 34061)	5.763** (df = 1; 9774)	0.143 (df = 2; 11199)	10.349*** (df = 2; 30749)	11.626*** (df = 2; 34061)	2.508 (df = 1; 9774)	0.438 (df = 2; 111

Codes for generating Table 7 are listed below.

```
<- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, SUM(pages_viewed) / SUM(prod_totprice) AS PagesPerDollar, SUM(duration) / SUM(</pre>
 2 data_0m_t7_exp
         prod_totprice) AS MinsPerDollar, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent, AVG(BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS
         AfterStoreClosing FROM concat_data1_exp GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name")
   data_Om_t8_search <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, SUM(pages_viewed) / SUM(prod_totprice) AS PagesPerDollar, SUM(duration) / SUM(
         prod_totprice) AS MinsPerDollar, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent, AVG(BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS
         AfterStoreClosing FROM concat_data1_search GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name")
                   <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, SUM(pages_viewed) / SUM(prod_totprice) AS PagesPerDollar, SUM(duration) / SUM(</pre>
         prod_totprice) AS MinsPerDollar, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent, AVG(BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS
         AfterStoreClosing FROM concat_data2_exp GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name")
   data_5m_t8_search <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, SUM(pages_viewed) / SUM(prod_totprice) AS PagesPerDollar, SUM(duration) / SUM(
         prod_totprice) AS MinsPerDollar, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent, AVG(BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS
         AfterStoreClosing FROM concat_data2_search GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name")
 6 # manually construct DID and THREEINTERACTION
   data_0m_t7_exp$DID <- data_0m_t7_exp$CCStorePresent * data_0m_t7_exp$AfterStoreClosing
   data_0m_t7_exp$THREEINTER <- data_0m_t7_exp$ECStorePresent * data_0m_t7_exp$AfterStoreClosing * data_0m_t7_exp$BBStorePresent
   data_Om_t8_search$DID <- data_Om_t8_search$CCStorePresent * data_Om_t8_search$AfterStoreClosing
10 data_0m_t8_search$THREEINTER <- data_0m_t8_search$CCStorePresent * data_0m_t8_search$AfterStoreClosing * data_0m_t8_search$BEStorePresent
11 data_5m_t7_exp$DID <- data_5m_t7_exp$CCStorePresent * data_5m_t7_exp$AfterStoreClosing
12 data_5m_t7_exp$THREEINTER <- data_5m_t7_exp$CCStorePresent * data_5m_t7_exp$AfterStoreClosing * data_5m_t7_exp$BBStorePresent
13 data_5m_t8_search$DID <- data_5m_t8_search$CCStorePresent * data_5m_t8_search$AfterStoreClosing
14 data_5m_t8_search$THREEINTER <- data_5m_t8_search$CCStorePresent * data_5m_t8_search$AfterStoreClosing * data_5m_t8_search$BBStorePresent
15 # Table 7
   ama.t7.pagesperdollar.Omile.exp <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t7_exp[data_Om_t7_exp$domain_name == "amazon.com"
         .l. index = c("Zip Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twowavs")
   ama.t7.pagesperdollar.5mile.exp <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t7_exp[data_5m_t7_exp$domain_name == "amazon.com"
         ,], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   bb.t7.pagesperdollar.Omile.exp <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t7_exp[data_Om_t7_exp$domain_name == "bestbuy.com
          ",], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   bb.t7.pagesperdollar.5mile.exp <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t7_exp[data_5m_t7_exp$domain_name == "bestbuy.com
           ,], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   ,], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   ama.t7.minsperdollar.5mile.exp <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) "DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t7_exp[data_5m_t7_exp$domain_name == "amazon.com"
         ,], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   bb.t7.minsperdollar.Omile.exp <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t7_exp[data_Om_t7_exp$domain_name == "bestbuy.com"
         ,], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
23 bb.t7.minsperdollar.5mile.exp <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t7_exp[data_5m_t7_exp$domain_name == "bestbuy.com"
    ,], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
```

Code 8: Table 7 Generation

*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

2.8 Table 8

Note:

Table 8: Results of the Online Search Effect: Search Products

		log(PagesPer	Dollar + 1)		log(MinsPerDollar + 1)				
	Amazon-0 Mile	Amazon-5 Miles	${\bf BestBuy\text{-}0\ Mile}$	BestBuy-5 Miles	Amazon-0 Mile	Amazon-5 Miles	${\bf BestBuy\text{-}0\ Mile}$	BestBuy-5 Miles	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
β_1	0.001	0.006	0.001	0.009*	0.003	0.004	0.0001	0.009*	
	(0.012)	(0.006)	(0.014)	(0.005)	(0.012)	(0.006)	(0.012)	(0.005)	
β_2	-0.019	-0.002	-0.000	-0.007	-0.019	0.001	-0.000	-0.008	
	(0.017)	(0.008)	(0.017)	(0.006)	(0.017)	(0.008)	(0.015)	(0.006)	
Observations	52,392	57,648	5,664	6,600	52,392	57,648	5,664	6,600	
\mathbb{R}^2	0.00005	0.00002	0.00000	0.001	0.00004	0.00003	0.00000	0.001	
djusted R ²	-0.044	-0.044	-0.048	-0.047	-0.044	-0.044	-0.048	-0.047	
Statistic	1.138 (df = 2; 50184)	0.553 (df = 2; 55221)	0.011 (df = 2; 5403)	1.590 (df = 2; 6300)	0.935 (df = 2; 50184)	0.696 (df = 2; 55221)	0.0001 (df = 2; 5403)	1.927 (df = 2; 630	

Codes for generating Table 8 are listed below.

```
# Table 8
ama.t8.pagesperdollar.Omile.search <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t8_search[data_0m_t8_search$domain_name == '
      amazon.com",], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
ama.t8.pagesperdollar.5mile.search <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t8_search[data_5m_t8_search$domain_name == "
      amazon.com",], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
bb.t8.pagesperdollar.Omile.search <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t8_search[data_Om_t8_search$domain_name == "
      bestbuy.com",], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
bb.t8.pagesperdollar.5mile.search <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) * DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t8_search[data_5m_t8_search$domain_name == "
      bestbuy.com",], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
ama.t8.minsperdollar.Omile.search <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) - DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t8_search[data_Om_t8_search$domain_name == "
      amazon.com",], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
ama.t8.minsperdollar.5mile.search <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t8_search[data_5m_t8_search$domain_name == "
      amazon.com",], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
                                  <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1)  DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t8_search[data_Om_t8_search$domain_name == "</pre>
bb.t8.minsperdollar.Omile.search
      bestbuy.com",], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
bb.t8.minsperdollar.5mile.search <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_5m_t8_search[data_5m_t8_search$domain_name == "
    bestbuy.com",], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
```

Code 9: Table 8 Generation

2.9 Table 9

Table 9: Results of Logistic Regression for Referring Domain

	ReferringDomai	nIsSearchEngine	${\bf NoReferring Domain}$		
	Amazon-0 Mile	BestBuy-0 Mile	Amazon-0 Mile	${\bf BestBuy\text{-}0\ Mile}$	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
eta_1	-0.817^*	-15.12***	0.325	-0.223	
	(0.337)	(0.611)	(0.346)	(1.259)	
β_2	0.697	14.43***	-0.415	0.916	
	(0.564)	(0.944)	(0.544)	(1.615)	
Observations	10,791	1,225	10,791	1,225	

Note:

*p<0.05; **p<0.01; ***p<0.001

Stata codes for generating Table 9 are listed below.

```
* build variables

gen DID = CCStorePresent * AfterStoreClosing

gen THREEINTER = DID * BBStorePresent

egen Code_Time = group(Zip_Code MonthYear)

* Amazon - ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine & NoReferringDomain

eststo: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine DID THREEINTER if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster Code_Time) noconstant

eststo: logit NoReferringDomainIsSearchEngine & NoReferringDomain

* BestBuy - ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine & NoReferringDomain

oeststo: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine & NoReferringDomain

to eststo: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine DID THREEINTER if domain_name == "bestbuy.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

eststo: logit NoReferringDomain DID THREEINTER if domain_name == "bestbuy.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant
```

Code 10: Table 9 Generation

2.10 Table 10

Table 10: Results of the Online Sales and Search Effect (All Product Categories)

	log(SalesPerTr	ansaction $+ 1$)	log(PagesPerTr	log(PagesPerTransaction + 1)		ansaction + 1)
	Amazon-0 Mile	BestBuy-0 Mile	Amazon-0 Mile	BestBuy-0 Mile	Amazon-0 Mile	${\bf BestBuy\text{-}0}$ Mile
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
β_1	0.012	-0.001	0.004	0.0002	0.006	0.0002
	(0.013)	(0.032)	(0.009)	(0.017)	(0.011)	(0.020)
β_2	-0.018	0.010	-0.021*	0.005	-0.021	-0.003
	(0.019)	(0.034)	(0.013)	(0.018)	(0.016)	(0.021)
Observations	68,472	14,664	68,472	14,664	68,472	14,664
\mathcal{E}^2	0.00002	0.00003	0.0001	0.00004	0.00003	0.00001
adjusted R ²	-0.044	-0.045	-0.044	-0.045	-0.044	-0.045
Statistic	0.539 (df = 2; 65594)	0.213 (df = 2; 14028)	1.867 (df = 2; 65594)	0.304 (df = 2; 14028)	0.939 (df = 2; 65594)	0.066 (df = 2; 1402)

*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

Codes for generating Table 10 are listed below.

```
# Table 10 Data
   data_Om_t10 <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, AVG(pages_viewed) AS PagesPerTransaction, AVG(duration) AS MinsPerTransaction, AVG(
          prod totprice) AS SalesPerTransaction, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent, AVG(BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing)
          AS AfterStoreClosing FROM concat_data1 GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name")
4 data_Om_t10$DID <- data_Om_t10$CCStorePresent * data_Om_t10$AfterStoreClosing
 5 data_0m_t10$THREEINTER <- data_0m_t10$CCStorePresent * data_0m_t10$AfterStoreClosing * data_0m_t10$BBStorePresent
6 # Table 10
 8 ama.t10.0mile.SalesPerTransaction <- plm(log(SalesPerTransaction + 1) - DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t10[data_0m_t10$domain_name == "amazon.com
          ",], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
9 bb.t10.0mile.SalesPerTransaction <- plm(log(SalesPerTransaction + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t10[data_Om_t10$domain_name == "bestbuy."
          com",], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
10 ama.t10.0mile.PagesPerTransaction <- plm(log(PagesPerTransaction + 1) "DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t10[data_0m_t10$domain_name == "amazon.com
          ",], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   bb.t10.0mile.PagesPerTransaction <- plm(log(PagesPerTransaction + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t10[data_0m_t10$domain_name == "bestbuy.
          com",], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
12 ama.t10.Omile.MinsPerTransaction <- plm(log(MinsPerTransaction + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t10[data_Om_t10$domain_name == "amazon.com"
          ,], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
13 bb.t10.0mile.MinsPerTransaction <- plm(log(MinsPerTransaction + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t10[data_0m_t10$domain_name == "bestbuy.com"
    ,], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
```

Code 11: Table 10 Generation

2.11 Table 11

Table 11: Results of the Online Sales and Search Effect After Matching Zip Codes: TotalMonthlySales, PagesPerDollar, and MinsPerDollar (All Product Categories)

	log(TotalMonthlySales + 1)		log(PagesPer	log(PagesPerDollar + 1)		Dollar + 1)
	Amazon-0 Mile	BesyBuy-0 Mile	Amazon-0 Mile	BesyBuy-0 Mile	Amazon-0 Mile	BesyBuy-0 Mile
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
β_1	0.019	-0.0002	0.006	-0.001	0.003	-0.0002
	(0.019)	(0.002)	(0.012)	(0.003)	(0.011)	(0.002)
β_2	-0.026		-0.023		-0.024*	
	(0.024)		(0.016)		(0.013)	
Observations	1,776	384	1,776	384	1,776	384
\mathbb{R}^2	0.001	0.00002	0.001	0.0001	0.002	0.00003
Adjusted R ²	-0.058	-0.113	-0.057	-0.113	-0.056	-0.113
F Statistic	0.740 (df = 2; 1677)	0.008 (df = 1; 344)	1.183 (df = 2; 1677)	0.030 (df = 1; 344)	1.931 (df = 2; 1677)	0.012 (df = 1; 34)

Codes for generating Table 11 are listed below.

```
2\, *matching based on zipcode demographics (cross-sectional)
   data_Om_t11 <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, SUM(prod_totprice) AS TotalMonthlySales,</pre>
                       AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent,
                        AVG(household_size) AS HoHSize,
 6
                        AVG(hoh_oldest_age) AS HoHAge,
                        AVG(household_income) AS HoHIncome
                        AVG(children) AS HoHChildren,
9
                        AVG(connection_speed) AS HoHSpeed
10
                        FROM concat_data1 GROUP BY Zip_Code")
11
12 #check imblance within data set
13 vars <- c("HoHSize", "HoHAge", "HoHIncome", "HoHChildren", "HoHSpeed")
14 imbalance(group=data_0m_t11$CCStorePresent, data = data_0m_t11[vars])
15
16 # Default is not 1-1 matching in CEM. Use k2k = "True" to enforce 1 to 1 matching.
17 todrop <- c("TotalMonthlySales")
18 todrop2 <- c("TotalMonthlySales", "Zip_Code")
19 # mat <- cem(treatment = "CCStorePresent", data = data_0m_t11, drop = todrop, k2k ="True")
20
21 mat <- cem(treatment = "CCStorePresent",
         data = data_0m_t11,
22
23
              drop = todrop2,
             k2k = TRUE,
24
             method = "euclidean")
25
26 mat
27
28 # We got 110 zipcodes in total. We checked 2 dataframe from CEM results, "w" and "matched", and both have 110 values.
29 # Fortunately, they are the same. In the future, just use data from "matched". Note that this is only ID of row value of Zipcode
31 # assign ID of row value of zipcode from "matched"
32 zipcheck <- c()
33
34 for (i in 1:length(mat$matched)){
   if (mat$matched[i] == "TRUE") zipcheck <-c(zipcheck,i)</pre>
36 }
37
38 data.frame(zipcheck)
39
40\, # assign ID of row value of zipcode from "w"
41 zipcheck1 <- c()
```

```
42
43 for (i in 1:length(mat$w)){
44 if (mat$w[i] == 1) zipcheck1 <-c(zipcheck1,i)
45 }
47 data.frame(zipcheck1)
49 # Test both dataframe, and they are same.
50 all.equal(zipcheck,zipcheck1)
52\, # add specific Zipcode by mapping from ID of row of matched zipcode
53 ziplist <- c()
54 for (i in 1:length(data_Om_t11$Zip_Code)){
55
    if ( i %in% zipcheck) ziplist <-c(ziplist,data_0m_t11$Zip_Code[i])</pre>
57
58
   data.frame(ziplist)
59
60 # assign matched zipcode to dataset
61 concat_data1$Zipmatch <- ifelse(concat_data1$Zip_Code %in% ziplist, 1, 0)
62 data Om til <- soldf("SELECT Zip Code, Zipmatch, MonthYear, domain name, SUM(prod totprice) AS TotalMonthlySales, SUM(pages viewed) / SUM(prod
         totprice) AS PagesPerDollar, SUM(duration) / SUM(prod_totprice) AS MinsPerDollar, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent, AVG(BBStorePresent)
         AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS AfterStoreClosing FROM concat_data1 GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name")
63 data 0m t11$DID <- data 0m t11$CCStorePresent * data 0m t11$AfterStoreClosing
64 data_0m_t11$THREEINTER <- data_0m_t11$DID * data_0m_t11$BBStorePresent
65
66 # result for Amazon regarding TotalMonthlySales, PagesPerDollar, MinsPerDollar
67 ama.t11.Omile <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t11[(data_Om_t11$domain_name == "amazon.com") & (data_Om_t11$
         Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   ama.tii.pagesperdollar.Omile <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_tii[(data_Om_tii$domain_name == "amazon.com") & (
         data_Om_t11$Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
69 ama.t11.minsperdollar.Omile <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t11[(data_Om_t11$domain_name == "amazon.com") & (data_
         Om_t11$Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
70 # result for Bestbuy regarding TotalMonthlySales, PagesPerDollar, MinsPerDollar
71 bb.t11.Omile <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t111[(data_Om_t111$domain_name == "bestbuy.com") & (data_Om_t111$
         Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
72 bb.ti1.pagesperdollar.Omile <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_ti1[(data_Om_ti1$domain_name == "bestbuy.com") & (
         data_Om_til$Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
73 bb.t11.minsperdollar.Omile <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) * DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t11[(data_Om_t11$domain_name == "bestbuy.com") & (data_
    Om_t11$Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
```

Code 12: Table 11 Generation

2.12 Table 12

Table 12: Results of the Online Sales and Search Effect with Zip Code Demographics as Interactions and Time Fixed Effects (All Product Categories)

	log(TotalMon	thlySales + 1)	log(PagesPe	rDollar + 1)	log(MinsPer	Dollar + 1)
	Amazon-0 Mile	${\bf BestBuy\text{-}0}$ Mile	Amazon-0 Mile	${\bf BestBuy\text{-}0}$ Mile	Amazon-0 Mile	BestBuy-0 Mile
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
β_1	-0.00001	-0.00001	0.0001	0.00001	0.0001	0.00000
	(0.0001)	(0.0002)	(0.0001)	(0.0001)	(0.0001)	(0.0001)
β_2	-0.00001	-0.0001	-0.0002*	0.00002	-0.0002	0.00001
	(0.0002)	(0.0002)	(0.0001)	(0.0001)	(0.0001)	(0.0001)
Observations	68,472	14,664	68,472	14,664	68,472	14,664
\mathbb{R}^2	0.00000	0.00004	0.00005	0.00002	0.00003	0.00001
Adjusted R ²	-0.044	-0.045	-0.044	-0.045	-0.044	-0.045
F Statistic	0.019 (df = 2; 65594)	0.255 (df = 2; 14028)	1.478 (df = 2; 65594)	0.114 (df = 2; 14028)	1.131 (df = 2; 65594)	0.053 (df = 2; 140)

*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

Codes for generating Table 12 are listed below.

```
1 # Table 12 Data
   data_Om_t12 <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name, SUM(prod_totprice) AS TotalMonthlySales, SUM(pages_viewed) / SUM(prod_totprice) AS
         PagesPerDollar, SUM(duration) / SUM(prod_totprice) AS MinsPerDollar, AVG(household_size) AS HoHSize, AVG(hoh_oldest_age) AS HoHAge, AVG(
         household_income) AS HoHIncome, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent, AVG(BBStorePresent) AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS
         AfterStoreClosing FROM concat_data1 GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name")
3 data_0m_t12$DID <- data_0m_t12$CCStorePresent * data_0m_t12$AfterStoreClosing * data_0m_t12$HoHSize * data_0m_t12$HoHAge * data_0m_t12$HoHIncome
4 data_Om_t12$THREEINTER <- data_Om_t12$CCStorePresent * data_Om_t12$AfterStoreClosing * data_Om_t12$BBStorePresent
6 ama.t12.0m.PagesPerDollar <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) "DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t12[data_0m_t12$domain_name == "amazon.com",], index =
         c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   ama.t12.0m.MinsPerDollar <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t12[data_0m_t12$domain_name == "amazon.com",], index = c(
         "Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   ama.t12.0m.TotalMonthlySales <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t12[data_0m_t12$domain_name == "amazon.com",],
         index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
   bb.t12.0m.PagesPerDollar <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t12[data_0m_t12$domain_name == "bestbuy.com",], index =
         c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
10 bb.t12.0m.MinsPerDollar <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t12[data_0m_t12$domain_name == "bestbuy.com",], index = c(
         "Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
11 bb.t12.0m.TotalMonthlySales <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t12[data_0m_t12$domain_name == "bestbuy.com",],
        index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
```

Code 13: Table 12 Generation

2.13 Table 13

Table 13: Results of the Online Sales and Search Effect After Matching Zip Codes: TotalMonthlySales, PagesPerDollar, and MinsPerDollar (All Product Categories)

	log(TotalMonthlySales + 1)		log(PagesPer	Dollar + 1)	log(MinsPer	Dollar + 1)
	Amazon-0 Mile	Amazon-0 Mile BesyBuy-0 Mile		Amazon-0 Mile BesyBuy-0 Mile	Amazon-0 Mile	BesyBuy-0 Mile
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
β_1	0.023	-0.001	0.007	-0.003	0.009	-0.001
	(0.015)	(0.003)	(0.010)	(0.006)	(0.008)	(0.004)
β_2	-0.026		-0.023		-0.024^{*}	
	(0.024)		(0.015)		(0.013)	
Observations	1,776	208	1,776	208	1,776	208
\mathbb{R}^2	0.001	0.0003	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.0004
Adjusted R ²	-0.043	-0.083	-0.043	-0.083	-0.042	-0.083
F Statistic	1.169 (df = 2; 1700)	0.052 (df = 1; 191)	1.182 (df = 2; 1700)	0.197 (df = 1; 191)	1.663 (df = 2; 1700)	0.078 (df = 1; 19)

Note: *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

Codes for generating Table 13 are listed below.

```
library(cem)
 2\, *matching based on zipcode demographics (cross-sectional)
   data_Om_t11 <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, SUM(prod_totprice) AS TotalMonthlySales,</pre>
                       AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent,
                        AVG(household_size) AS HoHSize,
                        AVG(hoh_oldest_age) AS HoHAge,
                        AVG(household_income) AS HoHIncome,
                        AVG(children) AS HoHChildren,
                        AVG(connection_speed) AS HoHSpeed
10
                        FROM concat_data1 GROUP BY Zip_Code")
11 # CEM
12 todrop2 <- c("TotalMonthlySales", "Zip_Code")
13 mat <- cem(treatment = "CCStorePresent",</pre>
14
             data = data_0m_t11,
15
              drop = todrop2,
             k2k = TRUE,
16
17
             method = "euclidean")
18 mat
19
20 # Check Matching
21 zipcheck <- c()
22
23 for (i in 1:length(mat$matched)){
24
    if (mat$matched[i] == "TRUE") zipcheck <-c(zipcheck,i)</pre>
25 }
26
27 data.frame(zipcheck)
28
29 # assign ID of row value of zipcode from "w"
30 zipcheck1 <- c()
32 for (i in 1:length(mat$w)){
33 if (mat$w[i] == 1) zipcheck1 <-c(zipcheck1,i)
34 }
35
36 data.frame(zipcheck1)
37
38\, # Test both dataframe, and they are same
```

```
39 all.equal(zipcheck,zipcheck1)
40
41 # add specific Zipcode by mapping from ID of row of matched zipcode
42 ziplist <- c()
43 for (i in 1:length(data_Om_t11$Zip_Code)){
44 if ( i %in% zipcheck) ziplist <-c(ziplist,data_0m_t11$Zip_Code[i])
45 }
46
47 data.frame(ziplist)
49 # Assign matched zipcode to dataset
50 concat_data1$Zipmatch <- ifelse(concat_data1$Zip_Code %in% ziplist, 1, 0)
51 data_Om_t13 <- sqldf("SELECT Zip_Code, Zipmatch, MonthYear, domain_name, SUM(prod_totprice) AS TotalMonthlySales, SUM(pages_viewed) / SUM(prod_totprice) AS TotalMonthlySales, SUM(prod_totprice) / SUM(prod_t
                  totprice) AS PagesPerDollar, SUM(duration) / SUM(prod_totprice) AS MinsPerDollar, AVG(CCStorePresent) AS CCStorePresent, AVG(BBStorePresent)
                  AS BBStorePresent, AVG(AfterStoreClosing) AS AfterStoreClosing FROM concat_data1 GROUP BY Zip_Code, MonthYear, domain_name")
52 data_Om_t13$DID <- data_Om_t13$CCStorePresent * data_Om_t13$AfterStoreClosing
53 data_0m_t13$THREEINTER <- data_0m_t13$DID * data_0m_t13$BBStorePresent
54
55 # Table 13
      ama.Om.t13.sales <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) "DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t13[(data_Om_t13$domain_name == "amazon.com") & (data_Om_t13$
                Zipmatch == 1).], index = c("Zip Code"), model = "within")
      ama.Om.t13.ppd <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t13[(data_Om_t13$domain_name == "amazon.com") & (data_Om_t13$
                Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code"), model = "within")
      ama.Om.t13.mpd <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) - DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t13[(data_Om_t13$domain_name == "amazon.com") & (data_Om_t13$
                Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code"), model = "within")
59
      bb.Om.t13.sales <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t13[(data_Om_t13$domain_name == "bestbuy.com") & (data_Om_t13$
                Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code"), model = "within")
      bb.Om.t13.ppd <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) "DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t13[(data_Om_t13$domain_name == "bestbuy.com") & (data_Om_t13$
                Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code"), model = "within")
62 bb.0m.t13.mpd <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) "DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t13[(data_0m_t13$domain_name == "bestbuy.com") & (data_0m_t13$
        Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code"), model = "within")
```

Code 14: Table 13 Generation

2.14 Table 14

Table 14: Results of the Online Sales and Search Effect with Arbitrary Variance-Covariance Matrix Corrections (All Product Categories)

	log(TotalMonthlySales + 1)		log(PagesPer	Dollar + 1)	log(MinsPerDollar + 1)	
	Amazon-0 Mile	Amazon-0 Mile BestBuy-0 Mile An		nazon-0 Mile BestBuy-0 Mile	Amazon-0 Mile	BestBuy-0 Mile
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
β_1	0.019	-0.001	0.006	-0.003	0.003	-0.001
	(0.019)	(0.003)	(0.006)	(0.006)	(0.011)	(0.004)
β_2	-0.026		-0.023***		-0.024^{***}	
	(0.028)		(0.001)		(0.006)	
Observations	1,776	208	1,776	208	1,776	208
\mathbb{R}^2	0.001	0.0002	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.0003
Adjusted R ²	-0.058	-0.156	-0.057	-0.156	-0.056	-0.156
Statistic	0.740 (df = 2; 1677)	0.036 (df = 1; 179)	1.183 (df = 2; 1677)	0.136 (df = 1; 179)	1.931 (df = 2; 1677)	0.054 (df = 1; 17)

Note: *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

Codes for generating Table 14 are listed below.

```
# Table 14
  2 library(lmtest)
       library(sandwich)
  5 # Create Baseline
       ama.Om.t14.sale.base <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t13[(data_Om_t13$domain_name == "amazon.com") & (data_Om_
                    t13$Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
        ama.Om.t14.ppd.base <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) - DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t13[(data_0m_t13$domain_name == "amazon.com") & (data_0m_t13
                   $Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
       ama.Om.t14.mpd.base <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t13[(data_Om_t13$domain_name == "amazon.com") & (data_Om_t13$
                     Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
10 bb.Om.t14.sale.base <- plm(log(TotalMonthlySales + 1) ~ DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_t13[(data_Om_t13$domain_name == "bestbuy.com") & (data_Om_t13$domain_name == "bestbuy.com") & (data_Om_t13$do
                   t13$Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
11 bb.Om.ti4.ppd.base <- plm(log(PagesPerDollar + 1) DID + THREEINTER, data = data_Om_ti3[(data_Om_ti3$domain_name == "bestbuy.com") & (data_Om_ti3
                   $Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
12 bb.0m.t14.mpd.base <- plm(log(MinsPerDollar + 1) " DID + THREEINTER, data = data_0m_t13[(data_0m_t13$domain_name == "bestbuy.com") & (data_0m_t13$
                     Zipmatch == 1),], index = c("Zip_Code", "MonthYear"), model = "within", effect = "twoways")
14 # Correlation
15 \quad \texttt{coeftest(ama.0m.t14.sale.base, vcovDC)}
16 coeftest(ama.0m.t14.ppd.base, vcovDC)
17 \verb| coeftest(ama.0m.t14.mpd.base, vcovDC)|\\
```

Code 15: Table 14 Generation

2.15 Table C1

Table 15: Change in Demographics after Circuit City Store Closure

	Before Store Closure Group		After Store Closure			First Difference of Mean			
Group							(p entropy		
	Mean	Mean	Mean	Mean	Mean	Mean	Mean	Mean	Mean
	Age	Income	Education	Age	Income	Education	\mathbf{Age}	Income	Education
Control	7.048	4.479	97.957	6.937	4.498	97.999	-0.111	0.019	0.042
Control	1.046	4.479	91.901	0.957	4.490		(<0.0001)	(0.300)	(0.639)
Treated	7.68	4.971	98.632	6.645	4.739	96.843	-1.035	-0.232	-1.789
Treated	1.00	4.011	50.002	0.040	4.100		(<0.0001)	(0.029)	(0.004)

Codes for generating Table 15 are listed below.

```
1 temp <- read_sas(sales_allother_zipcode_path)</pre>
 2 temp$Store_Close_Status <- 0
   table_C1_Om_raw <- rbind(temp, read_sas(sales_cc_Omile_path))
   table_C1_5m_raw <- rbind(temp, read_sas(sales_cc_5miles_path))
6 # Date Transform
   table_C1_Om_raw$event_date <- as.Date(table_C1_Om_raw$event_date)
   table_C1_5m_raw$event_date <- as.Date(table_C1_5m_raw$event_date)
10 # construct MonthYear - month of year
11 table_C1_Om_raw$MonthYear <- format(table_C1_Om_raw$event_date, "%Y-%m")
12 table_C1_5m_raw$MonthYear <- format(table_C1_5m_raw$event_date, "%Y-%m")
13
14 # Mark CC Closure
15
16 # CCStorePresent
   # it is the same as Store_Close_Status
18 table C1 0m raw$CCStorePresent <- table C1 0m raw$Store Close Status
19 table_C1_5m_raw$CCStorePresent <- table_C1_5m_raw$Store_Close_Status
20
21 # AfterStoreClosing
22 table_C1_0m_raw$AfterStoreClosing <- ifelse(table_C1_0m_raw$MonthYear < "2008-11", 0, 1)
23 table_C1_5m_raw$AfterStoreClosing <- ifelse(table_C1_5m_raw$MonthYear < "2008-11", 0, 1)
25 # BBStorePresent
26 table_C1_0m_raw <- merge(table_C1_0m_raw, bb_zipcode, by.x ="Zip_Code", by.y = "Zip_Code", all.x = TRUE)
   table_C1_5m_raw <- merge(table_C1_5m_raw, bb_zipcode, by.x ="Zip_Code", by.y = "Zip_Code", all.x = TRUE)
29 table_C1_Om_raw$BBStorePresent <- na.fill(table_C1_Om_raw$BB_Store_Status, 0)
30 table_C1_5m_raw$BBStorePresent <- na.fill(table_C1_5m_raw$BB_Store_Status, 0)
31
32 # t test
33 control_before_age <- table_C1_Om_raw [(table_C1_Om_raw $CCStorePresent == 0)&(table_C1_Om_raw $AfterStoreClosing==0),] $hoh_oldest_age
   control_before_income <- table_C1_0m_raw[(table_C1_0m_raw$CCStorePresent == 0)&(table_C1_0m_raw$AfterStoreClosing==0),]$household_income
35 control_before_edu <- table_C1_0m_raw[(table_C1_0m_raw$CCStorePresent == 0)&(table_C1_0m_raw$AfterStoreClosing==0),]$hoh_most_education
36
   control_after_age
                       <- table_C1_0m_raw[(table_C1_0m_raw$CCStorePresent == 0)&(table_C1_0m_raw$AfterStoreClosing==1),]$hoh_oldest_age</pre>
38 control after income <- table C1 0m raw[(table C1 0m raw$CCStorePresent == 0)&(table C1 0m raw$AfterStoreClosing==1).]$household income
39 control_after_edu <- table_C1_Om_raw (table_C1_Om_raw CCStorePresent == 0)&(table_C1_Om_raw AfterStoreClosing == 1),]$hoh_most_education
41 test.control.age <- t.test(control_before_age, control_after_age)
42 test.control.income <- t.test(control_before_income, control_after_income)
43 test.control.edu <- t.test(control_before_edu, control_after_edu)
45 treated_before_age <- table_C1_0m_raw[(table_C1_0m_raw$CCStorePresent == 1)&(table_C1_0m_raw$AfterStoreClosing==0),]$hoh_oldest_age
46 treated_before_income <- table_C1_0m_raw[(table_C1_0m_raw$CCStorePresent == 1)&(table_C1_0m_raw$AfterStoreClosing==0),]$household_income
47 treated_before_edu <- table_C1_0m_raw[(table_C1_0m_raw$CCStorePresent == 1)&(table_C1_0m_raw$AfterStoreClosing==0),]$hoh_most_education
```

```
49 treated_after_age <- table_C1_0m_raw[(table_C1_0m_raw$CCStorePresent == 1)&(table_C1_0m_raw$AfterStoreClosing==1),]$hoh_oldest_age
50 treated_after_income <- table_C1_0m_raw[(table_C1_0m_raw$CCStorePresent == 1)&(table_C1_0m_raw$AfterStoreClosing==1),]$household_income
51 treated_after_edu <- table_Ci_Om_raw[(table_Ci_Om_raw$CCStorePresent == 1)&(table_Ci_Om_raw$AfterStoreClosing==1),]$hoh_most_education
53 test.treated.age <- t.test(treated_before_age, treated_after_age)
    test.treated.income <- t.test(treated_before_income, treated_after_income)
55 test.treated.edu <- t.test(treated_before_edu, treated_after_edu)
56
57 # Construct Variables
58 test.control.age.before.mean <- test.control.age$estimate[["mean of x"]]
59 test.control.income.before.mean <- test.control.income$estimate[["mean of x"]]
60 test.control.edu.before.mean <- test.control.edu$estimate[["mean of x"]]
62 test.control.age.after.mean <- test.control.age$estimate[["mean of y"]]
63 test.control.income.after.mean <- test.control.income$estimate[["mean of y"]]
                                 <- test.control.edu$estimate[["mean of y"]]</pre>
   test.control.edu.after.mean
65
66 test.control.age.diff <- test.control.age.after.mean - test.control.age.before.mean
   test.control.age.diff.se <- test.control.age$p.value
68 test.control.income.diff <- test.control.income.after.mean - test.control.income.before.mean
69 test.control.income.diff.se <- test.control.income$p.value
70 test.control.edu.diff <- test.control.edu.after.mean - test.control.edu.before.mean
71 test.control.edu.diff.se <- test.control.edu$p.value
73 test.treated.age.before.mean <- test.treated.age$estimate[["mean of x"]]
   test.treated.income.before.mean <- test.treated.income$estimate[["mean of x"]]
75 test.treated.edu.before.mean <- test.treated.edu$estimate[["mean of x"]]
   test.treated.age.after.mean <- test.treated.age$estimate[["mean of y"]]
78 test.treated.income.after.mean <- test.treated.income$estimate[["mean of y"]]
79 test.treated.edu.after.mean <- test.treated.edu$estimate[["mean of y"]]
81 test.treated.age.diff <- test.treated.age.after.mean - test.treated.age.before.mean
82 test.treated.age.diff.se <- test.treated.age$p.value
83 test.treated.income.diff <- test.treated.income.after.mean - test.treated.income.before.mean
84 \hspace{0.1in} \texttt{test.treated.income.diff.se} \hspace{0.1in} \texttt{<-} \hspace{0.1in} \texttt{test.treated.income.\$p.value}
85 test.treated.edu.diff <- test.treated.edu.after.mean - test.treated.edu.before.mean
86 test.treated.edu.diff.se <- test.treated.edu$p.value
88 # Construct Table
89 tabc1 <- rbind(c("Control", test.control.age.before.mean, test.control.income.before.mean, test.control.edu.before.mean,
                       test.control.age.after.mean, test.control.income.after.mean, test.control.edu.after.mean,
91
                      test.control.age.diff, test.control.age.diff.se, test.control.income.diff, test.control.income.diff.se, test.control.edu.diff,
          test.control.edu.diff.se),
92
         c("Treated", test.treated.age.before.mean, test.treated.income.before.mean, test.treated.edu.before.mean,
93
                       test.treated.age.after.mean, test.treated.income.after.mean, test.treated.edu.after.mean,
                      test.treated.age.diff, test.treated.age.diff.se, test.treated.income.diff, test.treated.income.diff.se, test.treated.edu.diff,
         test.treated.edu.diff.se))
```

Code 16: Table C1 Generation

2.16 Table D1-D4

2.16.1 Table D1

Table 16: Search Intensity Effects on Sales for Amazon

	(1)
	Log(Sales + 1)
β_1	2.376***
	(0.0435)
eta_2	3.194***
	(0.0675)
eta_3	-2.153***
	(0.0744)
Observations	10791

Standard errors in parentheses

Stata codes for generating Table 16 are listed below.

```
eststo: reg LogSales MinsPerPage ExperienceGood tD1INTER if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster Code_Time) noconstant

esttab using tableD1.tex, se label replace booktabs title(Search Intensity Effects on Sales for Amazon\label{tab:tabD1})

eststo clear
```

Code 17: Table D1 Generation

^{*} p < 0.05, ** p < 0.01, *** p < 0.001

2.16.2 Table D2

Table 17: Product Characteristics Effects on Search Intensity for Amazon

	(1)	(2)
	Log(PagesViewed)	Log(MinsSpent + 1)
β_1	0.00465***	0.00450***
	(0.000843)	(0.000785)
eta_2	3.156***	2.923***
	(0.0581)	(0.0558)
Observations	10791	10791

Standard errors in parentheses

Stata codes for generating Table 17 are listed below.

```
eststo: reg LogPagesViewed prod_totprice ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster Code_Time) noconstant

eststo: reg LogMinsSpent prod_totprice ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster Code_Time) noconstant

esttab using tableD2.tex, se label replace booktabs title(Product Characteristics Effects on Search Intensity for Amazon\label{tab:tabD2})

eststo clear
```

Code 18: Table D2 Generation

^{*} p < 0.05, ** p < 0.01, *** p < 0.001

2.16.3 Table D3

Table 18: Product Characteristics Effects on Search Intensity for Amazon

	(1)	(2)	
	${\bf Ref Domain Is Amazon}$	Referring Domain Is Search Engine	
ExperienceGood	-4.274***	-0.828***	
	(0.310)	(0.0672)	
Observations	10791	10791	

Standard errors in parentheses

Stata codes for generating Table 18 are listed below.

```
eststo: logit RefDomainIsAmazon ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood if domain_name == "amazon.com", vce(cluster MonthYear) noconstant

state: logit ReferringDomainIsSearchEngine ExperienceGood
```

Code 19: Table D3 Generation

^{*} p < 0.05, ** p < 0.01, *** p < 0.001

2.17 Table E1-E3

2.17.1 Table E1

Table 19: Results of the Sales Effect (All Product Categories)

	$\log(\text{TotalMonthlySales} + 1)$					
	staples.com-0 Mile	walmart.com-0 Mile	dell.com-0 Mile	circuitcity.com-0 Mile		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
eta_1	-0.027	0.026	-0.006	0.003		
	(0.064)	(0.018)	(0.018)	(0.036)		
eta_2	0.082	-0.034	-0.018	0.013		
	(0.075)	(0.022)	(0.026)	(0.051)		
Observations	8,352	24,912	19,440	3,940		
\mathbb{R}^2	0.0003	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001		
Adjusted \mathbb{R}^2	-0.046	-0.044	-0.045	-0.058		
F Statistic	1.004 (df = 2; 7979)	1.332 (df = 2; 23849)	0.834 (df = 2; 18605)	0.094 (df = 2; 3722)		

Note:

*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

Codes for generating Table 19 are listed below.

Code 20: Table E1 Generation

2.17.2 Table E2

Table 20: Results of the Online Search Effect (All Product Categories)

	$\log(\text{PagesPerDollar} + 1)$					
	staples.com-0 Mile	walmart.com-0 Mile	dell.com-0 Mile	circuitcity.com-0 Mile		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
eta_1	0.010	0.004	0.001	-0.002		
	(0.027)	(0.009)	(0.004)	(0.012)		
β_2	-0.017	-0.002	-0.002	0.0002		
	(0.031)	(0.011)	(0.005)	(0.016)		
Observations	8,352	24,912	19,440	3,940		
\mathbb{R}^2	0.00004	0.00001	0.00001	0.00002		
Adjusted R ²	-0.047	-0.045	-0.045	-0.058		
F Statistic	0.171 (df = 2; 7979)	0.123 (df = 2; 23849)	0.083 (df = 2; 18605)	0.030 (df = 2; 3722)		

Note:

*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

Codes for generating Table 20 are listed below.

Code 21: Table E2 Generation

2.17.3 Table E3

Table 21: Results of the Online Search Effect (All Product Categories)

	$\log({ m MinsPerDollar} + 1)$				
	staples.com-0 Mile	walmart.com-0 Mile	dell.com-0 Mile	circuitcity.com-0 Mile	
_	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
eta_1	-0.011	0.002	-0.001	-0.002	
	(0.022)	(0.008)	(0.003)	(0.010)	
β_2	0.008	-0.001	-0.001	0.00003	
	(0.027)	(0.010)	(0.005)	(0.014)	
Observations	8,352	24,912	19,440	3,940	
\mathbb{R}^2	0.00003	0.00000	0.00001	0.00002	
Adjusted R ²	-0.047	-0.045	-0.045	-0.058	
F Statistic	0.137 (df = 2; 7979)	0.056 (df = 2; 23849)	0.124 (df = 2; 18605)	0.037 (df = 2; 3722)	

Note:

*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

Codes for generating Table 21 are listed below.

Code 22: Table E3 Generation

2.18 Table G1-G3

2.18.1 Table G1

Table 22: Results of the Sales Effect (Music, Movies and Videos, Console Video Games)

	log(TotalMonthlySales + 1)				
	amazon.com-0 Mile	bestbuy.com-0 Mile	circuitcity.com-0 Mile		
	(1)	(2)	(3)		
eta_1	0.005	-0.001	-0.002		
	(0.013)	(0.024)	(0.043)		
β_2	0.008	0.000			
	(0.019)	(0.028)			
Observations	52,416	5,808	810		
\mathbb{R}^2	0.00002	0.00000	0.00000		
Adjusted R ²	-0.044	-0.048	-0.092		
F Statistic	0.535 (df = 2; 50207)	0.004 (df = 2; 5541)	0.001 (df = 1; 741)		

Note:

*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

Codes for generating Table 22 are listed below.

Code 23: Table G1 Generation

2.18.2 Table G2

Table 23: Results of the Sales Effect (All Products; All Online Sellers in the Control Group)

	$\log(\text{TotalMonthlySales} + 1)$					
	amazon.com-0 Mile	bestbuy.com-0 Mile	staples.com-0 Mile	walmart.com-0 Mile	circuitcity.com-0 Mile	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
eta_1	0.014	-0.002	-0.027	-0.006	0.003	
	(0.015)	(0.033)	(0.064)	(0.018)	(0.036)	
β_2	-0.033	0.009	0.082	-0.018	0.013	
	(0.022)	(0.036)	(0.075)	(0.026)	(0.051)	
Observations	68,472	14,664	8,352	19,440	3,940	
\mathbb{R}^2	0.00003	0.00002	0.0003	0.0001	0.0001	
Adjusted R ²	-0.044	-0.045	-0.046	-0.045	-0.058	
F Statistic	1.091 (df = 2; 65594)	0.154 (df = 2; 14028)	1.004 (df = 2; 7979)	0.834 (df = 2; 18605)	0.094 (df = 2; 3722)	

Note: *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

Codes for generating Table 23 are listed below.

Code 24: Table G2 Generation

2.18.3 Table G3

Table 24: Effect Referring Domain on Amazon Sales

	Referring Domain Is Search Engine Ratio	NoReferringDomainRatio
	Amazon	Amazon
	(1)	(2)
eta_1	-0.010**	0.009*
	(0.005)	(0.005)
eta_2	0.011	-0.008
	(0.007)	(0.007)
Observations	73,416	73,416
\mathbb{R}^2	0.0001	0.00004
Adjusted R^2	-0.044	-0.044
F Statistic (df = 2 ; 70332)	1.961	1.422

Note:

*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

Codes for generating Table 24 are listed below.

Code 25: Table G3 Generation

3 Advanced Method

In this section, we present some advanced methods on the provided data.

- 3.1 Generalized Synthetic Control Method
- 3.2 PSM and LA-PSM
- 3.3 Causal Forest

4 References

- [1] Badi H Baltagi and Seuck Heun Song. Unbalanced panel data: A survey. *Statistical Papers*, 47(4): 493–523, 2006.
- [2] Yves Croissant, Giovanni Millo, et al. Panel data econometrics in r: The plm package. *Journal of statistical software*, 27(2):1–43, 2008.
- [3] G Grothendieck. sqldf: manipulate r data frames using sql. R package version 0.4-11, 2017.
- [4] Marek Hlavac. Stargazer: Well-formatted regression and summary statistics tables. *R package version*, 5(1), 2015.
- [5] Ben Jann. Estout: Stata module to export estimation results from estimates table. 2004.
- [6] Allen McDowell. From the help desk: Seemingly unrelated regression with unbalanced equations. *The STATA journal*, 4(4):442–448, 2004.
- [7] Hadley Wickham and Evan Miller. haven: Import and export "spss", "stata" and "sas" files. *R package version*, 1(0), 2018.
- [8] Hadley Wickham, Romain Francois, Lionel Henry, Kirill Müller, et al. dplyr: A grammar of data manipulation. R package version 0.4, 3, 2015.
- [9] Achim Zeileis and Gabor Grothendieck. zoo: S3 infrastructure for regular and irregular time series. arXiv preprint math/0505527, 2005.