

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

Thesis Proposal

How Are Negative Reviews Useful? Assessing the Values of Negative Reviews on Amazon.com

By

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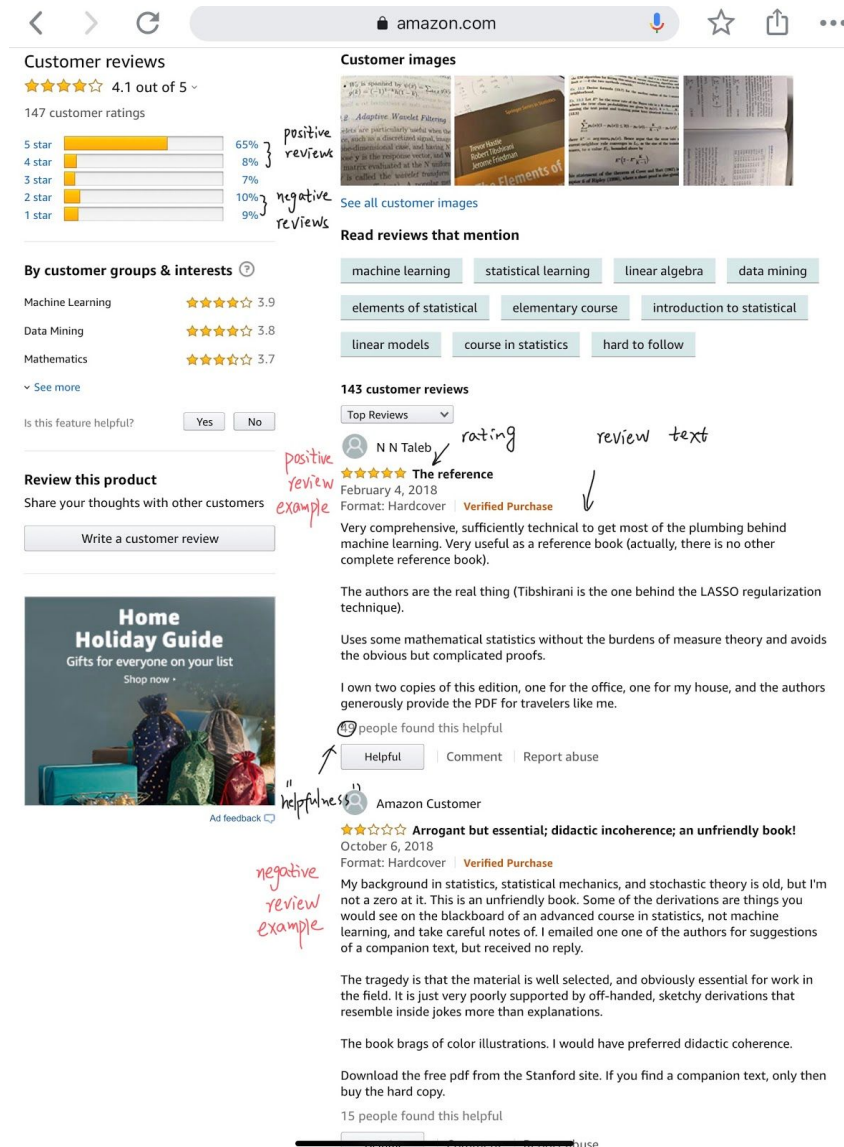
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This research seeks to understand how are negative reviews helpful for customers when shopping online. My hypothesis is that negative reviews cover a wider range of topics than positive reviews. Using review data from Amazon, I want to find evidence that customers look for more detailed users' experience to help decisions when reading negative online reviews, compared with positive reviews. I quantify the helpfulness of the reviews by the votes they received from all viewers (see Graph1 for reference). Using natural language processing techniques, I will generate features from the content of the reviews that are potentially helpful for customers, such as sentiments, latent topics, length, etc. Then I will divide the reviews of a given product into two groups: negative or positive reviews. For each group, I will estimate the relative importance of these features in predicting the helpfulness by machine learning (random forest and penalized regression). The results would illustrate what features in negative reviews are comparatively more predictive for the perceived helpfulness.



Graph 1: Screenshot taken on 11/15/19 of Customers Review Page for the book: The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction, Second Edition

I will provide a new perspective on understanding how and why people reading reviews while shopping online. Customer reviews, written by the customers who previously purchased or used the products, are playing a vital role in our daily decision making. You might think the reviews

are just helpful additional resources, but you may not be aware of what drives you to read the negative reviews and how you process the information differently. As more and more people believe the positive reviews are more likely to be fake or written with incentives, negative reviews become more trustworthy. If you want to buy an iPhone 8, you already trust Apple as a reliable brand and read reviews to figure out how others use the new features. However, positive reviews might not add much new information to your prior knowledge. Instead, negative reviews could show you some worse case scenarios that other customers have experienced.

I contribute to the literature on customer reviews by discovering the distinctness of negative reviews and how it could help companies understand customers' decision process. Traditionally, researchers would conduct surveys, focus groups, or lab experiments to study people's attitudes and choices. However, many papers have illustrated that reviews tell a lot about the reviewers. Timoshenko and Hauser (2019) show that user-generated content (including reviews, images, etc) could efficiently identify customers' needs by using machine learning. The text data has been popular in business and economics research as new features for the models (Gentzkow et al., 2019 and Berger et al., 2019).

The method of this thesis is inspired by the literature on studying the characteristics of the helpful reviews. When reading a review, customers would evaluate the 'helpfulness' by reading the text of the reviews and vote by putting 'thumbs up' if they find a certain piece is useful. Thus, the helpfulness is measured by the ratio of people who vote for helpfulness against the total number of votes (Singh et al., 2017). Mudambi and Schuff (2010) used the regression

model and found review extremity, review depth, and product type affect the review helpfulness. Textual features such as polarity, subjectivity, entropy, and reading ease are generated and proven to help predict the helpfulness by ensembles learning techniques (Singh et al., 2017). The helpfulness is also a good approximation of the popularity (amount of people who read the piece). I plan to incorporate different useful linguistic and semantic features explored in previous research into our model by text mining and feature engineering. As these features are visible for customers, the customers would vote if the output of the features function reaches a certain threshold. Thus, I argue that the important features will be highly correlated with the helpfulness as the customers process the information. Moreover, machine learning will be powerful to approximate the feature functions in the customers' minds.

The main data will be the reviews and product metadata on Amazon. The dataset is scraped by several computer science researchers at the University of California, San Diego and made available for the public (Ni et al., 2019). The raw review data is 34 GB with around 233 million reviews for various products in almost 30 categories. Moreover, the reviews are in the range of May 1996 to October 2018. For each review, it has the reviewer's name, ratings, text, summary, attached image URL, and helpfulness votes. For each product, the data provides detailed information on its characteristics, such as color, price, package type, descriptions, technical details, similar products, image features, categories information, sales rank, etc. As most of the existing literature only explore reviews in a short period for very few products, the data I am going to explore will enable me to compare the helpfulness of negative reviews across product categories, such as books, electronics, groceries, etc.

The major methods will potentially draw from techniques in machine learning and content analysis. In particular, I plan to use the sentiment analysis and topic modeling that could generate more information from the review text. The machine learning techniques that are most appropriate for estimating the weights, in this case, are potentially penalized regression and random forest. However, I will try other new methods that perform better than the purposed ones during the thesis writing period.

There are three main future steps for addressing the research question. Firstly, I will conceptualize customer's perceived helpfulness for reviews as the function of multiple feature variables generated from the reviews that play a role during the process, such as text length, topics, sentiment, grammatical mistakes, readability scores, ratings, etc. Secondly, I will apply machine learning techniques (such as random forest and penalized regression) to estimate the relative feature importance of predicting the helpfulness for two groups: negative and positive reviews. Thirdly, I will compare these features importance between the two groups.

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