# Python编程新思维及实战

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# Python第三方库安装方法

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Python第三方库安装方法

# 单元开篇

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## 单元开篇

(1) 第三方库的pip安装方法 (2) 第三方库的集成安装方法

(3) 第三方库的UCI安装方法

(4) 自动化pip安装脚本

## Python第三方库安装方法



#### pip是Python解释器自带的第三方库安装工具

- pip是命令行工具,适用于各种操作系统
- pip安装方法需要联网或给定安装文件
- 绝大部分Python库可使用pip安装,最主要的安装方法

#### D:\>pip -h

**Usage:** 

使用pip安装工具(命令行下执行)

pip <command> [options]

**Commands:** 

install Install packages.

download Download packages.

uninstall Uninstall packages.

freeze Output installed packages in requirements format.

list List installed packages.

show Show information about installed packages.

check Verify installed packages have compatible dependencies.

search Search PyPI for packages.

wheel Build wheels from your requirements.

help Show help for commands.







Windows

Mac OS

Linux

D:\>pip install <第三方库名或文件名>

·安装指定的第三方库

pip install jieba 或 pip install jieba-0.39.zip

D:\>pip install -U <第三方库名>

· 使用-U标签更新已安装的指定第三方库

pip install -U jieba

D:\>pip uninstall <第三方库名>

• 卸载指定的第三方库

pip uninstall jieba

D:\>pip download <第三方库名>

• 下载但不安装指定的第三方库

pip download jieba

D:\>pip show <第三方库名>

• 列出某个指定第三方库的详细信息

pip show jieba

D:\>pip search <关键词>

• 根据关键词在名称和介绍中搜索第三方库

pip search blockchain

#### D:\>pip search blockchain



D:\>pip list

• 列出当前系统已经安装的第三方库

pip list

# pip安装方法小结

pip是最主要的第三方库安装方法

#### 二级命令:

-h, install, install -U, uninstall,

download, show, search, list

Python第三方库安装方法 集成安装方法

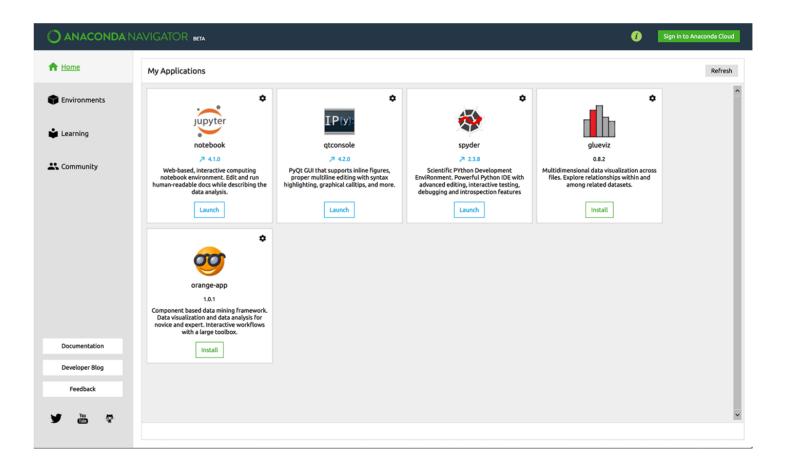
### 集成安装方法

### 集成安装:结合特定Python开发工具的批量安装

#### **Anaconda**

https://www.continuum.io

- 支持近800个第三方库
- 包含多个主流工具
- 适合数据计算领域开发



# Python第三方库安装方法 UCI安装方法

### UCI安装方法

#### pip不能解决100%的安装问题

- 某些第三方库在pip下载后,需要编译再安装,本地环境或没有编译器
- pip可能成功下载,但无法安装
- 对于这些特定库(小众),是否有编译后的版本供下载安装呢?

#### UCI安装方法

#### http://www.lfd.uci.edu/~gohlke/pythonlibs/

#### Unofficial Windows Binaries for Python Extension Packages

by Christoph Gohlke, Laboratory for Fluorescence Dynamics, University of California, Irvine.

This page provides 32- and 64-bit Windows binaries of many scientific open-source extension packages for the official <u>CPython</u> <u>distribution</u> of the <u>Python</u> programming language.

The files are unofficial (meaning: informal, unrecognized, personal, unsupported, no warranty, no liability, provided "as is") and made available for testing and evaluation purposes.

Most binaries are built from source code found on <u>PyPI</u> or in the projects public revision control systems. Source code changes, if any, have been submitted to the project maintainers or are included in the packages.

Refer to the documentation of the individual packages for license restrictions and dependencies.

If downloads fail, reload this page, enable JavaScript, disable download managers, disable proxies, clear cache, use Firefox, reduce number and frequency of downloads. Please only download files manually as needed.

Use pip version 9 or newer to install the downloaded .whl files. This page is not a pip package index.

Many binaries depend on <u>numpy-1.13+mk1</u> and the Microsoft Visual C++ 2008 (<u>x64</u>, <u>x86</u>, and <u>SP1</u> for CPython 2.7), Visual C++ 2010 (<u>x64</u>, <u>x86</u>, for CPython 3.4), or the Visual C++ 2017 (<u>x64 or x86</u> for CPython 3.5, 3.6, and 3.7) redistributable packages.

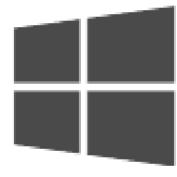
Install numpy+mkl before other packages that depend on it.

The binaries are compatible with the most recent official CPython distributions on Windows >= 6.0. Chances are they do not work with custom Python distributions included with Blender, Maya, ArcGIS, OSGeo4W, ABAQUS, Cygwin, Pythonxy, Canopy, EPD, Anaconda, WinPython etc. Many binaries are not compatible with Windows XP or Wine.

The packages are ZIP or 7z files, which allows for manual or scripted installation or repackaging of the content.

The files are provided "as is" without warranty or support of any kind. The entire risk as to the quality and performance is with you.

The opinions or statements expressed on this page should not be taken as a position or endorsement of the Laboratory for Fluorescence Dynamics or the University of California.

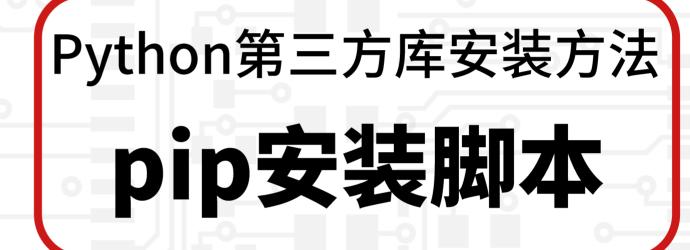


Windows

#### UCI安装方法

#### UCI安装方法的三个步骤

- 步骤1: 在UCI页面上搜索对应的第三方库
- 步骤2: 下载对应Python解释器的编译后版本
- 步骤3: 本地安装方法: pip install <下载文件名>



#### 自动安装一批第三方库

• 具体需求: 安装20个第三方库

• 自动运行: 自动联网、自动安装,进行简单的错误判断

| 库名           | 用途            | 安装指令                   |
|--------------|---------------|------------------------|
| NumPy        | N维数据表示和运算     | pip install numpy      |
| Matplotlib   | 二维数据可视化       | pip install matplotlib |
| PIL          | 图像处理          | pip install pillow     |
| Scikit-Learn | 机器学习和数据挖掘     | pip install sklearn    |
| Requests     | HTTP协议访问及网络爬虫 | pip install requests   |

| 库名             | 用途                | 安装指令                       |
|----------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Jieba          | 中文分词              | pip install jieba          |
| Beautiful Soup | HTML和XML解析器       | pip install beautifulsoup4 |
| Wheel          | Python第三方库文件打包工具  | pip install wheel          |
| PyInstaller    | 打包Python源文件为可执行文件 | pip install pyinstaller    |
| Django         | Python最流行的Web开发框架 | pip install django         |

| 库名       | 用途             | 安装指令                 |
|----------|----------------|----------------------|
| Flask    | 轻量级Web开发框架     | pip install flask    |
| WeRoBot  | 微信机器人开发框架      | pip install werobot  |
| SymPy    | 数学符号计算工具       | pip install sympy    |
| Pandas   | 高效数据分析和计算      | pip install pandas   |
| Networkx | 复杂网络和图结构的建模和分析 | pip install networkx |

| 库名       | 用途              | 安装指令                 |
|----------|-----------------|----------------------|
| PyQt5    | 基于Qt的专业级GUI开发框架 | pip install pyqt5    |
| Py0penGL | 多平台0penGL开发接口   | pip install pyopengl |
| PyPDF2   | PDF文件内容提取及处理    | pip install pypdf2   |
| docopt   | Python命令行解析     | pip install docopt   |
| PyGame   | 简单小游戏开发框架       | pip install pygame   |

```
#BatchInstall.py
import os
libs = {"numpy", "matplotlib", "pillow", "sklearn", "requests", \
         "jieba", "beautifulsoup4", "wheel", "networkx", "sympy", \setminus
         "pyinstaller", "django", "flask", "werobot", "pyqt5", \
         "pandas", "pyopengl", "pypdf2", "docopt", "pygame"}
try:
     for lib in libs:
         os.system("pip install " + lib)
    print("Successful")
except:
    print("Failed Somehow")
```

```
#BatchInstall.py
import os
libs = {"numpy", "matplotlib", "pillow", "sklearn", "requests", \
         "jieba", "beautifulsoup4", "wheel", "networkx", "sympy", \setminus
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利用os库 函数启动 pip命令进 行安装



```
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        "pandas", "pyopengl", "pypdf2", "docopt", "pygame"}
try:
    for lib in libs:
        os.system("pip install " + lib)
    print("Successful")
except:
    print("Failed Somehow")
```

待安装的库



```
#BatchInstall.py
import os
libs = {"numpy", "matplotlib", "pillow", "sklearn", "requests", \
         "jieba", "beautifulsoup4", "wheel", "networkx", "sympy", \setminus
         "pyinstaller", "django", "flask", "werobot", "pyqt5", \
         "pandas", "pyopengl", "pypdf2", "docopt", "pygame"}
try:
     for lib in libs:
         os.system("pip install " + lib)
    print("Successful")
except:
    print("Failed Somehow")
```

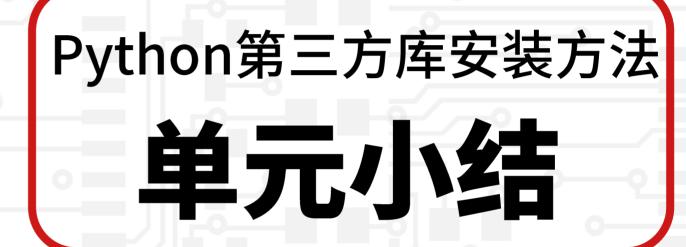
简单的异常 处理 无法获得安 装状态



```
#BatchInstall.py
import os
libs = \{"numpy", "matplotlib", "pillow", "sklearn", "requests", \
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try:
    for lib in libs:
         os.system("pip install " + lib)
    print("Successful")
except:
    print("Failed Somehow")
```

逐一安装第 三方库





## 单元小结

(1) 第三方库的pip安装方法 pip的各种二级命令

(3) 第三方库的UCI安装方法 第三方库的UCI网站

(2) 第三方库的集成安装方法 anaconda等集成环境 (4) 自动化pip安装脚本 利用os.system()执行pip脚本

## Python第三方库安装方法





# Thank you