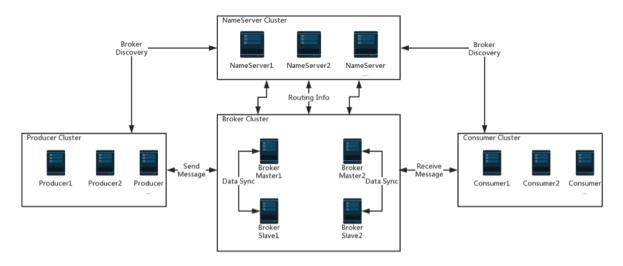
rocketmq架构图



Apache RocketMQ是一个分布式消息传递和流媒体平台,具有低延迟,高性能和可靠性, 万亿级容量和灵活的可伸缩性。 它由四个部分组成:nameserver, broker, 生产者和使用 者。 它们中的每一个都可以水平扩展,而没有单个故障点。 如上面的屏幕截图所示。

nameserver:提供轻量级的服务发现和路由。每个名称服务器记录完整的路由信息,提供相应的读写服务,并支持快速的存储扩展。

Broker: 通过提供轻量级的TOPIC和QUEUE机制来存储消息。

rocketmq linux 部署-杨过

运行环境

JDK版本: 1.8.0 221

rocketmq版本: rocketmq-all-4.3.2-incubating-bin-release.zip (下载最好用VPN, 不

然很慢)

下载地址: http://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/apache/rocketmg/4.3.2/rocketmg-all-

4.3.2-bin-release.zip

系统: centos 7

1、rocketmq加入环境变量

执行vim /etc/profile,插入jdk与rocketmq的环境变量:

- 1 export JAVA HOME=/usr/local/jdk
- 2 export CLASSPATH=.:\$JAVA_HOME/lib/dt.jar:\$JAVA_HOME/lib/tools.jar
- 3 export PATH=\$JAVA_HOME/bin:\$PATH

```
4 #rocketmq目录
5 export ROCKETMQ_HOME=/usr/local/rocketmq/rocketmq-all-4.1.0-incubating
6 export PATH=$ROCKETMQ_HOME/bin:$PATH
```

- 2、刷新环境变量: source /etc/profile
- 3、修改/usr/local/rocketmq/conf/broker.conf(启动时可选择该配置文件)

```
#集群名称,可自定义
brokerClusterName=DefaultCluster
brokerName=broker-a
brokerId=0
//定义服务地址,主存地址
namesrvAddr=192.168.241.198:9876
deleteWhen=04
fileReservedTime=48
brokerRole=ASYNC_MASTER
flushDiskType=ASYNC_FLUSH
autoCreateTopicEnable=true
#消息存储根路径
storePathRootDir=/data/rocketmq/store
#日志路径
storePathCommitLog=/data/rocketmq/store/commitlog
```

4、机器内存不够(一般针对虚拟机),修改/usr/local/rocketmq/bin/runserver.sh 与/usr/local/rocketmq/bin/runbroker.sh中JAVA_OPT关于内存的设置

执行命令: vim runserver.sh

```
#!/bin/sh

#!/bin/sh

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# (the "License"); you may not use this file except in compliance with

# the License. You may obtain a copy of the License at

# 10 # http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0

11 #
```

```
12 # Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software
13 # distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
14 # WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implie
15 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
16 # limitations under the License.
______
19 # Java Environment Setting
_____
21 error exit ()
22 {
  echo "ERROR: $1 !!"
  exit 1
24
25 }
26
  [ ! -e "$JAVA HOME/bin/java" ] && JAVA HOME=$HOME/jdk/java
  [!-e "$JAVA HOME/bin/java" ] && JAVA HOME=/usr/java
  [ ! -e "$JAVA_HOME/bin/java" ] && error_exit "Please set the JAVA_HOME v
ariable in your environment, We need java(x64)!"
31 export JAVA_HOME
  export JAVA="$JAVA HOME/bin/java"
  export BASE_DIR=$(dirname $0)/..
  export CLASSPATH=.:${BASE DIR}/conf:${CLASSPATH}
______
37 # JVM Configuration
39 #修改此处的内存大小,默认为4g,一般我们的虚拟机内存不会太大
40 #所以此处修改为256m,可以根据自己机器的配置合理设置
41 JAVA_OPT="${JAVA_OPT} -server -Xms256m -Xmx256m -Xmn128m -XX:MetaspaceSi
ze=64m -XX:MaxMetaspaceSize=128m"
42 JAVA OPT="${JAVA OPT} -XX:+UseConcMarkSweepGC -XX:+UseCMSCompactAtFullCo
llection -XX:CMSInitiatingOccupancyFraction=70 -XX:+CMSParallelRemarkEnable
d -XX:SoftRefLRUPolicyMSPerMB=0 -XX:+CMSClassUnloadingEnabled -XX:SurvivorR
atio=8 -XX:-UseParNewGC"
43 JAVA_OPT="${JAVA_OPT} -verbose:gc -Xloggc:/dev/shm/rmq_srv_gc.log -XX:+P
rintGCDetails"
```

执行命令: vim runbroker.sh

```
1 #!/bin/sh
3 # Licensed to the Apache Software Foundation (ASF) under one or more
4 # contributor license agreements. See the NOTICE file distributed with
5 # this work for additional information regarding copyright ownership.
6 # The ASF licenses this file to You under the Apache License, Version 2.0
7 # (the "License"); you may not use this file except in compliance with
8 # the License. You may obtain a copy of the License at
# http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
11 #
12 # Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software
13 # distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
14 # WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implie
d.
15 # See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
16 # limitations under the License.
_____
19 # Java Environment Setting
21 error_exit ()
22 {
23 echo "ERROR: $1 !!"
  exit 1
24
25
26
```

```
27 [ ! -e "$JAVA_HOME/bin/java" ] && JAVA_HOME=$HOME/jdk/java
28 [ ! -e "$JAVA_HOME/bin/java" ] && JAVA_HOME=/usr/java
29 [ ! -e "$JAVA_HOME/bin/java" ] && error_exit "Please set the JAVA_HOME v
ariable in your environment, We need java(x64)!"
30
31 export JAVA_HOME
32 export JAVA="$JAVA_HOME/bin/java"
33 export BASE_DIR=$(dirname $0)/..
  export CLASSPATH=.:${BASE_DIR}/conf:${CLASSPATH}
34
36 #-----
______
37 # JVM Configuration
______
39 # 默认需要内存大小为8g
40 JAVA_OPT="${JAVA_OPT} -server -Xms256m -Xmx256m -Xmn128m"
41 JAVA_OPT="${JAVA_OPT} -XX:+UseG1GC -XX:G1HeapRegionSize=16m -XX:G1Reserv
ePercent=25 -XX:InitiatingHeapOccupancyPercent=30 -XX:SoftRefLRUPolicyMSPer
MB=0"
42 JAVA OPT="${JAVA OPT} -verbose:gc -Xloggc:/dev/shm/mq gc %p.log -XX:+Pri
ntGCDetails -XX:+PrintGCDateStamps -XX:+PrintGCApplicationStoppedTime -XX:+
PrintAdaptiveSizePolicy"
43 JAVA OPT="${JAVA OPT} -XX:+UseGCLogFileRotation -XX:NumberOfGCLogFiles=5
-XX:GCLogFileSize=30m"
44 JAVA OPT="${JAVA OPT} -XX:-OmitStackTraceInFastThrow"
45 JAVA_OPT="${JAVA_OPT} -XX:+AlwaysPreTouch"
46 JAVA OPT="${JAVA OPT} -XX:MaxDirectMemorySize=15g"
47 JAVA OPT="${JAVA OPT} -XX:-UseLargePages -XX:-UseBiasedLocking"
48 JAVA_OPT="${JAVA_OPT} -Djava.ext.dirs=${JAVA_HOME}/jre/lib/ext:${BASE_DI
R}/lib"
49 #JAVA_OPT="${JAVA_OPT} -Xdebug -Xrunjdwp:transport=dt_socket,address=955
5, server=y, suspend=n"
50 JAVA OPT="${JAVA OPT} ${JAVA OPT EXT}"
  JAVA OPT="${JAVA OPT} -cp ${CLASSPATH}"
  numactl --interleave=all pwd > /dev/null 2>&1
54 if [ $? -eq 0 ]
  then
   if [ -z "$RMQ NUMA NODE" ] ; then
56
   numactl --interleave=all $JAVA ${JAVA OPT} $@
58
   else
```

```
59  numactl --cpunodebind=$RMQ_NUMA_NODE --membind=$RMQ_NUMA_NODE $JAVA ${J
AVA_OPT} $@
60  fi
61  else
62  $JAVA ${JAVA_OPT} $@
63  fi
```

6、假设我们的IP是: 192.168.241.198, 修改配置文件broker.conf, 加上:

```
1 brokerIP1=192.168.241.198
```

7,运行服务namesrv (需在\$ROCKETMQ HOME/bin下执行)

```
1 执行命令: nohup sh bin/mqnamesrv -n 192.168.241.198:9876 &
```

- 8、启动broker (需在\$ROCKETMQ_HOME/bin下执行)
- 8.1不指定启动配置文件

```
1 执行命令:
2 nohup sh bin/mqbroker -n 192.168.241.198:9876 autoCreateTopicEnable=true
&
```

8.2指定启动配置配置文件

```
1 执行命令:
```

2 nohup sh bin/mqbroker -n 192.168.241.198:9876 -c conf/broker.conf autoCre ateTopicEnable=true &

3 查看broker启动配置:

4 sh bin/mqbroker -m

(127.0.0.1:9876为nameserver,链接进行注册,

autoCreateTopicEnable=true(允许创建topic);)

9、关闭防火墙

客户端访问可能会出现的问题:

RemotingTooMuchRequestException: sendDefaultImpl call timeout

在客户端运行Producer时,可能会出现如上异常,这是因为从 Windows 上开发连接虚拟机中的 nameServer 时要经过 Linux 系统的防火墙,而防火墙一般都会有超时的机制,在网络连接长时间不传输数据时,会关闭这个 TCP 的会话,关闭后再读写,就有可能导致这个异常。

contOS下命令如下:

- 1 systemctl stop firewalld.service #停止firewall
- 2 systemctl disable firewalld.service #禁止firewall开机启动
- 3 #查看默认防火墙状态(关闭后显示notrunning,开启后显示running)

```
4 firewall-cmd --state
```

[root@192 rocketmq-all-4.3.2-bin-release]# firewall-cmd --state
not running

broker. conf配置如下:

```
1 #rocketmq-name服务地址,多个地址用;分开,不配置默认为localhost:9876
2 namesrvAddr = 192.168.241.198:9876
3 brokerClusterName = DefaultCluster
4 brokerName = broker-a
5 brokerId = 0
6 deleteWhen = 04
7 fileReservedTime = 48
8 #主从角色SYNC MASTER, ASYNC MASTER, SLAVE
9 brokerRole = SYNC MASTER
10 flushDiskType = ASYNC_FLUSH
11 #允许自动创建主题topic
12 autoCreateTopicEnable=true
13 #broker监听端口
14 listenPort=10911
15 #数据存储位置
16 storePathRootDir=/root/rocketmq/store
```

10、关闭命令

```
1 #方案一-正常退出
2 sh mqshutdown broker --关闭broker
3 sh mqshutdown namesrv --关闭namesrv
4
5 #方案二-杀掉进程
6 ps -ef|grep rocketmq 查看pid(进程号)
7 kill -9 pid(进程号)
```

rocketmq多机集群部署

准备2个虚拟机分别是虚拟机centos-node-01与centos-node-02,分别部署2个NameServer,并在每台机器上分别启动一个Master和一个Slave,互为主备,在主目录下的conf文件夹下提供了多种broker配置模式,分别有: 2m-2s-async, 2m-2s-sync, 2m-noslave,可以以此为模版做如下配置:

cd conf目录

cp broker.conf broker-m.conf cp broker.conf broker-s.conf

1、配置192.168.241.198 Master和Slave

Master broker-m.conf配置如下:

```
1 #rocketmq-name服务地址,多个地址用;分开,不配置默认为localhost:9876
2 namesrvAddr = 192.168.241.198:9876;192.168.241.199:9876
3 #可以配置成自己需要的名称
4 brokerClusterName = DefaultCluster
5 brokerName = broker-b
6 # 0表示主节点
7 brokerId = 0
8 deleteWhen = 04
9 fileReservedTime = 48
10 #当前节点角色
11 brokerRole = SYNC_MASTER
12 flushDiskType = ASYNC_FLUSH
13 autoCreateTopicEnable=true
14 #broker通信端口,默认端口
15 listenPort=10911
16 storePathRootDir=/root/rocketmq/store-m
```

Slave broker-s.conf配置

```
#rocketmq-name 服务地址,多个地址用;分开,不配置默认为localhost:9876
namesrvAddr = 192.168.241.198:9876;192.168.241.199:9876
#可以配置成自己需要的名称
brokerClusterName = DefaultCluster
brokerName = broker-b
# 非0表示从节点
brokerId = 1
deleteWhen = 04
fileReservedTime = 48
#当前节点角色
brokerRole = SLAVE
flushDiskType = ASYNC_FLUSH
autoCreateTopicEnable=true
#broker通信端口
listenPort=10811
```

```
16 storePathRootDir=/root/rocketmq/store-s
```

启动mqnamesrv

```
1 nohup sh mqnamesrv &
```

启动broker Master

- 1 cd 到rocketmq根目录执行命令
- 2 nohup sh bin/mqbroker -c conf/broker-m.conf &

启动broker Slave

- 1 cd 到rocketmq根目录执行命令
- 2 nohup sh bin/mqbroker -c conf/broker-s.conf &

2、配置192.168.241.199 Master和Slave

Master broker-m.conf配置如下:

```
namesrvAddr = 192.168.241.198:9876;192.168.241.199:9876
#可以配置成自己需要的名称
brokerClusterName = DefaultCluster
brokerName = broker-a
brokerId = 0
deleteWhen = 04
fileReservedTime = 48
brokerRole = SYNC_MASTER
flushDiskType = ASYNC_FLUSH
autoCreateTopicEnable=true
listenPort=10911
storePathRootDir=/root/rocketmq/store-m
```

slave broker-s.conf配置如下:

```
namesrvAddr = 192.168.241.198:9876;192.168.241.199:9876
#可以配置成自己需要的名称
brokerClusterName = DefaultCluster
brokerName = broker-a
brokerId = 1
deleteWhen = 04
fileReservedTime = 48
brokerRole = SLAVE
flushDiskType = ASYNC_FLUSH
autoCreateTopicEnable=true
listenPort=10811
```

启动mqnamesrv 与 mqbroker 启动流程同上。

集群启动后

- 1 # 查看集群监控状态
- 2 sh mqadmin clusterlist -n 192.168.241.198:9876

测试

- 1 export NAMESRV_ADDR=192.168.241.198:9876;192.168.241.199:9876
- 2 测试发送端
- 3 > sh bin/tools.sh org.apache.rocketmq.example.quickstart.Producer
- 4 测试消费端
- 5 > sh bin/tools.sh org.apache.rocketmq.example.quickstart.Consumer

配置说明

- 1 1.namesrvAddr
- 2 NameServer地址,可以配置多个,用逗号分隔;
- 3 2.brokerClusterName
- 4 所属集群名称,如果节点较多可以配置多个
- 5 3.brokerName
- 6 broker名称,master和slave使用相同的名称,表明他们的主从关系
- 7 4.brokerId
- 8 **0**表示Master, 大于**0**表示不同的slave
- 9 5.deleteWhen
- 10 表示几点做消息删除动作,默认是凌晨4点
- 11 6.fileReservedTime
- 12 在磁盘上保留消息的时长,单位是小时
- 13 7.brokerRole
- 14 有三个值: SYNC_MASTER, ASYNC_MASTER, SLAVE; 同步和异步表示Master和Slave之间 同步数据的机制;
- 15 8.flushDiskType
- 16 刷盘策略,取值为: ASYNC_FLUSH, SYNC_FLUSH表示同步刷盘和异步刷盘; SYNC_FLUSH消息写入磁盘后才返回成功状态,ASYNC_FLUSH不需要;
- 17 9.listenPort

- 18 启动监听的端口号
- 19 10.storePathRootDir
- 20 存储消息的根目录