

# 1 学习目标

- 了解过滤功能的基本思路
- 独立实现分类和品牌展示
- 了解规格参数展示
- 实现过滤条件筛选
- 实现已选过滤项回显
- 实现取消选择过滤项

## 2 过滤功能分析

首先看下页面要实现的效果：



整个过滤部分有3块：

- 顶部的导航，已经选择的过滤条件展示：
  - 商品分类面包屑，根据用户选择的商品分类变化
  - 其它已选择过滤参数
- 过滤条件展示，又包含3部分
  - 商品分类展示
  - 品牌展示
  - 其它规格参数
- 展开或收起的过滤条件的按钮

顶部导航要展示的内容跟用户选择的过滤条件有关。

- 比如用户选择了某个商品分类，则面包屑中才会展示具体的分类
- 比如用户选择了某个品牌，列表中才会有品牌信息。

所以，这部分需要依赖第二部分：过滤条件的展示和选择。因此我们先不着急去做。

展开或收起的按钮是否显示，取决于过滤条件现在有多少，如果有很多，那么就没必要展示。所以也是跟第二部分的过滤条件有关。

这样分析来看，我们必须先做第二部分：过滤条件展示。

## 3 生成分类和品牌 筛选条件

先来看分类和品牌。在我们的数据库中已经有所有的分类和品牌信息。在这个位置，是不是把所有的分类和品牌信息都展示出来呢？

显然不是，用户搜索的条件会对商品进行过滤，而在搜索结果中，不一定包含所有的分类和品牌，直接展示出所有商品分类，让用户选择显然是不合适的。

无论是分类信息，还是品牌信息，都应该从es搜索的结果商品中进行聚合得到。

## 3.1 聚合商品分类和品牌

我们修改搜索的业务逻辑，对分类和品牌聚合。

因为索引库中只有id，所以我们根据id聚合，然后再根据id去查询完整数据。

## 3.2 实现

### 3.2.1 brandService和categoryService分别提供通过ids查询数据的接口

#### 3.2.1.1 BrandService

```
@ApiOperation(value="通过品牌id集合获取品牌")
@GetMapping(value = "brand/getBrandByIds")
Result<List<BrandEntity>> getBrandByIds(@RequestParam String brandIds);
```

#### 3.2.1.2 CategoryService

```
@ApiOperation(value = "通过id集合查询分类信息")
@GetMapping(value = "category/getCateByIds")
Result<List<CategoryEntity>> getCateByIds(@RequestParam String cateIds);
```

#### 3.2.1.3 BrandServiceImpl

```
@Override
public Result<List<BrandEntity>> getBrandByIds(String brandIds) {

    List<Integer> brandIdsArr = Arrays.asList(brandIds.split(","))
        .stream().map(idStr ->
Integer.parseInt(idStr)).collect(Collectors.toList());
    List<BrandEntity> list = brandMapper.selectByIdList(brandIdsArr);
    return this.setResultSuccess(list);
}
```

#### 3.2.1.4 CategoryServiceImpl

```

@Override
public Result<List<CategoryEntity>> getCateByIds(String cateIds) {

    List<Integer> cateIdsArr = Arrays.asList(cateIds.split(","))
        .stream().map(idStr ->
            Integer.parseInt(idStr)).collect(Collectors.toList());

    List<CategoryEntity> list = categoryMapper.selectByIdList(cateIdsArr);
    return this.setResultSuccess(list);
}

```

### 3.2.2 提供扩展的response

原来我们查询的方法的返回值是Result,result里面封装了code,msg和data 等信息

还需要total,totalPage(放在了meaage字段中)

现在还需要品牌和分类的信息,显然result已经支撑不住了

所以我们扩展一下result,顺便让大家继续学一下继承

#### 3.2.2.1 mingrui-shop-service-api-search/pom.xml

```

<!--需要api-xxx中的一些类-->
<dependency>
    <groupId>com.baidu</groupId>
    <artifactId>mingrui-shop-service-api-xxx</artifactId>
    <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
</dependency>

```

#### 3.2.2.2 api-search新建response包并新建GoodsResponse

```

@Data
@NoArgsConstructor
public class GoodsResponse extends Result<List<GoodsDoc>> {

    private Integer total;

    private Integer totalPage;

    private List<BrandEntity> brandList;

    private List<CategoryEntity> categoryList;

    public GoodsResponse(Integer total, Integer totalPage, List<BrandEntity>
brandList, List<CategoryEntity> categoryList, List<GoodsDoc> goodsDocs){

        super(HttpStatus.OK,HttpStatus.OK + "",goodsDocs);
        this.total = total;
        this.totalPage = totalPage;
        this.brandList = brandList;
        this.categoryList = categoryList;
    }

}

```

### 3.2.3 service-search项目新建BrandFeign和CategoryFeign

```
@FeignClient(contextId = "BrandService", value = "xxx-service")
public interface BrandFeign extends BrandService {
}
```

```
@FeignClient(contextId = "CategoryService", value = "xxx-service")
public interface CategoryFeign extends CategoryService {
}
```

### 3.2.4 ShopElasticsearchServiceImpl

```
@Override
public GoodsResponse search(String search, Integer page) {

    NativeSearchQueryBuilder queryBuilder = new NativeSearchQueryBuilder();

    if (!StringUtils.isEmpty(search)) {
        //多字段同时查询

        queryBuilder.withQuery(QueryBuilders.multiMatchQuery(search, "title", "brandName", "categoryName"));
    }

    queryBuilder.withPageable(PageRequest.of(page-1, 10));

    //设置查询出来的内容,页面上做多只需要id,title,skus
    queryBuilder.withSourceFilter(new FetchSourceFilter(new String[]
{"id", "title", "skus"}, null));
    //设置高亮字段

    queryBuilder.withHighlightBuilder(ESHighlightUtil.getHighlightBuilder("title"));
    ;

    //聚合

    queryBuilder.addAggregation(AggregationBuilders.terms("cate_agg").field("cid3"));
    );

    queryBuilder.addAggregation(AggregationBuilders.terms("brand_agg").field("brandId"));

    SearchHits<GoodsDoc> hits =
    elasticSearchRestTemplate.search(queryBuilder.build(), GoodsDoc.class);

    List<SearchHit<GoodsDoc>> highlightHit =
    ESHighLightUtil.getHighLightHit(hits.getSearchHits());

    List<GoodsDoc> goodsDocs = highlightHit.stream().map(searchHit ->
    searchHit.getContent()).collect(Collectors.toList());

    //      long total = hits.getTotalHits();//总条数 47
    //      Double totalD = Long.valueOf(total).doubleValue();//double类型的总条数
    //      double totalPageD = Math.ceil(totalD); //如果有小数直接想上取整
```

```

//      int totalPage = Double.valueOf(totalPageD).intValue();//将double类型的值
转为int类型

//获取聚合数据
Aggregations aggregations = hits.getAggregations();
Terms brand_agg = aggregations.get("brand_agg");
Terms cate_agg = aggregations.get("cate_agg");

List<? extends Terms.Bucket> brandBuckets = brand_agg.getBuckets();
List<String> brandIdList = brandBuckets.stream().map(brandbuckt -> {
    Number keyAsNumber = brandbuckt.getKeyAsNumber();
    Integer brandId = Integer.valueOf(keyAsNumber.intValue());
    return brandId + ""; //得到品牌id,并且且转为String类型,方便接下来的操作
}).collect(Collectors.toList());

List<? extends Terms.Bucket> cateBuckets = cate_agg.getBuckets();
List<String> cateIdList = cateBuckets.stream().map(cateBucket -> {
    Number keyAsNumber = cateBucket.getKeyAsNumber();
    Integer cateId = Integer.valueOf(keyAsNumber.intValue());

    return cateId + "";
}).collect(Collectors.toList());

//通过brandid获取brand详细数据
//String.join(分隔符,List<String>),将list集合转为,分隔的字符串
Result<List<BrandEntity>> brandResult =
brandFeign.getBrandByIds(String.join(",", brandIdList));

//通过分类id获取分类详细数据
Result<List<CategoryEntity>> cateResult =
categoryFeign.getCateByIds(String.join(",", cateIdList));

/*Map<String, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
map.put("total", Long.valueOf(hits.getTotalHits()).intValue());

map.put("totalPage", Double.valueOf(Math.ceil(Long.valueOf(hits.getTotalHits()).
doubleValue()/ 10)).intValue());

String message = JSONUtil.toJsonString(map);*/

GoodsResponse goodsResponse = new
GoodsResponse(Long.valueOf(hits.getTotalHits()).intValue()
,
Double.valueOf(Math.ceil(Long.valueOf(hits.getTotalHits()).doubleValue() /
10)).intValue()
, brandResult.getData(), cateResult.getData(), goodsDocs);

return goodsResponse;
}

```

### 3.2.5 search.html

```
<script type="text/javascript">
  var vm = new Vue({
    el: "#searchApp",
    data: {
      goodsList:[],
      mrshop,
      page:1,
      total:0,
      totalPages:0,
      brandList:[],
      categoryList:[]
    },
    components:{
      b2cTop: () => import("./js/pages/top.js")
    },
  },

```

```
search () {
  const search = mrshop.parse(location.search.substring(1))
  mrshop.http.get('/es/search',{
    params:{
      search:search.key,
      page:this.page
    }
  }).then(resp => {

    const goodsList = resp.data.data.map(goods => {
      goods.skus = JSON.parse(goods.skus);
      goods.selected = goods.skus[0];
      return goods;
    })

    // const msgJsonObj = JSON.parse(resp.data.message);
    // this.total = msgJsonObj.total;
    // this.totalPage = msgJsonObj.totalPage;

    this.total = resp.data.total;
    this.totalPage = resp.data.totalPage;

    this.brandList = resp.data.brandList;
    this.categoryList = resp.data.categoryList;

    this.goodsList = goodsList;
  }).catch(error => console.log(error));
}
},

```

```
<div class="fl key">分类</div>
<div class="fl value">
  <ul class="type-list">
    <li v-for="(category,index) in categoryList" :key="index">
      <a>{{ category.name }}</a>
    </li>
  </ul>
</div>
<div class="fl ext"></div>
</div>
<div class="type-wrap logo">
  <div class="fl key brand">品牌</div>
  <div class="value logos">
    <ul class="logo-list">
      <li v-for="(brand,index) in brandList" :key="index">
        v-if="brand.image"
        
      </li>
      <li style="text-align: center" v-else>
        <a style="line-height: 30px; font-size: 12px" href="#">{{ brand.name }}</a>
      </li>
    </ul>
  </div>
</div>
```

遍历分类信息

遍历品牌信息  
并判断当前品牌是否有图片  
有图片的话显示图片

没有图片显示品牌名称

```

searchEsData() {
  const search = mrshop.parse(location.search.substring(1)); //
  将key=value转为key:value
  //查询请求
  mrshop.http.get('es/search', {
    params: {
      search: search.key, //将查询的内容传递到后台
      page: this.page //当前页
    }
  }).then(resp => {

    //处理sku
    const goodsList = resp.data.data.map(goods => {

      goods.skus = JSON.parse(goods.skus); //将字符串转为json
      goods.selected = goods.skus[0]; //设置当前选中
      return goods;
    })

    this.total = resp.data.total; //总条数
    this.totalPage = resp.data.totalPage //总页数

    this.brandList = resp.data.brandList;
    this.categoryList = resp.data.categoryList;
    //var totalObj = JSON.parse(resp.data.message);

    //this.total = totalObj.obj; //总条数
    //this.totalPage = totalObj.totalPage //总页数
    this.goodsList = goodsList;

  }).catch(error => console.log(error))

```

```

<div class="type-wrap">
  <div class="fl key">分类</div>
  <div class="fl value">
    <ul class="type-list">
      <!--遍历分类信息-->
      <li v-for="(category,index) in categoryList"
:key="index">
        <a>{{ category.name }}</a>
      </li>
    </ul>
  </div>
  <div class="fl ext"></div>
</div>
<div class="type-wrap logo">
  <div class="fl key brand">品牌</div>
  <div class="value logos">
    <ul class="logo-list">
      <!--遍历品牌信息
      有图片的显示图片-->
      <li
        v-for="(brand,index) in brandList"
        v-if="brand.image"
        :key="index">
        

```

```

        </li>
        <!--没有图片的显示文字-->
        <li v-else style="text-align: center"><a
style="line-height: 30px; font-size: 12px"
        href="#">{{ brand.name }}</a></li>
    </ul>
</div>
<div class="fl ext">
    <a href="javascript:void(0);" class="sui-btn">多选
</a>

</div>
</div>

```

```

.logo-list li{
    padding:8px;
}
.logo-list li:hover{
    background-color: #f3f3f3;
}

```

### 3.3 问题

当前程序是做完了,好像也并没有什么问题

但是我可以告诉你们一个非常大的问题

用户体验

现在我们是本地开发,如果项目上线的话

当前的搜索效率有点慢,尤其是加上聚合后(我们还有一个规格没有加上呢)

所以我们拆一下方法,说白了就是拆接口,分发请求

拆请求的话会增加大家电脑的压力,大家看一下代码就可以了,不需要实现

#### 3.3.1 ShopElasticsearchService

```

@ApiOperation(value = "搜索")
@GetMapping(value = "es/search")
Result<List<GoodsDoc>> search(@RequestParam String search, @RequestParam
Integer page);

@ApiOperation(value = "品牌过滤")
@GetMapping(value = "es/searchBrand")
Result<List<BrandEntity>> getBrandInfo(String search);

@ApiOperation(value = "分类过滤")
@GetMapping(value = "es/searchCategory")
Result<List<CategoryEntity>> getCategoryInfo(String search);

```

#### 3.3.2 ShopElasticsearchServiceImpl

```
@Override
```



```

public Result<List<GoodsDoc>> search(String search, Integer page) {

    NativeSearchQueryBuilder queryBuilder = new NativeSearchQueryBuilder();

    if (!StringUtils.isEmpty(search)) {
        //多字段同时查询

    queryBuilder.withQuery(QueryBuilders.multiMatchQuery(search, "title", "brandName",
    "categoryName"));
    }

    queryBuilder.withPageable(PageRequest.of(page-1,10));

    //设置查询出来的内容,页面上做多只需要id,title,skus
    queryBuilder.withSourceFilter(new FetchSourceFilter(new String[]
    {"id","title","skus"}, null));
    //设置高亮字段

    queryBuilder.withHighlightBuilder(ESHighlightUtil.getHighlightBuilder("title"))
    ;

    SearchHits<GoodsDoc> hits =
    elasticsearchRestTemplate.search(queryBuilder.build(), GoodsDoc.class);

    List<SearchHit<GoodsDoc>> highLightHit =
    ESHighLightUtil.getHighLightHit(hits.getSearchHits());

    List<GoodsDoc> goodsDocs = highLightHit.stream().map(searchHit ->
    searchHit.getContent()).collect(Collectors.toList());

    Map<String, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
    map.put("total",Long.valueOf(hits.getTotalHits()).intValue());

    map.put("totalPage",Double.valueOf(Math.ceil(Long.valueOf(hits.getTotalHits()).
    doubleValue()/ 10)).intValue());

    String message = JSONUtil.toJsonString(map);

    return this.setResult(HttpStatus.OK,message,goodsDocs);
}

@Override
public Result<List<BrandEntity>> getBrandInfo(String search){
    NativeSearchQueryBuilder queryBuilder = new NativeSearchQueryBuilder();

    if (!StringUtils.isEmpty(search)) {
        //多字段同时查询

    queryBuilder.withQuery(QueryBuilders.multiMatchQuery(search, "title", "brandName",
    "categoryName"));
    }

    queryBuilder.addAggregation(AggregationBuilders.terms("brand_agg").field("brand
    Id"));

    SearchHits<GoodsDoc> hits =
    elasticsearchRestTemplate.search(queryBuilder.build(), GoodsDoc.class);

```

```

        Aggregations aggregations = hits.getAggregations();
        Terms brand_agg = aggregations.get("brand_agg");

        List<? extends Terms.Bucket> brandBuckets = brand_agg.getBuckets();
        List<String> brandIdList = brandBuckets.stream().map(brandbuckt -> {
            Number keyAsNumber = brandbuckt.getKeyAsNumber();
            Integer brandId = Integer.valueOf(keyAsNumber.intValue());
            return brandId + ""; //得到品牌id,并且且转为String类型,方便接下来的操作
        }).collect(Collectors.toList());

        Result<List<BrandEntity>> brandResult =
        brandFeign.getBrandByIds(String.join(",", brandIdList));

        return this.setResultSuccess(brandResult.getData());
    }

    @Override
    public Result<List<CategoryEntity>> getCategoryInfo(String search){
        NativeSearchQueryBuilder queryBuilder = new NativeSearchQueryBuilder();

        if (!StringUtils.isEmpty(search)) {
            //多字段同时查询

            queryBuilder.withQuery(QueryBuilders.multiMatchQuery(search, "title", "brandName",
            "categoryName"));
        }

        queryBuilder.addAggregation(AggregationBuilders.terms("cate_agg").field("cid3")
        );

        SearchHits<GoodsDoc> hits =
        elasticSearchRestTemplate.search(queryBuilder.build(), GoodsDoc.class);

        Aggregations aggregations = hits.getAggregations();
        Terms cate_agg = aggregations.get("cate_agg");

        List<? extends Terms.Bucket> cateBuckets = cate_agg.getBuckets();
        List<String> cateIdList = cateBuckets.stream().map(cateBucket -> {
            Number keyAsNumber = cateBucket.getKeyAsNumber();
            Integer cateId = Integer.valueOf(keyAsNumber.intValue());

            return cateId + "";
        }).collect(Collectors.toList());

        Result<List<CategoryEntity>> cateResult =
        categoryFeign.getCateByIds(String.join(",", cateIdList));

        return this.setResultSuccess(cateResult.getData());
    }

```

### 3.3.3 search.html

```

        searchEsData() {
            const search = mrshop.parse(location.search.substring(1)); //
            将key=value转为key:value

```

```

//查询请求
mrshop.http.get('es/search', {
    params: {
        search: search.key,//将查询的内容传递到后台
        page: this.page//当前页
    }
}).then(resp => {
    //处理sku
    const goodsList = resp.data.data.map(goods => {

        goods.skus = JSON.parse(goods.skus);//将字符串转为json
        goods.selected = goods.skus[0];//设置当前选中
        return goods;
    })

    // this.brandList = resp.data.brandList;
    // this.categoryList = resp.data.categoryList;

    var totalObj = JSON.parse(resp.data.message);
    this.total = totalObj.obj;//总条数
    this.totalPage = totalObj.totalPage//总页数

    this.goodsList = goodsList;

}).catch(error => console.log(error));
//查询品牌信息
mrshop.http.get('es/searchBrand', {
    params: {
        search: search.key
    }
}).then(resp => {
    this.brandList = resp.data.data;
}).catch(error => console.log(error));

//查询分类信息
mrshop.http.get('es/searchCategory', {
    params: {
        search: search.key
    }
}).then(resp => {
    this.categoryList = resp.data.data;
}).catch(error => console.log(error))
}

```

## 3.4 拆方法

search这个方法代码太多了.....

拆方法还是遵循一个原则-从后往前拆

```

@Override
public GoodsResponse search(String search, Integer page) {

    NativeSearchQueryBuilder queryBuilder = this.getQueryBuilder(search,
page);
    SearchHits<GoodsDoc> hits =
elasticsearchRestTemplate.search(queryBuilder.build(), GoodsDoc.class);

```

```

        List<SearchHit<GoodsDoc>> highLightHit =
ESHightLightUtil.getHighLightHit(hits.getSearchHits());
        List<GoodsDoc> goodsDocs = highLightHit.stream().map(searchHit ->
searchHit.getContent()).collect(Collectors.toList());

        //通过品牌id获取品牌详细数据
        List<BrandEntity> brandResult =
getBrandEntityList(hits.getAggregations());
        //通过分类id获取分类详细数据
        List<CategoryEntity> cateResult =
getCategoryEntityList(hits.getAggregations());

        GoodsResponse goodsResponse = new
GoodsResponse(Long.valueOf(hits.getTotalHits()).intValue()
,
Double.valueOf(Math.ceil(Long.valueOf(hits.getTotalHits()).doubleValue() /
10)).intValue()
, brandResult, cateResult, goodsDocs);

        return goodsResponse;
    }

    private NativeSearchQueryBuilder getQueryBuilder(String search, Integer
page){
        NativeSearchQueryBuilder queryBuilder = new NativeSearchQueryBuilder();

        if (!StringUtils.isEmpty(search)) {
            //多字段同时查询

            queryBuilder.withQuery(QueryBuilders.multiMatchQuery(search,"title","brandName"
,"categoryName"));
        }

        queryBuilder.withPageable(PageRequest.of(page-1,10));
        //设置查询出来的内容,页面上做多只需要id,title,skus
        queryBuilder.withSourceFilter(new FetchSourceFilter(new String[]
{"id","title","skus"}, null));
        //设置高亮字段

        queryBuilder.withHighlightBuilder(ESHightLightUtil.getHighlightBuilder("title"))
;

        //聚合

        queryBuilder.addAggregation(AggregationBuilders.terms("cate_agg").field("cid3")
);

        queryBuilder.addAggregation(AggregationBuilders.terms("brand_agg").field("brand
Id"));

        return queryBuilder;
    }

    private List<BrandEntity> getBrandEntityList(Aggregations aggregations){
        Terms brand_agg = aggregations.get("brand_agg");

        List<? extends Terms.Bucket> brandBuckets = brand_agg.getBuckets();

```

```

        List<String> brandIdList = brandBuckets.stream().map(brandbuckt -> {
            Number keyAsNumber = brandbuckt.getKeyAsNumber();
            Integer brandId = Integer.valueOf(keyAsNumber.intValue());
            return brandId + ""; //得到品牌id,并且且转为String类型,方便接下来的操作
        }).collect(Collectors.toList());

        Result<List<BrandEntity>> brandResult =
brandFeign.getBrandByIds(String.join(",",brandIdList));
        return brandResult.getData();
    }

    private List<CategoryEntity> getCategoryEntityList(Aggregations
aggregations){

        Terms cate_agg = aggregations.get("cate_agg");

        List<? extends Terms.Bucket> cateBuckets = cate_agg.getBuckets();
        List<String> cateIdList = cateBuckets.stream().map(cateBucket -> {
            Number keyAsNumber = cateBucket.getKeyAsNumber();
            Integer cateId = Integer.valueOf(keyAsNumber.intValue());

            return cateId + "";
        }).collect(Collectors.toList());

        Result<List<CategoryEntity>> cateResult =
categoryFeign.getCateByIds(String.join(",",cateIdList));

        return cateResult.getData();
    }

```

## 4 生成规格 筛选条件

```

GET /goods/_search
{
  "query": {
    "multi_match": {
      "query": "华为",
      "fields": ["title","brandName","categoryName"]
    }
  },
  "aggs": {
    "屏幕尺寸": {
      "terms": {
        "field": "specs.主屏幕尺寸（英寸）.keyword",
        "size": 10
      }
    },
    "内存":{
      "terms": {
        "field": "specs.内存.keyword",
        "size": 10
      }
    }
  }
}

```

问题：我们不可能将所有的规格参数全部取出来,规格参数是挂在某一个分类下的,

所以我们应该根据具体的分类id查询相应的规格参数

那我们怎么确定获取哪个分类下的id?

其实这个取决于公司,比如说,我们可以查询热度最高的分类下的规格参数.

也可以查询分类下商品最多的分类下的规格参数

但是在学习阶段,热度最高我们现在没有办法实现

可以得到分类下商品最多的分类

## 4.1 修改获取分类信息的方法获取热度最高的分类

```
private Map<Integer, List<CategoryEntity>> getCategoryEntityList(Aggregations aggregations){  
  
    Map<Integer, List<CategoryEntity>> map = new HashMap<>();  
  
    Terms cate_agg = aggregations.get("cate_agg");  
  
    List<? extends Terms.Bucket> cateBuckets = cate_agg.getBuckets();  
  
    List<Integer> hotCidList = Arrays.asList(0); //热度最高的分类id  
    List<Integer> maxCountList = Arrays.asList(0);  
  
    List<String> cateIdList = cateBuckets.stream().map(cateBucket -> {  
        Number keyAsNumber = cateBucket.getKeyAsNumber();  
        Integer cateId = Integer.valueOf(keyAsNumber.intValue());  
  
        if(maxCountList.get(0) < cateBucket.getDocCount()){  
            maxCountList.set(0, Long.valueOf(cateBucket.getDocCount()).intValue());  
            hotCidList.set(0, keyAsNumber.intValue());  
        }  
    })  
  
    return cateId + "";  
}).collect(Collectors.toList());
```

修改此函数

定义List集合  
lambda表达式不能修改外部变量

list集合的set方法设置指定下标的值

热度最高的id为key

值为所有分类的数据

```
private Map<Integer, List<CategoryEntity>>  
getCategoryEntityList(Aggregations aggregations){  
  
    Map<Integer, List<CategoryEntity>> map = new HashMap<>();  
  
    Terms cate_agg = aggregations.get("cate_agg");  
  
    List<? extends Terms.Bucket> cateBuckets = cate_agg.getBuckets();  
  
    List<Integer> hotCidList = Arrays.asList(0); //热度最高的分类id  
    List<Integer> maxCountList = Arrays.asList(0);  
  
    List<String> cateIdList = cateBuckets.stream().map(cateBucket -> {  
        Number keyAsNumber = cateBucket.getKeyAsNumber();  
        Integer cateId = Integer.valueOf(keyAsNumber.intValue());  
  
        if(maxCountList.get(0) < cateBucket.getDocCount()){  
            maxCountList.set(0, Long.valueOf(cateBucket.getDocCount()).intValue());  
            hotCidList.set(0, keyAsNumber.intValue());  
        }  
    })  
  
    return cateId + "";  
}).collect(Collectors.toList());
```

```

        Result<List<CategoryEntity>> cateResult =
categoryFeign.getCateByIds(String.join(",", cateIdList));

        map.put(hotCidList.get(0), cateResult.getData()); //key为热度最高的cid value
为cid集合对应的数据

        return map;
    }

```

## 4.2 response中新增规格参数属性

```

@Data
@NoArgsConstructor
public class GoodsResponse extends Result<List<GoodsDoc>> {

    private Integer total;

    private Integer totalPage;

    private List<BrandEntity> brandList;

    private List<CategoryEntity> categoryList;

    private Map<String, Object> specAggInfo;

    public GoodsResponse(Integer total, Integer totalPage
        , List<BrandEntity> brandList, List<CategoryEntity> categoryList
        , List<GoodsDoc> goodsDocs, Map<String, Object> specAggInfo){

        super(HttpStatus.OK, message: HttpStatus.OK + "", goodsDocs);
        this.total = total;
        this.totalPage = totalPage;
        this.brandList = brandList;
        this.categoryList = categoryList;
        this.specAggInfo = specAggInfo;
    }
}

```

存储规格参数

```

import com.baidu.shop.base.Result;
import com.baidu.shop.document.GoodsDoc;
import com.baidu.shop.entity.BrandEntity;
import com.baidu.shop.entity.CategoryEntity;
import com.baidu.shop.status.HttpStatus;
import lombok.Data;
import lombok.NoArgsConstructor;

import java.util.List;
import java.util.Map;

/**
 * @ClassName GoodsDTO
 * @Description: TODO
 * @Author shenyaqi
 * @Date 2020/9/8
 * @Version V1.0
 */
@Data
@NoArgsConstructor
public class GoodsResponse extends Result<List<GoodsDoc>> {

    private Integer total;

```

```

private Integer totalPage;

private List<BrandEntity> brandList;

private List<CategoryEntity> categoryList;

private Map<String, Object> specAggInfo;

public GoodsResponse(Integer total, Integer totalPage
    , List<BrandEntity> brandList, List<CategoryEntity> categoryList
    , List<GoodsDoc> goodsDocs, Map<String, Object> specAggInfo){

    super(HttpStatus.OK, HttpStatus.OK + "", goodsDocs);
    this.total = total;
    this.totalPage = totalPage;
    this.brandList = brandList;
    this.categoryList = categoryList;
    this.specAggInfo = specAggInfo;
}

}

```

## 4.3 search方法

```

//通过分类id获取分类详细数据
Map<Integer, List<CategoryEntity>> cateMap = this.getCategoryEntityList(hits.getAggregations());
List<CategoryEntity> cateResult = null;
Integer hotCid = null;
//注意此处不能使用Lambda表达式...
for(Map.Entry<Integer, List<CategoryEntity>> entry : cateMap.entrySet()){
    hotCid = entry.getKey();
    cateResult = entry.getValue();
}

```

```

//通过cid获取规格参数
Map<String, Object> specAggInfo = this.getSpecAggInfo(hotCid, search);

```

```

@Override
public GoodsResponse search(String search, Integer page) {

    NativeSearchQueryBuilder queryBuilder = this.getQueryBuilder(search,
page);

    SearchHits<GoodsDoc> hits =
elasticsearchRestTemplate.search(queryBuilder.build(), GoodsDoc.class);

    List<SearchHit<GoodsDoc>> highLightHit =
ESHighLightUtil.getHighLightHit(hits.getSearchHits());
    List<GoodsDoc> goodsDocs = highLightHit.stream().map(searchHit ->
searchHit.getContent()).collect(Collectors.toList());

    //通过品牌id获取品牌详细数据
    List<BrandEntity> brandResult =
getBrandEntityList(hits.getAggregations());

    //通过分类id获取分类详细数据
    Map<Integer, List<CategoryEntity>> cateMap =
this.getCategoryEntityList(hits.getAggregations());
    List<CategoryEntity> cateResult = null;
}

```



```

Integer hotCid = null;
//注意此处不能使用lambda表达式....
for(Map.Entry<Integer,List<CategoryEntity>> entry : cateMap.entrySet()){
    hotCid = entry.getKey();
    cateResult = entry.getValue();
}

//通过cid获取规格参数
Map<String, Object> specAggInfo = this.getSpecAggInfo(hotCid, search);

GoodsResponse goodsResponse = new
GoodsResponse(Long.valueOf(hits.getTotalHits()).intValue()
,
Double.valueOf(Math.ceil(Long.valueOf(hits.getTotalHits()).doubleValue() /
10)).intValue()
, brandResult, cateResult, goodsDocs,specAggInfo);

return goodsResponse;
}

```

## 4.4 抽取出来的获取规格参数方法

```

private Map<String, Object> getSpecAggInfo(Integer cid,String search){
    SpecParamDTO specParamDTO = new SpecParamDTO(); //通过cid获取参数
    specParamDTO.setCid(cid);
    specParamDTO.setSearching(1);//只查询用于搜索的
    Result<List<SpecParamEntity>> specParamInfo = specificationFeign.getSpecParamInfo(specParamDTO);

    List<SpecParamEntity> paramList = specParamInfo.getData();

    NativeSearchQueryBuilder queryBuilder = new NativeSearchQueryBuilder(); //构建查询
    queryBuilder.withQuery(QueryBuilders.multiMatchQuery(search, ...fieldNames: "title","brandName","categoryName"));

    paramList.stream().forEach(params -> { //遍历规格参数,并通过规格参数名聚合
        queryBuilder.addAggregation(AggregationBuilders.terms(params.getName()).field("specs." + params.getName() + ".keyword"));
    });
    queryBuilder.withPageable(PageRequest.of( page: 0, size: 1));
    SearchHits<GoodsDoc> hits = elasticsearchRestTemplate.search(queryBuilder.build(), GoodsDoc.class);

    Aggregations aggregations = hits.getAggregations();

    Map<String, Object> map = new HashMap<>();
    paramList.stream().forEach(param -> { //遍历规格参数 通过参数名获取terms
        Terms terms = aggregations.get(param.getName()); //得到每个terms下面的桶
        List<? extends Terms.Bucket> buckets = terms.getBuckets();
        List<String> value = buckets.stream().map(bucket -> bucket.getKeyAsString()).collect(Collectors.toList());
        map.put(terms.getName(),value); //得到values集合
    });

    return map;
}

```

```

private Map<String, Object> getSpecAggInfo(Integer cid,String search){
    SpecParamDTO specParamDTO = new SpecParamDTO();
    specParamDTO.setCid(cid);
    specParamDTO.setSearching(1);//只查询用于搜索的
    Result<List<SpecParamEntity>> specParamInfo =
specificationFeign.getSpecParamInfo(specParamDTO);

    List<SpecParamEntity> paramList = specParamInfo.getData();

    NativeSearchQueryBuilder queryBuilder = new NativeSearchQueryBuilder();

    queryBuilder.withQuery(QueryBuilders.multiMatchQuery(search,"title","brandName"
,"categoryName"));

    paramList.stream().forEach(params -> {

```

```

        queryBuilder.addAggregation(AggregationBuilders.terms(params.getName()).field("
specs." + params.getName() + ".keyword"));
    });
    queryBuilder.withPageable(PageRequest.of(0,1));
    SearchHits<GoodsDoc> hits =
elasticsearchRestTemplate.search(queryBuilder.build(), GoodsDoc.class);

    Aggregations aggregations = hits.getAggregations();

    Map<String, Object> map = new HashMap<>();
    paramList.stream().forEach(param -> {

        Terms terms = aggregations.get(param.getName());
        List<? extends Terms.Bucket> buckets = terms.getBuckets();
        List<String> value = buckets.stream().map(bucket ->
bucket.getKeyAsString()).collect(Collectors.toList());
        map.put(terms.getName(),value);
    });

    return map;
}

```

## 4.5 search.html

```

this.categoryList = resp.data.categoryList;
//规格参数
this.specAggInfo = resp.data.specAggInfo;
//var totalObj = JSON.parse(resp.data.message);

```

```

<script type="text/javascript">
    var vm = new Vue({
        el: "#searchApp",
        data: {
            goodsList: [],//商品信息
            mrshop,//不将此参数绑定到当前页面上,html代码不能使用mrshop.***函数
            total: 0,
            totalPage: 0,
            page: 1,//当前页
            brandList: [],
            categoryList: [],
            specAggInfo: {}
        },
        components: {
            b2cTop: () => import("./js/pages/top.js")
        },
        watch: {
            page() {
                this.searchEsData();
            }
        },
        created() {
            this.searchEsData();
        },
        methods: {

```

```

searchEsData() {
    const search = mrshop.parse(location.search.substring(1)); //
    将key=value转为key:value
    //查询请求
    mrshop.http.get('es/search', {
        params: {
            search: search.key, //将查询的内容传递到后台
            page: this.page //当前页
        }
    }).then(resp => {

        console.log(resp)
        //处理sku
        const goodsList = resp.data.data.map(goods => {

            goods.skus = JSON.parse(goods.skus); //将字符串转为json
            goods.selected = goods.skus[0]; //设置当前选中
            return goods;
        })

        this.total = resp.data.total; //总条数
        this.totalPage = resp.data.totalPage //总页数

        this.brandList = resp.data.brandList;
        this.categoryList = resp.data.categoryList;
        //规格参数
        this.specAggInfo = resp.data.specAggInfo;
        //var totalObj = JSON.parse(resp.data.message);

        //this.total = totalObj.obj; //总条数
        //this.totalPage = totalObj.totalPage //总页数
        this.goodsList = goodsList;

    }).catch(error => console.log(error));
}
}
});
</script>

```

```

<!--遍历规格参数数据-->
<div class="type-wrap" v-for="(val,key,index) in
specAggInfo">

    <div class="f1 key">{{ key }}</div>
    <div class="f1 value">
        <ul class="type-list">
            <!--遍历参数值-->
            <li v-for="(item,index) in val">
                <a>{{ item }}</a>
            </li>
        </ul>
    </div>
    <div class="f1 ext"></div>
</div>

```

## 4.5 更多 收起 功能实现

```

data: {
  goodsList: [], //商品信息
  mrshop, //不将此参数绑定到当前页面上,html
  total: 0,
  totalPage: 0,
  page: 1, //当前页
  brandList: [],
  categoryList: [],
  specAggInfo: {},
  showMore: false
}

```

```

<div class="type-wrap" style="text-align: center">
  <v-btn small flat @click="showMore=true" v-show="!showMore">
    更多<v-icon>arrow_drop_down</v-icon>
  </v-btn>
  <v-btn small="" flat @click="showMore=false" v-show="showMore">
    收起<v-icon>arrow_drop_up</v-icon>
  </v-btn>
</div>

```

点击更多的时候showMore的值为true  
点击收起的时候showMore的值为false

```

<div class="type-wrap" style="text-align: center">
  <v-btn small flat @click="showMore=true" v-show="!showMore">
    更多<v-icon>arrow_drop_down</v-icon>
  </v-btn>
  <v-btn small="" flat @click="showMore=false" v-show="showMore">
    收起<v-icon>arrow_drop_up</v-icon>
  </v-btn>
</div>

```

如果现在showMore的值为false 那"更多"按钮显示  
如果showMore的值为true 那"收起"按钮显示

```

<div class="type-wrap"
v-for="(value,key,index) in specMap"
:key="index"
v-show="index < 3 || showMore"
v-if="value.length > 0">
  <div class="fl key">{{ key }}</div>
  <div class="fl value">
    <ul class="type-list">
      <li v-for="(item,index) in value" :key="index">
        <a>{{ item }}</a>
      </li>
    </ul>
  </div>
  <div class="fl ext"></div>
</div>

```

如果当前index < 3 那前面的表达式就满足此判断  
如果 index >= 3 那前面的表达式就不满足此判断  
就会执行后面的表达式 showMore继续决定此规格参数是否展示

```

<!--遍历规格参数数据
index < 3 || showMore 默认只显示三条数据
如果showMore的状态为true则显示全部数据-->
<div class="type-wrap"
v-for="(val,key,index) in specAggInfo"
v-show="index < 3 || showMore">
  <div class="fl key">{{ key }}</div>
  <div class="fl value">
    <ul class="type-list">
      <!--遍历参数值-->
      <li v-for="(item,index) in val">
        <a>{{ item }}</a>
      </li>
    </ul>
  </div>
</div>

```

```

        </div>
        <div class="fl ext"></div>
    </div>
    <div class="type-wrap" style="text-align: center">
        <!--点击改变showMore的状态
        showMore如果当前是现实全部则不显示更多选项-->
        <v-btn small flat @click="showMore = true" v-
show="!showMore">
            更多<v-icon>arrow_drop_down</v-icon>
        </v-btn>
        <v-btn small="" flat @click="showMore = false" v-
show="showMore">
            收起<v-icon>arrow_drop_up</v-icon>
        </v-btn>
    </div>

```

## 4.6 优化代码

上述代码中我们定义了一系列显示条件过滤的属性

```

data: {
  goodsList: [], //商品信息
  mrshop, //不将此参数绑定到当前页面上,html代码不能使用mrshop.***函数
  total: 0,
  totalPage: 0,
  page: 1, //当前页
  brandList: [], //显示品牌
  categoryList: [], //显示分类
  specAggInfo: {}, //显示各种规格数据
  showMore: false,
  filter: {}
}

```

还有一些赋值操作

```

    })
  }).then(resp => {
    //处理sku
    const goodsList = resp.data.data.map(goods => {
      goods.skus = JSON.parse(goods.skus); //将字符串转为json
      goods.selected = goods.skus[0]; //设置当前选中
      return goods;
    })

    this.total = resp.data.total; //总条数
    this.totalPage = resp.data.totalPage; //总页数

    this.brandList = resp.data.brandList;
    this.categoryList = resp.data.categoryList;
    //规格参数
    this.specAggInfo = resp.data.specAggInfo;
  })
}

```

这些其实都是过滤条件数据

所以我们将这些数据合并成一个对象

```

<script type="text/javascript">
  var vm = new Vue({
    el: "#searchApp",
    data: {
      goodsList: [], //商品信息
      mrshop, //不将此参数绑定到当前页面上,html代码不能使用mrshop.***
      total: 0,
      totalPage: 0,
      page: 1, //当前页
      brandList: [],
      categoryList: [],
      specAggInfo: {},
      showMore: false,
      filter: {},
      filters: {}
    },
    computed: {

```

合并后的对象

```

    }).then(resp => {
      //处理sku
      const goodsList = resp.data.data.map(goods => {
        goods.skus = JSON.parse(goods.skus); //将字符串转为json
        goods.selected = goods.skus[0]; //设置当前选中
        return goods;
      })

      this.total = resp.data.total; //总条数
      this.totalPage = resp.data.totalPage; //总页数

      //this.brandList = resp.data.brandList;
      //this.categoryList = resp.data.categoryList;
      //规格参数
      // this.specAggInfo = resp.data.specAggInfo;

      //将所有的过滤想放到一个对象中
      this.filters.brandList = resp.data.brandList;
      this.filters.categoryList = resp.data.categoryList;

      Object.assign(this.filters, resp.data.specAggInfo);

      //var totalObj = JSON.parse(resp.data.message);

      //this.total = totalObj.obj; //总条数
      //this.totalPage = totalObj.totalPage; //总页数
      this.goodsList = goodsList;
    }).catch(error => console.log(error));
  }

```

对象合并

```

var vm = new Vue({
  el: "#searchApp",
  data: {
    goodsList: [], //商品信息
    mrshop, //不将此参数绑定到当前页面上,html代码不能使用mrshop.***函数
    total: 0,
    totalPage: 0,
    page: 1, //当前页
    brandList: [],
    categoryList: [],
    specAggInfo: {},
    showMore: false,

```

```

        filter:{},
        filters:{}
    },
    computed:{
        showFilterList(){

        }
    },
    components: {
        b2cTop: () => import("./js/pages/top.js")
    },
    watch: {
        page() {
            this.searchEsData();
        }
    },
    created() {
        this.searchEsData();
    },
    methods: {
        getFilterValue (key,value) {

            if(key == 'cid3'){
                this.filters.categoryList.forEach(category => {
                    if(category.id == value){
                        value = category.name;
                    }
                })
                return value;
            }else if(key == 'brandId'){
                this.filters.brandList.forEach(brand => {
                    if(brand.id == value){
                        value = brand.name;
                    }
                })
                return value;
            }

            return value;
        },
        //新增条件过滤
        addFilter(key,value){
            this.filter[key] = value;
            this.searchEsData();
        },
        searchEsData() {

            const search = mrshop.parse(location.search.substring(1));//
            将key=value转为key:value
            if(this.filter)
                //查询请求
            mrshop.http.get('es/search', {
                params: {
                    search: search.key,//将查询的内容传递到后台
                    page: this.page,//当前页
                    filter:JSON.stringify(this.filter)//条件过滤,get请求不
                }
            })
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }).then(resp => {

        //处理sku
        const goodsList = resp.data.data.map(goods => {

            goods.skus = JSON.parse(goods.skus);//将字符串转为json
            goods.selected = goods.skus[0];//设置当前选中
            return goods;
        })

        this.total = resp.data.total;//总条数
        this.totalPage = resp.data.totalPage//总页数

        //将所有的过滤想放到一个对象中
        this.filters.brandList = resp.data.brandList;
        this.filters.categoryList = resp.data.categoryList;
        Object.assign(this.filters, resp.data.specAggInfo);

        this.goodsList = goodsList;

    }).catch(error => console.log(error));

    }
}
});

```

那现在模板就必须得改了

```

<!--selector-->
<div class="clearfix selector">
    <div class="type-wrap">
        <div class="fl key">分类</div>
        <div class="fl value">
            <ul class="type-list">
                <!--遍历分类信息-->
                <li v-for="(category,index) in filters.categoryList"
                    @click="addFilter('cid3',category.id)" :key="index">
                    <a>{{ category.name }}</a>
                </li>
            </ul>
        </div>
        <div class="fl ext"></div>
    </div>

```

```

<div class="type-wrap logo">
    <div class="fl key brand">品牌</div>
    <div class="value logos">
        <ul class="logo-list">
            <!--遍历品牌信息
            有图片的显示图片-->
            <li
                v-for="(brand,index) in filters.brandList"
                v-if="brand.image"
                @click="addFilter('brandId',brand.id)"
                :key="index">
                
            </li>
            <!--没有图片的显示文字-->
            <li v-else style="text-align: center" @click="addFilter('brandId',brand.id)"><a style="line-height: 1"
                href="#">{{ brand.name }}</a></li>
        </ul>
    </div>
</div>

```



```

<!-- 遍历规格参数数据
index < 3 || showMore 默认只显示三条数据
如果showMore的状态为true则显示全部数据-->
<div class="type-wrap"
  v-for="(val,key,index) in filters"
  v-show="(index < 5 || showMore) && key != 'brandList' && key != 'categoryList'">
  <div class="fl key">{{ key }}</div>
  <div class="fl value">
    <ul class="type-list">
      <!-- 遍历参数值-->
      <li @click="addFilter(key,item)" v-for="(item,index) in val">
        <a>{{ item }}</a>
      </li>
    </ul>
  </div>
  <div class="fl ext"></div>
</div>

```

品牌 and 分类 占用了两个下标 多在这边要加2

除了品牌和分类剩下的全是规格数据

将品牌和分类过滤掉

```

<div class="type-wrap">
  <div class="fl key">分类</div>
  <div class="fl value">
    <ul class="type-list">
      <!-- 遍历分类信息-->
      <li v-for="(category,index) in
filters.categoryList"
        @click="addFilter('cid3',category.id)"
        :key="index">
        <a>{{ category.name }}</a>
      </li>
    </ul>
  </div>
  <div class="fl ext"></div>
</div>

```

```

<div class="type-wrap logo">
  <div class="fl key brand">品牌</div>
  <div class="value logos">
    <ul class="logo-list">
      <!-- 遍历品牌信息
      有图片的显示图片-->
      <li
        v-for="(brand,index) in filters.brandList"
        v-if="brand.image"
        @click="addFilter('brandId',brand.id)"
        :key="index">
        
      </li>
      <!-- 没有图片的显示文字-->
      <li v-else style="text-align: center"
@click="addFilter('brandId',brand.id)"><a style="line-height: 30px; font-size:
12px"
        href="#">{{ brand.name }}</a></li>
    </ul>
  </div>
  <div class="fl ext">
    <a href="javascript:void(0);" class="sui-btn">多选
  </div>
</div>

```

```

<div class="type-wrap"

```

```

v-for="(val,key,index) in filters"
v-show="(index < 5 || showMore) && key != 'brandList' && key
!= 'categoryList'">
    <div class="fl key">{{ key }}</div>
    <div class="fl value">
        <ul class="type-list">
            <!--遍历参数值-->
            <li @click="addFilter(key,item)" v-for="
(item,index) in val">
                <a>{{ item }}</a>
            </li>
        </ul>
    </div>
    <div class="fl ext"></div>
</div>

```

## 5 搜索过滤

### 5.1 search.html

```

var vm = new Vue({
  el: "#searchApp",
  data: {
    goodsList: [],//商品信息
    mrshop,//不将此参数绑定到当前页面上,html代码不
    total: 0,
    totalPage: 0,
    page: 1,//当前页
    brandList:[],
    categoryList:[],
    specAggInfo:{},
    showMore:false,
    filter:{},|
    filters:{}
  },
  computed:{

```

几率过滤项

```

//新增条件过滤
addFilter(key,value){
  this.filter[key] = value;
  this.searchEsData();
},
searchEsData() {

  const search = mrshop.parse(location.search.substring(1)); //将key=value转为key:value
  if(this.filter)
  //查询请求
  mrshop.http.get('es/search', {
    params: {
      search: search.key, //将查询的内容传递到后台
      page: this.page, //当前页
      filter: JSON.stringify(this.filter) //条件过滤, get请求不能传map集合
    }
  }).then(resp => {

```

```

methods: {
  //新增条件过滤
  addFilter(key,value){
    this.filter[key] = value;
    this.searchEsData();
  },
  searchEsData() {

    const search = mrshop.parse(location.search.substring(1)); //
    将key=value转为key:value
    if(this.filter)
    //查询请求
    mrshop.http.get('es/search', {
      params: {
        search: search.key, //将查询的内容传递到后台
        page: this.page, //当前页
        filter: JSON.stringify(this.filter) //条件过滤, get请求不
    能传map集合
      }
    }).then(resp => {

      //处理sku
      const goodsList = resp.data.data.map(goods => {

        goods.skus = JSON.parse(goods.skus); //将字符串转为json
        goods.selected = goods.skus[0]; //设置当前选中
        return goods;
      })

      this.total = resp.data.total; //总条数
      this.totalPage = resp.data.totalPage //总页数

      //将所有的过滤想放到一个对象中
      this.filters.brandList = resp.data.brandList;
      this.filters.categoryList = resp.data.categoryList;
      Object.assign(this.filters, resp.data.specAggInfo);

      this.goodsList = goodsList;

    }).catch(error => console.log(error));

```

```

    }
}

```

```

<!--selector-->
<div class="clearfix selector">
    <div class="type-wrap">
        <div class="fl key">分类</div>
        <div class="fl value">
            <ul class="type-list">
                <!--遍历分类信息-->
                <li v-for="(category,index) in filters.categoryList"
                    @click="addFilter('cid3',category.id)" :key="index">
                    <a>{{ category.name }}</a>
                </li>
            </ul>
        </div>
        <div class="fl ext"></div>
    </div>

```

```

<div class="type-wrap logo">
    <div class="fl key brand">品牌</div>
    <div class="value logos">
        <ul class="logo-list">
            <!--遍历品牌信息
            有图片的显示图片-->
            <li
                v-for="(brand,index) in filters.brandList"
                v-if="brand.image"
                @click="addFilter('brandId',brand.id)"
                :key="index">
                
            </li>
            <!--没有图片的显示文字-->
            <li v-else style="text-align: center" @click="addFilter('brandId',brand.id)">
                <a href="#">{{ brand.name }}</a></li>
        </ul>
    </div>
    <div class="fl ext">
        <a href="javascript:void(0);" class="sui-btn">多选</a>
    </div>

```

```

<div class="type-wrap"
    v-for="(val,key,index) in filters"
    v-show="(index < 5 || showMore) && key != 'brandList' && key != 'categoryList">
    <div class="fl key">{{ key }}</div>
    <div class="fl value">
        <ul class="type-list">
            <!--遍历参数值-->
            <li @click="addFilter(key,item)" v-for="(item,index) in val">
                <a>{{ item }}</a>
            </li>
        </ul>
    </div>
    <div class="fl ext"></div>
</div>
<div class="type-wrap" style="text-align: center">

```

## 5.2 ShopElasticsearchService

```

@ApiOperation(value = "搜索")
@GetMapping(value = "es/search")
GoodsResponse search(@RequestParam String search, @RequestParam Integer page
    , @RequestParam String filter);

```

## 5.3 ShopElasticsearchServiceImpl

```

if(!StringUtils.isEmpty(filter) && filter.length() > 2){
    BoolQueryBuilder boolQueryBuilder = QueryBuilders.boolQuery();
    Map<String, String> filterMap = JSONUtil.toMapValueString(filter);

    for(Map.Entry<String,String> item : filterMap.entrySet()){
        MatchQueryBuilder matchQueryBuilder = null;
        // 分类 品牌和 规格参数的查询方式不一样
        if(item.getKey().equals("cid") || item.getKey().equals("brandId")){
            matchQueryBuilder = QueryBuilders.matchQuery(item.getKey(), item.getValue());
        }else{
            matchQueryBuilder = QueryBuilders.matchQuery( name: "specs." + item.getKey() + ".keyword",item.getValue());
        }
        boolQueryBuilder.must(matchQueryBuilder);
    }
    // 添加过滤, 过滤不会影响评分
    queryBuilder.withFilter(boolQueryBuilder);
}

```

```

private NativeSearchQueryBuilder getQueryBuilder(String search, Integer
page,String filter){
    NativeSearchQueryBuilder queryBuilder = new NativeSearchQueryBuilder();

    if (!StringUtils.isEmpty(search)) {
        //多字段同时查询

        queryBuilder.withQuery(QueryBuilders.multiMatchQuery(search,"title","brandName"
,"categoryName"));
    }

    if(!StringUtils.isEmpty(filter) && filter.length() > 2){
        BoolQueryBuilder boolQueryBuilder = QueryBuilders.boolQuery();
        Map<String, String> filterMap = JSONUtil.toMapValueString(filter);

        for(Map.Entry<String,String> item : filterMap.entrySet()){
            MatchQueryBuilder matchQueryBuilder = null;
            //分类 品牌和 规格参数的查询方式不一样
            if(item.getKey().equals("cid3") ||
item.getKey().equals("brandId")){
                matchQueryBuilder = QueryBuilders.matchQuery(item.getKey(),
item.getValue());
            }else{
                matchQueryBuilder = QueryBuilders.matchQuery("specs." +
item.getKey() + ".keyword",item.getValue());
            }
            boolQueryBuilder.must(matchQueryBuilder);
        }
        //添加过滤, 过滤不会影响评分
        queryBuilder.withFilter(boolQueryBuilder);
    }

    queryBuilder.withPageable(PageRequest.of(page-1,10));
    //设置查询出来的内容,页面上做多只需要id,title,skus
    queryBuilder.withSourceFilter(new FetchSourceFilter(new String[]
{"id","title","skus"}, null));
    //设置高亮字段

    queryBuilder.withHighlightBuilder(ESHighLightUtil.getHighlightBuilder("title"))
;

    //聚合

    queryBuilder.addAggregation(AggregationBuilders.terms("cate_agg").field("cid3")
);

```

```

    queryBuilder.addAggregation(AggregationBuilders.terms("brand_agg").field("brand
    Id"));

    return queryBuilder;
}

```

## 6 面包屑

### 6.1 面包屑展示

```

<!-- 已选择过滤项-->
<ul class="tags-choose">
  <li class="tag" v-for="(value,key,index) in filter">
    {{ key=='brandId'? '品牌' : key == 'cid3' ? '分类' : key }}:
    <span style="color: red">{{ getFilterValue(key, value) }}</span>
    <i class="sui-icon icon-tb-close"></i>
  </li>
</ul>
<div class="clearfix"></div>
</div>
<!--selector-->
<div class="clearfix selector">
  <div class="type-wrap">
    <div class="fl key">分类</div>
    <div class="fl value">
      <ul class="type-list">
        <!-- 遍历分类信息-->
        <li v-for="(category,index) in filters.categoryList"
          @click="addFilter('cid3',category.id)" :key="index">
          <a>{{ category.name }}</a>
        </li>
      </ul>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>

```

处理品牌和分类

处理品牌和分类应该显示的内容

```

<!-- 已选择过滤项-->
<ul class="tags-choose">
  <li class="tag" v-for="(value,key,index) in filter">
    {{ key=='brandId'? '品牌' : key == 'cid3' ? '分类' :
key }}:
    <span style="color: red">{{ getFilterValue(key,
value) }}</span>
    <i class="sui-icon icon-tb-close"></i>
  </li>
</ul>

```

```

methods: {
  //获取面包屑的值
  getFilterValue (key,value) {
    if(key == 'cid3'){
      this.filters.categoryList.forEach(category => {
        if(category.id == value){
          value = category.name;
        }
      })
      return value;
    }else if(key == 'brandId'){
      this.filters.brandList.forEach(brand => {
        if(brand.id == value){
          value = brand.name;
        }
      })
      return value;
    }
    return value;
  },
  //新增条件过滤

```

filters中存了分类和品牌的详细信息

通过分类id获取分类名称

通过品牌id获取品牌名称

```

//获取面包屑的值
getFilterValue (key,value) {
  if(key == 'cid3'){
    this.filters.categoryList.forEach(category => {
      if(category.id == value){
        value = category.name;
      }
    })
    return value;
  }else if(key == 'brandId'){
    this.filters.brandList.forEach(brand => {
      if(brand.id == value){
        value = brand.name;
      }
    })
    return value;
  }
  return value;
},

```

## 6.2 点击×号取消过滤

```

<ul class="tags-choose">
  <li class="tag" v-for="(value,key,index) in filter">
    {{ key=='brandId'? '品牌' : key == 'cid3' ? '分类' :
key }}:
    <span style="color: red">{{ getFilterValue(key,
value) }}</span>
    <i @click="removeFilterItem(key)" class="sui-icon
icon-tb-close"></i>
  </li>
</ul>

```

```
removeFilterItem(key){  
  delete this.filter[key];  
  this.searchEsData();  
},
```