

# 2025 年松江区初中毕业生学业模拟考试试卷

## 九年级英语

(满分 140 分, 完卷时间 90 分钟)

2025.04

考生注意:

- 本卷有 7 大题, 共 84 小题。
- 全部试题均采用连续编号, 请将所有答案做在答题纸的指定位置上, 做在试卷上一律不给分。

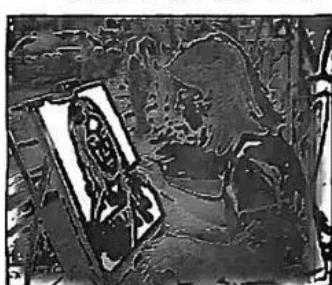
### Part 1 Listening (第一部分 听力)

#### I. Listening comprehension (听力理解) (共 25 分)

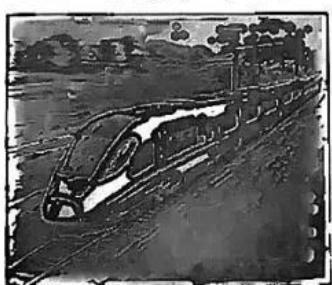
##### A. Listen and choose the right picture (根据你听到的内容, 选出相应的图片) (5 分)



(A)



(B)



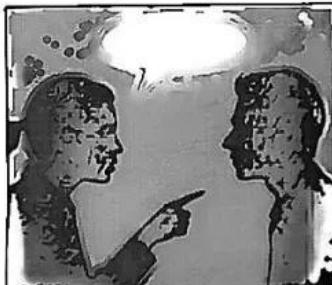
(C)



(D)



(E)



(F)

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

##### B. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question you hear (根据你听到的对话和问题, 选出最恰当的答案) (5 分)

6. A) By bus.      B) By car.      C) By bike.      D) By underground.  
7. A) Tennis.      B) Volleyball.      C) Basketball.      D) Football.  
8. A) September 10<sup>th</sup>.      B) September 12<sup>th</sup>.      C) September 14<sup>th</sup>.      D) September 15<sup>th</sup>.  
9. A) In a bookstore.      B) In a clothes shop.      C) In a supermarket.      D) In a restaurant.  
10. A) He suggests drinking ice water to stay awake.  
      B) He doesn't like drinking water when he's tired.  
      C) He thinks drinking coffee is the best way to wake up.  
      D) He believes sleeping is the best solution to feeling sleepy.

**C. Listen to the dialogue and tell whether the following statements are true or false (判断下列句子是否符合你听到的对话内容, 符合的用“T”表示, 不符合的用“F”表示) (5分)**

11. Sam has a habit of smoking as well as his friend Peter.
12. Jane feels sorry for the kids because their parents smoke a lot.
13. Second-hand smoke contains thousands of chemicals and some of them can cause cancer.
14. Third-hand smoke stays in the air and disappears quickly.
15. Sam decides to warn Peter about the dangers of second-hand and third-hand smoke.

**D. Listen to the passage and complete the following sentences (听短文, 完成下列内容。每空格限填一词) (10分)**

16. On Frank's way to work, he \_\_\_\_\_ in traffic.
17. Frank found that a young man was \_\_\_\_\_ to start his car but failed.
18. Many people were standing around and complaining about \_\_\_\_\_.
19. Without thinking twice, Frank \_\_\_\_\_ to help and then four other drivers joined in.
20. If we \_\_\_\_\_ solving the problem instead of complaining, we can make our life easier.

## **Part 2 Grammar and Vocabulary** (第二部分 语法和词汇)

**II. Choose the best answer (选择最恰当的答案) (共 15 分)**

21. The Mid-autumn Festival is \_\_\_\_\_ the 15<sup>th</sup> day of the eighth lunar month.  
A) in      B) on      C) at      D) by
22. After resting at home for three months, Peter got a new \_\_\_\_\_ in a bank.  
A) job      B) advice      C) furniture      D) business
23. Mum, we're running out \_\_\_\_\_ milk. Could you buy some more?  
A) from      B) of      C) with      D) in
24. Look! Mary \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of books. Let's help her.  
A) is carrying      B) has carried      C) carried      D) was carrying
25. After the big fire, \_\_\_\_\_ in the building was destroyed.  
A) nothing      B) something      C) everything      D) anything
26. I have lived in Shanghai \_\_\_\_\_ my father came here for work in 2000.  
A) since      B) when      C) while      D) until
27. I am feeling much \_\_\_\_\_ today. Thank you, doctor!  
A) good      B) well      C) better      D) best
28. You \_\_\_\_\_ keep your voice down in the library.  
A) need      B) will      C) ought      D) should
29. — \_\_\_\_\_ are these socks?  
— 10 yuan for three pairs.  
A) How long      B) How far      C) How many      D) How much

30. Listen to this song, \_\_\_\_\_ you'll feel completely relaxed.  
A) for      B) but      C) or      D) and
31. My dad advises me \_\_\_\_\_ to the news report every evening.  
A) listen      B) to listen      C) listening      D) listened
32. By the time the ambulance came, his heart \_\_\_\_\_ beating.  
A) stopped      B) has stopped      C) had stopped      D) would stop
33. Tom looked \_\_\_\_\_ with his warm smile and kind eyes.  
A) friendly      B) beautifully      C) greatly      D) directly
34. Jane has trouble \_\_\_\_\_ when there's too much noise around.  
A) learn      B) to learn      C) learning      D) learnt
35. How beautiful these photos are! I wonder where they \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) are taken      B) were taken      C) will be taken      D) had been taken

**III. Complete the following passage with the words or phrases in the box. Each can only be used once (将下列单词或词组填入空格。每空格限填一词，每词只能填一次) (共 8 分)**

A) clearly      B) confuse      C) creativity      D) luckily      E) worry

Today, people of all ages send *emojis*(表情符号) to friends, family, and co-workers. However, as emojis become common, some people have expressed their 36. They think the symbols will reduce our ability to write. What do you think? Have emojis gone too far?

**Yes—they put writing at risk**

Using symbols instead of words is an easy way out. If emoji use continues to grow, our ability to communicate 37 will be affected. People may struggle with spelling and grammar since they rely on symbols instead of proper writing. The less we write, the more mistakes we make. Using emojis requires less thought and 38 than writing full sentences. Over time, we may lose the ability to write great novels and poems. Additionally, emojis can mean different things to different people. That can accidentally 39 or even *offend*(冒犯) others. A well-written sentence remains the best way to communicate.

A) choice      B) forgetful      C) increase      D) popular      E) receive

**No—they're 40 for a reason**

Language is constantly changing. As people 41 their use of online communication, it's natural for language to make a change. Typing full sentences takes time, but emojis provide a quick and easy way to express emotions. That makes it easier for people to stay in touch. After all, isn't it better to 42 messages with emojis than no message at all? Moreover, emojis are fun and help bring people together. There are more than 7,000 different spoken languages in the world. People who don't speak the same language can use emojis to communicate. It's not a(n) 43 between one or the other. One can use emojis and still be a great writer.

**IV. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的**

**适当形式完成下列句子。每空格限填一词) (共 8 分)**

44. The president answered every question that the \_\_\_\_\_ raised. (report)  
45. Some forgot their books at home while others brought \_\_\_\_\_ to class. (them)  
46. John traveled with his parents to Europe \_\_\_\_\_. (one)  
47. Do you still remember the \_\_\_\_\_ of the story. (begin)  
48. It is \_\_\_\_\_ of you to lie about what actually happened. (honest)  
49. Helping those in need was a \_\_\_\_\_ satisfying experience. (true)  
50. Jane starts to \_\_\_\_\_ that true happiness comes from within. (realization)  
51. We are encouraged to keep \_\_\_\_\_ when competing against other classes. (unite)

**V. Complete the following sentences as required (根据所给要求, 完成下列句子。每空格限填一词) (共 14 分)**

52. The driver gave the old man first aid immediately. (改为否定句)  
The driver \_\_\_\_\_ the old man first aid immediately.  
53. Grandpa kept repeating the sentence to remember it correctly. (对划线部分提问)  
\_\_\_\_\_ Grandpa keep repeating the sentence?  
54. Jack agreed to lend me his laptop. (保持句意基本不变)  
Jack agreed to lend his laptop \_\_\_\_\_.  
55. What a great movie *Nezha 2* was! I watched it twice. (合并为一句)  
*Nezha 2* was \_\_\_\_\_ a great movie \_\_\_\_\_. I watched it twice.  
56. People often mistake Jack for his twin brother. (改为被动语态)  
Jack \_\_\_\_\_ often \_\_\_\_\_ for his twin brother.  
57. Mary said, "I will visit my grandma tomorrow." (改为间接引语)  
Mary said that \_\_\_\_\_ visit her grandma the next day.  
58. fireworks, tried to, prevent people, to reduce pollution, the government from setting off  
(连词成句)

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**Part 3 Reading and Writing (第三部分 读写)**

**VI. Reading comprehension (阅读理解) (共 50 分)**

**A. Choose the best answer (根据短文内容, 选择最恰当的答案) (12 分)**

**Winter Cover Contest – Join the Fun!**

Do you love drawing? If so, here's your chance to have your artwork on the cover of our magazine *The Little Explorer*! We are holding our fifth annual Winter Cover Contest, and we're looking for a creative winter-themed drawing for our December issue.

Follow the steps below to enter the contest. Good luck!

### Step 1: Get Creative

Your artwork will be judged on creativity and how well it represents the winter theme.

- Your artwork must be in color.
- You must include a title for your drawing at the bottom of the entry form.
- If you need a new form, print one at [kids.thelittleexplorer.com/activities](http://kids.thelittleexplorer.com/activities).

### Step 2: Follow the Application Rules

Once you're happy with your drawing, ask a parent or guardian to sign a *consent form*(同意书).

They can print it from [kids.thelittleexplorer.com/activities](http://kids.thelittleexplorer.com/activities), fill it out, and sign it.

To *submit*(递交) your entry, email the following two things to [covercontest@thelittleexplorer.com](mailto:covercontest@thelittleexplorer.com):

- A digital image of your artwork
- The signed consent form

### Step 3: Meet the Deadline

The deadline to enter the contest is November 13. Finalists will be *notified*(通知) on November 22.

The complete rules for the competition can be found at [thelittleexplorer.com/covercontestrules](http://thelittleexplorer.com/covercontestrules).

We can't wait to see your amazing winter designs!

59. The cover contest is on the theme of \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) spring flowers      B) summer fun      C) autumn leaves      D) winter scenes
60. The title of the drawing must be written \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) in the email subject line      B) at the bottom of the entry form  
C) on the back of the artwork      D) at the top of the consent form
61. The underlined word “guardian” most probably means \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) a friend who helps with homework  
B) a judge who decides contest winners  
C) a policeman who keeps passengers safe  
D) a person who protects and takes care of someone
62. The participant must submit \_\_\_\_\_ with the artwork.  
A) an entry form      B) a handwritten description  
C) a signed consent form      D) a video of the drawing process
63. If a participant submits the artwork on November 14, what will happen?  
A) The artwork will be returned.  
B) The artwork will never be lost.  
C) The artwork may not be accepted.  
D) The artwork will still be considered.

64. The passage is written to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) sell more magazines to young artists
- B) look for the winner of a drawing contest
- C) teach kids how to win a drawing contest
- D) encourage children to enter a cover contest

**B. Choose the best words and complete the passage (选择最恰当的单词完成短文) (12 分)**

A jobless man applied for the position of office boy at a big company. The manager interviewed him and then watched him clean the floor as a(n) 65.

“You are *hired*(雇佣).” He said, “Give me your email, and I’ll send you the application form.”

The man replied, “I don’t have a computer or an email.”

The manager 66 his head. “If you don’t have an email address, you do not exist. And if you don’t exist, I can’t give you the job.”

The man left the company, feeling 67.

With only ten dollars in his pocket, he decided to buy 10 kilograms of tomatoes and sell them door to door. In a few hours, he managed to 68 his money to twenty dollars. He repeated the process two more times and returned home happily with eighty dollars.

Realizing that he could 69 this way, he started working harder, going out early every day and returning late. Years later, he became one of the largest food *retailers*(零售商) in the country.

One day, he decided to buy life *insurance*(保险) for his family. The insurance broker asked for his email.

“I don’t have an email,” the man said.

The broker responded 70, “You don’t have an email. Yet you’ve built an empire! Imagine where you’d be if you had one!”

The man smiled and replied, “An office boy!”

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|----------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| 65. A) service       | B) test      | C) excuse      | D) habit    |
| 66. A) shook         | B) raised    | C) nodded      | D) lowered  |
| 67. A) nervous       | B) hopeless  | C) relaxed     | D) lonely   |
| 68. A) double        | B) lend      | C) win         | D) save     |
| 69. A) survive       | B) suffer    | C) connect     | D) react    |
| 70. A) with pleasure | B) with fear | C) in surprise | D) in anger |

**C. Read the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words (在短文的空格内填入适当的词，使其内容通顺。每空格限填一词，首字母已给) (14 分)**

When you open a map on your phone, you might think it is guided by the Global Positioning System (GPS). However, in China, most navigation services now use the *Beidou Navigation Satellite System*(BDS, 北斗卫星导航系统).

Relying on a foreign navigation system is not s 71 because another country can block it or use it to track your location. To ensure independence, China began developing its own navigation system in 1994. Beidou is n 72 after *the Big Dipper constellation*(北斗七星), which has guided people for centuries.

In 2020, after over 20 years of hard work, Beidou completed its global network. The BDS became the f 73 global navigation system after the GPS of the United States, Galileo of the European Union and GLONASS of Russia.

The BDS is the first navigation satellite system to provide a global short message communication service. That means you can text others in places without phone signal or internet. For example, in February 2023, a hiker got l 74 in heavy snow in Inner Mongolia. He sent a text message using the BDS-powered chip in his phone and was saved in time.

B 75, the Beidou system plays an important role in disaster prevention and response. Rescuers(救援人员) can communicate through the BDS quickly and clearly. It is also h 76 in agriculture, letting farmers plant their crops better.

No matter where you are in the world, the BDS can help guide your w 77. As of 2023, it had provided service for over 120 countries and regions. By 2035, China will build a positioning, navigation and timing system to provide more smart services.

#### D. Answer the questions (根据短文内容回答下列问题) (12分)

In December, China's *immigration*(移民) department introduced new *policies*(政策) to make it easier for foreigners to visit the country. However, there are still some problems that need to be fixed to make their stay more comfortable.

##### 1. Limited Homestay Choices

Homestays allow travelers to stay in local homes instead of hotels. They are very popular in many countries because they are usually cheaper and let visitors experience local culture. However, there are not many homestays available to foreigners in China. The government should encourage more people to open their homes to travelers.

##### 2. Payment Problems

China is now a cashless society. Most people pay by scanning QR codes with their mobile phones instead of in cash. But in many other countries, *digital*(数字的) payments are not common. So foreigners often find it difficult to pay for things in China. The government has tried to help by allowing them to use credit cards, but the process is still not smooth. Many foreigners have difficulty paying for buses, trains, restaurants, hotels, and tourist attractions.

##### 3. Language Barriers

Although around 200 million Chinese people know some English or other foreign languages, communication is still difficult for visitors. In many places, English signs contain mistakes, which can be confusing or even funny. The government should launch a campaign to correct these errors. Also, police officers, taxi and bus drivers, shop assistants, and restaurant staff should receive foreign language training, so that they can be more of help to foreign visitors.

#### **4. Public Toilets Need Improvements**

China has more than 500,000 public toilets, and they are usually free. However,

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China has made great progress in making the country more welcoming to foreign visitors. But we still need to do more to make China a foreign visitor friendly country.

78. Foreign visitors meet some problems when travelling in China, don't they?
79. Why are homestays popular in many other countries?
80. How can the government make more homestays available in China?
81. What payment difficulty do foreigners have in China?
82. Why do foreign visitors face communication difficulties in China?
83. Please fill in the blank with two sentences by listing a problem and giving a suggestion.

#### **VII. Writing (作文) (共 20 分)**

84. Write at least 60 words on the given topic. (根据以下提示写一篇不少于 60 个词的短文，标点符号不占格。)

作为未成年人，我们往往和父母、祖父母住在一起。生活中，你与长辈是如何相处的？  
请以“**How to get along with elders**”为题，分享你与长辈的相处之道，并用一个事例来说明。

(注意：1. 文中不得出现姓名、校名等个人信息，否则不予评分。

2. 照抄阅读语篇不得分。)