

18.5. GRAPH REPRESENTATION USING FANINS AND FANOUTS LISTS

18.5 Graph representation using fanins and fanouts lists

18.5.1 GraphInputOutputDirr

```
class GraphInputOutputDir {  
    public static final String inputFileBase = "C:\\Users\\jag\\OneDrive\\vasu\\work\\algdata\\graphdata\\";  
    public static final String outputFileBase = "C:\\scratch\\outputs\\dot\\";  
    private static final String dot2pdfExec = "C:/Program Files (x86)/Graphviz2.38/bin/dot.exe";  
    //make it null if you don't want to use dot2pdfExec  
    //private static final String dot2pdfExec = "" ;  
}
```

```
static public void dot2pdf(String s) {}
```

```
C:\Users\jag\OneDrive\vasu\work\algdata\graphdata>ls  
1.txt      12.txt    17.txt    2.txt     24.txt    6.txt     cat.txt    largeEWD.txt  scc1.txt    tinyEWG.txt  uw2.txt  
10.txt     13.txt    18.txt    20.txt    3.txt     7.txt     hd1.txt    loopparallel.txt  td1.txt     tinyG.txt  
10000EWD.txt  14.txt    18a.txt   21.txt    4.txt     8.txt     hd2.txt    mediumDG.txt   tinyDG.txt   u1.txt  
1000EWD.txt  15.txt    19.txt    22.txt    5.txt     9.txt     hd3.txt    mediumEWD.txt  tinyEWD.txt  udf1.txt  
11.txt     16.txt    19a.txt   23.txt    50.txt    README   krus1.txt  mediumG.txt    tinyEWD1.txt uw1.txt  
  
C:\scratch\outputs\dot>ls  
13.dot  13.pdf  14.dot  14.pdf  15.dot  15.pdf  16.dot  16.pdf  cat.dot  cat.pdf  hd2.dot  loopparallel.dot  loopparallel.pdf  
  
C:\scratch\outputs\dot>
```

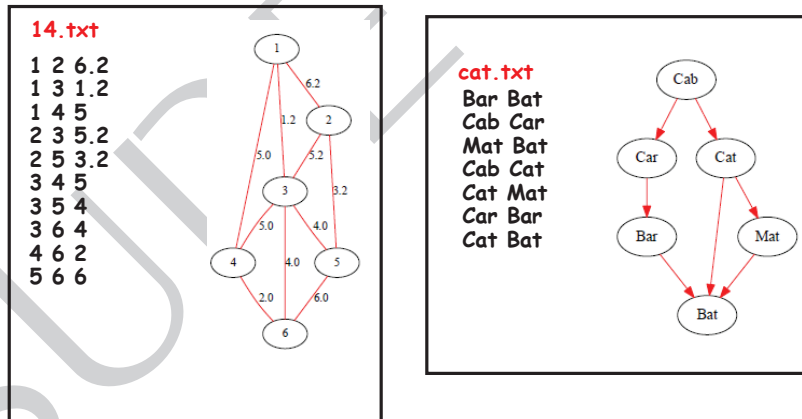


Figure 18.14: GraphInputOutputDir class

18.5.2 class GraphType

```
class GraphType {
    public enum Type {
        NONE, UNDIRECTED, DIRECTED, WEIGHTED_UNDIRECTED, WEIGHTED_DIRECTED
    }

    static String gtype(GraphType.Type t) {
        if (t == GraphType.Type.UNDIRECTED) {
            return "UNDIRECTED";
        }
        if (t == GraphType.Type.DIRECTED) {
            return "DIRECTED";
        }
        if (t == GraphType.Type.WEIGHTED_UNDIRECTED) {
            return "WEIGHTED_UNDIRECTED";
        }
        if (t == GraphType.Type.WEIGHTED_DIRECTED) {
            return "WEIGHTED_DIRECTED";
        }
        return "NONE";
    }
}
```

Figure 18.15: GraphType class

18.5.3 class GraphIO

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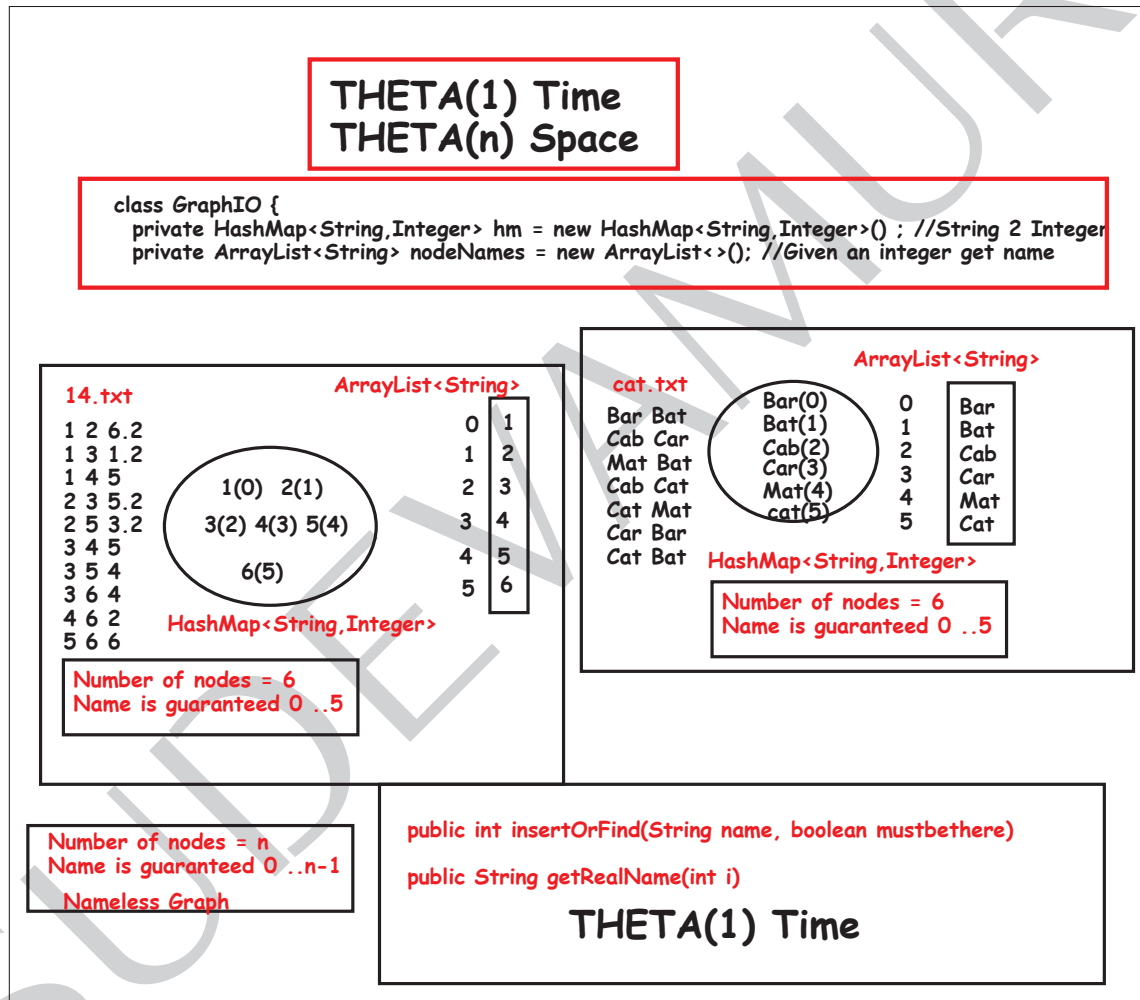


Figure 18.16: GraphIO class

18.5.4 class Graph

18.5. GRAPH REPRESENTATION USING FANINS AND FANOUTS LISTS

```

class Edge {
    public int other ;
    public double cost ;
    Edge(int other, double cost) {
        this.other = other ;
        this.cost = cost ;
    }
}

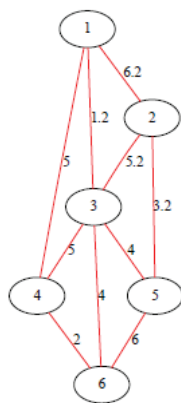
class Node {
    public int num ;
    public HashMap<Integer, Edge> fanout ; // Key is int. Value is Edge
    public HashMap<Integer, Edge> fanin ; // Key is int. Value is Edge

    Node(int n) {
        this.num = n ;
        fanout = new HashMap<Integer, Edge>();
        fanin = new HashMap<Integer, Edge>();
    }
}

class Graph{
    public GraphType.Type type; //Type of the graph
    public GraphIO io; //input/output
    public ArrayList<Node> nodes ; //Array of all nodes
    public int numEdges ;
    public IntUtil u = new IntUtil();

    Graph(GraphType.Type type, GraphIO io) {
        this.type = type ;
        this.io = io ;
        nodes = new ArrayList<Node>() ;
        numEdges = 0 ;
    }
}

```



GraphType.WEIGHTED_UNDIRECTED

Num Vertices = 6

Num Edges = 20

1 Fanouts: 2,3,4

1 FanIns: 2,3,4

2 Fanouts: 1,3,5

2 FanIns: 1,3,5

3 Fanouts: 1,2,4,5,6

3 FanIns: 1,2,4,5,6

4 Fanouts: 1,3,6

4 FanIns: 1,3,6

5 Fanouts: 2,3,6

5 FanIns: 2,3,6

6 Fanouts: 3,4,5

6 FanIns: 3,4,5

Time: $O(V + 2E)$
Space: $O(V + 2E)$

Figure 18.17: Representation of undirected weighted graph

```

class Edge {
    public int other ;
    public double cost ;
    Edge(int other, double cost) {
        this.other = other ;
        this.cost = cost ;
    }
}

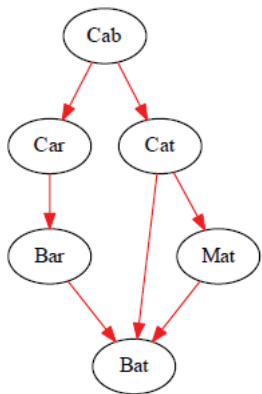
class Node {
    public int num ;
    public HashMap<Integer, Edge> fanout ; // Key is int. Value is Edge
    public HashMap<Integer, Edge> fanin ; // Key is int. Value is Edge

    Node(int n) {
        this.num = n ;
        fanout = new HashMap<Integer,Edge>();
        fanin = new HashMap<Integer,Edge>();
    }
}

class Graph{
    public GraphType.Type type; //Type of the graph
    public GraphIO io; //input/output
    public ArrayList<Node> nodes ; //Array of all nodes
    public int numEdges ;
    public IntUtil u = new IntUtil();

    Graph(GraphType.Type type, GraphIO io) {
        this.type = type ;
        this.io = io ;
        nodes = new ArrayList<Node>() ;
        numEdges = 0 ;
    }
}

```



GraphType.DIRECTED
 Num Vertices = 6
 Num Edges = 7
 Bar Fanouts: Bat
 Bar FanIns: Car
 Bat Fanouts: NONE
 Bat FanIns: Bar, Mat, Cat
 Cab Fanouts: Car, Cat
 Cab FanIns: NONE
 Car Fanouts: Bar
 Car FanIns: Cab
 Mat Fanouts: Bat
 Mat FanIns: Cat
 Cat Fanouts: Mat, Bat
 Cat FanIns: Cab

TIME: $O(V + E)$
Space: $O(V + E)$

Figure 18.18: Representation of directed graph

18.5. GRAPH REPRESENTATION USING FANINS AND FANOUTS LISTS

```

class Edge {
    public int other ;
    public double cost ;
    Edge(int other, double cost) {
        this.other = other ;
        this.cost = cost ;
    }
}

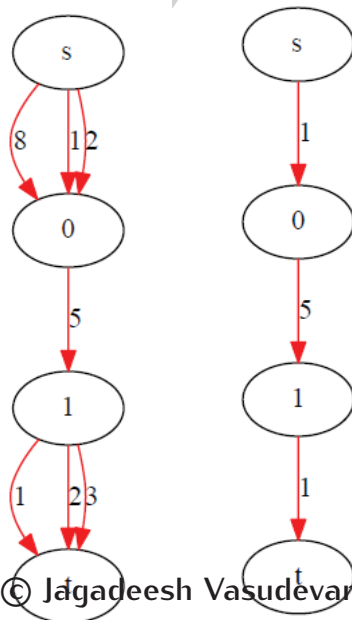
class Node {
    public int num ;
    public HashMap<Integer, Edge> fanout ; // Key is int. Value is Edge
    public HashMap<Integer, Edge> fanin ; // Key is int. Value is Edge

    Node(int n) {
        this.num = n ;
        fanout = new HashMap<Integer,Edge>();
        fanin = new HashMap<Integer,Edge>();
    }
}

class Graph{
    public GraphType.Type type; //Type of the graph
    public GraphIO io; //input/output
    public ArrayList<Node> nodes ; //Array of all nodes
    public int numEdges ;
    public IntUtil u = new IntUtil();

    Graph(GraphType.Type type, GraphIO io) {
        this.type = type ;
        this.io = io ;
        nodes = new ArrayList<Node>() ;
        numEdges = 0 ;
    }
}

```



GraphType.WEIGHTED_DIRECTED
 Num Vertices = 4
 Num Edges = 3
 s Fanouts: 0
 s FanIns: NONE
 0 Fanouts: 1
 0 FanIns: s
 1 Fanouts: †
 1 FanIns: 0
 † Fanouts: NONE
 † FanIns: 1

Figure 18.19: Representation of directed weighted graph that has parallel edges

18.5.5 How to use *class Graph*

18.5. GRAPH REPRESENTATION USING FANINS AND FANOUTS LISTS

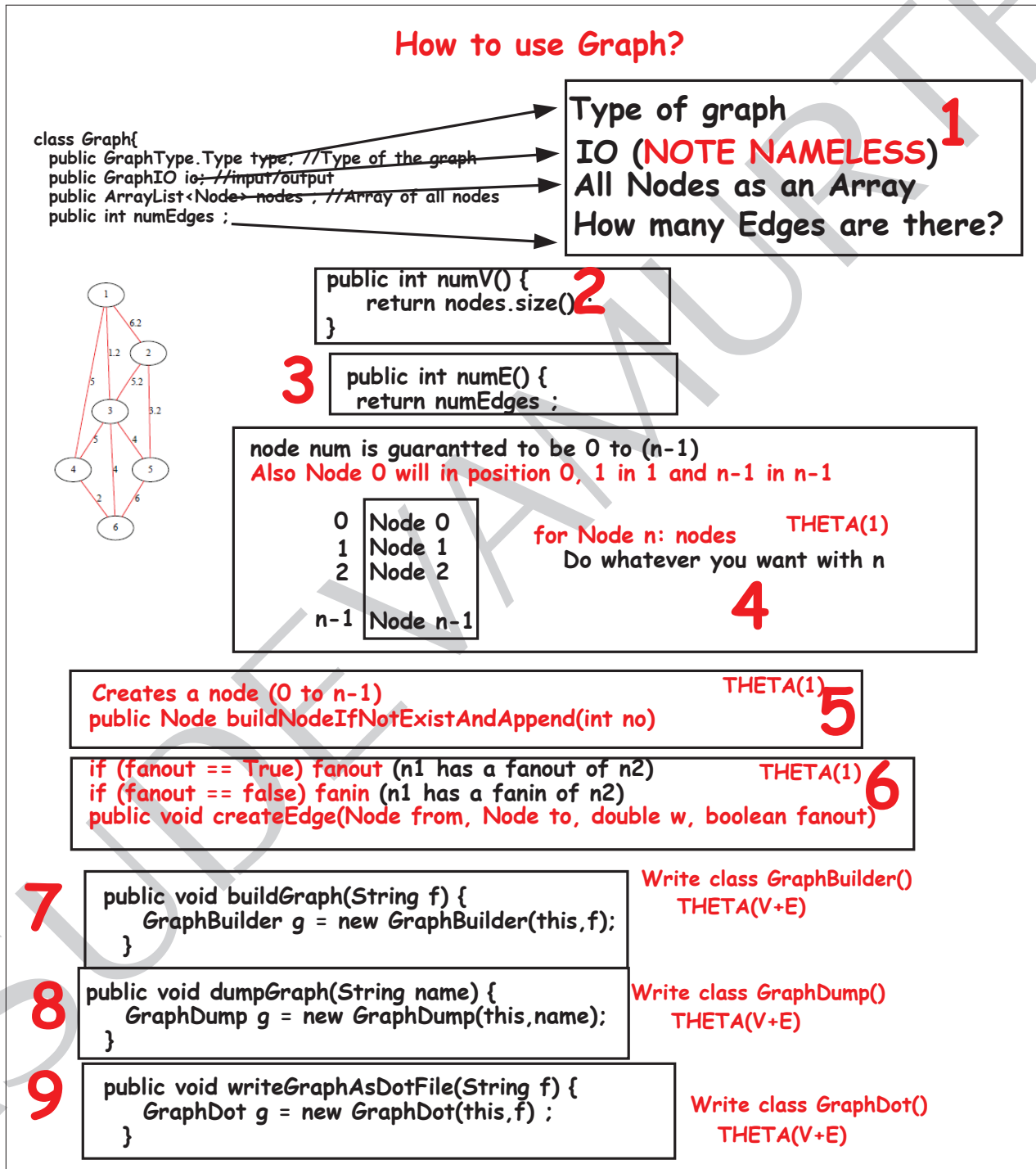
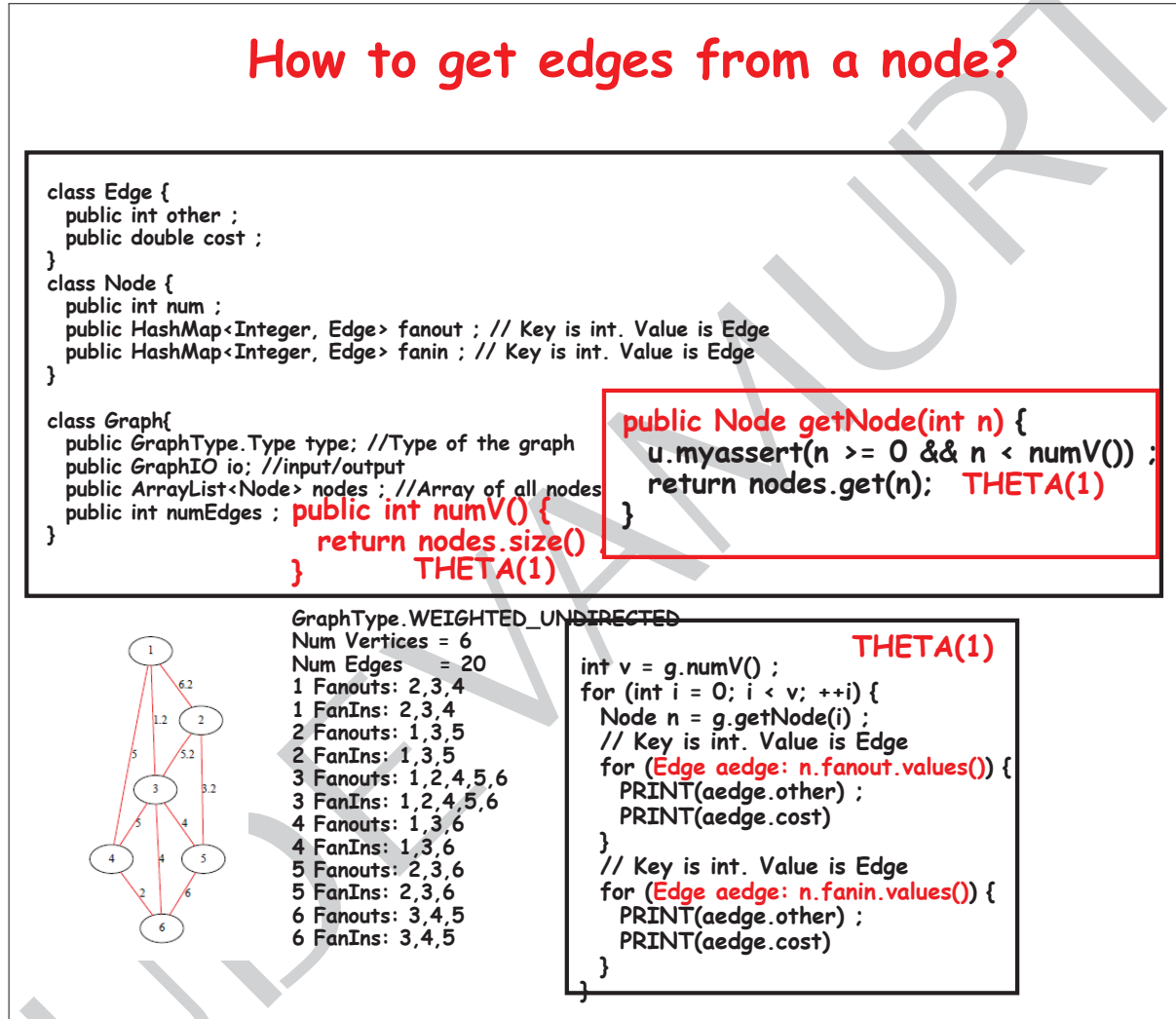


Figure 18.20: Public functions of Graph

18.5.6 How to get *fanouts* and *fanins* edges from a Node *node*Figure 18.21: How to get *fanouts* and *fanins* edges from a Node *node*18.5.7 How to know a node has an edge *e(int)*

18.5. GRAPH REPRESENTATION USING FANINS AND FANOUTS LISTS

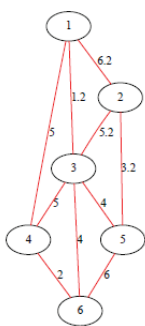
How to know a node has an edge $e(int)$?

```
class Edge {
    public int other ;
    public double cost ;
}
```

```
class Node {
    public int num ;
    public HashMap<Integer, Edge> fanout ; // Key is int. Value is Edge
    public HashMap<Integer, Edge> fanin ; // Key is int. Value is Edge

    // Does this node has a fanout of 'n'
    // Time: THETA(1) Space: THETA(1)
    Edge hasAFanoutEdge(int n) {
        // Key is int. Value is Edge
        Edge stored = fanout.get(n); //O(1)
        return stored ; //NULL if not there
    }

    //Does this node has a fanin of 'n'
    // Time: THETA(1) Space: THETA(1)
    Edge hasAFaninEdge(int n) {
        // Key is int. Value is Edge
        Edge stored = fanin.get(n); //O(1)
        return stored ; //NULL if not there
    }
}
```



GraphType.WEIGHTED_UNDIRECTED

Num Vertices = 6

Num Edges = 20

n1 1 Fanouts: 2,3,4
n1 1 FanIns: 2,3,4
 2 Fanouts: 1,3,5
 2 FanIns: 1,3,5
 3 Fanouts: 1,2,4,5,6
 3 FanIns: 1,2,4,5,6
 4 Fanouts: 1,3,6
 4 FanIns: 1,3,6
 5 Fanouts: 2,3,6
 5 FanIns: 2,3,6
 6 Fanouts: 3,4,5
 6 FanIns: 3,4,5

```
edge = n1.hasAFanoutEdge(3)
returns an edge
edge = n1.hasAFanoutEdge(5)
returns None
```

```
edge = n1.hasAFaninEdge(3)
returns an edge
edge = n1.hasAFaninEdge(5)
returns None
```

Figure 18.22: How to know a node has an edge $e(int)$

18.6 Build a graph from a file

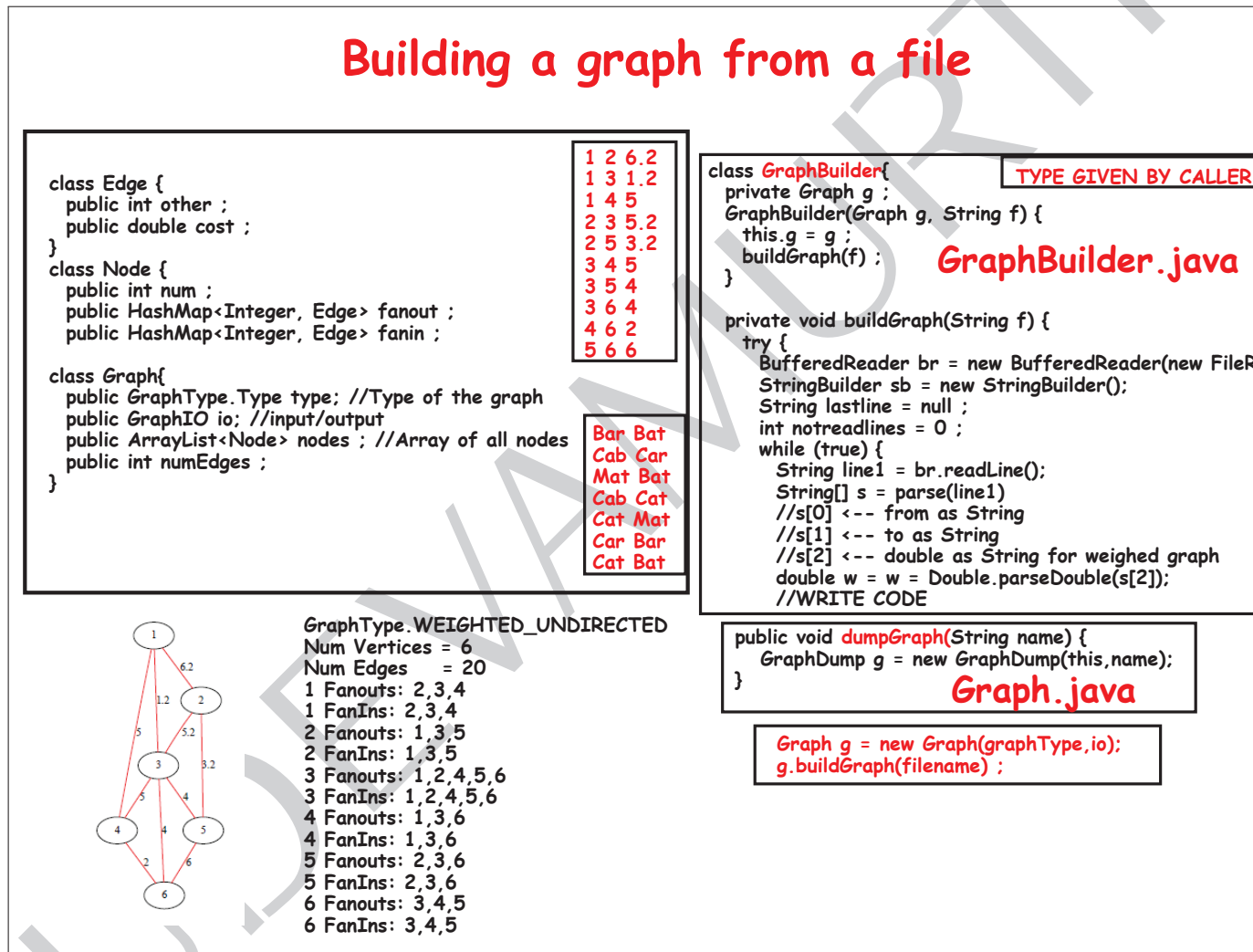


Figure 18.23: Build a graph from a file. Graph type is already known

18.7 Write a graph as a text file

18.7. WRITE A GRAPH AS A TEXT FILE

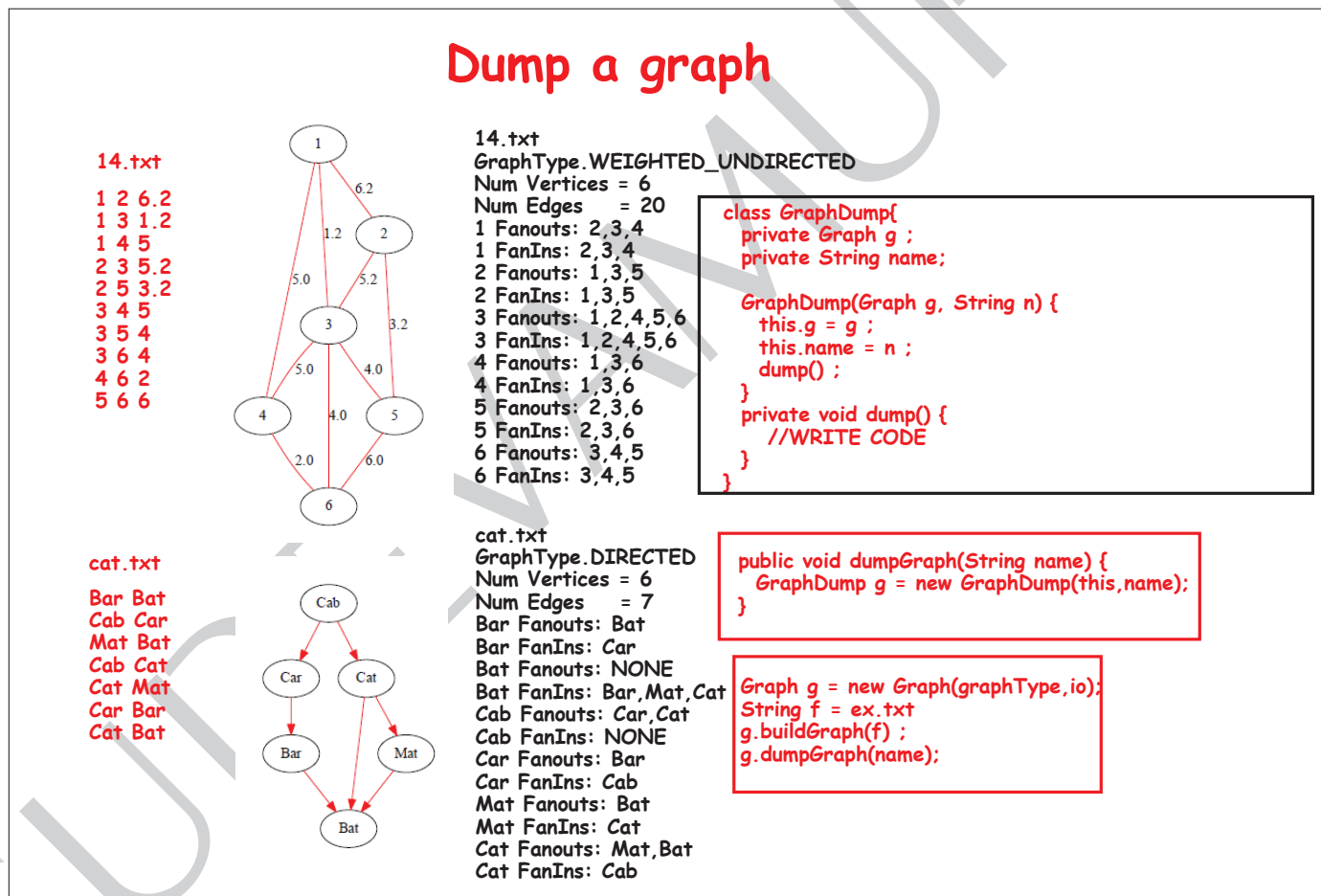


Figure 18.24: Write a graph as a text file

18.8 Write a graph as a dot file

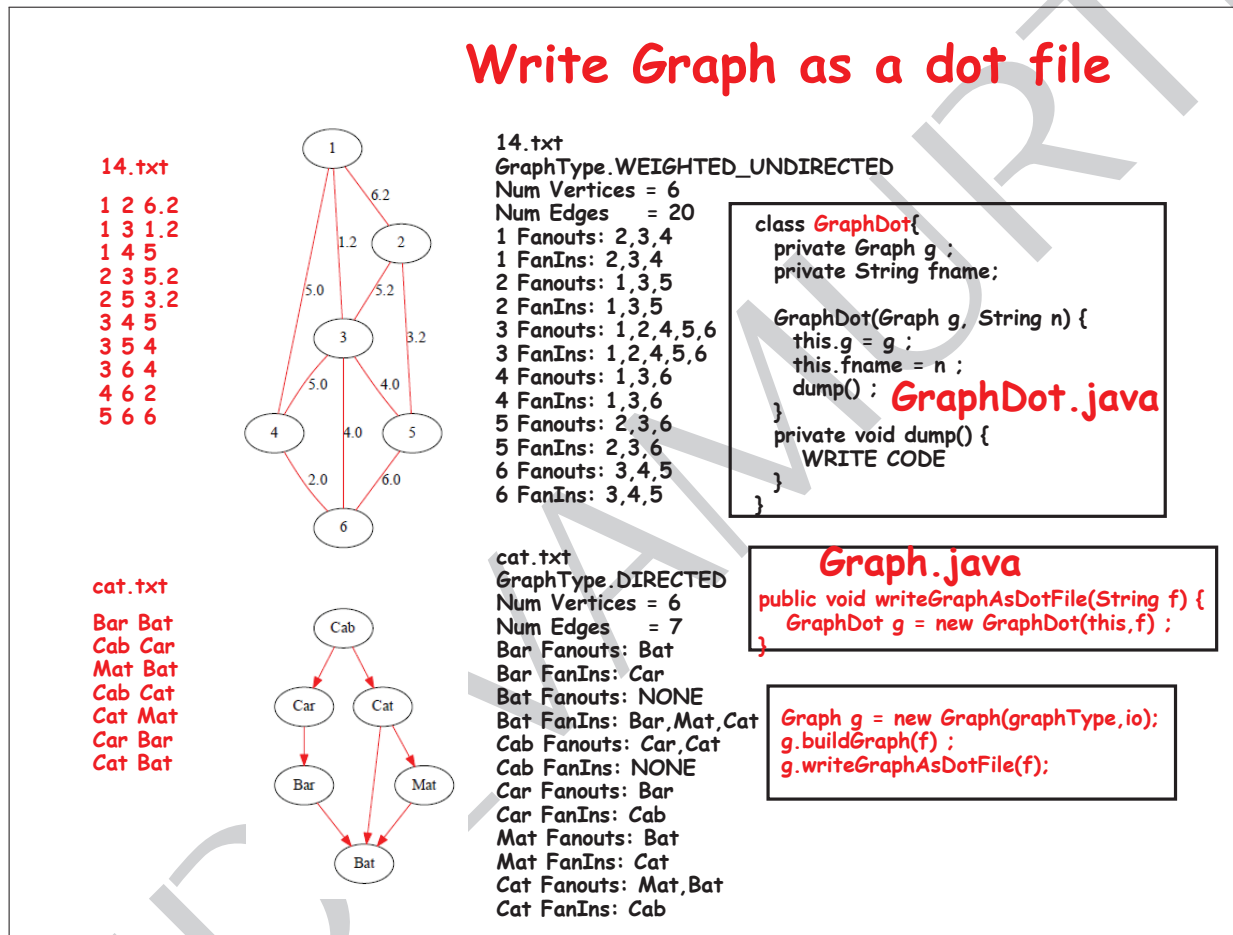


Figure 18.25: Write a graph as a dot file

18.8.1 How to generate *dot* files and *pdf* files

18.8. WRITE A GRAPH AS A DOT FILE

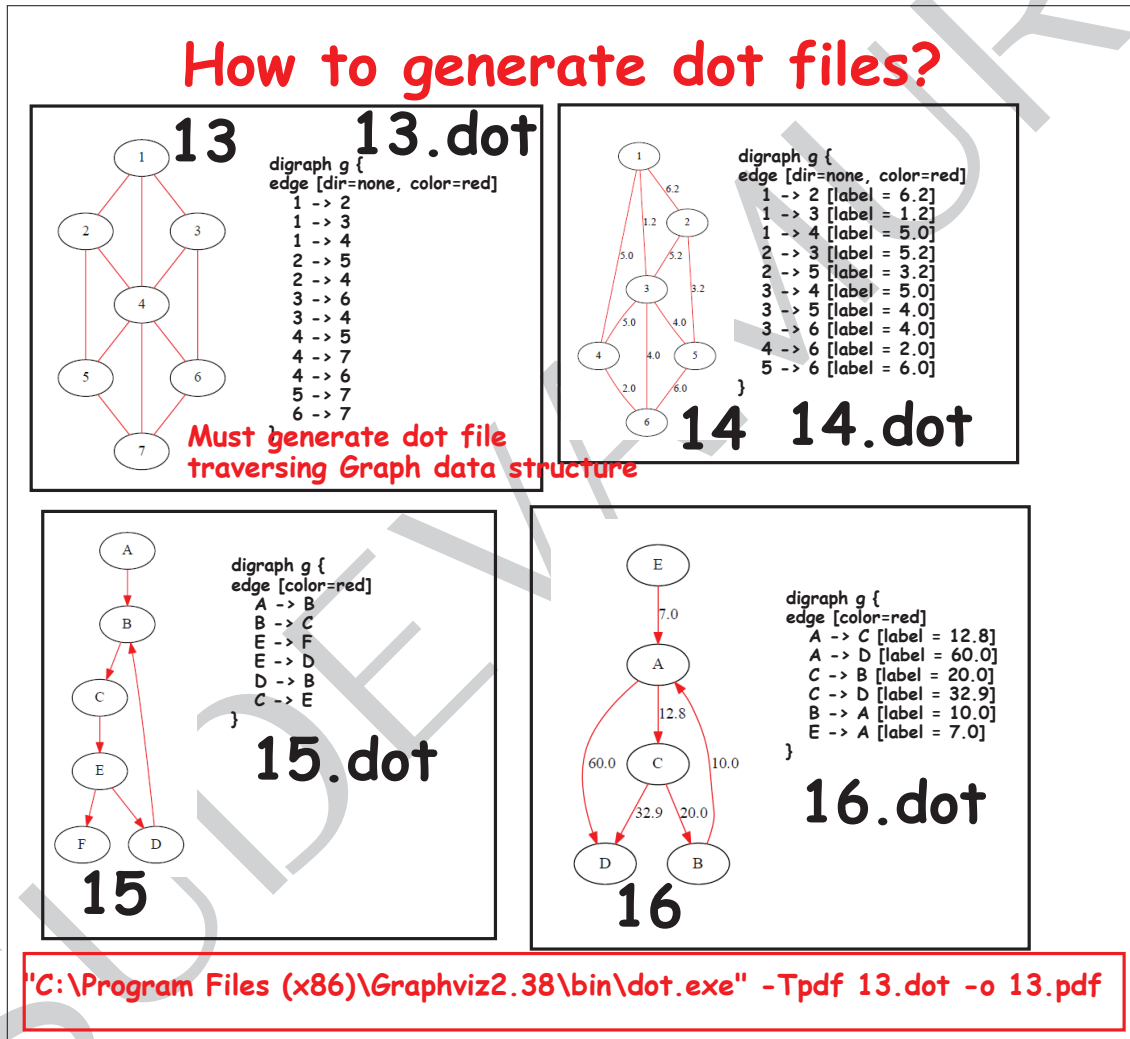


Figure 18.26: How to generate *dot* files and *pdf* files