Exercise 1a

Loop heavy R function to calculate Euclidean distance between two coordinate matrices.

```
r.iDist <- function(coords.1, coords.2){</pre>
    n.1 <- nrow(coords.1)</pre>
    n.2 <- nrow(coords.2)</pre>
    p <- ncol(coords.1)</pre>
    D <- matrix(0, n.1, n.2)</pre>
    dist <- 0
    start.time <- proc.time()</pre>
    for(i in 1:n.1){
         for(j in 1:n.2){
             dist <- 0
              for(k in 1:p){
                  dist <- dist + (coords.1[i,k] - coords.2[j,k])^2</pre>
             D[i,j] <- sqrt(dist)</pre>
         }
    }
    return(list("D"=D, sys.time=proc.time()-start.time))
}
```

Similar Euclidean distance function in C/C++ via .call().

R file

```
c.iDist <- function(coords.1, coords.2){</pre>
    if(!is.matrix(coords.1))
         coords.1 <- as.matrix(coords.1)</pre>
    if(missing(coords.2))
         coords.2 <- coords.1</pre>
    if(!is.matrix(coords.2))
         coords.2 <- as.matrix(coords.2)</pre>
    if(ncol(coords.1) != ncol(coords.2))
         stop("error: ncol(coords.1) != ncol(coords.2)")
    p <- ncol(coords.1)</pre>
    n1 <- nrow(coords.1)</pre>
    n2 <- nrow(coords.2)</pre>
    D <- matrix(0, n1, n2)</pre>
    storage.mode(coords.1) <- "double"</pre>
    storage.mode(coords.2) <- "double"</pre>
    storage.mode(D) <- "double"</pre>
    storage.mode(n1) <- "integer"</pre>
    storage.mode(n2) <- "integer"</pre>
    storage.mode(p) <- "integer"</pre>
    start.time <- proc.time()</pre>
    .Call("cIDist", coords.1, n1, coords.2, n2, p, D)
    list("D"=D, sys.time=proc.time()-start.time)
}
```

C++ file

```
#include <R.h>
#include <Rmath.h>
#include <Rinternals.h>
extern "C" {
 SEXP cIDist(SEXP coords1_r, SEXP n1_r, SEXP coords2_r, SEXP n2_r, SEXP p_r, SEXP D_r){
   double *coords1 = REAL(coords1_r);
   int n1 = INTEGER(n1_r)[0]; // R treat scalar as pointer.
   double *coords2 = REAL(coords2_r);
    int n2 = INTEGER(n2_r)[0];
   int p = INTEGER(p_r)[0];
   double *D = REAL(D_r);
   int i, j, k;
   double dist = 0.0;
    for(i = 0; i < n1; i++){
      for(j = 0; j < n2; j++){
          dist = 0.0;
            for(k = 0; k < p; k++){
              dist += pow(coords1[k*n1+i]-coords2[k*n2+j],2);
          D[n1*j+i] = sqrt(dist);
      }
    }
   return(R_NilValue);
 }
}
```

Add some parallelization to the distance function.

R file

```
c.iDist.omp <- function(coords.1, coords.2, n.omp.threads=1){</pre>
    if(!is.matrix(coords.1))
         coords.1 <- as.matrix(coords.1)</pre>
    if(missing(coords.2))
         coords.2 <- coords.1</pre>
    if(!is.matrix(coords.2))
         coords.2 <- as.matrix(coords.2)</pre>
    if(ncol(coords.1) != ncol(coords.2))
         stop("error: ncol(coords.1) != ncol(coords.2)")
    p <- ncol(coords.1)</pre>
    n1 <- nrow(coords.1)</pre>
    n2 <- nrow(coords.2)</pre>
    D <- matrix(0, n1, n2)</pre>
    storage.mode(coords.1) <- "double"</pre>
    storage.mode(coords.2) <- "double"</pre>
    storage.mode(D) <- "double"</pre>
    storage.mode(n1) <- "integer"</pre>
    storage.mode(n2) <- "integer"</pre>
    storage.mode(p) <- "integer"</pre>
    storage.mode(n.omp.threads) <- "integer"</pre>
    start.time <- proc.time()</pre>
    .Call("cIDistOMP", coords.1, n1, coords.2, n2, p, D, n.omp.threads)
    list("D"=D, sys.time=proc.time()-start.time)
  }
```

C++ file

```
#include <R.h>
#include <Rmath.h>
#include <Rinternals.h>
#ifdef OPENMP
#include <omp.h>
#endif
extern "C" {
 SEXP cIDistOMP(SEXP coords1_r, SEXP n1_r, SEXP coords2_r, SEXP n2_r, SEXP p_r, SEXP D_
r, SEXP nThreads_r){
   double *coords1 = REAL(coords1_r);
    int n1 = INTEGER(n1_r)[0];
   double *coords2 = REAL(coords2_r);
    int n2 = INTEGER(n2_r)[0];
   int p = INTEGER(p_r)[0];
   double *D = REAL(D_r);
    int nThreads = INTEGER(nThreads_r)[0];
#ifdef OPENMP
   omp_set_num_threads(nThreads);
#else
    if(nThreads > 1){
      warning("n.omp.threads = %i requested however source code was not compiled with Op
enMP support.", nThreads);
      nThreads = 1;
#endif
   int i, j, k;
   double dist = 0.0;
#ifdef OPENMP
#pragma omp parallel for private(j, dist, k)
#endif
   for(i = 0; i < n1; i++){</pre>
      for(j = 0; j < n2; j++){
          dist = 0.0;
            for(k = 0; k < p; k++){
              dist += pow(coords1[k*n1+i]-coords2[k*n2+j],2);
          D[n1*j+i] = sqrt(dist);
      }
   }
   return(R_NilValue);
```

```
}
```

Compile the C++ shared objects.

```
system("R CMD SHLIB cIDist.cpp")
system("R CMD SHLIB cIDistOMP.cpp")
```

Run some time tests using the three IDist functions.

```
##Load shared libraries
source("rIDist.R")

dyn.load("cIDist.so")
source("cIDist.R")

dyn.load("cIDistOMP.so")
source("cIDistOMP.R")

##Make data
n.1 <- 5000
coords.1 <- cbind(1:n.1, 1:n.1)

n.2 <- 5000
coords.2 <- cbind(1:n.2, 1:n.2)

##Calculate Euclidean distance matrices and print timing
r.D <- r.iDist(coords.1, coords.2)
print(r.D$sys.time)</pre>
```

```
## user system elapsed
## 15.198 0.149 15.497
```

```
c.D <- c.iDist(coords.1, coords.2)
print(c.D$sys.time)</pre>
```

```
## user system elapsed
## 0.193 0.002 0.200
```

```
c.omp.D <- c.iDist.omp(coords.1, coords.2, n.omp.threads=2)
print(c.omp.D$sys.time)</pre>
```

```
## user system elapsed
## 0.269 0.005 0.148
```