

第六章 传输层

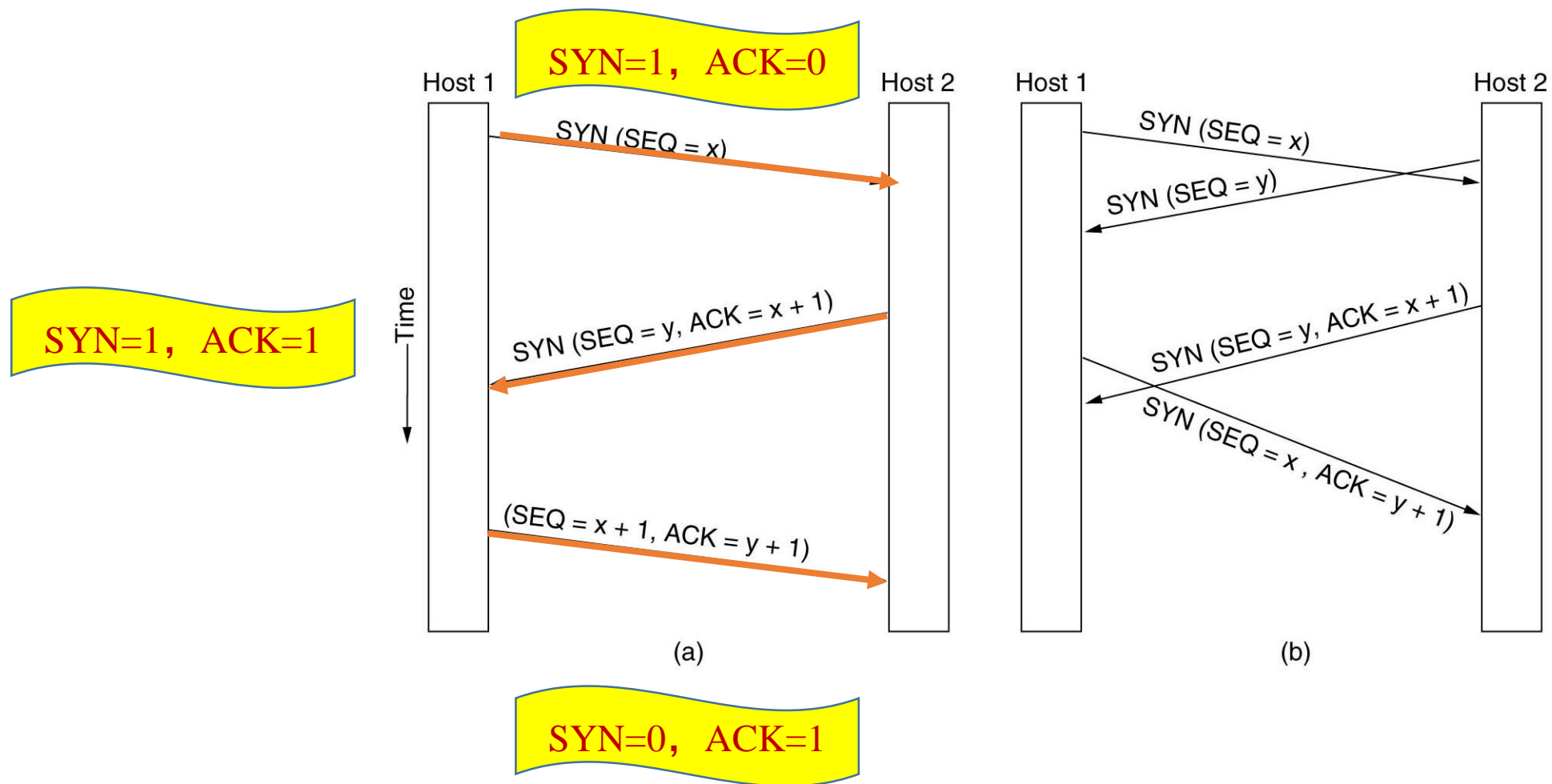
TCP 连接的建立

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采用三次握手建立连接

- ❖ 一方（server）被动地等待一个进来的连接请求
- ❖ 另一方（the client）通过发送连接请求，设置一些参数
- ❖ 服务器方回发确认应答
- ❖ 应答到达请求方，请求方最后确认，连接建立

TCP 连接的建立



三次握手

The image shows a Wireshark capture of a network packet. The top pane displays a list of captured packets. Packet 562 is selected, showing a TCP SYN packet from 125.217.241.193 to 202.38.199.232. The bottom pane shows the detailed view of this packet, including Ethernet II, Internet Protocol, and Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) fields. The TCP field shows a SYN flag set, indicating the start of a three-way handshake.

Filter: Expression... Clear Apply

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
559	17.906739	125.217.241.193	202.38.199.232	TCP	3534 > 8080 [ACK] Seq=598 Ack=125 win=65412 Len=0
560	17.906994	125.217.241.193	202.38.199.232	TCP	3534 > 8080 [FIN, ACK] Seq=598 Ack=125 win=65412 Len=0
561	17.907329	202.38.199.232	125.217.241.193	TCP	8080 > 3534 [ACK] Seq=125 Ack=599 win=24820 Len=0
562	17.913599	125.217.241.193	202.38.199.232	TCP	3542 > 8080 [SYN] Seq=0 Ack=0 win=65535 Len=0 MSS=1460
563	17.913813	202.38.199.232	125.217.241.193	TCP	8080 > 3542 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 win=24820 Len=0 MSS=1460
564	17.913869	125.217.241.193	202.38.199.232	TCP	3542 > 8080 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 win=65535 Len=0

Frame 562 (62 bytes on wire (496 bits), 62 bytes captured (496 bits) on interface 0)

Ethernet II, Src: Sony_83:72:1c (00:01:4a:83:72:1c), Dst: 125.217.241.254 (00:04:96:10:1a:a0)

Internet Protocol, Src: 125.217.241.193 (125.217.241.193), Dst: 202.38.199.232 (202.38.199.232)

Version: 4
Header length: 20 bytes
Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP 0x00: Default; ECN: 0x00)
Total Length: 48
Identification: 0x7e86 (32390)
Flags: 0x04 (Don't Fragment)
Fragment offset: 0
Time to live: 128
Protocol: TCP (0x06)
Header checksum: 0x7a97 [correct]
Source: 125.217.241.193 (125.217.241.193)
Destination: 202.38.199.232 (202.38.199.232)

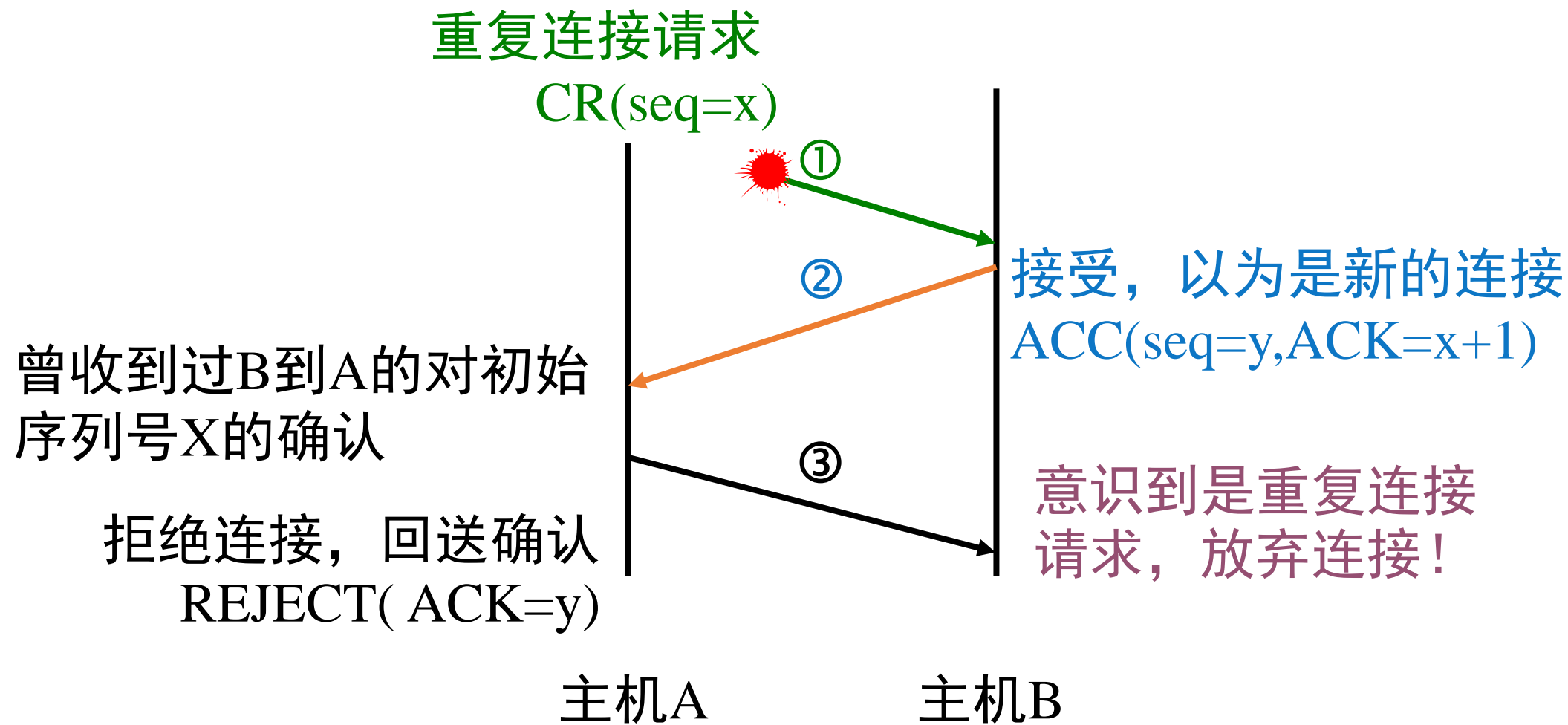
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 3542 (3542), Dst Port: 8080 (8080), Seq: 0, Ack: 0, Len: 0

Source port: 3542 (3542)
Destination port: 8080 (8080)
Sequence number: 0 (relative sequence number)
Header length: 28 bytes
Flags: 0x0002 (SYN)
0... .. = Congestion Window Reduced (CWR): Not set
..0... .. = ECN-Echo: Not set
...0... .. = Urgent: Not set
....0... .. = Acknowledgment: Not set
.....0... .. = Push: Not set
.....0... .. = Reset: Not set
.....1... .. = Syn: Set
.....0... .. = Fin: Not set
window size: 65535

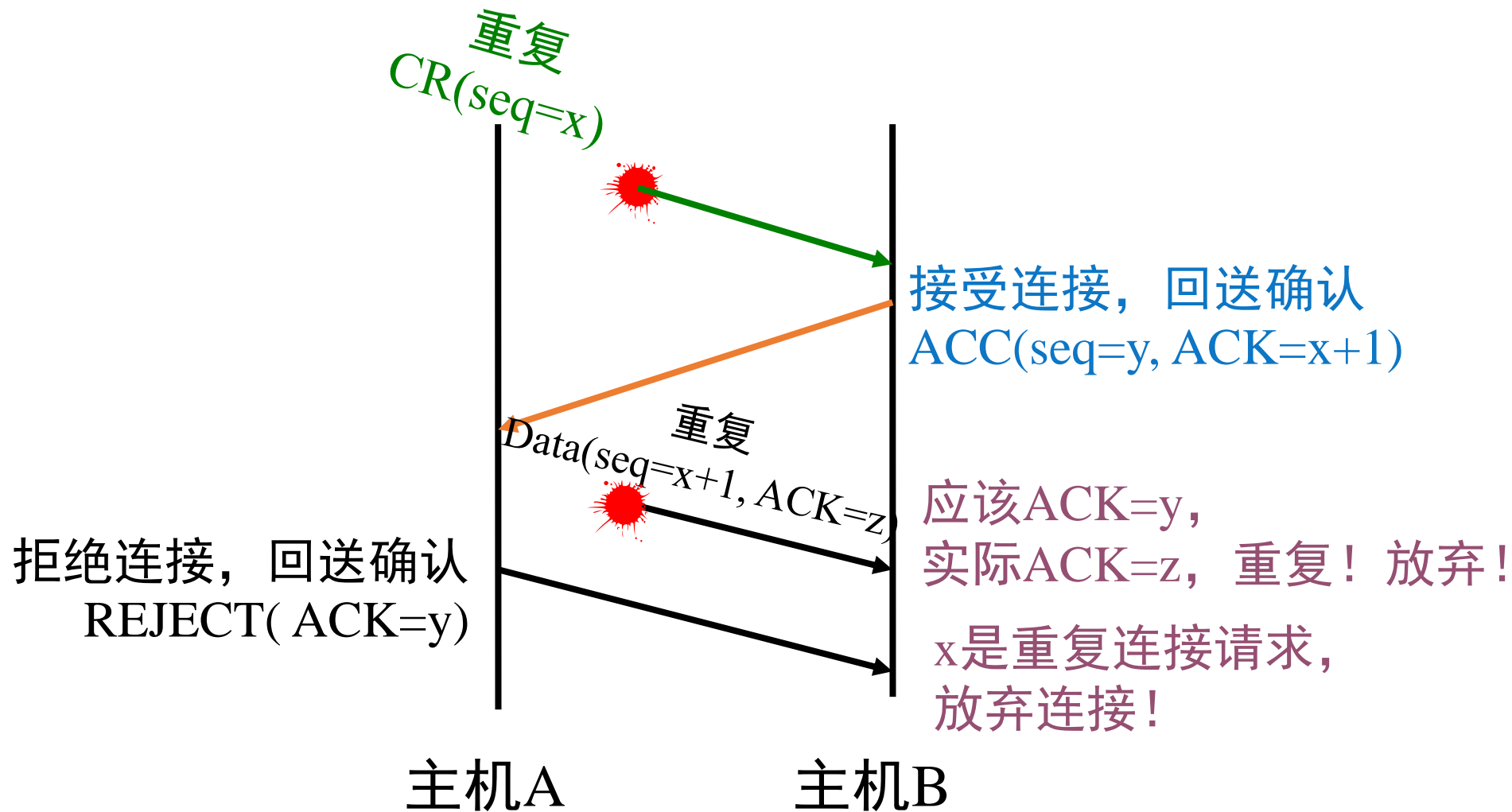
0000 00 04 96 10 1a a0 00 01 4a 83 72 1c 08 00 45 00 J.r...E.
0010 00 30 7e 86 40 00 80 06 7a 97 7d d9 f1 c1 ca 26 .0~. @... z.}....&
0020 c7 e8 0d d6 1f 90 c7 8e a2 c3 00 00 00 00 70 02 p.
0030 ff ff e9 bc 00 00 02 04 05 b4 01 01 04 02

Ethernet (eth), 14 bytes | P: 577 D: 577 M: 0 Drops: 0

重复连接请求CR



重复CR与重复ACK





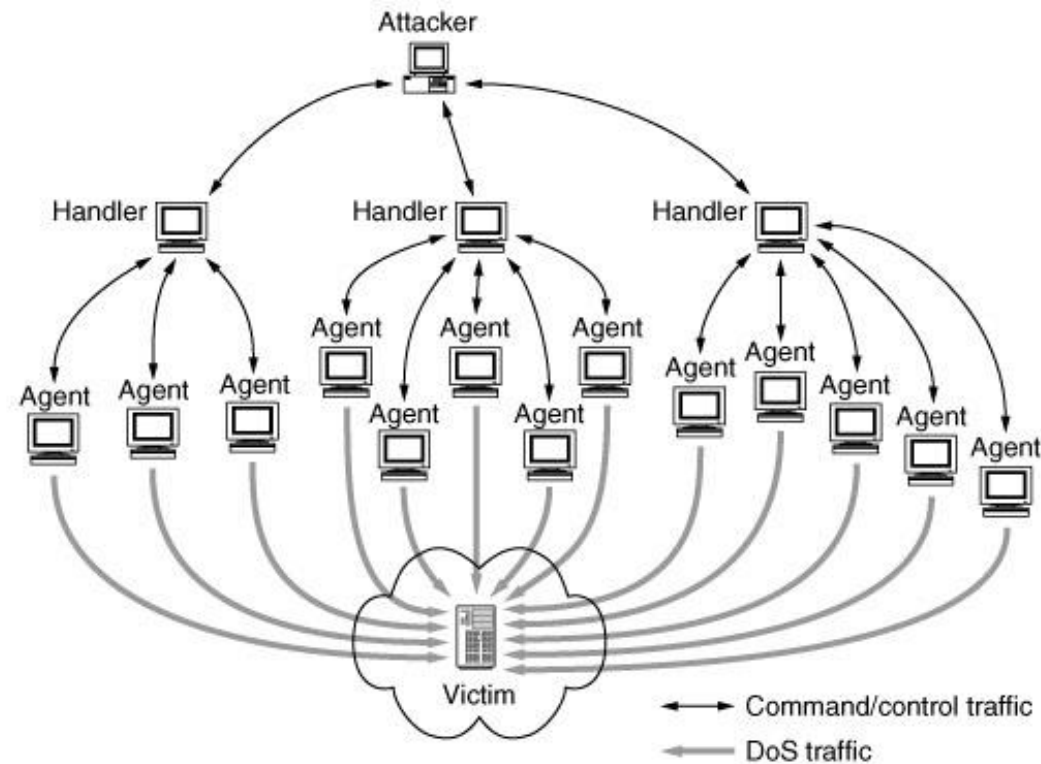
注意

- ❑ SYN泛洪导致DoS攻击（伪造源IP）
- ❑ 数据传输开始后可能有两个原因导致阻塞
 - 快的机器向慢的机器发送数据
 - 多台机器同时向一台机器发送数据



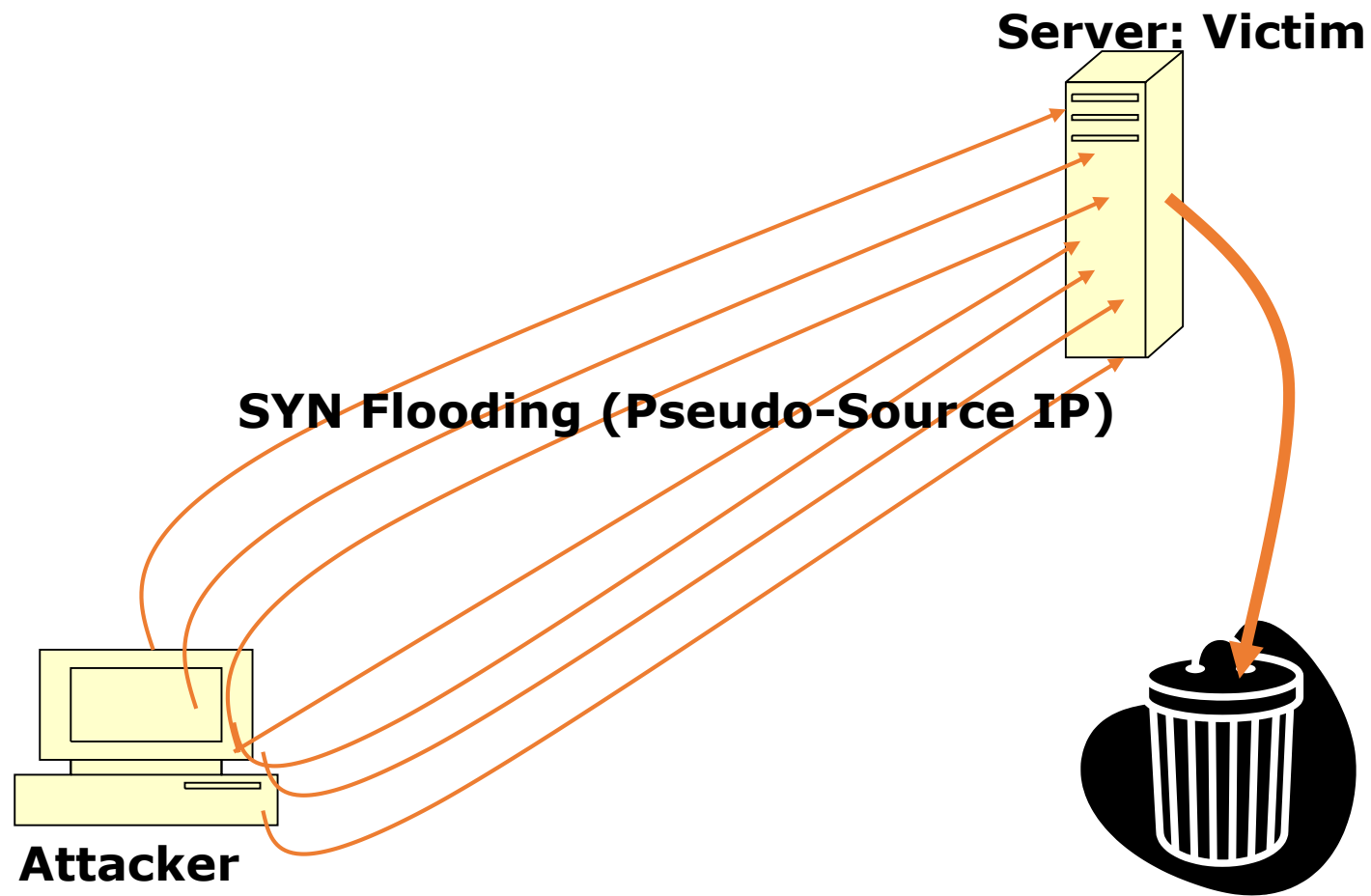
拒绝服务攻击DoS

SYN Flooding can result in DoS (deny of service) attack





图示：SYN Flooding





小结

- TCP数据段传送之前，一定要建立TCP连接
- 三次握手建立TCP连接
 - 一次：SYN=1，ACK=0
 - 二次：SYN=1，ACK=1
 - 三次：SYN=0，ACK=1
- 三次握手建立连接是一个同步的过程，交换初始序列号，保证后续的每一个字节的可靠传输。

思考题

- TCP连接是怎样建立起来的？
- 使用2次握手来建立TCP连接可以吗？
- 为什么TCP连接建立过程又叫同步？
- SYN泛红攻击是怎样产生的？

谢谢观看

致谢

本课程课件中的部分素材来自于：（1）清华大学出版社出版的翻译教材《计算机网络》（原著作者：Andrew S. Tanenbaum, David J. Wetherall）；（2）思科网络技术学院教程；（3）网络上搜到的其他资料。在此，对清华大学出版社、思科网络技术学院、人民邮电出版社、以及其它提供本课程引用资料的个人表示衷心的感谢！

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