

CS/MATH111 ASSIGNMENT 2

due Thursday, April 28 (8AM)

Individual assignment: Problems 1 and 2.

Group assignment: Problems 1,2 and 3.

Problem 1: Prove that equation

$$p^2 = q - 2$$

has exactly one solution in which p and q are prime. Thus you need to do two things: (i) find a solution where with both p, q prime, and (ii) prove that there are no other solution in prime numbers.

Hint: In part (ii) consider cases, depending on the remainder of q modulo 3.

Note: The grading will take into account not only correctness, but also the clarity and rigor of the presentation.

Problem 2: Alice's RSA public key is $P = (e, n) = (47, 115)$. Bob sends Alice the message by encoding it as follows. First he assigns numbers to characters: blank is 2, comma is 3, period is 4, semicolon is 5, dash is 6, then A is 7, B is 8, ..., Y is 31, and Z is 32. Then he uses RSA to encode each number separately.

Bob's encoded message is:

| | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 39 | 40 | 102 | 40 | 82 | 40 |
| 108 | 113 | 96 | 40 | 61 | 65 |
| 8 | 40 | 100 | 8 | 96 | 99 |
| 66 | 8 | 82 | 40 | 74 | 40 |
| 96 | 82 | 66 | 100 | 100 | 8 |
| 74 | 18 | 82 | 96 | 40 | 68 |
| 82 | 40 | 39 | 113 | 96 | 40 |
| 61 | 65 | 8 | 61 | 3 | 8 |
| 18 | 65 | 65 | 66 | 39 | 66 |
| 100 | 100 | 113 | 24 | 6 | 8 |
| 65 | 66 | 39 | 66 | 100 | 100 |
| 40 | 96 | 40 | 66 | 100 | 64 |

Decode Bob's message. Notice that you don't have Alice's secret key, so you need to "break" RSA to decrypt Bob's message.

For the solution, you need to provide the following:

- Describe step by step how you arrived at the solution:
 - Show how you determined $p, q, \phi(n)$, and d ;
 - Show the calculation that determines the first letter in the message.
- Give Bob's message in plaintext. The message is a quote. Who said it?
- If you wrote a program, attach your code to the hard copy. If you solved it by hand (not recommended), attach your scratch paper with calculations.

Problem 3: (a) Compute $14^{-1} \pmod{19}$ by enumerating multiples of the number and the modulus. Show your work.

(b) Compute $14^{-1} \pmod{19}$ using Fermat's theorem. Show your work.

(c) Find a number $x \in \{1, 2, \dots, 40\}$ such that $7x \equiv 11 \pmod{41}$. Show your work. (You need to follow the method covered in class; brute-force checking all values of x will not be accepted.)

Submission. To submit the homework, you need to upload the pdf file into ilearn by 8AM on Thursday, April 28, and turn-in a paper copy in class.