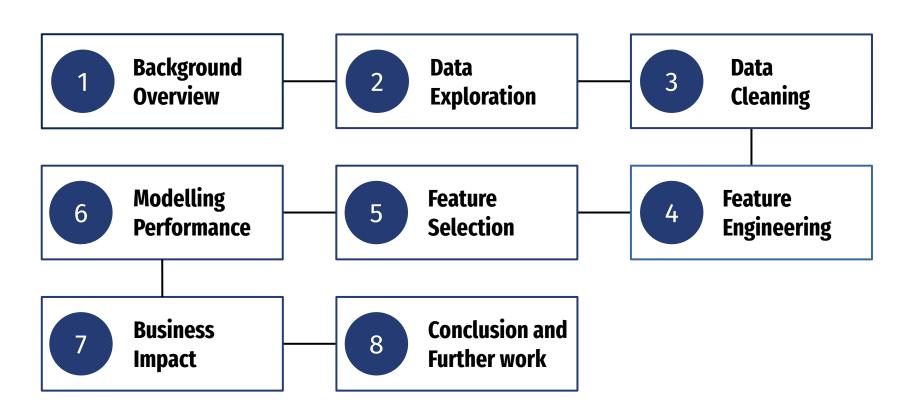
Credit Card Transactions Fraud Detection Analysis

Group 109 ChinKai Huang | Sih-Yu Huang Shih-Ting Liu | Yi-Ching Lin



Agenda



Background Overview

Rising Card Fraud Losses

From \$7.8B to almost \$35B in one decade



More Crooks In Pandemic

Fraudsters do not let an opportunity to slide especially when the country is shutdown



Cheap Credit Card Data

Crooks can steal thousands of dollars before detected

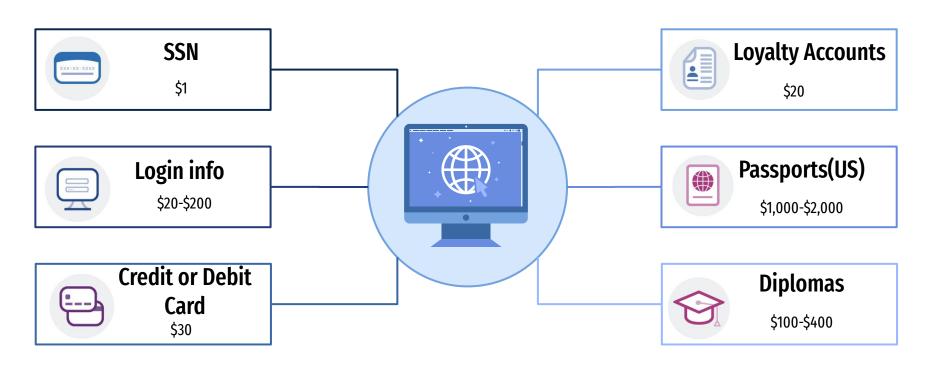


Card Fraud Worldwide Global Losses in \$Bil. 2010-2020 with Cents per \$100 of Total Volume

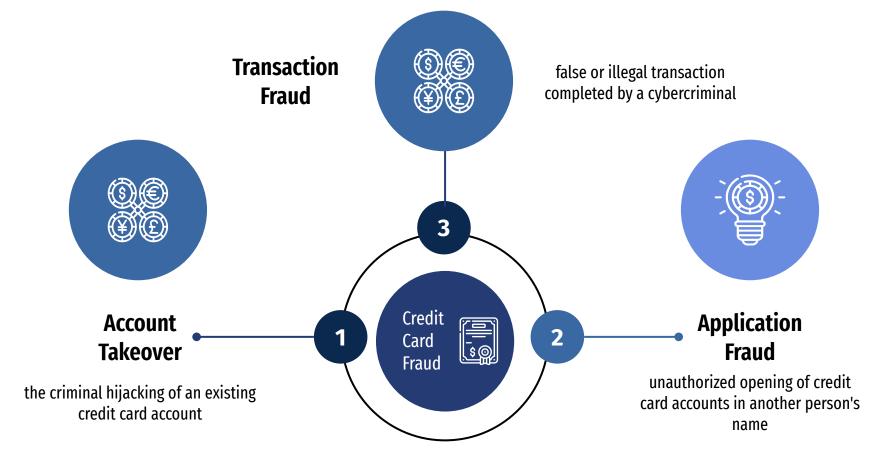


Card fraud global losses keep rising. Till 2019, losses rocket up to \$32.82B.

Background Overview



Credit Card Frauds



Motivations

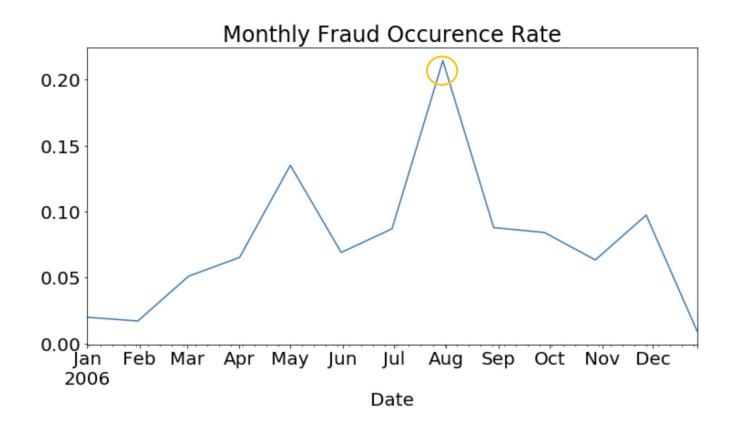
Eliminate 59.4% of the fraud by declining 3% of the transactions

Motivations

Eliminate 59.4% of the fraud by declining 3% of the transactions

save \$1.2 M annualy

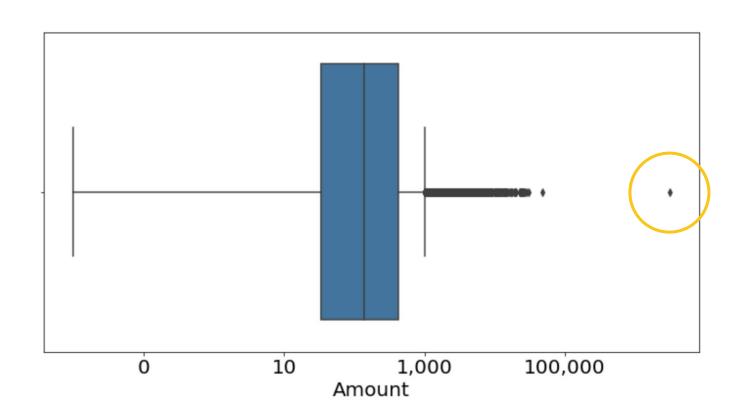
Data Exploration



Data Exploration— Numerical

Field Name	% Populated Min Max		Mean	Stdev	%Zero	
Date	Date 100%		2006-01-01 2006-12-31		N/A	0
Amount	100%	0.01	3,102,045.53	427.89	10,006.14	0

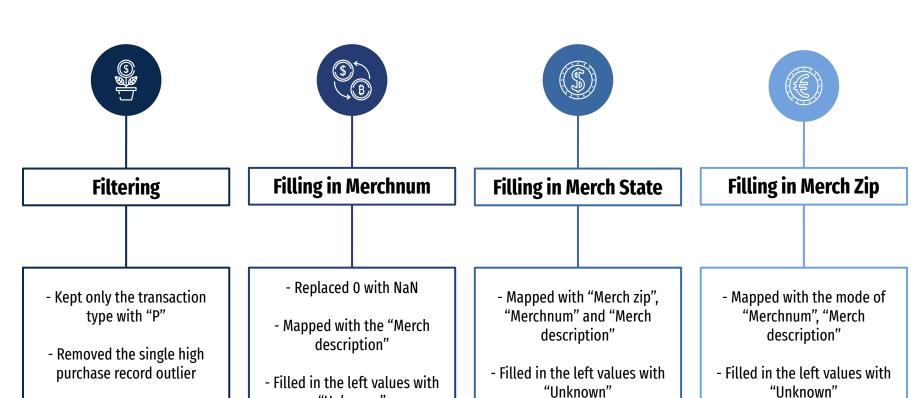
Data Exploration— Numerical



Data Exploration— Categorical

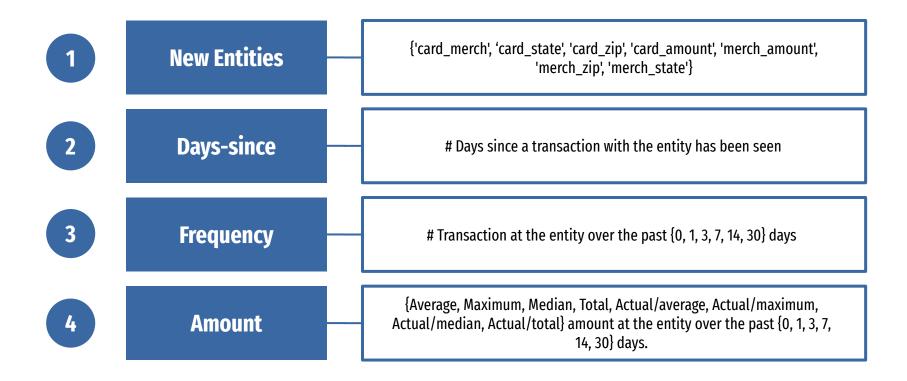
Field Name	% Populated	# Unique Values	Most Common Values
Recnum	100%	96,753	N/A
Cardnum	100%	1,645	5142148452
Merch description	Merch description 100%		GSA-FSS-ADV
Transtype	Transtype 100%		Р
Fraud	Fraud 100%		0
Merchnum	96.51%	13,091	930090121224
Merch state	Merch state 98.76%		TN
Merch zip	Merch zip 95.19 %		38118

Data Cleaning

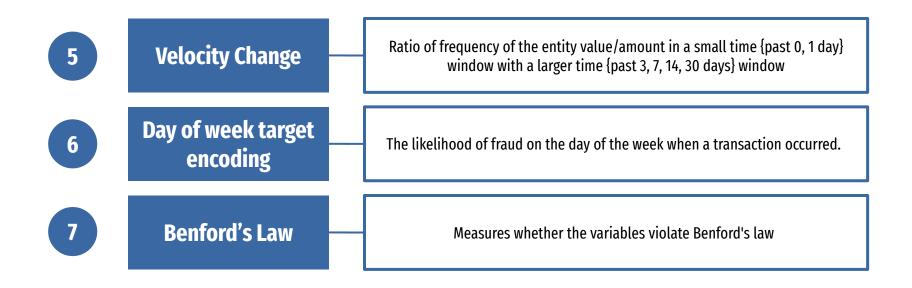


"Unknown"

Feature Creation

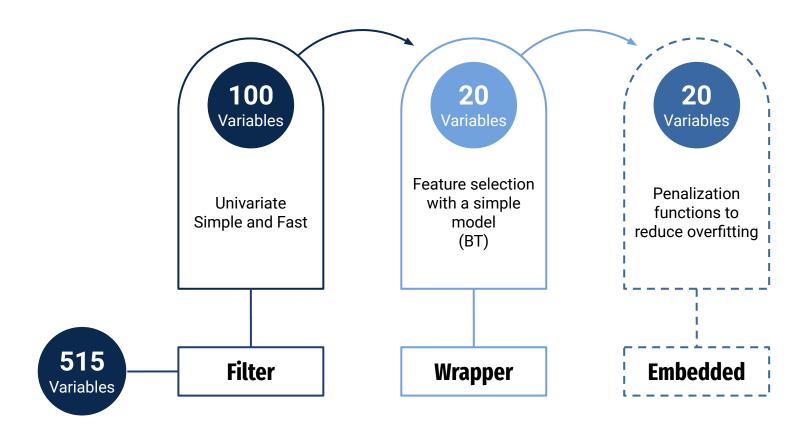


Feature Creation

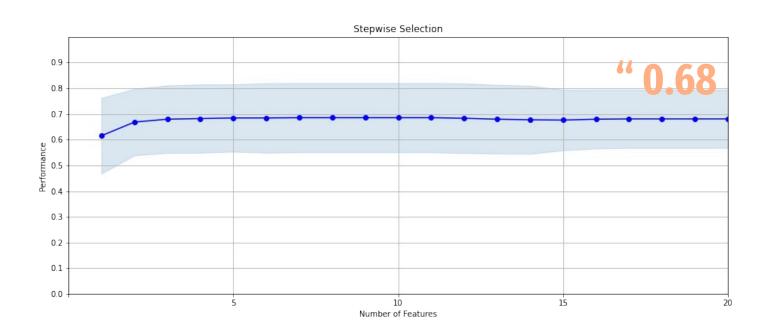


505 Variables Created in Total

Feature Selection — Process



Feature Selection — Performance



Feature Selection — Alternative Wrapper



Select K best

select the features according to the 100 highest score

of Features: 20

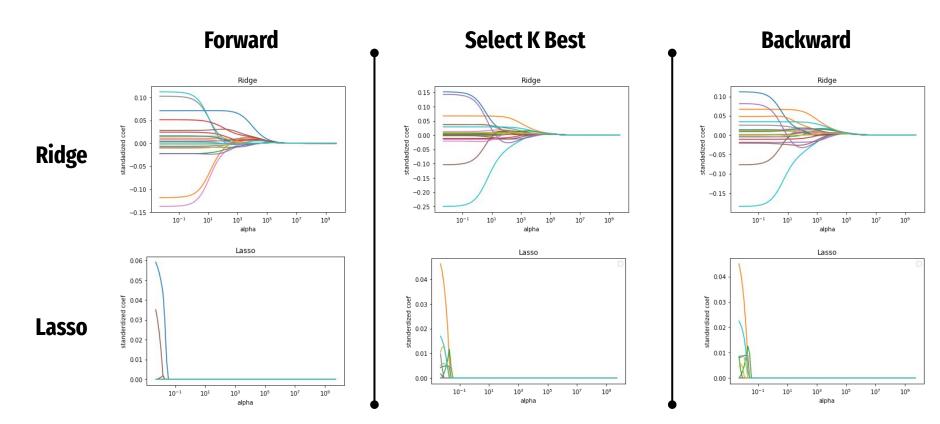


Backward

begins with a full model and eliminates variables at each step

of Features: 20

Feature Selection — Regularization



Model — Process

Defualt Models

Try 10 classification algorithms for different variable combinations Separate data into trn / tst / oot



Variables

Use different variable sets selected from different feature selection methods

Hyperparameter Tuning

Choose a set of optimal hyperparameters for our best model

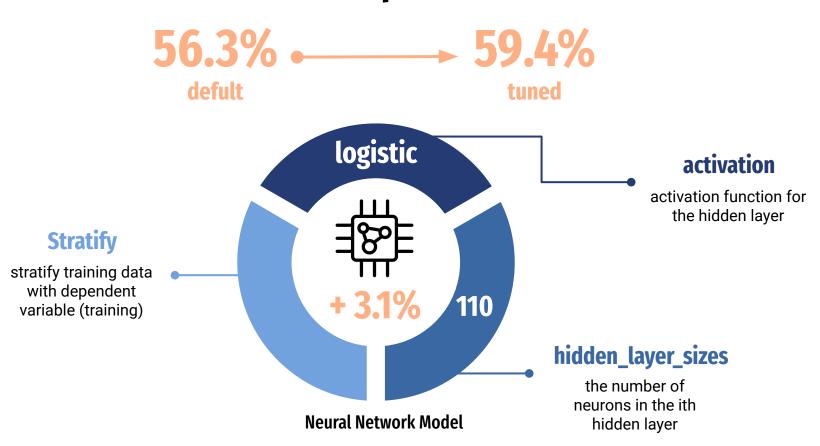
	% Fraud Detected at 3							t 3% FDR		
	Logistic Regression	Decision Tree	Random Forest	Boosted Tree	Gradient Boosting Tree	Cat Boost	XGBoost	KNN	SVM	NN
TRN	63.3	76.6	100	83.3	89.3	82.8	85.2	82.6	88.2	77.9
TST	63.3	69.6	79.1	74.8	73.4	77.7	76.9	75.7	71.7	76.1
00Т	36.3	42.1	57.3	52.4	53.8	56.3	57.4	54.9	58.3	59.4

	% Frau							% Fraud	Detected a	t 3% FDR
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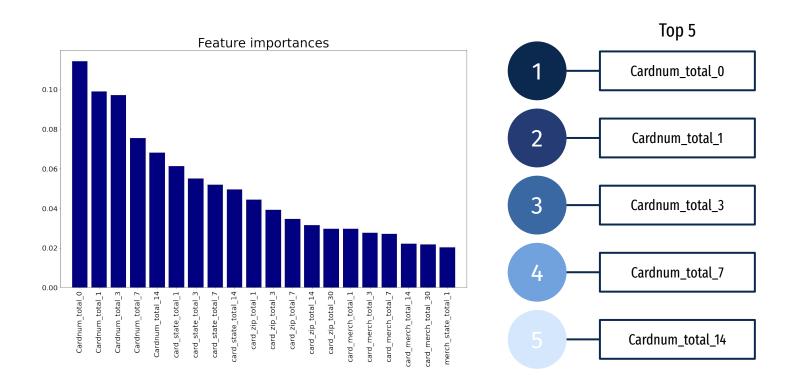
					Cuadiant			% Fraud	Detected a	it 3% FDR
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TST	63.3	69 6	79 1	74 8	73 4	77 7	76 9	75 7	71 7	76.1
131	00.0	07.0	7 7.1	74.0	70.4	,,,,	70.5	70.7	7 1.7	70.1
00T	36.3	42.1	57.3	52.4	53.8	56.3	57.4	54.9	58.3	59.4
TST OOT	63.336.3				73.453.8					

								% Fraud	Detected a	nt 3% FDR
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TRN	63.3	76.6	100	83.3	89.3	82.8	85.2	82.6	88.2	77.9
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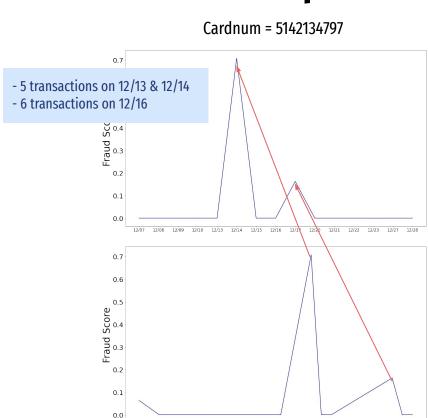
Model — Optimization



Top Variables

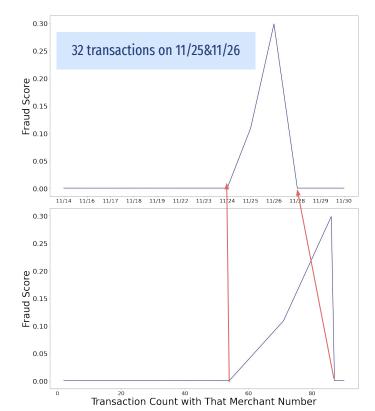


Time Dependence of Fraud Score



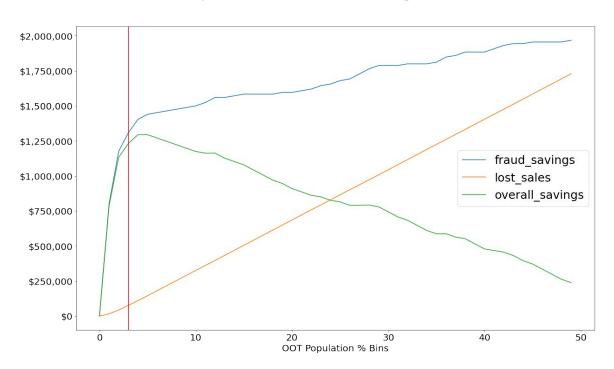
Transaction Count with That Card Number

Merchnum = 4353000719908

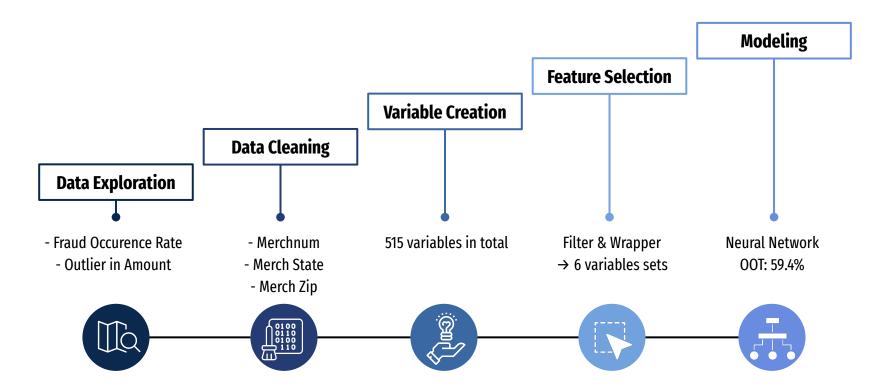


Financial Cutoff

Cutoff at 3%, expected annual savings = \$ 1.2 million



Conclusion



Areas to Improve

Domain Knowledge

Consult with domain experts



Imbalanced Data

Try undersampling or oversampling method (e,g, SMOTE)



Feature Selection

Try different wrappers and algotithms



Ö.

Machine Learning Algorithm

Unsupervised learning



