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单例(Singleton)

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单例定义

- 单例模式限制类的实例化,保证在一个JVM中类的实例只有一个。
- 单例类提供一个可以全局访问单例的入口。
- 常用于
 - 日志logging
 - 配置设置类
 - 驱动程序对象
 - 缓存对象
 - 线程池对象



Top 1 Java面试题

- 提前(eager)和延迟(lazy)初始化
- 静态初始化块
- 多线程安全
- 双重检查锁定(double checked locking)
- JVM/JIT指令优化重排
- 反射(reflection)
- 序列化(serialization)
- 克隆(clone)



代码优化之旅



单例1.0~提前(Eager)初始化单例

```
package io.spring2go.corespring.singleton v1;
// 提前初始化单例
public class EagerSingleton {
   private static final EagerSingleton INSTANCE = new EagerSingleton();
   // 私有构造函数,避免被客户端代码使用
   private EagerSingleton() {}
   public static EagerSingleton getInstance() {
       return INSTANCE;
```

单例1.1~静态初始化块单例

```
package io.spring2go.corespring.singleton v1 1;
// 静态块初始化单例
public class StaticBlockSingleton {
    private static final StaticBlockSingleton INSTANCE;
   // 私有构造函数,避免被客户端代码使用
    private StaticBlockSingleton() {}
   static {
       try {
           INSTANCE = new StaticBlockSingleton();
       } catch (Exception e) { // 异常处理
           throw new RuntimeException("Ufffff, i was not expecting this!", e);
   public static StaticBlockSingleton getInstance() {
       return INSTANCE;
```

单例2.0~延迟(Lazy)初始化单例

```
package io.spring2go.corespring.singleton v2;
// 延迟初始化单例
public class LazySingleton {
    private static LazySingleton INSTANCE;
   private LazySingleton(){}
    public static LazySingleton getInstance(){
        if(INSTANCE == null){
            INSTANCE = new LazySingleton();
        return INSTANCE;
```

单例2.1~多线程安全单例

```
package io.spring2go.corespring.singleton_v2_1;
// 线程安全单例
public class ThreadSafeSingleton {
   private static ThreadSafeSingleton INSTANCE;
   // 私有构造函数,避免被客户端代码使用
   private ThreadSafeSingleton(){}
   public static synchronized ThreadSafeSingleton getInstance() {
       if (INSTANCE == null) {
           INSTANCE = new ThreadSafeSingleton();
       return INSTANCE;
```

单例2.2~双重检查锁定单例

```
package io.spring2go.corespring.singleton v2 2;
// 双重检查锁定单例
public class DoubleCheckLockingSingleton {
    private static volatile DoubleCheckLockingSingleton INSTANCE;
   // 私有构造函数,避免被客户端代码使用
   private DoubleCheckLockingSingleton() {}
    public static DoubleCheckLockingSingleton getInstance() {
       if (INSTANCE == null) {
           synchronized (DoubleCheckLockingSingleton.class) {
               // 双重检查
               if (INSTANCE == null) {
                   INSTANCE = new DoubleCheckLockingSingleton();
       return INSTANCE;
```

单例3.0~比尔.普夫单例

```
package io.spring2go.corespring.singleton.v3;
                                                              Recommended
// 比尔.普夫单例
public class BillPughSingleton {
   // 私有构造函数,避免被客户端代码使用
   private BillPughSingleton() {}
   private static class LazyHolder {
       private static final BillPughSingleton INSTANCE = new BillPughSingleton();
   public static BillPughSingleton getInstance() {
       return LazyHolder.INSTANCE;
```

单例4.0~枚举单例

```
package io.spring2go.corespring.singleton.v4;
// 枚举单例
public enum EnumSingleton {
    INSTANCE;
    // 添加单例方法
   public void method() {
       System.out.println("Singleton method called...");
                  package io.spring2go.corespring.singleton.v4;
                  public class TestEnumSingleton {
                     public static void main(String[] args) {
                         EnumSingleton.INSTANCE.method();
```



问题

• 如何破坏单例?



办法1~反射破坏单例

```
package io.spring2go.corespring.singleton reflection;
import java.lang.reflect.Constructor;
public class ReflectionTest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ReflectionSingleton instanceOne = ReflectionSingleton.getInstance();
        ReflectionSingleton instanceTwo = null;
        try {
            Constructor constructor = ReflectionSingleton.class.getDeclaredConstructor();
            // 下面的代码会打破单例
            constructor.setAccessible(true);
            // 创建第二个实例
            instanceTwo = (ReflectionSingleton) constructor.newInstance();
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        System.out.println(instanceOne.hashCode());
                                                              <terminated> Reflection1
        System.out.println(instanceTwo.hashCode());
                                                              2018699554
                                                              1311053135
```

解决办法

```
package io.spring2go.corespring.singleton_reflection;
public class ReflectionSingleton {
   private static ReflectionSingleton INSTANCE;
   private ReflectionSingleton() {
       throw new InstantiationError("不能通过反射创建单例");
   public static synchronized ReflectionSingleton getInstance() {
       if (INSTANCE == null) {
           INSTANCE = new ReflectionSingleton();
       return INSTANCE;
```



单例应用案例

- Core Java
 - java.lang.Runtime
 - java.awt.Desktop
- Spring容器
 - Singleton Scope(per container)



参考

- Singleton Design Pattern in Java
 - https://www.journaldev.com/1377/java-singleton-design-pattern-best-practices-examples
- Singleton Design Pattern Interview Questions
 - http://www.topjavatutorial.com/java-interview-questions/singleton-design-pattern-interview-questions/

问题

•除了反射之外,还有哪些方法可以破坏单例?



代码

• https://github.com/spring2go/core-spring-patterns









