

# CSE310 Data Structure and Algorithm

## Project1-Milestone

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### 1 Encountered Problems

One problem I encountered while implementing the encoding based on the insertion sort is- how to take not only the 1<sup>st</sup> character of the string into consideration but also the 2<sup>st</sup> or more followed characters into the sorting algorithm. Since we are not allowed to use any other libraries, and we haven't cover the recursive function yet through the lecture, I used *while – loop* with *goto* command so that when doing the insertion sorting, when I encountered two same 1<sup>st</sup> characters in the string, I can compare the 2<sup>st</sup> one and so on, until the *shift* happens. Once the *shift* happened, I use *goto* to enforce the algorithm to run based on the comparison of the 1<sup>st</sup> character again. Therefore, the algorithms can return the sorting result correctly.

### 2 Bug Report

As for this Milestone submission, I didn't have any bugs for now. However, I would like to report some bugs during the production of this code.

- (a) for cyclic shifts, one bugs report is core dump/segmentation fault.
- (b) Access non allocated location of memory occurred when reading or extracting context from a location but contains nothing.

### 3 Interactions

I asked one question to TA- Lawrence on an index problem. "How can I keep tracking the index so that I can just see where the previous index[0] - the original line - goes after sorting?". I got the answer - using `std::string::compare()` [1] to determine if a string is the same to the desired string which I am looking for.

Note that there is no other interaction between me and others when I produce my code.

### References

- [1] `string::compare()` in c++. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/stdstringcompare-in-c/>. Accessed: 2019-09-15.