精选的 JavaScript 实例

1. 纯 JavaScript 时钟

脚本说明

第一步: 把如下代码加入<head>区域中:

```
<SCRIPT language=javascript>
<!--
pX=400; pY=200
obs = new Array(13)
function ob () {
for (i=0; i<13; i++) {
if (document.all) obs[i]=new Array (eval('ob'+i).style, -100, -100)
else obs[i] = new Array (eval('document.ob'+i), -100, -100)
function cl(a, b, c) {
if (document.all) {
if (a!=0) b+=-1
eval('c'+a+'.style.pixelTop='+(pY+(c)))
eval('c'+a+'.style.pixelLeft='+(pX+(b)))
else{
if (a!=0) b+=10
eval('document.c'+a+'.top='+(pY+(c)))
eval('document.c'+a+'.left='+(pX+(b)))
if (document.all) c0.style.pixelLeft=26
function runClock() {
for (i=0; i<13; i++) {
obs[i][0].left=obs[i][1]+pX
obs[i][0].top=obs[i][2]+pY
```

```
var lastsec
function timer() {
time = new Date ()
sec = time.getSeconds()
if (sec!=lastsec) {
lastsec = sec
sec=Math.PI*sec/30
min=Math.PI*time.getMinutes()/30
hr =Math.PI*((time.getHours()*60)+time.getMinutes())/360
for (i=1; i<6; i++) {
obs[i][1] = Math. sin(sec) * (44 - (i-1)*11)-16;
if (document.layers) obs[i][1]+=10;
obs[i][2] = -Math.cos(sec) * (44 - (i-1)*11)-27;
for (i=6; i<10; i++) {
obs[i][1] = Math. sin(min) * (40 - (i-6)*10)-16;
if (document.layers) obs[i][1]+=10;
obs[i][2] = -Math.cos(min) * (40 - (i-6)*10)-27;
for (i=10; i<13; i++) {
obs[i][1] = Math.sin(hr) * (37 - (i-10)*11)-16;
if (document.layers) obs[i][1]+=10;
obs[i][2] = -Math. cos(hr) * (37 - (i-10)*11)-27;
function setNum() {
c1 (0, -67, -65);
c1 (1, 10, -51);
c1 (2, 28, -33);
c1 (3, 35, -8);
cl (4, 28, 17);
c1 (5, 10, 35);
c1 (6, -15, 42);
c1 (7, -40, 35);
c1 (8, -58, 17);
c1 (9, -65, -8);
c1 (10, -58, -33);
c1 (11, -40, -51);
```

```
c1 (12, -16, -56);
    //-->
     </SCRIPT>
     第二步:把<body>中加入如下代码:
     <div id="c0" style="position:absolute;right:6;top:6; z-index:2;">
     </div>
     <div id="c1" style="position:absolute;left:20;top:-20;</pre>
z-index:5; font-size:11px; "><b>1</b></div>
     <div id="c2" style="position:absolute;left:20;top:-20;</pre>
z-index:5; font-size:11px; "><b>2</b></div>
     <div id="c3" style="position:absolute;left:20;top:-20;</pre>
z-index:5;font-size:11px;"><b>3</b></div>
     <div id="c4" style="position:absolute;left:20;top:-20;</pre>
z-index:5;font-size:11px;"><b>4</b></div>
     <div id="c5" style="position:absolute;left:20;top:-20;</pre>
z-index:5; font-size:11px; "><b>5</b></div>
     <div id="c6" style="position:absolute;left:20;top:-20;</pre>
z-index:5; font-size:11px;"<b>6</b></div>
     <div id="c7" style="position:absolute;left:20;top:-20;</pre>
z-index:5; font-size:11px; "><b>7</b></div>
     <div id="c8" style="position:absolute;left:20;top:-20;</pre>
z-index:5; font-size:11px; "><b>8</b></div>
     <div id="c9" style="position:absolute;left:20;top:-20;</pre>
z-index:5; font-size:11px;"<b>9</b></div>
     <div id="c10" style="position:absolute;left:20;top:-20;</pre>
z-index:5; font-size:11px; "><b>10</b></div>
     <div id="c11" style="position:absolute;left:20;top:-20;</pre>
z-index:5;font-size:11px;"><b>11</b></div>
     <div id="c12" style="position:absolute;left:20;top:-20;</pre>
z-index:5; font-size:11px; "><b>12</b></div>
     <div id="ob0" style="position:absolute;left:-20;top:-20;z-index:1"> </div>
     <div id="ob1" style="position:absolute;left:-20;top:-20;z-index:8"> <font size="+3"</pre>
color="#0000FF"><b>. </b></font></div>
     <div id="ob2" style="position:absolute;left:-20;top:-20;z-index:8"> <font size="+3"</pre>
color="#0000FF"><b>. </b></font></div>
     <div id="ob3" style="position:absolute;left:-20;top:-20;z-index:8"> <font size="+3"</pre>
```

color="#0000FF">. </div>

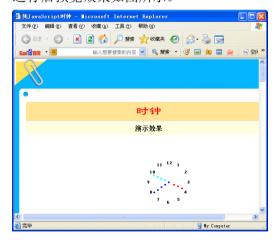
```
<div id="ob4" style="position:absolute;left:-20;top:-20;z-index:8"> <font size="+3"</pre>
color="#0000FF"><b>. </b></font></div>
     <div id="ob5" style="position:absolute;left:-20;top:-20;z-index:8"> <font size="+3"</pre>
color="#0000FF"><b>. </b></font></div>
    <div id="ob6" style="position:absolute;left:-20;top:-20;z-index:7"> <font size="+3"</pre>
color="#00FFFF"><b>. </b></font></div>
    <div id="ob7" style="position:absolute;left:-20;top:-20;z-index:7"> <font size="+3"</pre>
color="#00FFFF"><b>. </b></font></div>
    <div id="ob8" style="position:absolute;left:-20;top:-20;z-index:7"> <font size="+3"</pre>
color="#00FFFF"><b>. </b></font></div>
     <div id="ob9" style="position:absolute;left:-20;top:-20;z-index:7"> <font size="+3"</pre>
color="#00FFFF"><b>. </b></font></div>
    <div id="ob10" style="position:absolute;left:-20;top:-20;z-index:6"> <font size="+3"</pre>
color="#F30000"><b>. </font></div>
    <div id="obl1" style="position:absolute;left:-20;top:-20;z-index:6"> <font size="+3"</pre>
color="#F30000"><b>. </b></font></div>
     <div id="ob12" style="position:absolute;left:-20;top:-20;z-index:6"> <font size="+3"</pre>
color="#F30000"><b>. </b></font></div>
```

第三步: 把<body>中内容改为:

<body bgcolor="#fef4d9"</pre>

onLoad="ob(), setNum(), setInterval('timer()', 100); setInterval('runClock()', 100)">

运行后预览效果如图所示。



2. 跟随鼠标旋转背景

脚本说明:

把如下代码加入<body>区域中

<LAYER NAME="a0" LEFT=10 TOP=10 VISIBILITY=SHOW BGCOLOR="#ffffff" CLIP="0,0,1,1"></LAYER>

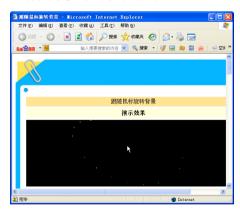
```
<LAYER NAME="a1" LEFT=10 TOP=10 VISIBILITY=SHOW BGCOLOR="#fff000" CLIP="0,0,1,1"></LAYER>
     <LAYER NAME="a2" LEFT=10 TOP=10 VISIBILITY=SHOW BGCOLOR="#ffa000" CLIP="0,0,1,1"></LAYER>
     <LAYER NAME="a3" LEFT=10 TOP=10 VISIBILITY=SHOW BGCOLOR="#ff00ff" CLIP="0,0,1,1"></LAYER>
     <LAYER NAME="a4" LEFT=10 TOP=10 VISIBILITY=SHOW BGCOLOR="#00ff00" CLIP="0,0,1,1"></LAYER>
     <LAYER NAME="a5" LEFT=10 TOP=10 VISIBILITY=SHOW BGCOLOR="#FF00FF" CLIP="0,0,1,1"></LAYER>
     <LAYER NAME="a6" LEFT=10 TOP=10 VISIBILITY=SHOW BGCOLOR="#FF0000" CLIP="0,0,1,1"></LAYER>
     <LAYER NAME="a7" LEFT=10 TOP=10 VISIBILITY=SHOW BGCOLOR="#ffffff" CLIP="0.0,2,2"></LAYER>
     <LAYER NAME="a8" LEFT=10 TOP=10 VISIBILITY=SHOW BGCOLOR="#fff000" CLIP="0,0,2,2"></LAYER>
     <LAYER NAME="a9" LEFT=10 TOP=10 VISIBILITY=SHOW BGCOLOR="#ffa000" CLIP="0,0,2,2"></LAYER>
     <LAYER NAME="a10" LEFT=10 TOP=10 VISIBILITY=SHOW BGCOLOR="#ff00ff" CLIP="0,0,2,2"></LAYER>
     <LAYER NAME="a11" LEFT=10 TOP=10 VISIBILITY=SHOW BGCOLOR="#00ff00" CLIP="0,0,2,2"></LAYER>
     <LAYER NAME="a12" LEFT=10 TOP=10 VISIBILITY=SHOW BGCOLOR="#0000ff" CLIP="0,0,2,2"></LAYER>
     <LAYER NAME="a13" LEFT=10 TOP=10 VISIBILITY=SHOW BGCOLOR="#FF0000" CLIP="0,0,3,3"></LAYER>
     <div id="starsDiv" style="position:absolute;top:0px;left:0px">
style="position:relative; width: lpx; height: lpx; background: #fffffff; font-size: lpx; visibility: visi
ble"></div>
    <div
style="position:relative; width: 1px; height: 1px; background: #fff000; font-size: 1px; visibility: visi
ble"></div>
     <div
style="position:relative; width: 1px; height: 1px; background: #ffa000; font-size: 1px; visibility: visi
ble"></div>
     <div
style="position:relative; width: 1px; height: 1px; background: #ff00ff; font-size: 1px; visibility: visi
ble"></div>
    <div
style="position:relative; width: 1px; height: 1px; background: #00ff00; font-size: 1px; visibility: visi
ble"></div>
     <div
style="position:relative; width: 1px; height: 1px; background: #0000ff; font-size: 1px; visibility: visi
ble"></div>
style="position:relative; width: 1px; height: 1px; background: #FF0000; font-size: 1px; visibility: visi
ble"></div>
     <div
style="position:relative; width: 2px; height: 2px; background: #ffffff; font-size: 2px; visibility: visi
ble"></div>
     <div
style="position:relative; width: 2px; height: 2px; background: #fff000; font-size: 2px; visibility: visi
```

```
ble"></div>
    <div
style="position:relative; width: 2px; height: 2px; background: #ffa000; font-size: 2px; visibility: visi
ble"></div>
    <div
style="position:relative; width: 2px; height: 2px; background: #ff00ff; font-size: 2px; visibility: visi
ble"></div>
    <div
style="position:relative; width: 2px; height: 2px; background: #00ff00; font-size: 2px; visibility: visi
ble"></div>
    <div
style="position:relative; width: 2px; height: 2px; background: #0000ff; font-size: 2px; visibility: visi
ble"></div>
    <div
style="position:relative; width: 3px; height: 3px; background: #FF0000; font-size: 3px; visibility: visi
ble"></div>
    </div>
    <SCRIPT LANGUAGE="JavaScript">
    <!-- Original: Kurt Grigg (kurt.grigg@virgin.net) -->
    <!-- Web Site: http://freespace.virgin.net/kurt.grigg -->
     <!-- This script and many more are available free online at -->
    <!-- The JavaScript Source!! http://javascript.internet.com -->
    <!-- Begin
    var Clrs = new Array(6);
     Clrs[0] = 'ff0000';
    Clrs[1] = '00ff00';
    Clrs[2] = '000aff';
    Clrs[3] = 'ff00ff';
     Clrs[4] = 'fff000';
     Clrs[5] = 'fffff0';
     var yBase = 200;
    var xBase = 200;
     var step;
     var currStep = 0;
    var Xpos = 1;
    var Ypos = 1;
    var Xs = 200;
    var Ys = 400;
     if (document.layers) {
     window.captureEvents(Event.MOUSEMOVE);
```

```
if (document.all) {
    function MoveHandler() {
    Xpos = document.body.scrollLeft+event.x;
    Ypos = document.body.scrollTop+event.y;
    document.onmousemove = MoveHandler:
    else if (document.layers) {
    function xMoveHandler(evnt) {
    Xpos = evnt.pageX;
    Ypos = evnt.pageY;
    window.onMouseMove = xMoveHandler;
    function Comet() {
    if (document.all) {
    yBase = window. document. body. offsetHeight / 4;
    xBase = window. document. body. offsetWidth / 4;
    else if (document. layers) {
    yBase = window.innerHeight / 4;
    xBase = window.innerWidth / 4;
    if (document.all) {
    for (i = 0; i < starsDiv.all.length; i++) {
    step = 3;
    starsDiv.all[i].style.top = Ypos + yBase*Math.cos((currStep +
i*4)/12) *Math. cos (0. 7+currStep/200);
    starsDiv.all[i].style.left = Xpos + xBase*Math.sin((currStep +
i*3)/10)*Math. sin(8.2+currStep/400);
    for (ai = 0; ai < Clrs.length; ai++) {
    var c=Math.round(Math.random()*[ai]);
    starsDiv.all[i].style.background = Clrs[c];
    else if (document.layers) {
    for ( j = 0 ; j < 14 ; j++ ) { //number of NS layers!
    step = 6;
```

```
var templayer = "a"+j;
document.layers[templayer].top = Ypos + yBase*Math.cos((currStep +
j*4)/12)*Math.cos(0.7+currStep/200);
document.layers[templayer].left = Xpos + xBase*Math.sin((currStep +
j*3)/10)*Math.sin(8.2+currStep/400);
for (aj=0; aj < Clrs.length; aj++)
{
  var c=Math.round(Math.random()*[aj]);
}
document.layers[templayer].bgColor = Clrs[c];
}
currStep += step;
setTimeout("Comet()", 5);
}
Comet();
// End -->
</script>
```

运行后预览效果如图所示。



3. 礼花背景

脚本说明

把如下代码加入<body>区域中

```
<layer name="a0" left=10 top=10 visibility=show bgcolor="#ffffff" clip="0,0,1,1"></layer>
<layer name="a1" left=10 top=10 visibility=show bgcolor="#fff000" clip="0,0,1,1"></layer>
<layer name="a2" left=10 top=10 visibility=show bgcolor="#ffa000" clip="0,0,1,1"></layer>
<layer name="a3" left=10 top=10 visibility=show bgcolor="#ff00ff" clip="0,0,1,1"></layer>
<layer name="a4" left=10 top=10 visibility=show bgcolor="#00ff00" clip="0,0,1,1"></layer>
```

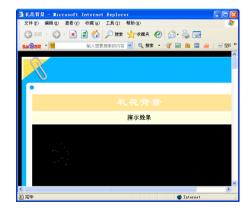
```
<layer name="a5" left=10 top=10 visibility=show bgcolor="#ff00ff" clip="0,0,1,1"></layer>
     <layer name="a6" left=10 top=10 visibility=show bgcolor="#ff0000" clip="0,0,1,1"></layer>
     <layer name="a7" left=10 top=10 visibility=show bgcolor="#ffffff" clip="0,0,1,1"></layer>
     <layer name="a8" left=10 top=10 visibility=show bgcolor="#fff000" clip="0,0,1,1"></layer>
     <layer name="a9" left=10 top=10 visibility=show bgcolor="#ffa000" clip="0,0,1,1"></layer>
     <layer name="a10" left=10 top=10 visibility=show bgcolor="#ff00ff" clip="0,0,1,1"></layer>
     <layer name="a11" left=10 top=10 visibility=show bgcolor="#00ff00" clip="0,0,2,2"></layer>
     <layer name="a12" left=10 top=10 visibility=show bgcolor="#0000ff" clip="0,0,2,2"></layer>
     <layer name="a13" left=10 top=10 visibility=show bgcolor="#ff0000" clip="0,0,2,2"></layer>
     <div id="starsDiv" style="position:absolute;top:0px;left:0px">
style="position:relative;width:2px;height:2px;background:#ffffff;font-size:2px"></div>
     <div
style="position:relative;width:1px;height:1px;background:#fff000;font-size:1px"></div>
style="position:relative;width:1px;height:1px;background:#ffa000;font-size:1px"></div>
     <div
style="position:relative;width:1px;height:1px;background:#ff00ff;font-size:1px"></div>
style="position:relative;width:1px;height:1px;background:#00ff00;font-size:1px"></div>
style="position:relative; width:1px; height:1px; background:#0000ff; font-size:1px"></div>
    <div
style="position:relative; width:1px; height:1px; background:#FF0000; font-size:1px"></div>
style="position:relative;width:lpx;height:lpx;background:#ffffff;font-size:lpx"></div>
    <div
style="position:relative;width:1px;height:1px;background:#fff000;font-size:1px"></div>
style="position:relative; width: 1px; height: 1px; background: #ffa000; font-size: 1px"></div>
     <div
style="position:relative;width:lpx;height:lpx;background:#ff00ff;font-size:lpx"></div>
style="position:relative;width:2px;height:2px;background:#ff00ff;font-size:2px"></div>
style="position:relative;width:1px;height:1px;background:#0000ff;font-size:1px"></div>
style="position:relative;width:1px;height:1px;background:#FF0000;font-size:1px"></div>
     </div>
     <SCRIPT LANGUAGE="JavaScript">
```

```
<!-- Begin
var Clrs = new Array(9);
Clrs[0] = 'ff0000';
Clrs[1] = '00ff00';
Clrs[2] = '000aff';
Clrs[3] = 'ff00ff';
Clrs[4] = 'ffa500';
Clrs[5] = 'ffff00';
Clrs[6] = '00ff00';
Clrs[7] = 'ffffff';
Clrs[8] = 'fffff0';
var sClrs = new Array(5);
sClrs[0] = 'ffa500';
sClrs[1] = '55ff66';
sClrs[2] = 'AC9DFC';
sClrs[3] = 'fff000';
sClrs[4] = 'fffff0';
var yBase;
var xBase;
var step;
var currStep = 0;
var Xpos = 1;
var Ypos = 1;
var initialStarColor = 'ffa000';
var Mtop = 250;
var Mleft = 250;
function Fireworks() {
if (document.all) {
yBase = window. document. body. offsetHeight / 3;
xBase = window. document. body. offsetWidth / 8;
else if (document.layers) {
yBase = window.innerHeight / 3;
xBase = window.innerWidth / 8;
if (document.all) {
step = 5;
for ( i = 0 ; i < starsDiv.all.length ; i++ ) {
for (ai = 0; ai < Clrs.length; ai++) {
var c = Math.round(Math.random()*[ai]);
```

```
if (currStep < 90)
    starsDiv.all[i].style.background=initialStarColor;
    if (currStep > 90)
    starsDiv.all[i].style.background=Clrs[c];
    starsDiv.all[i].style.top = Mtop +
yBase*Math. sin((currStep+i*5)/3)*Math. sin(550+currStep/100)
    starsDiv.all[i].style.left = Mleft +
yBase*Math.cos((currStep+i*5)/3)*Math.sin(550+currStep/100)
    else if (document.layers) {
    step = 5;
    for (j = 0; j < 24; j++) { //number of NS layers!
    var templayer = "a"+j;
    for (ai = 0; ai < Clrs. length; ai++) {
    var c = Math.round(Math.random()*[ai]);
    if (currStep < 90)
    document.layers[templayer].bgColor=initialStarColor;
    if (currStep > 90)
    document.layers[templayer].bgColor=Clrs[c];
    document.layers[templayer].top = Mtop +
yBase*Math. sin((currStep+j*5)/3)*Math. sin(550+currStep/100)
    document.layers[templayer].left = Mleft +
vBase*Math. cos((currStep+j*5)/3)*Math. sin(550+currStep/100)
    currStep+= step;
    T=setTimeout("Fireworks()", 5);
    if (currStep == 220) {
    currStep = -10;
    for (n = 0; n < sClrs. length; n++) {
    var k = Math.round(Math.random()*n);
    initialStarColor = sClrs[k];
    if (document.all) {
    Dtop = window. document. body. clientHeight - 250;
    Dleft = xBase * 3.5;
    Mtop = Math.round(Math.random()*Dtop);
```

```
Mleft = Math.round(Math.random()*Dleft);
document.all.starsDiv.style.top = Mtop+document.body.scrollTop;
document.all.starsDiv.style.left = Mleft+document.body.scrollLeft;
else if (document.layers) {
Dleft = window.innerWidth - 100;
Dtop = window.innerHeight - 100;
Mtop = Math.round(Math.random()*Dtop+window.pageYOffset);
Mleft = Math.round(Math.random()*Dleft+window.pageXOffset);
document.layers[templayer].top = Mtop;
document.layers[templayer].left = Mleft;
if ((Mtop < 20) | (Mleft < 20)) {
Mtop += 90;
Mleft += 90;
Fireworks();
// End -->
</script>
```

运行后预览效果如图所示。



4. 模拟跳舞游戏

```
脚本说明
```

第一步: 把如下代码加入<body>区域中

```
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="JavaScript">
<!-- Begin
```

```
var agt=navigator.userAgent.toLowerCase();
if (agt.index0f("mac") != -1)
var a="\r";
else
var a="\n";
var max=0;
function tlist() {
max=tlist.arguments.length;
for (i=0; i\leq max; i++)
this[i]=tlist.arguments[i];
tl = new tlist(
" o"+a+
" / | \\"+a+
" */ \\* 跳舞"+a,
" o_"+a+
" \<| *"+a+
" *\>\\ 跳舞"+a,
" o/*"+a+
" * |"+a+
" / \\ 跳舞"+a,
" *\o_"+a+
" / *"+a+
"\<\\ 跳舞"+a,
" _o/*"+a+
" * |"+a+
" / \\ 跳舞"+a,
" *\\c/*"+a+
")"+a+
" / \> 跳舞"+a,
" *"+a+
" \\__/c"+a+
"\>\\*跳舞"+a,
" /"+a+
" (o *"+a+
"\\* 跳舞"+a,
" \\ /"+a+
" |"+a+
" */o\\* 跳舞"+a,
" \\_"+a+
```

```
" ("+a+
```

$$''$$
 _("+a+

```
"\<\\ 跳舞"+a,
" *_o_"+a+
" | *"+a+
" \< \\ 跳舞"+a,
" *_c_*"+a+
" |"+a+
"\>\\ 跳舞"+a,
" *_c_*"+a+
" | "+a+
"\>跳舞"+a,
" *_c_*"+a+
" __|_"+a+
"跳舞"+a,
'' ''+a+
" *_{c}*"+a+
"_)_ 跳舞"+a,
" "+a+
" *\\c/*"+a+
" ) 跳舞"+a
);
var x=0;
function tick() {
document.animation.cheerleader.value = " " + a +
t1[x];
x++;
if (x != max)
setTimeout("tick()", 200);
else
x = 0;
// End -->
</script>
<form name=animation>
<textarea name=cheerleader rows=5 cols=20&rt;</textarea&rt;</pre>
<br>>
<input type=button value="Start Again" onClick = "javascript:tick()">
</form>
```

第二步:把<body>区域中的内容改为:

运行后预览效果如图所示。



5. 目录式导航菜单

脚本说明

第一步: 把如下代码加入<head>区域中

```
<SCRIPT language=javascript><!--</pre>
    function out()
    if (window. event. to Element. id!="menu" && window. event. to Element. id!="link")
    menu. style. visibility="hidden";
    //-->
    function out1()
    if (window. event. to Element. id!="menu1" && window. event. to Element. id!="link")
    menul. style. visibility="hidden";
    //-->
    </SCRIPT>
    第二步:把如下代码加入 body 区域中
    <div id="back"
onmouseout="out()"style="position:absolute;top:180;left:310;width:160;height:40;z-index:1;visi
bility:visible;">
    <span id="menubar" onmouseover="menu.style.visibility='visible'">
    <font color=red size=2>菜单</span>
    <div border=1 id="menu"
style="position:absolute;top:15;left:0;width:50;height:10;z-index:2;visibility:hidden;">
    <a id="link" href="rjxz.htm">软件下载</a>
    <a id="link" href="yxxz.htm">游戏下载</a>
```

```
<a id="link" href="hjsj.htm">黄金书籍</a>
    〈a id="link" href="mntk.htm">美女图库〈/a〉
    <a id="link" href="mp3.htm">MP3 金曲</a>
    <a id="link" href="flash.htm">FLASH</a>
    </div>
    </div>
    <div id="back"
onmouseout="out1()"style="position:absolute;top:180;left:370;width:160;height:40;z-index:3;vis
ibility:visible;">
    <span id="menubar" onmouseover="menul.style.visibility='visible'">
    〈font color=red size=2〉菜单〈/span〉
    <div border=1 id="menu1"
style="position:absolute;top:15;left:0;width:50;height:10;z-index:4;visibility:hidden;">
    <a id="link" href="rjxz.htm">软件下载</a>
    <a id="link" href="yxxz.htm">游戏下载</a>
    <a id="link" href="hjsj.htm">黄金书籍</a>
    〈a id="link" href="mntk.htm">美女图库〈/a〉
    <a id="link" href="mp3.htm">MP3 金曲</a>
    <a id="link" href="flash.htm">FLASH</a>
    </div>
    </div>
```

运行后预览效果如图所示。



6. 图片随意移动

脚本说明

第一步: 把如下代码加入<body>区域中

```
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="JavaScript">
//Modified by the CoffeeCup HTML Editor++
//http://www.coffeecup.com
// Global variables for platform branching
var isNav, isIE
if (parseInt(navigator.appVersion) >= 4) {
if (navigator.appName == "Netscape") {
isNav = true
} else {
isIE = true
// ***Begin CSS custom API Functions***
// Set zIndex property
function setZIndex(obj, z0rder) {
obj.zIndex = z0rder
// Position an object at a specific pixel coordinate
function shiftTo(obj, x, y) {
if (isNav) {
obj. moveTo(x, y)
} else {
obj.pixelLeft = x
obj.pixelTop = y
// ***End API Functions***
// Global holds reference to selected element
var selected0bi
// Globals hold location of click relative to element
var offsetX, offsetY
// Find out which element has been clicked on
function setSelectedElem(evt) {
if (isNav) {
// declare local var for use in upcoming loop
var test0bj
// make copies of event coords for use in upcoming loop
var clickX = evt.pageX
var clickY = evt.pageY
// loop through all layers (starting with frontmost layer)
```

```
// to find if the event coordinates are in the layer
for (var i = document. layers. length - 1; <math>i \ge 0; i--) {
test0bj = document.layers[i]
if ((clickX > testObj.left) &&
(clickX < testObj.left + testObj.clip.width) &&
(clickY > testObj.top) &&
(clickY < testObj. top + testObj. clip. height)) {</pre>
// if so, then set the global to the layer, bring it
// forward, and get outa here
selected0bj = test0bj
setZIndex(selected0bj, 100)
return
} else {
// use IE event model to get the targeted element
var img0bj = window.event.srcElement
// make sure it's one of our planes
if (imgObj.parentElement.id.indexOf("plane") != -1) {
// then set the global to the style property of the element,
// bring it forward, and say adios
selectedObj = imgObj.parentElement.style
setZIndex(selected0bj, 100)
return
// the user probably clicked on the background
selectedObj = null
return
// Drag an element
function dragIt(evt) {
// operate only if a plane is selected
if (selected0bj) {
if (isNav) {
shiftTo(selectedObj, (evt.pageX - offsetX), (evt.pageY - offsetY))
} else {
shiftTo(selectedObj, (window.event.clientX - offsetX), (window.event.clientY - offsetY))
// prevent further system response to dragging in IE
return false
```

```
// Set globals to connect with selected element
function engage(evt) {
setSelectedElem(evt)
if (selected0bi) {
// set globals that remember where the click is in relation to the
// top left corner of the element so we can keep the element-to-cursor
// relationship constant throughout the drag
if (isNav) {
offsetX = evt.pageX - selectedObj.left
offsetY = evt.pageY - selectedObj.top
} else {
offsetX = window.event.offsetX
offsetY = window.event.offsetY
// block mouseDown event from forcing Mac to display
// contextual menu.
return false
// Restore elements and globals to initial values
function release(evt) {
if (selectedObj) {
setZIndex(selectedObj, 0)
selectedObj = null
// Turn on event capture for Navigator
function setNavEventCapture() {
if (isNav) {
document.captureEvents(Event.MOUSEDOWN | Event.MOUSEMOVE | Event.MOUSEUP)
// Assign event handlers used by both Navigator and IE (called by onLoad)
function init() {
if (isNav) {
setNavEventCapture()
```

```
// assign functions to each of the events (works for both Navigator and IE)
document.onmousedown = engage
document.onmousemove = dragIt
document.onmouseup = release
}
```

第二步:把<body>区域中内容改为:

<body bgcolor="#fef4d9" onLoad="init()">

运行后的效果如图所示。



7. 图形淡出淡隐

脚本说明

```
<IMG style="FILTER: alpha(opacity=0)" alt=Image src="bug.gif" border=0 name=u>

<SCRIPT language=JavaScript>var b = 1;

var c = true; function fade() {
    if(document.all);
    if(c == true) {
        b++;
    }
    if(b==100) {
        b--;
        c = false
    }
    if(b==10) {
        b++;
        c = true;
    }
}
```

```
}
if(c == false) {
b--;
}
u. filters. alpha. opacity=0 + b;
setTimeout("fade()", 50);
}
</SCRIPT>
```

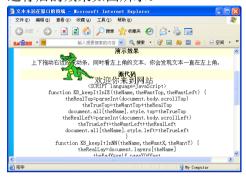


8. 文本永远在窗口的顶端

脚本说明

```
SCRIPT language=JavaScript>
function KB_keepItInIE(theName, theWantTop, theWantLeft) {
    theRealTop=parseInt(document. body. scrollTop)
    theTrueTop=theWantTop+theRealTop
    document. all[theName]. style. top=theTrueTop
    theRealLeft=parseInt(document. body. scrollLeft)
    theTrueLeft=theWantLeft+theRealLeft
    document. all[theName]. style. left=theTrueLeft
}
function KB_keepItInNN(theName, theWantX, theWantY) {
    theRealLay=document. layers[theName]
    theBadX=self. pageYOffset
    theBadY=self. pageXOffset
    theRealX=theBadX+theWantX
    theRealY=theBadY+theWantY
    theRealLay. moveTo(theRealY, theRealX)
}
```

```
IE4=(document.all)?1:0
NN4=(document.layers)?1:0
if (IE4)
setInterval('KB_keepItInIE("KBStatic",0,0)',1)
if (NN4)
setInterval('KB_keepItInNN("KBStatic",0,0)',1)
```

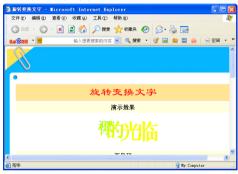


9. 旋转变换文字

脚本说明

```
<SCRIPT language=javascript>
    //luxiaoqing
    Phrase="欢迎你的光临"
    Balises=""
    Taille=40;
    Midx=100;
    Decal=0.5;
    Nb=Phrase.length;
    y=-10000;
     for (x=0; x<Nb; x++) {
     Balises=Balises + '<DIV Id=L' + x + ' STYLE="width:3; font-family: Courier
New; font-weight: bold; position: absolute; top: 40; left: 50; z-index: 0">' + Phrase. charAt(x) + ' </DIV>'
     document.write (Balises);
    Time=window.setInterval("Alors()", 10);
    Alpha=5;
     I_Alpha=0.05;
     function Alors() {
```

```
Alpha=Alpha-I_Alpha;
for (x=0;x<Nb;x++) {
    Alpha1=Alpha+Decal*x;
    Cosine=Math.cos(Alpha1);
    Ob=document.all("L"+x);
    Ob. style.posLeft=Midx+100*Math.sin(Alpha1)+50;
    Ob. style.zIndex=20*Cosine;
    Ob. style.fontSize=Taille+25*Cosine;
    Ob. style.color="rgb("+ (27+Cosine*80+50) + ", "+ (127+Cosine*80+50) + ", 0)";
    }
}
</SCRIPT>
```



10. 字符围绕鼠标

脚本说明

```
<SCRIPT language=javascript>
<!--//This is a JS program for Sword Jin's JoyFM homepage.All rights reserved.

var cx=0;
var cy=0;
var val=0;
function locate()
{ cx=window.event.x;
    cy=window.event.y;
}

document.onmousemove=locate;
function follow(i)
{ var x;
}
</pre>
```

```
if (i < 4) x = cx - 50 + i * 10;
else x=cx-25+i*10;
var y=cy-20+Math.floor(Math.random()*40);
w=eval("word"+i);
with (w. style)
left=x. toString()+"px";
top=y. toString()+"px";
function show(i)
var w=eval("word"+i);
with (w. style)
visibility="visible";
s=parseInt(fontSize);
if(s \ge 200) s = 100;
else if(s>90\&\&s<=100)
s=85;
clearInterval(val);
if(i \le 5) val = setInterval("show("+(i+1)+")", 20);
fontSize=s;
function start()
{ for (i=1; i \le 5; i++)
val=setInterval("show(1)", 20);
setInterval("follow("+i+")", 100);
//-->
</SCRIPT>
<SCRIPT language=javascript>
var word=new Array(5);
```

```
word[1]="J";word[2]="o";word[3]="y";word[4]="F";word[5]="m";
for(i=1;i<=5;i++)
    document.write("<div id='word"+i+"'
style='width:20px;height:20px;position:absolute;font-size:1000;visibility:hidden'><font
face='Forte' color='#00FF00'>"+word[i]+"</font></div>");start();
    </SCRIPT>
```



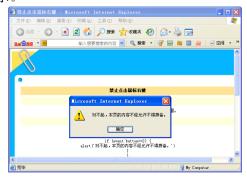
11. 禁止点击鼠标右键

脚本说明

把如下代码加入<head>区域中

```
<SCRIPT language=javascript>
function click() {
  if (event.button==2) {
    alert('对不起,本页的内容不经允许不得拷备。')
  }
}
document.onmousedown=click
</SCRIPT>
```

运行后的效果如图所示。



12. 自动滚屏

脚本说明

把如下代码加入<head>区域中

```
<STYLE type=text/css>A {
COLOR: white; FONT-STYLE: normal; TEXT-DECORATION: none
A:hover {
BACKGROUND: red; COLOR: yellow; FONT-STYLE: normal; TEXT-DECORATION: none
.white {
COLOR: #ffffff
TABLE {
FONT-SIZE: 9pt
</STYLE>
<SCRIPT language=JavaScript>
<!-- Begin
function scrollit() {
for (I=1; I<=750; I++) {
parent.scroll(1, I)
function scrollit1() {
for (I=750; I>1; I=I-1) {
parent.scroll(1, I)
// End -->
</SCRIPT>
```

运行后的效果如图所示。

