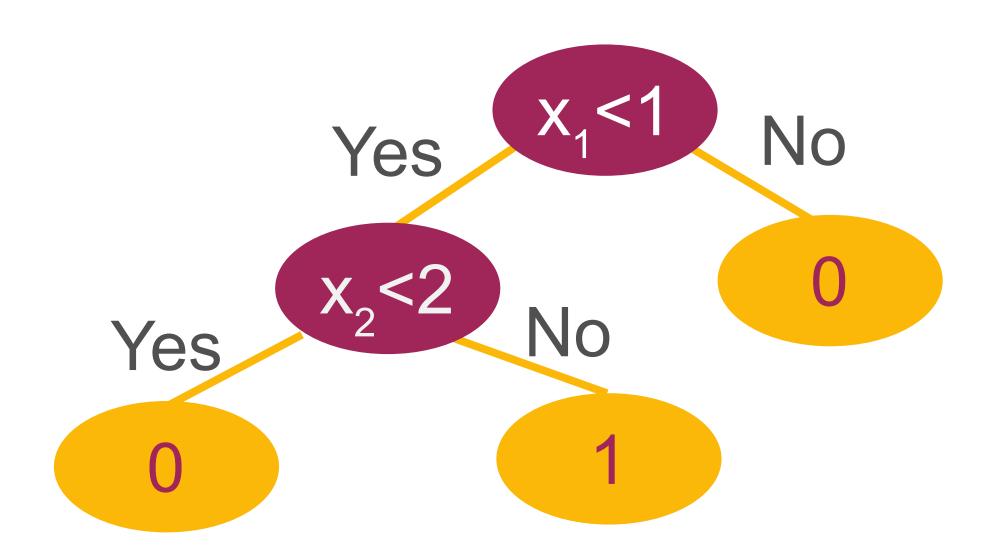
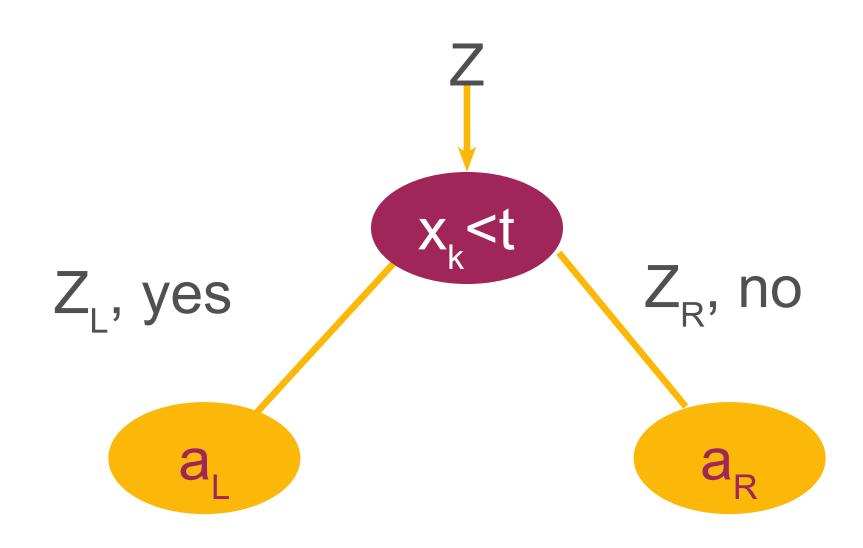
# Decision Trees for Classification

## Decision Tree for Classification

Class labels in leaves



# How to find the best split



#### Find the best split:

Maximize the information gain (IG):

$$IG = Impurity(Z) - \left(\frac{|Z_L|}{|Z|}Impurity(Z_L) + \frac{|Z_R|}{|Z|}Impurity(Z_R)\right)$$

with respect to k, t (splitting criteria  $x_k < t$ )

## Decision Tree for Classification

Gini impurity = 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{C} f_i(1-f_i)$$

f, – frequency of label i in node,

C – number of classes

Gini impurity(
$$Z_L$$
)= $\sum_{i=1}^{C} f_{i,L}(1-f_{i,L})$ 

$$\mathbf{f}_{i, \perp} = \frac{number\ of\ examples\ in\ Z_L with\ label\ i}{|Z_L|}$$

### Binary classification (2 classes)

Gini impurity = 
$$2f_1 (1-f_1)$$
  
(because  $f_0+f_1=1$ )

f<sub>1</sub> – frequency of class 1

# Gini impurity, binary classification

