| ×1 XLessons | <b>c</b> 1 |
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| Command   | Description  |
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| awk       | "Aho, Weinberger and Kernigan", Bell Labs, 1970s. Interpreted programming language for text processing.  |
| awk -F    | (see above) + Set the field separator.   |
| cat       | Display the contents of a file at the command line, is also used to copy and or append text files into a document. Named after its function to con-cat-enate files.  |
| cd        | Change the current working directory. Also known as chdir (change directory).  |
| cd /      | Change the current directory to root directory.  |
| cd        | Change the current directory to parent directory.  |
| cd ~      | Change the current directory to your home directory.   |
| ср        | Make copies of files and directories.  |
| cp -r     | Copy directories recursively.  |
| cut       | Drop sections of each line of input by bytes, characters, or fields, separated by a delimiter (the tab character by default).  |
| cut -d -f | -d is for delimiter instead of tab character, -f select only those fields (ex.: "cut -d "," -f1 multilined_file.txt" - will mean that we select only the first field from each comma-separated line in the file) |
| du        | Estimate (and display) the file space usage - space used under a particular directory or files on a file system.   |
| df        | Display the amount of available disk space being used by file systems.   |
| df -h     | Use human readable format.   |
| free      | Display the total amount of free and used memory (use vm_stat instead on MacOS).   |
| free -m   | Display the amount of memory in megabytes.   |
| free -g   | Display the amount of memory in gigabytes.   |

| Command | Description   |
|---------|---|
| Command | Description   |
| grep    | Process text and print any lines which match a regular expression ("global regular expression print")   |
| head    | Print the beginning of a text file or piped data. By default, outputs the first 10 lines of its input to the command line.  |
| head -n | Output the first n lines of input data (ex.: "head -5 multilined_file.txt").  |
| kill    | Send a signal to kill a process. The default signal for kill is TERM (which will terminate the process).  |
| less    | Is similar to more, but has the extended capability of allowing both forward and backward navigation through the file.  |
| Is      | List the contents of a directory.   |
| ls -l   | List the contents of a directory + use a long format, displaying Unix file types, permissions, number of hard links, owner, group, size, last-modified date and filename. |
| ls -lh  | List the contents of a directory + print sizes in human readable format. (e.g. 1K, 234M, 2G, etc.)  |
| ls -IS  | Sort by file size   |
| man     | Display the manual pages which provide documentation about commands, system calls, library routines and the kernel.   |
| mkdir   | Create a directory on a file system ("make directory")  |
| more    | Display the contents of a text file one screen at a time.   |
| mv      | Rename files or directories or move them to a different directory.  |
| nice    | Run a command with a modified scheduling priority.  |
| ps      | Provide information about the currently running processes, including their process identification numbers (PIDs) ("process status").                                      |
| ps a    | Select all processes except both session leaders and processes not associated with a terminal.  |
| pwd     | Abbreviated from "print working directory", pwd writes the full pathname of the current working directory.  |
| rm      | Remove files or directories.  |
| rm -r   | Remove directories and their contents recursively.  |
| sort    | Sort the contents of a text file.   |
| sort -r | Sort the output in the reverse order. Reverse means - to reverse the result of comparsions  |
| sort -k | -k orkey=POS1[,POS2] Start a key at POS1 (origin 1), end it at POS2 (default end of the line) (ex.: "sort -k2,2 multilined_file.txt").                                    |
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| Command | Description   |
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| sort -n | Compare according to string numerical value.  |
| tail    | Print the tail end of a text file or piped data. Be default, outputs the last 10 lines of its input to the command line.              |
| tail -n | Output the last n lines of input data (ex.: "tail -2 multilined_file.txt").   |
| top     | Produce an ordered list of running processes selected by user-<br>specified criteria, and updates it periodically.                    |
| touch   | Update the access date and or modification date of a file or directory or create an empty file.                                       |
| tr      | Replace or remove specific characters in its input data set ("translate").  |
| tr -d   | Delete characters, do not translate.  |
| vim     | Is a text editor ("vi improved"). It can be used for editing any kind of text and is especially suited for editing computer programs. |
| wc      | Print a count of lines, words and bytes for each input file ("word count")  |
| wc -c   | Print only the number of characters.  |
| wc -l   | Print only the number of lines.   |

✓ Complete





