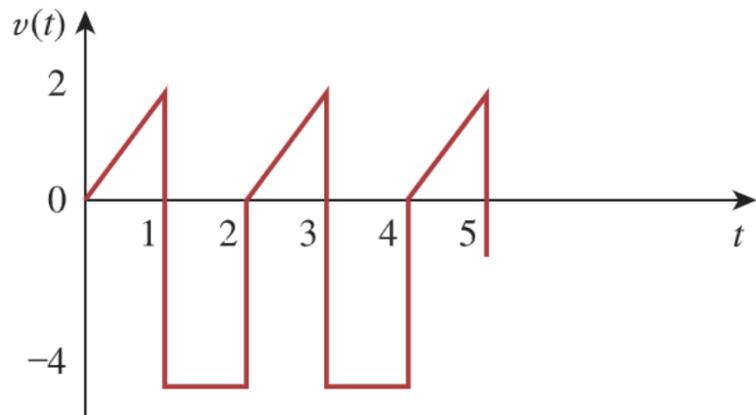


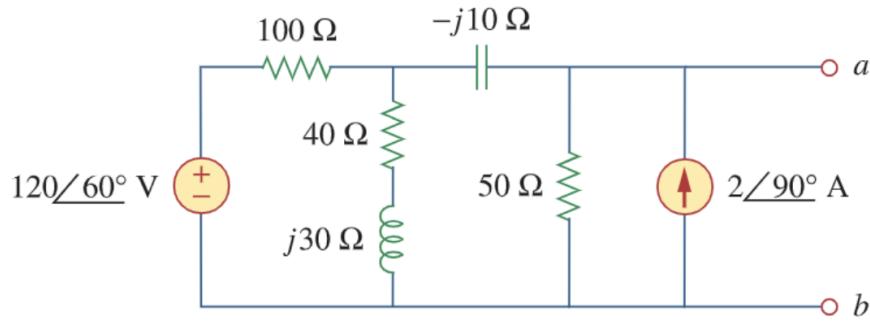
**Due Date:** 23:59, July.22th, 2025

In order to get full marks, you shall write all the intermediate steps of calculation or proof, unless otherwise indicated.

**Exercise 6.1** (10%) Find the rms value of the signal.



**Exercise 6.2** (20%) Assuming that the load impedance is to be purely resistive, what load should be connected to terminals  $a-b$  of the circuit so that the maximum power is transferred to the load?



## Exercise 6.3 (30%)

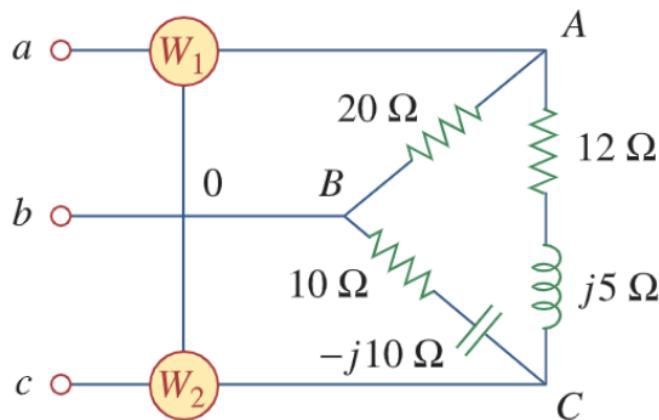
A 240-V rms 60-Hz source supplies a parallel combination of a 5-kW heater and a 30-kVA induction motor whose power factor is 0.82. Determine:

1. the system apparent power
2. the system reactive power
3. Sketch the power triangle for the current system and label  $|S|$ ,  $P$ , and  $Q$
4. the power factor of the current system
5. the kVA rating of a capacitor required to adjust the system power factor to 0.9 lagging
6. the value of the capacitor required

**Exercise 6.4 (20%)**

Two wattmeters are properly connected to the unbalanced load supplied by a balanced source such that  $V_{ab} = 208\angle 0^\circ$  V with positive phase sequence.

1. Determine the reading of each wattmeter.
2. Calculate the total apparent power absorbed by the load.



**Exercise 3.5** (20%) For the three-phase circuit below, find the average power absorbed by the delta-connected load with

$$Z_{\Delta} = 21 + j24 \Omega.$$

