When you want in a context variable to have rich text (string with color, style, bold, italic etc…)

You must use the RichText class into your python code.

This is useful when you have a lot of little strings to be colored or styled, in a table for exemple, this is much faster than creating a subdocument, but it is only for generating text INTO an exsiting paragraph. You must use the syntaxe {{r context\_variable }}

# Here is an an example of a rich text with *some italic* and some violet and ~~some striked~~ and some small or big text. You can add an hyperlink, here to [google](http://google.com) Et voilà ! 1st line 2nd line 3rd line

# A new paragraph : <cool>

# --- A page break here (see next page) ---

# Underline : single Underline : double Underline : thick Underline : dotted Underline : dash Underline : dotDash Underline : dotDotDash Underline : wave Fonts : Arial Courier New Times New Roman Here somesuperscript and somesubscript.

Note : In this template, the style ‘myrichtextstyle’ has been defined with Microsoft word.

( Home tab -> modify style -> manage style button -> New style, select ‘Character style’ in the form )