

# Training data

Step 1: find the optimal 1-D Projection and project the data

$g=1$

$g=2$

$g=3$

Step 2: mean for each class is computed

$\bar{z}_1$

$\bar{z}_2$

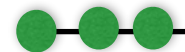
$\bar{z}_3$

Step 3: using the distance among means redefine the Problem in two class

$g^*_1$

$g^*_2$

Step 4: find the optimal 1-D Projection to separate  $g^*_1$  and  $g^*_2$



Final node



Step 1: find the optimal 1-D Projection and project the data

Repeat step 2 to 4