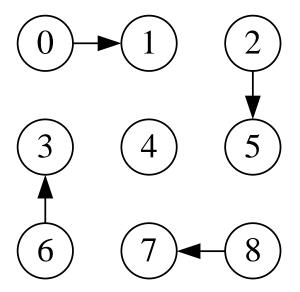
Wireless Ad Hoc Networks Lab 4

Network Simulator

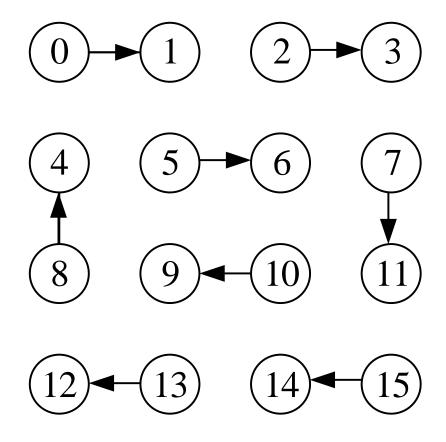
NS3 Experiment (III) – CW size

- This exercise is to investigate
 - the impact of contention window size on the performance of the IEEE 802.11 MAC protocol
- To reduce the collision probability
 - the IEEE 802.11 uses a backoff mechanism
 - that guarantees a time spreading of the transmissions
- DCF adopts a slotted binary exponential backoff technique

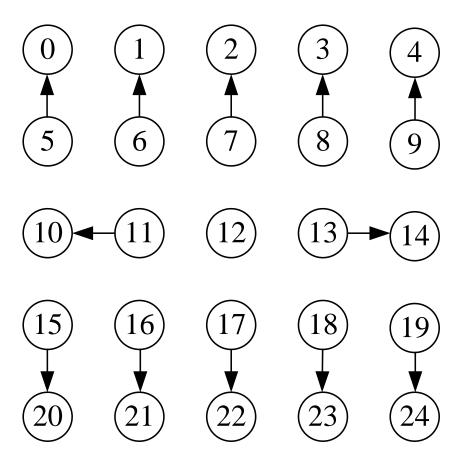
- Construct 3 grid topologies (3*3 \ 4*4 \ 5*5)
 - with nodes spaced by 40 (m)
- 3 x 3



4 x 4



■ 5 x 5



- Network scenario
 - Simulation time = 4
 - simulation area = 500m * 500m (m²)
 - □ CWMin=CWMax=2
 - Change CW value to 2, 7, 15, 31, 63
 - RTSThreshold= 100000 (Turn OFF RTS/CTS)

- Network scenario
 - Set the allocation for nodes
 - <Mobilityhelper>. SetPositionAllocator(

```
"ns3::GridPositionAllocator",
"MinX", ____,
"MinY", ____,
"DeltaX", ____,
"DeltaY", ____,
"GridWidth", ___,
"LayoutType", StringValue ("RowFirst"));
```

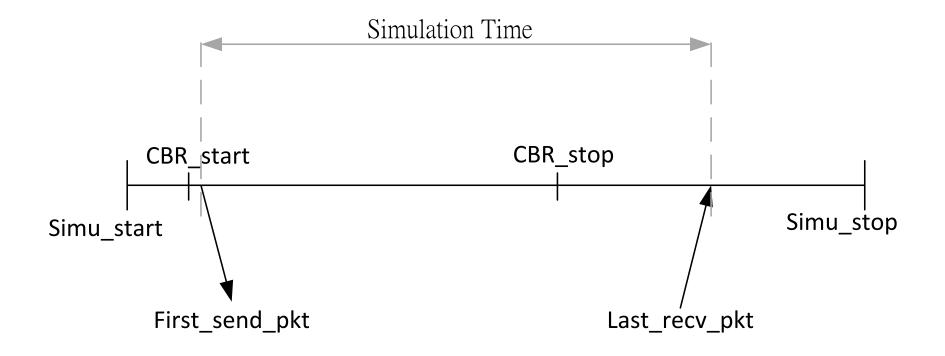
Set up transmitters and receivers

- Network scenario
 - Please make sure flow configuration as instructed!!
 - □ CBR packet size = 1024 (bytes)
 - □ CBR rate = 500kbps
 - CBR traffic
 - start at 1.0
 - stop at 3.0

- Network scenario
 - Run the program for
 - the three topologies (3*3 \ 4*4 \ 5*5)
 - five kinds of contention window size (2, 7, 15, 31, 63)
 - A total of 15 combinations.
 - NOTE: remember to change number of nodes & communication pair!!

Analysis

- a. System throughput
- b. total lost packets



Analysis

- System throughput
- Total lost packets

```
total received data size (bytes) x 8 (bits)
throughput = ----- (bps)
simulation time
```

bps/1024/1024 = Mbps

What you are going to do

- Set mobility allocation
- Set up transmitters and receivers
- Set the rts/cts threshold
- Set the topology size
- Set the contention window size
- Finish the calculation of system throughput and total loss packets