# Fragment of 1871 Field Diary (CII-CLXIII), 23 March 1871-11 August 1871

David Livingstone

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[CII]
CII - to be copied into journal at Ujiji now [28]

23<sup>rd</sup> March 1871 Left Kasongo - he gave a goat & guns &c - country gently undulating shewing green slopes fringed with wood Grass from 4 to 6 feet = Luamba or cotton meadow grass - Nyassi in patches reached Katenga's about 6 miles off many villages & people passed us carrying loads of provisions - cassava from the chitoka or market - soil a little sandy - allows good drainage

 $24^{\text{th}} = \text{Great rain in the night \& morning - and sickness of men prevented our march}$ 

25<sup>th</sup> Went to Marimwe 7½ miles off- many hamlets at each station = country undulating and grassy - trees scarce Patches of Arum at every village and cassava far off on account of the pigs which are now plenty - a black ugly pig - crossed a rivulet & the Lohemba -

26<sup>th</sup> Went four miles and crossed the Kabwe maji - the a mile beyond Kahembai which flows into the Kunda and it into Lualaba - country open and low hills appear in the North - We met a party from the traders at Kasongo chiefly Matereka's people - Salem & Seyd bin Sultan- They had eighty two captives say they fought ten days to secure them and two Malongwana & two of the Banyamwezi - they had about 20 tusks and carried one who broke his leg in fighting - We shall be safe

only when past the blood shed - and murder

[1 Nyangwe Lokengo 3 [Kilonda] Bagenya 2 rowers Likele 4 far Bakuz<del>z</del>]

[Kibrinke R is rocky Lohike poisoned arrows]

# [CIII]

CIII 27<sup>th</sup> along a ridge of land over looking a well cultivated lowland with hills in the distance where the Bogharib feat was performed - many villages come through rather tumble down ones 7 miles a headman bothered [...] this one to give a goat and in fear he did it. Arum Arum common -

 $28^{\text{th}}$  The Banian slaves are again trying compulsion in I don't know what - refused to take their bead rations and began an oration by the mouth of Chakanja - I could not listen to it as he has been concocting a mutiny against me - It is excessively trying and so many difficulties have been put in my way I doubt whether the Divine favour and will is on my side We came six miles today crossing many rivulets running into the Kunda which also we crossed in a canoe - It is about thirty yards wide and deep - Then near the village where we sleep we crossed the Liya about twenty yards and going into Kunda & Lualaba

I am greatly distressed because no law here - they probably mean to create a disturbance at Abeds place to which we 29<sup>th</sup> March - the slaves demanded double allowance and as usual told me of what they got near the sea coast - We crossed the river

# [CIV]

CIV - The Molembe The Moangor by two [27] well made wattle bridges - It is 20 yards & a very strong current and is feared on that account - the the Molembe in a canoe swelled by rains to 15 yards & many rills and much mud - Came about 7½ miles to sleep at one of the villages of Nyangwe Hope to reach Abed tomorrow About sixty market women came past us from the chitoka or market place on the Lualaba - they pass thither by night and come away about midday having disposed most of their goods by Barter - country open & dotted over with villages - Trees along the watercourses chiefly - Grass not very long - four to six feet - Pigs abundant country low as compared with Tangan -yika - about 2000 feet above the sea

The headmans house I am lodged in contained the housewifes little conveniences in the shape of forty pots - dishes baskets - knives &c &c mats all which the wife removed to another house I gave four strings of beads and go on tomorrow

30<sup>th</sup> after seven miles we came to Nyangwe market place where Abed and Hassani have built and thence sent their people over Lualaba as far as the Loeki or Lomame - Hope they will not shed blood - Abed says my words against bloodshed stuck into him - and he ordered his people to give presents to the chiefs and not kill unless attacked

[CV] [30] CV -  $31^{st}$  March 1871 Went down to

take [[Pen squiggle to correct ink flow. The color of the ink differs from that of the surrounding text.]] a look at Lualaba here - It is narrower than it is above but still a mighty river about 3000 yards broad and deep - Has many Islands of large size but at these it is still over 2000 yards or one milesBanks here are steep & deep - The banks of the other rivers are of gravel - It flows fast towards the North - people very numerous but tomorrow we shall see the great gathering at market - This is held for two [one] days and then omitted for three slaves bought here are good as tailors of grass cloth but their tongue is strange - they come from far

 $\begin{array}{c} Monday \\ 1^{\underline{st}} \ April \\ 1871 \end{array}$ 

Rain early every morn
-ingI fear it will be
difficult to buy a canoe - The
Manyema have learned to distrust
all strangers and think to buy
means plunder and murder

2 Chitoka or market contained over a thousand people carrying earthen pots and cassava grass cloth fishes fowls - they were alarmed at my coming among them and ready to flee many stood afar off in suspicion many came from the other side of the river with their goods tomorrow market is held up river

#### [CVI]

CVI 3<sup>d</sup> April 1871 tried to secure a [31] longitude by fixing a weight on the key of the watch helping it on - Will try in a quiet place tomorrow - People all fear us and they have good reason for it in the villanous conduct of many of the blackguard half castes cannot get canoe so I wait to

# see what will turn up

River is said to over flow all its banks annually as the Nile further down does - Here it is over 3000 yards broad - or a mile and a half - with large islands In the distance is 2 miles or 4000 yards - I sounded across yesterday Near the bank it is nine feet. The rest 15 feet & one cast in the middle was 20 feet - Between the islands 12 feet and nine feet again inshore Mologhwe Kahemba gave us a small sheep - It is a mighty river truly This morning  $4^{th}$  of avil time I took distances and altitudes alternnately with a bullet for a weight on the key - They may give a relative Longitude soil stiff black loam and very feverish  $[3^{\underline{d}} \text{ Arab month } 4^{\underline{th}}]$ [will appear in 2 or 3 days]

5<sup>th</sup> - People cross over to buy viramba's or grass cloths - Arabs asked many questions about the Bible - How many prophets - They say they believe all - I believe all but Muhammad - [7]

#### [CVII]

CVII - was ill all yesterday by taking 2 cups of very sweet malofu or beer made from bananas - shall touch it no more

7<sup>th</sup> April 1871 made this ink with the seeds of a plant called by the Arabs Zingifure It is known in India and here is used by the Manyema to dye virambas and ornament their faces and heads I sent my people over to the other side to cut wood to build a house for me The borrowed one I live in had[s] mud walls & floors which are damp foul smelling and unwholesome - I shall have grass walls and grass & reeds on the floor - of my own house - the free ventilation will keep it sweet This is the season called Masika - The finishing rains - We have rain in large quantity almost every night

and I could scarcely travel even if I had a canoe - but still it is trying to be kept back by suspicion and by the wickedness of the wicked - The Arabs are very kind to me [...] nding cooked food every day - I taught Abed to make a Mosquito curtain of thin print - He endured the persecution of these insects sleeping on a high stage when they were very numerous -

The Manyema are not trustworthy & they bring evil on themselves often Paid one yesterday to bring a large canoe - He brought one capable only of carrying three and after men waited some hours we have to put of crossing till tomorrow -

# [CVIII]

CVIII. 8<sup>th</sup> April 1871 Every headman of [33] four or five huts is a Mologhwe [Begin] or chief and glories in being called so -there is no political cohesion - The Ujijian sla[...] y is an accursed system but it must be admitted that the Manyema too have faults the result of ignorance of other peoples - Their isolation has made them as unconscious of danger in dealing with the cruel strangers as little dogs in the presence of lions - their refusal to sell or lend canoes for fear of blame by each other will be ended by the party of Dugumbe which has 10 headmen taking them by force - they are unreasonable and bloodyminded to--wards each other - Every Manyema would like every other headman slain - They are subjected to bitter lessons & sore experience

Abed went over to Mologhwe Kahemba and mixed blood with him - He was told that two large canoes were hollowed out and nearly ready to be brought for sale If this can be managed peaceably it is a great point gained and I may get one at an Arab's price which may be 3 or 4 times the native price - Heavy rains almost every night would prevent my progress at present even if I had a canoe There is no love lost among the three Arabs here

9th Rainy - but sent off people to cut wood for house - The Loeki is said by slaves to be larger than this but we expect Abed's party back from it in a few days with correct information on that & other points - people said to be very fierce & dangerous to the Ujijians

#### [CIX]

CIX.] 10<sup>th</sup> April 1871 Market today - over 700 market people passed my door It seems a pleasure of life to haggle & joke and laugh & cheat - many go away with care worn countenances - many are old and carry heavy loads of dried cassava earthenpots which they dispose of for oil fish and relishes for their food - The men go flaunting in gaudy lambas and carry little save their iron wares fowls & grass cloth Bought two fishes with long snouts very good eating

12<sup>th</sup>New last night of 4<sup>th</sup> Arab month - New house to be finished today - The affair of Mteza resolves itself into a a party of 25 Turks from Suez under Ishmael coming up to Lower Tanganyika & living on an island - Took ivory by force and then - went away but five went to visit Mteza - He was kind to them [when powder was spent] Afterwards [^] all ran away leaving all their ill gotten ivory - Mteza said to be circumcised & to order his people to undergo the rite but so many lies are told one can believe nothing The idea of a mission seems first to have entered the Arab mind by the beginning of bp Mackenzies - but tales very from Mteza walking in white and reading the Koran in Arabic to the missionary getting 500 slaves & 500 frasilahs of ivory and nothing else being done

[CX]

CX. 13 April 1871 came into my new [35]

house yesterday the first of the 4<sup>th</sup> Arab a great comfort for the other was foul full of vermin & bad smelling - Bugs and Kapassi Arab accompaniements made me miserable - Manyema huts are all clean in comparison - Killed a goat and gave the same beads that were refused - These slaves require to know that they are not the masters - Abed says if slaves think that you fear them they climb over you = This is true - I clothed mine for nothing they thought that my kindness was fear and tried to ride rough shod over me -

Mologhwe Kahemba came over and says that he will bring a canoe for sale - Loeki due west of this is three days off - Its confluence is four days down Lualaba and all declare it to be bosoa very large indeed -

 $14^{\mathrm{th}}$  Market today - Kahemba gave to Abed two slaves as a present = I have been writing part of a Despatch in case of meeting people from the French settlement on the Gaboon at Loeki but the canoe affair is slow & tedious The people think only of war - getting up a war against some one else as price of it! They are a bloody minded race - our protests for peace are considered false = and that war in some way is meant by buying a canoe or getting one at all [9]

#### [CXI]

CXI 15<sup>th</sup> April the river Lomamo enters Lualaba a short distance below this but on the Western bank - a spring of brine rises in its bed & the people cook it down and sell the salt - The Lomamo is deep and is crossed by canoes of Rashid & people call it the Lofubu Lofubu and not Lomamo - Nganze is further down and a market is held on its Northern bank

 $16^{\underline{\mathrm{th}}}$  April - It is believed that  $\overline{\mathrm{seramp}}$ Serampela gave Rashid

one [three] [^] [(4)] slaves as a present to the Arab traders here and Rashid keeps two of them and declares that these were given to him by the chief - this is the sort of dishonesty all practise if they possibly can = The evidence is not clear and Rashid will leave as soon as possible and sell the slaves ere the truth can be clearly known This vitiates his evidence about the cannibalism - but here they eat war captives [ and say that some buy a slave with a goat and eat him]

# 17<sup>th</sup> Rainy

18<sup>th</sup>Market here - The Lepidosiren alive in pots of water - White ants roasted a chetina and another common snail Lepidosiren is called Sembe - Abed went a long way to see canoe but it was still further and he turned

[One line of Hebrew text and four lines of Arabic. The first three lines of Arabic are a rough attempt at writing out the whole alphabet. The fourth line (technically undertext) presents a second attempt at writing the alphabet, but gets no further than the first two letters.]  $19^{\text{th}}$  Dreary waiting but Abed proposes to come & trade along with me this will render the party stronger and he will not shoot people in my company - We shall hear Katomba's peoples story too

The following undertext appears in the lower right-hand corner of the page and is written perpendicularly to the rest of the text.

[[...] gnao [...] ml]

# [CXII]

CXII 20<sup>th</sup> April 1871[...]

chief was to visit us yesterday but failed [37] probably through fear - Rashid got four slaves by promising to bring a large body of men to attack chipange - came here and after a deal of wrangling went off South and will sell the slaves quickly so as to end the matter - no honour among these half castes -

The chief Mokandira says that Loeki is small where it joins Lualaba but another which they call the Lomame is very much larger & joins Lualaba to but further down - Rapids reported

 $21^{\underline{st}}$  a common salutation here is Ule hatsi - thou art on earth = Ua tala thou lookest - Ua boka [^] [or Uyoka] thou awakest Ule Koni - thou are here - U ri ho - thou art here =

They deny cannibalism as common [[Pen squiggle to correct ink flow. The color of the ink differs from that of the surrounding text.]] - they eat only a man taken [^] [or killed] in war - say the meat is not good - and it makes one dream of the man killed - some West of Lualaba buy a slave with a goat in order to eat him and eat him they do - yet they are a fine looking race

22<sup>nd</sup> Market here - The chief chimburu came over but I did not see him - He is said to be very handsome & light coloured [Calculation in the lower left-hand corner of this page.] [Two vertical pen squiggles to correct ink flow.]

Moene Lualaba or Mologhwe Nyangwe came too but I was not told who he was till too late to do him honour

There are so many chiefs who shake hands as a privilege it is confusing - they touch one hand then clap both theirs together on the chest - this is repeated twice [10]

# [CXIII]

CXIII - 23<sup>d</sup> April 1871. <u>Journal</u>
24 DoDo Kamolondo is
about [^] [twenty] five miles broad The Lufira at
Katanga is a full bowshot wide - It goes
into Kamolondo - Lui means water
only Kayumba chakoma is
East of Lufira junction Kikonzi
Kalanzais on the West of it and
Mkana of the underground dwellings
still further West - some are only 2
days from Katanga = Charwe people
are friendly - Kamolondo about ten

# days distant from Katanga

25<sup>th</sup> News have come of four men sent near to this to buy ivory - were pressed to go to war and then a war made when 2 were killed - We can go no where but the people wish us to go to kill others - a dreadful state truly

They force on a war against others by getting traders to go ostensibly for trade then send word that war is coming and call out here it is - They a fray takes place inspite of all traders can do -The Manyema are bloodminded & no mistake - I refused to send my men to bring back Abed and Hassani's people they would only add to the con fusion being as bloodthirsty as the Manyema where no danger exists Where the people can fight traders and people are as civil as possible - At Moenyempandes Bogharib left a debt of 28 slaves and did not dare to fire a gun - Here his people bound the headmen of villages till tusks were brought for mere nothing - It is a sad sad tale to tell as this Manyem villainy The Lord look on it

#### [CXIV]

CXIV note for letter -In reading about the Fountains of the Nile [38] in boyhood the idea suggested by the words of the ancient historian was that the head waters welled up out of one [^] ["ain" or] eye and therein without visible cause parted [^] [to the] North and [to the As a mere conjecture or trader] [^] South - Possibly the primitive traveller [^] who visited these springs [^] described them corre ctly enough in [^] [non scientific] common language as issuing from one spot without dwelling [which is not apparent to the eye] on the fact [^] that though from one place they gushed forth [^] [on to] from opposite slopes of the watershed - The ancient priests who heard his tale may have understood it naturally but the supernatural agreed best with all their notions or thenof their The [lifting up its head from the unseen abyss] wonderful river [^] and the marvellous

was transmitted to the time of [...] [Herodotus] in preference to the plain - The two conical hills Crophi and Mophi between which the fountains were said to be situated seem to be later embellishments of the primitive story

I am tired and weary - Have had a perfect surfeit of seeing the grand panorama of nature unfolding itself in mountain valley woodland Buga or prairie - The glorious tropical vegetation in all is richness [^] [beauty] and Majestic forms - peoples - beasts Lakes and river and humanity in endless variety and of beautiful form Winwoode Reade seems to have hit the exact truth in say that the typical negroe is not the West Coast African on whose form & features an unhealthy climate has told injuriously for ages but the ancient Egyptian is the true negro though all our ideas of Africans [...] [...] to[...] of human[...] [11]

[[Two letters in Hebrew and one in Arabic. This appears to be an attempt to represent the same sound - "shin - in each of the two alphabets.]]

#### [CXV]

CXV - 26 April 1871 - <u>Journal</u> Chitoka called Abed's nine slaves and asked their countries and tribes - one with his front [when hewas] upper teeth extracted [^] about ten years of age belongs to the Malobo tribe on the other side of the Loeki - another comes from the river Lombadzo or Lombazo on the West of Loeki This may be another name for the Lomame His country is called <u>Nañga</u> and [(Noñgo)] the tribe <u>Noñgo</u> - His chief Mpunzo

The Malobo tribe is under Yunga & Lomadyo - another [^] [toothless] slave a mere boy said he came from Lomame but his statement was made in fear - the other two declared positively that no traders came into their country - this promises ivory for Abed who is now eager to embark but not more so than I am - We look anxiously for the return of Katomba's and Abeds people with news as to the

27<sup>th</sup> waiting anxiously but we cannot hasten people far off - Even the owners of the canoes cannot be moved -"Yes Yes we shall bring them" but they do not stir = they doubt us

28<sup>th</sup> Sun - Abed sending off to other side to buy slaves - a pretty woman for 300 cowries and 100 strings of beads she can be sold again for ivory - We hear of a half caste reaching the other side of Lomame - probably from Congo or Ambriz - but reporters had not seen him -

a man with ten slaves digging malachite at Katanga for 3 months gains a hundred frasilahs of copper [Calculation in the lower left-hand corner of the page.] It is very cheap - fountains eight days from Katanga S=

# [CXVI]

CXVI. [note for letter] These four fountains seem to be [12] what the Egyptians priests [^] [learned men] of remote antiquity [41] considered to be the chief sources of the [^] [renowned] river of Egypt which five [for] its beneficial effects [^] and mysterious source they regarded [devoutly viewed] as an emblem of the Deity In my letter from Uiiii in 1869 which I fear has been destroyed I described the structure of the Watershed and added information about Lake Lake Bangweolo as a supplement to a letter of July 1868 The copy is at Uiiii so I now give from memory some idea of its contents as explanation of the springs of the Nile which the ancients may not have known - The watershed situated between ten and twelve South Latitude is between 700 & 800 miles in length - the general height is between 4000 & 5000 feet above the level of the sea but mountains rise stand at various parts of it which are between 6000 & 7000 feet above [...] ocean - These are what Ptolemy put down for reasons [^] [now] unknown as "The mountains of the Moon"- Large flat patches of the watershed elevation are [with slightly depressed valleys]

[^] [flat] upland forest [^] the trees on which one or two miles apart on the stems shew by their branches and the lichens [^] that the prevailing winds & rains are from the South East - Their are n[N]o runnels to guide off the abundant [from the flats] tropical rains - The water sinks into the somewhat sandy soil until it comes to a stratum of prime white [river] sand su[...] ted on a bed of hardened [soft] yellow sand[^][stone] which being impervious to water guides the fluid [^] [it] to the nearest valley - This structure was found prevailing in the Kalahari Desert when Mr Oswell and I digged for water for our oxen in the sucking places of the Bushmen and Bakalahari

Fragment
of
Original
of[Dr] Livingstones
Journal
in Africa

#### [CXVII]

CXVII [note] The valleys into which the water is [40] led are covered with a thick sward of wiry damp loving grass & other aquatic plants up to the verge of the forest - no bushes or trees can live on the oozing earthen mantle which supports the long grass and is itself supported on water and the pearl white [^] [river] sand above mentioned - The nearest approach to oozing earthen sponge is our "Bog" but here we have no peat nor yet the, in the sun, the mosses or Heaths from which peat is formed - The earthen sponge is a great specific gravity and though constantly pouring out clear what water [^] [which] descends into the centre of the valley & forms a perennial rill = it is only when the rains have supersat[...] ated the flats and the slopes of the valleys are so full as to lift up the whole earthen sponge that the natural valves by it weight was shut opens [especially the valves at its lower end]

and the water of innundation in all the upland streams is gently let go - The ensuing floods happen towards the close of the rainy season and even after the rains have entirely ceased the water generally [Then [...]] is clear - near the centre of all the valleys on the watershed a rivulet is formed whose perennial flow is fed on each bank by 30 or a hundred yards of oozing sponge [...] ranches [^] [rills] enter it on all its course down and these rills & rivulets are almost innumerable - that is it would require more than half a mans lifetime to count them a birds eye view of them would appear somewhat like the vegetation [...] frost on our window panes or more closely the vegetation

# [CXVIII]

CXVIII [Note] in Canada Balsam which mad [42] [13] philosophical Instrument makers insist on putting between the object lenses of the object [...] lasses of our Telescopes - These are the [the great rivers of] primary or ultimate sources of [^] the Congo Zambesi and Nile - By their union streams of from 20 to 30 yards broad are formed and these again converge into three  $[\hat{\ }]$  [or four] great lines of drainage = Large Lacustrine rivers = extant specimens of those which in prehistoric times abounded in Africa - The Lakes and [no large river begins in a Lake] Lake rivers are not sources [^] but they serve [Bosoa = great] somewhat the same end as the cisterns made to regulate the supply of water in our artificial canals the natural valves of the watershed The Lakes and the lacustrine rivers unite in the important object of holding back the sudden flushes which otherwise would follow the Tropical rains - In other cases [of this] [country] [...] mall insignificant rivers suddenly swell = a perfectwall of water rushes down without warning and in the memory of

persons still living whole car[...] vans of slaves in the chains have been swept away before they could escape to higher ground in the immediate vicinity - Without the determining [restraining] machinery of natural valves and [^] [Friction] Riverein [^] [to[...] ns] lakes broad above and [^] narrow below - a seven days Tropical rain would make the grand old Nile assume the character of a mountain torrent and rush up with a "bore" compared to which

# [CXIX]

CXIX. [Note] The "bore" of the Hooeley at Calcutta [43] [would - would carry] a mere bagatella [^] carrying destruction or death on its roaring waters, instead of as by the kind [^] [arrangement] hand of Providence it has done for [^] [ages] bearing by its slow majestic swell and overflow fertility and life to the millions of upper and lower Egypt - the arrangement which has from time immemorial prevented the Nile from being a curse always [also] detains a volume of water tile [^] [to be] slowly let off sufficient to supply the enormous evaporation from a river which with remarkably few influents in the more arid part of its course and whose length measured in Latitude and Longitude from the sources to the sea is about three thousand miles -

Beginning of Despatch which the Lord grant I may have to write

I have the pleasure of reporting to your Lordship that [^] [at last] I have succeeded in reaching four remarkable fountains on the watershed of this [^] [inland] country in each of which becomes at no great distance off a large river - They rise from the base of an earthen [ofland] swell of mound which can scarcely be called a hill as it is only about — above the general level It is covered with wiry grass but neither bushes nor trees though the country adjacent is all covered with upland forest - In my letter

of November last year I mentioned from hearing that the fountains were not ten miles apart - I ought to have said not a quarter of a mile apart for by pacing I found the two fountains on the North side just about —

# [CXX]

note [CXX] -] I was not aware of Mr Young's [search] trip up [39] the Shire and Nyassa till February 1871 but feel extremely thankful to H M Government and all concerned in kindly inquiring after my fate - Musa and his companions are fair average speciments of the lower class of Muhamadans of Arab extraction on the [in] East

Africa - Surampela a chief near Loeki -[...] island Ibwe = chipange another gave [Syde bin Sultans people to attack Sura] Lofubu river 300 yards by canoe -300 [...] at Kimburu [^] [Chinungwe] RÑanze by canoe = Kansari a man of Kimburu here today these chiefs were visited by Rashid who returned today - country extremely muddy & full of rills - The Lofubu is a large river 300 yds & deep crossed by canoes - The Nganze is another about 250 yds - canoes [...] The captives we met before crossing here were Surampela people - He is a great chief - good looking and kind though he had suffered severely by the kindred of Rashid - He invited Rashid to see a cannibal feast by some of his people who had five victims all cut up some pieces roasted and some boiled - saw human flesh actually eaten Recieved two slaves as a present and plenty of provisions but no ivory - was near the Loeki - the country is called Ibwe

# [CXXI]

CXXI note. [N]Koñgolo = deity Manyema

Hassanihas travelled much but has a curious idea of the drainage Lufira and Lualaba West begin ftns each 3 fathoms broad = Lunga is 2 fathoms DoHill between the four fountains about a quarter of a mile across without trees - He thinks that Lufira and Lualaba both go into Kamolondo which he says is as broad as Moero - say 20 miles His sketch confused enough is [Map]

He confuses the flow up and down = says that another river rises in Lunda which becomes the Lomame West of all Lualabas and it joins this Lualaba far down

From Katanga to Luivi R 3 days From Luivi to Charwe 7 days From Mpweto's to Nyembwakunda5 days From Chisabi to Nyembwe Kunda 3 days Kipeta another Lekulwe River Lofuvi Do

Usambe R to Lualaba West from East Makara R Do Uyawa - Uyawa Kirira a promontory enclosed Katapa

From Mpweto to Nyembe K 5 days and 3 from Chisabi[...] Moenye Do Kayumbe to Nyembwe a[...] 6 days

 $\begin{array}{c} [CXXII] \\ CXXII - note \end{array}$ 

I was not aware of Mr Youngs search trip up Shire & Nyassa till February 1871 [36] but feel [am] extremely thankful to H M Government and all concerned in kindly enquiring after my fate - Musa and his companions are fair average specimens [^] of the lower classes of Muhamadans in East Africa [for heartlessness and falsehood] The Sultan who knows his people better than anyone else cannot entrust any branch of his revenue to even the better classes of his subjects but places all his customs [^] [income] and money affairs in the hands of Banians from India and his father did the same before him - When the Muhama dan gentlemen of Zanzibar are asked

why their Sultan places all his pecuniary affairs in the hands of aliens they at once frankly assert that it is on account of their almost universal falsehood and dishonesty - In their case religion and morality are completely disjoined [ostentatious promises dont imply decency] Hence the idea of making any sacrifice [[...]] to propagate Islam is to them a farce and in all their long intercourse with the natives on the mainland they have propogated nothing but syphilis and the domestic Bug - With the disease they have been unfort unhappily [^] [too] successful and the wide prevalence skin disease and bleared eyes therefrom in their own offspring makes it apparent that unlimited polygamy is no barrier to the spread of this foul complaint - Neither Portuguese nor Arabs have sold trade brandy to the natives - the only reason I can discover for this great difference between the East and West coasts is that they are all too eager topers of it themselves to carry it any distance

#### [CXXIII]

CXXIII. Journal =  $29^{\text{th}}$  April 1871 Abed made some more red ink of Zingifure for me - This is what I now write with

 $30\frac{\text{th}}{\text{chitoka here}} = \text{added up the Rain}$  fall in Manyema of 1870-7[...] chiefly at Bambarre = 61-98 inches - at Mamohela it was rather scanty this year - at Bambarre very copious -

Confused reports come of the traders men two days distant but on the other side - Have remained two months - though sent for a few days - Went to fight got between two rivers the bridges of which were cut and several were killed in the water - no dependance can be placed on any one - I refused to send my slaves because they would only add to the confusion and murder - If they go anywhere I must go with them or murder is certain - The loss in this case is part of the process of teaching

the Ujijians -"Thou shalt not kill"-

- Saw pieces of a remarkable spotted fish with scales and tail prolonged above [Illustration of large fish.] all those who come to the market are eager traders and go off with a little oil - salt - pepper shell fish and snails Eels - clarias capensis - Beans cloth - iron of fine quality worked to shew its goodness [Illustration of the spindles at each end of a knob, as described in the next two lines.] into long thin spindles at each end of a knob of metal = Red bananasappear and the oil is only a string of beads for about a gallon - the old women look careworn and anxious The carry large loads to & from the market The men wear a very long lamba made up in folds like a kilt - the women have the worst of it

# [CXXIV]

CXXIV Journal 1st May 1871 Wednesday - [34] [] Katomba's people arrived having cossed R. Lindi & reached the Babira where they got a[...] much ivory as could be carried away at 2 rings each tusk - The Babire kill elephants now and brought tusks for sale by the dozen - they dress the hair like Bashukulompis upright and no quarrel occurred = My friends here are eager to be off and I am eager for a canoe - Lualaba becomes very large after recieving the Nyengere black water - six miles at least and it has forest on each side - From the Shamikw Shamikwa it recieves probably Bakers water - another water still larger falls into it from the South West - This probably the Lomame to which black traders come to buy oil - an animal with short horns and large body called Bangala exists - horns brought =

 $2^{\underline{nd}}$  May - send a letter to  $D^{\underline{r}}$  Kirk by Moenemokaia to buy no more goods - but send letters to Ujiji I send three to bring away Abeds men from Chipange but something hurried

up to shew war was meant and I refrain

 $3^{\underline{rd}}$  Got names of sleeping places from Mvarawa on to crossing Lualaba onto Abire - Good people all - no quarrels with any one -

Abed says confidentially that a canoe will come in about 5 days - He is very anxious to go himself to be first in the ivory market - says that word came after me not to help me for I was sure to die whither I was going - The wish is father to the wicked thought They hate me and it is well they do

# [CXXV]

CXXV. Journal 4<sup>th</sup> May 1871 - Kasongo's people were struck of a great Friend -ship with me came to the market of today & brought 60 pieces of lambas = They go away and promise to bring me knives and a sword for cloth - the metal is very precious at the Babire - about 2000 people come to market - cassava dried is exchanged for fish salt and oil = Iron for lamba's Brava went of yeterday with my letters to to Kirk & Agnes

5<sup>th</sup> Heavy rains - Abed informed me that men had come for goats to enable them to secure people to drag a large canoe from the forest where it has been cut & hollowed out to the Lualaba - this so far is progress but he needs one or two for himself and will serve himself first though I shall have to pay an enormous price for it

 $6^{\underline{\mathrm{th}}}$  Foggy morning - Men returned from Chipange when beads were done - Two killed slaves without honour or honesty

7th Raining with rolling thunder of Masika - a great body of fleecy cloud drifts fast from the North - The same often comes from the S=E-. Abed said that he would give me the first canoe

he got and would tell me the price -

8<sup>th</sup> I promised to lend Abed half my people if he would come away as soon as we get the two canoes -This would enable him to trade well even before his own people returned from the West - was glad of the offer He has eighty frasilahs of the Matunda beads &c strings

# [CXXVI]

CXXVI Journal =  $8^{th}$  <u>Chitoka</u> = bring a [32] tusk among the Babire - Zulampela's people went off today homewards - [...]

 $9^{\text{th}}$  River rising steadily & covering an island

10<sup>th</sup> = the chief Pyanamomba came yesterday from the other side South West - is of same family as Kimburu - Abed bought two and a half frasilahs of copper bracelets with cowries = many white birds pass North = daily = one is Ibis religiosa

11th River rising fast and bringing great quantities of aquatic grass & duckweed colour of water a little darker than at Cairo People leaving islands for the higher forest lands - men brought one canoe down to the water yesterday = and the men off trading on our West are heard of as near - When they come we shall set off though with only one canoe - Babire very friendly - they are on this side the Lindi - The Benya on the other side use bows and arrows They are not spoiled yet by the slaves =

A man here told me that he was going to fight on the West of Lualaba and eat those killed - Human flesh said he is better than goats - saltish and even peppery - the people here do not deny cannibalism save as to people not slain in war - some say it is not nice to eat their victims for they dream of them afterwards - they throw away the heads = Women never partake of it in any part of Manyema - nor the young -

Afternoon Abed's people returned at 2 PM from 2 days distance from

Lomame - with a great number of slaves and 16 tusks - "My soul is wearied because of murderers" Abed says they must be shot down these people - They want to fight and eat us - great crowds were slain as population is dense

# [CXXVII]

CXXVII Journal 11<sup>th</sup> May continued - Lomame very large - Water black - goes into Lualaba below this - People smelt copper and it is very cheap = They were very civil & kind to the strangers but terrible fellows among themselves and at last provoked an attack in which many of the Bakuss were killed and eighty captives taken the s[...] angers losing not a man - or even being wounded - They redeemed their friends with slaves -!!

12<sup>th</sup> a set in rain from Nor West did not deter the market today - people came singing and sheltered with mats as the copper is very cheap a supply is to be sent for by the traders the day after to morrow - 5 days to go 5 to trade and 5 to return them down Lualaba - Abed says he can put the one canoe all to rights in a few days that is put thole pins and helm in - He melts copper tomorrow - I have to submit and do it as graciously as I can - fine tastefully wrought virambas are made - and coffee comes from West bank of Lomame - The people are very numerous and very handsome all look better than Banyamwezi -It is a perfect haul of slaves for all -

13<sup>th</sup> people were shot down though standing in amazement at the guns as thunder & lightning - great numbers fell - they refused passage through their country - They have coffee plantations and drink it after eating handing small cupsful to all around - I send to buy some - It seems good but driled in the fruit rind -

[CXXVIII]

CXXVIII Journal 13 $^{\text{th}}$  May 1871 continued [30] I wrote to Moenemokaia to be sure & take all my goods out of Shereefs hands & deliver them to Moenye -ghere & Syd bin Majid - and should Shereef prove troublesome to beat him - and s[...] nd him off for not obeying consul's orders - [...] afe too and to send me by some one a sh[...] t a pair of trousers and one frasilah of samsam beads = If I find them on coming from the fountains back to Lualaba they will be a boon - If lost no great harm is done - an armring of copper 1½ thick for one string of beads -! Dura Pennis--etum & maize grown largely - among the Bakuss - who make wale but not porridge of them - they wash regularly Houses of two stories - little clothing used - women slaves here have rather rounded compressed heads but very pleasant faces - & ancient Egyptian round eyes = When they saw guns they thought that they were the insignia of the strangers chiefs - a long staff & a knob on the lower end blackened with some medicine being the usual official staff of chiefs = they feared the Banyamwezi bows when drawn towards them but guns taking aim were not dreaded - their effects aroused mute astonishment and looking up to the clouds They use a very long handled spear darting out from the long grass but keeping it in hand - Their numbers are prodigious The country literally swarms with people save a few patches of forest and great pools of standing water waist chest and neck deep which slowly drains off to the Lomame - Many markets along their route to which people come from far -Marketting is as great an Institution perhaps greater than shopping among ourselves -

# [CXXIX]

CXXIX Journal -  $14^{th}$  May 1871 - Men sent to buy copper on West of Lualaba and one man to hasten the canoe - The ownrs said to be sick

15<sup>th</sup>[...] crossing the river Abed found that [...] ssani had played him false

with [...] he canoes and turned right about to go off down river to the ivory - I approved of this and advised him to go and I would help him to get copper by going up Lomame from the confluence - He will be nearer the copper mines than we are now, and be buying ivory all the time I was up at the copper & exploring - the canoe is to come to me today and Abed delivers it to me

a row with two of my slaves though they can employ Manyema to bring grass wood everything with the beads I give - I offered the two ringleaders their discharge This damped them woefully = It is their misfortune to be slaves and mine to be dependant on them - the headman who sells the canoe and has recieved 600 cowries of the price came today - Karenga - It has not been moved an inch towards the water though he got 3 goats to eat while dragging it -!

16<sup>th</sup> a long talk with my mutineers refuse to go unless Arabs were in prow to go to - The loss of wages and prospective punishment had an effect as explained by Hassani - I told him that they were deserting me to be recieved by him This alarmed him & made him earnest in declaring that they should not remain with him - This is now blown over -

# [CXXX]

CXXX Journal - 16<sup>th</sup> May 1871 continued [26] Abed gave me a frasilah of Mantun[...] a b[...] ds They alone pass current down riv[...] r [...] have none - I gave him 7 dotis of [...] American sheeting - i e 28 yar[...] [...] ich is handsome payment - an [...] sually large attendance at market today - 3000 at least - they catch the live Lepido siren by the neck and lift him out to see his size - fish very abundant - Earthen balls such as is eaten in Safura were exposed for sale and camwood ground and made

into small flat cakes - There is quite a roar of voices during all the time of haggling

17th The disturbance about beads was all a pretence in order to vex me - I gave beads to buy provisions this morning as canoe will certainly come presently - they let it out that they wished to go home to Zanzibar This has been uppermost in their minds all the way to Bambarre and from thence here - They asked a writing of permission or a pass which I refused - I shall wait for Dugumbe = here as the mud is excessive in front to the Luira R.

18<sup>th</sup> resolved to take the guns from the mutineers as bought with my money in this Abed and Hassani agreed and said they were all at my service did not make a noise about it but my demand was followed by several wishing to go forward - they are senseless slaves with no honour

# [CXXXI]

CXXXI - Note [Jou]rnal -  $18^{\frac{\text{th}}{\text{M}}}$  May 1871 contin = a goat so fat it could scarcely walk sold for a treble string of beads [Small squiggle that appears to be Livingstone's way of signalling that the succeeding text should be inserted earlier in the sentence.] fattened with dura [...] pennisetum & given in the village

[...] Abed gave me 200 cowries and [...] strings of a greenish bead very much admired by all here advises me to return to Ujiji as the Banian slaves are sure to desert in front - spoke to them to give up their guns and be gone but all now professed willingness to go on so being eager to finish my work if possible I run the risk and gave beads to buy provisions - I shall do a little work and meantime Dug--umbe may arrive and I shall hire men if he will at a thousand dollars or £200 - When worried by these untoward circumstances the bowels plague me too and discharges of blood relieve headache and

are as safety valves to the system which I should not have had if I had allowed M<sup>r</sup> Syme to operate on me Sir Roderick told me that his father was operated upon by the famous John Hunter and died at the early age of forty in consequence He himself spoiled his saddles when a soldier by frequent discharges from the Piles but would never submit to an operation and he is now eighty years of age -

Turn to other sheet - CXXXII

# [CXXXII [v.1]]

CXXXII Note - the Zingifure with which [29] this is written is declared to be a good remedy for curing the itch which plagues very many both Arabs and natives

Near Lomame adultery is punished by selling the culprit - his wife - Father-children - a woman here was sold thus for the crime of her husband = She was bought for ¾ lbs of beads - They all wash regularly and are cleanskin -ned in consequence - dont know porridge - all their grain is cooked as "wale" in which the grains do not cohere as with rice properly boiled -

The men are reckless fellows - one was trying to sell a bracelet and it being refused he lifted his spear and made as if to plunge it into the strangers chest - "Barter I say" said he in a brow beating way - This foolish overbearing way was sometimes ans--wered by a ball in the chest and it was scarcely to be wondered at for pacific means were by Abeds orders fairly tried - presents to the chiefs - payment of all guides - making friends with influential men whose influence was to be used on the strangers side but generally in rain when far into this country and at last passage was blocked up and much blood shed they feared and fled from the drawn bows of Wanyamwezi but looked at

guns as having no harm in them looked up to see thunderclouds in mute amazement - and did not attempt to use their very long spears though they do produce fearful havoc in long grass

[CXXXIII [v.1]] CXXXIII Note

<u>Thundu</u> = an antelope on Lualaba: size of a large goat = lokolia colour or skin - Horns straight & tapering about 4 inches —

<u>Chobela</u> a river which runs into Kamolondo - 3 days from Mpneto's

<u>Lualaba</u> rises 10 feet above the present level - [...] [At times] but generally about 15 feet - then with the water now 15 feet would be 30 feet of depth at flood — which is said to occur annually -

Maluñgwe a reddish skinned animal

Many white birds flying North 2 Ibis religiosa

 $10^{\underline{\text{th}}}$  May - 1871 = river falling fast - people leaving islands and camping in higher land of forest

 $11\frac{\text{th}}{\text{Kiziwa}}$  said to be name of Lake Albert

 $\underline{\text{Balegga}}$  first after leaving this then  $\underline{\text{Kasongo}} = \text{a large tribe}$  then  $\underline{\text{Baziri or Wazire}}$ 

- R Lira [^] [or Luira] black water?
- Banayuba
- <u>Babire</u> on this side <u>Lolinde</u> <u>Lolinde</u> did not cross but <u>Benya</u> with bows & arrows are on other side

Bagenya on other side of Lualaba & Lindi - Lualaba makes so much Westing that when we are on other side Lomame we shall be about 6 weeks from mouth of Congo but then both Lualaba & Lomame take a vast sweep back to the Eastward to fall into or recieve L Albert water

# [CXXII [v.2]]

CXXXII - Journal - [] 20th May 1871 - Abed goes off down river today wisely for ivory I am hindered by owner of canoe being sick - a mere excuse I suspect. He says that when he has sold all his goods he will give me men and go himself too to finish my work - I said "Haki a Mungu" - and he said yes of a truth I replied then I will give you a thousad dollars on the spot - this is £200 -

21st Abed followed his people who went off yesterday - White is rubbed on the Manyema fare as token of joy at a birth or other glad event - black as mourning It is difficult to realize the state of those who are utterly ignorant of the world besides and have heard no news save spearing each other - Men cutting paddles

22<sup>nd</sup> Headman refuses to bring the canoe without reason - River steadily rising - colour darkening - wreck less[...]

a young woman slave passed the word all the others from Kuss near Lomame to save their porridge and meat and with it pay their passage across Lualaba and escape - It was discovered and all are enchained this morning - People came back from Abed for some others who ran away - The slaves are big strongly built men and women much aspersion to the Zanzibar freedmen - Illicit intercourse is the general course that reduced to slavery = and women tempt men more openly than anywhere else I have seen - save in the Haymarket

23<sup>d</sup> a party came today from Mamohela to get a fresh haul of the [^] [Bakuss slaves] Babire ivory - Dugumbe is conjectured to be near to Kasongo's - Hassani says that we shall get canoes and seems confident - The party West [...] this [...] ill return 7 days hence - [...]

[CXXXIII [v.2]] CXXXIII Journal - 24<sup>th</sup> May 1871 [23] Market or chitoka a busy scene - every one in dead earnest = little time is lost in friendly greetings Then the vendors of fish run about with potsherds full of snails or small fishes or clarias dried or fresh and exchange for cassava steeped & dried potatoes - vegetables - grain - bananas - flour palm oil - fowls - Each is intensely in earnest for food or relishes as salt pepper and all make strong assertions as to the goodness or badness of the articles for barter and makes the sweat stands in beads on the face and body - [^] [squeeling] pigs & iron [^] [knives] are changed for cloths - some hide their wares in the large wicker funnel above the basket but smile if I shake the finger at them - a woman let fall a piece of bassava which was shivered into twenty pieces then demanded another piece I looked at her and it was so manifestly unjust that she laughed as I told her to take up her load & be gone - They appeal to each other in these cases and have a natural sense of justice About three thousand attended - many from far - and much benefit is derived The men flaunt about in gaudy lambas in many folds kilt fashion = The women work hardest - The potters slap and sing their wares all round and invite buyers to use their eyes as well as their ears in testing their value - I bought two fine porous earthen bottles of about a gallon each for one string of beads - The women carry huge loads on their backs strapped to the shoulders and forehead = hands full besides - the roundness of the pottery is wonderful seeing no machines used - Girls sell cups of water for a few fishes

 $25^{\text{th}}$  making two shirts -

26<sup>th</sup>SThe canoe bought by Abed is not the property of the vendor and the real owner refuses the slave of Kalenga so the affair stands still = and excuses are made of sickness &c - Hassani recommends seizure of [...] canoes as no [...] ing can [...]

# [[CXXXIV]]

Several headmen came with a present of two slaves to prevent a war which they have fancied to be impending - assured that no attack is intended they dont believe it When we force them to land canoes they will conclude that they were right in their fancy - I have been two months trying to buy a canoe and now bamboozled by this head man's false pretences of ownership no other headman will even remonstrate - All knew that the trader was plundered by Kalenga but no one would let us know - a very strange people - Katomba's slave buyers went off this morning across Lualaba

28th Hassani declared that since he came here not a banana or bit of cassava had even been presented to him Market I generally visit to see the fish and people one man offered me a few small fish - another a sweet potato & piece of cassava - then a third 2 small fishes - but manyema are not liberal saw a man with ten human jaw bones strung over his shoulder - Asked if he eat the flesh - yes and taking his knife he said I cut up a man this way - I expressd disgust at which he and others laughed see many strange people every time I go Two nice girls were selling Gumbe or roasted white ants -

29<sup>th</sup> Mologhwe Dambo & two others came to mix blood with Hassani - It is simply a small incision made on the arm & blood from each rubbed on the spot He says that he has promised him ten canoes to be brought as soon as the copper party under Manilla comes back to us

30<sup>th</sup>River has fallen four inches within the last four days - colour black or very dark brown - considerable quantities of wreck still float down -

copper safari returned today as was appointed = successful brought a little coffee and vani

#### [[CXXXV]]

[...]  $31^{\text{st}}$  Manilla got fo[...] frasilahs of copper bracelets 35 + 4 = 140 lbs - brought specimens of <u>vanilla</u> pods which the natives mix with their coffee - How they know to

manipulate the flowers - Wisdom dwells not with us alone = conceit of it does

 $1^{\underline{st}}$  June 1871 -  $\underline{Saturday} = chitoka$  - This being the Arab unlucky fifth month our departure is put off to the first of  $6^{\underline{th}}$  month nine days hence Manilla came yesterday from copper bought  $4\frac{1}{2}$  frasilahs = Brought me 4 lbs of coffee unhusked or still in the fruit find and dry - a day pot went for six plantains = small shrimps for sale

 $2^{nd}$  Hassani goes over Lualaba today to speak about canoes - He is confident of getting them - I am not - Manyema are so untruthful it will come to seizure yet - But they are very honest = we never lose an article by them -

3<sup>d</sup>We had a discussion with Hassani about these wretched Banian slaves and he denies complicity with them - He meant to speak only of canoes not going far not them though he spoke distinctly of my return in a short time with him when he had got his ivory - The slaves too protested that they never refused to obey me!! = though they asserted that all declined to go further the threat to take the guns alone cowed them apart from this they were pleased with the prospect of plundering Manyema and getting slave by this means = Send men to speak about the canoe -

4<sup>th</sup> I send five men to speak to the headman Kalenga and to demand either the canoe he sold or two others or the thousand cowries - three goats and beads they are ordered to speak only and speak much then come away - Kalenga cooly says "Wait till Abed comes back and I shall return the goods to him - this is childish but like Manyema - He was told by Abed in the presence of two headmen that he had given the canoe to me and Kalenga was at once to deliver it [...] them on my account - He had it not!

[CXXXVI]

CXXXVI Journal = 5 June 1871 men delayed for want of a canoe to ferry them across - chitoka today brings many - The speak to him only but must I fear seize canoes for there is no honour among them I have been here for two months negotiating for one and after paying an exhorbitant price find that I am the victim of deliberate falsehood = Hassani was all day yesterday talking to those who promised canoes and he will get none = No one can concieve how they dawdle and lie to get goods they mean not to pay - The feeling of importance imparted by haggling with strangers is dear to their hearts.

6<sup>th</sup> Mokandira's child died so we are again hindered from going = Market people beaten and plundered I paid some who were robbed by my men slaves I am sick at heart in knowing of these outrages = Manyema are bad but slaves ten times worse -

 $7^{\underline{\text{th}}}$  hindered by canoe though paid for being given to another - I fear that we must march on land which in front is extremely wet and muddy -

8<sup>th</sup> River rose again six inches and then fell three = water very dark brown & much wreck - duckweed & grassy islands float down = Rain nearly ceased = Great masses of cloud float down from NorWest but more frequently go up from NorEast -

 $9^{\text{th}}$  Men went yesterday afternoon to Kalenga - He refuses to refund the price of the canoe to anyone but Abed = triesto draw the real owner into a scrape by complaining that he refused his slave as price of the canoe and goats too = We have nought to do with that and Think it best to retire and let Abed punish him [^] [if] he likes - Hassani's canoes not come = so we go on foot day after tomorrow It is very grievous to be cheated after losing nearly three months in the business but Kalenga has no canoe and I must not be the first to do what may be called injustice The Arabs would like to see me using force Dugumbe delays strangely but probably

by his divination declaring all this month to be most unlucky - Wends to night = Arab fifth month - Lord help me

# [[CXXXVII]] [...]

New moon not appearing last night prevents safari from starting tomorrow - [20] It is dangerous for a small party to go if like mine cowardly & mutinous = No one visits villages three miles off on account of floods [[...]] which never end = No canoe can be got for love or money = mixing the blood makes no friendship so I decline it when invited - Arabs do it with all who have power but the Manyema do it to get presents of beads and perform no other duty of friendship = Elsewhere one becomes a member of the family and his safety is ensured by information against all enemies in the country - Here all knew Kalenga's falsehood but were silent!

 $11\frac{\text{th}}{\text{New}}$  last night - Dugumbe will leave Kasongo today - we leave on the  $14\frac{\text{th}}{\text{Hassani}}$  over river for canoes but probably in vain - River fell three inches in the last three days - Much wreck floating down - water colour of strong tea =

12<sup>th</sup> Hassani has got 4 canoes and hopes to get seven = the conduct of Kalenga to me is not be endured - It is the most childish impertinence because he thinks nothing will be done to him but talk as Manyema do & have done for ages -I send my men tomorrow to demand either canoe or goods and to bind him in case of refusal till he delivers the one or the other - then buy a canoe and return with it = that the owner ofthe canoe he sold without leave refuses the woman he sent to buy with is to his dark mind a sufficient excuse for delivering neither money nor vessel I must wait for Dugumbe for I have no powder and but few beads === He will be here by the  $20^{\text{th}}$  currt =

13 chitoka = men off to force Kalenga

to reason = if he refuses to refund to bind and give him a flogging - if It is entirely lost then return and get of my beads to buy another canoe down the river - Kalenga fled -

# [CXXXVIII]

CXXXVIII Journal 14<sup>th</sup> Hassani got nine canoes - In 3 he put 63 persons - I shall send down the river on the left bank tomorrow to try and buy one - Safari off this morning High winds have begun from South East and shew cessation of the rains = Every thing is drying as soap sugar mud &c

 $15^{\underline{\text{th}}}$  canoe sent to get medicine for a sick wife - detains us today - I paid for both medicine and canoe = and on

16<sup>th</sup> got the men off very doubtful if they will succeed in buying one for all of them imitate the overbearing manner of Zanzibar slaves

Safari comes back from West with 2[1]00 slaves 200 [or 300] cowries per slave or 11-10 bunches of beards per head that is about 50 single strings about a foot long each = River fallen a foot = Dugumbe near but detained by his divination

 $17^{\underline{\text{th}}}$  stragglers come in from Dugumbe large camp - My people reached Tambu[...] yesterday and will get a canoe if they only have a little common sense - a note from Palamotto says letters have come by Governor for me and are at Ujiji = If I get a little powder from Dugumbe & the canoe comes I shall be ready to run down the river

18<sup>th</sup> The Arabs of Dugumbe's party saw Shereef flourishing about my valuable chronometer watch on his dirty body This is like to break my heart - I have no chronometer going - I suspect the Longitude of Baker to be all wrong but cannot correct it - Dugumbe has passed a short way down Lualaba to build his Mosemba or dwelling place

 $19^{\text{th}}$  Heavy shower at 4 AM - last  $19^{\text{th}}$ 

of June finished the rains - Dugumbe goes West to Lomame and across it when his station here is built = this will open all Lake Lincoln for he has an immense party = 500-600 guns as Ujijians count and is fond of going into new fields

# [CXXXIX]

CXXXIX Journal =  $20^{\frac{th}{}}$  June 1871 - Two of the party of Dugumbe brought presents of [19] four large fundos of beads each = I am waiting for my people and canoe. Katomba's people came back from the West yesterday well satisfied with fine slaves cheap - I look [...] on the drove they brought un chained with a sort of pleasure after looking at many not traded for but murdered for -

 $21^{\underline{st}}$  Dugumbe found it best to come back to the chitoka here - He says that he will buy me a canoe if my men fail in getting one = This stirs up Hassani and Manilla = who might have got a tenth for me with their nine

22<sup>nd</sup> Visited Dugumbe = He sends back to Ujiji two months hence and I shall send then for goods - and make it a point to come back here

23 = a touch f[o]f fever first here

24<sup>th</sup> better and thankful = the Bakuss have flat Egyptian feet women's round foreheads and the rest of the head slopes backwards and upwards = a stout built race both men and women good slaves

25<sup>th</sup> Hassani's son circumcised caused a feast

26<sup>th</sup> Hassani's boat party foiled by narrows 4 days down - a canoe tilted over & 5 lives lost Banian slaves come back - people all fled and blamed Kolokolo's men for killing and stealing their relations - p[...] follow another [...] te for Hassani's men were shot at in the rapids with arrows &

Kolokolo's deeds blamed - Oh horrible!!

27<sup>th</sup> a cataract on North side of the Luamo prevents my going up the river to Kamolondo -

### [CXL]

CXL. Journal 27<sup>th</sup> June 1871 continued It is in answer to my prayers that I have been mercifully prevented from going down river for I would have been the leading canoe into the narrows and it is said cataract beyond the entrance a dyke of rock cuts across country & the two points of it a little ajar cause the enormous mass of water to wheel behind one and make a whirlpool in which canoes are carried round & round helplessly - Had we gone down Luamo as I wished the same danger would have been incurred = I now go across to the Lomame - buy a canoe there and go up to Katanga = It is probable that the Dyke down river runs across into Lomame so even if past the first narrows we should have others to ascend in Lomame

I wrote to Moenemokaia to take my watch from Shereef and keep it till a safe conveyance turned up - and as Shereef used monthly 3 dotis calico for himself - 2 Do for his woman 2 Do for each of his slaves besides beads and knew he was breaking consuls orders - he was to be delivered to the Governor for Seyed Majid = I dont know whether Syed bin Majid will do as I say but all will see that I feel very sore as to the watch and that I am without one to measure distances and position = Shereef brought 8 cases of brandy for his own use and made my porters carry it so I paid for the drunk ards swill = I asked also why he had destroyed the consult's packet containing the list of goods & notice of the watch -I shall send by Dugumbe's people for my goods and will come back here to recieve them

River fallen 3[2] feet - dark brown water and wreck still floating down

#### [CXL [CXLI]]

CXL. Journal = 27 June cont. ed Kauzene Kanzene = [16] gave a Zouady Zonady of beads Kisingite above as well as below this so I go west to Lomame & probably escape the basaltic dyke if it goes so far West

28<sup>th</sup> eight villages in flames on the other side Lualaba = The Bagenyaare seizing the country of Mohombo and all the straggling people of this camp are over helping on the [begun by Manilla Syde Habib's slave] work of destruction [^] and catching slaves or rather free people to be made into slaves = nothing surprised me more in England than the numbers of persons met with who would fain be slave owners - Persons of the seedy scribe class asked with an air of concern Will the Africans work? Yes if you can pay them = the lengthening of visage caused by this answer told as plainly as looks can tell that seedy had speculated on gratuitously employing the labour of others though it was evident that he sorely needed to be employed him -self in something else than penny a lining = The Bagenyaare fishermen by taste and sell the produce of their nets & weirs to the other tribes who cultivate the soil at the different markets

29<sup>th</sup> Manilla's foray burns ten village for a debt of 3 slaves whose price he advanced = The villagers are our market people

#### [CXLII]

CXLII. Journal  $30^{\text{th}}$  June 1871  $1^{\text{st}}$  July = Sunday = Went to Dugumbe and told him my plan was to go with the safari he sends West to Lomame - then buy a canoe and go up the Lake towards Katanga visit the excavations and return to this place if he would get his people to bring

some of my goods from Ujiji = He said that he would write out my order that the natives here and on the other side had been poisoned against me I know that this is the case but have kept quiet - The Muhamadans are unmitigated Liars and say that "I dont want slaves nor ivory but I want to kill people" and they persuaded them not to sell a canoe to me but let them have all = Hassani knows it all = but swears that he does not join in the slander and did not know of Manillas foray = pointing up to Heaven = &c &c The falsehood of Muhamad has been transmitted to his followers -

 $2^{\rm nd}$  July 1871 = The upper stratum of clouds is from the NorWest = the lower from the South East - When they mix or change places the temperature is much lowered Morning fogs shew river to be warmer than the air

 $3^{rd}$  Safari of Hassani off down river and on land entirely - Leaves the unfortunates who turned back after; actually reaching the ivory = gave him and Abed hints as to meeting with Bakers to report themselves and me to the head of Pasha Bakers expedition & not flee -

# 

 $5^{\underline{th}}$  Dugumbe promises assistance in [14] buying a canoe at Lomame = and powder = says what I know otherwise that the Banian slaves have been chief propagators of the slander among the Manyema that I "wanted no slaves nor ivory but only to kill people"- Susi - Chumah hear it all and remain quiet = Dugumbe has nearly finished his house and Safari is to be on  $9^{\underline{th}}$  or  $10^{\underline{th}}$  = the seconday of the New Fungo 7 - It is not open refusal now but secret villany and slander I have to

contend against in the Banian slaves

 $5^{\underline{\text{th}}}$  [...] River fallen 3 feet in all - that is one foot since the  $27^{\text{th}}$  June = dark brown

6<sup>th</sup> consult Dugumbe & offer 1000 dollars for other attendants = kill a Tassa goat = I am unable to buy any by Shereefs villainy =

6<sup>th</sup> con. Mokandira and other head men of Nyangwe came with a pig - also goat as a present on my going away - I refused till I come back and protested against the slander about my wishing to kill people = this will be widely reported =

7<sup>th</sup> woman reproved for beating a slave frequently came and apologized and we made friends again telling to speak softly as she was now the slaves mother slave came from beyond Lomame and must have been a lady

#### [CXLIV]

CXLIV Journal - 8<sup>th</sup> July 1871 - Kimburu comes to mix blood with Dugumbe today and will give him 3 or 4 slaves - He has performed the ceremony with four traders and seems anxious for peace and friendship

9<sup>th</sup> Dugumbe advised explaining my plan of going to Lomame & thence to Katanga and excavations to see what the Banian slaves will object to - I did so this morning but no remarks were made - these may come at River only and stop me again = they only participate in the Arab slander - I am the pioneer say they others will follow and kill and take the country - What can the poor people do but believe the Moslem lies - the Lord open the way for me =

River fallen three inches since 5th curt

10<sup>th</sup> Manyema children do not

creep as do others on their knees - but begin by putting forward one foot and using one knee = I have seen a child use both feet and the hands but never the knees = !! New last night =  $7^{th}$  month of Arabs Many guns fired at blood mixing

 $11^{\text{th}}$  Chitoka = bought ten different species of small fish and sketched eight = most are the same as on Nyassa = a very active species of glanis of dark olive brown colour was not sketched but a spotted one with offensive spine on back was Sesamum seed abundant now = and cakes of pounded ground nuts as on the West coast = the new comers have been taught by the market women to deal fairly and not overreach them they are certainly clever traders and prefer dealing in the market to any where else = there they are in countenance by each other

## [CXLV]

CXLV - Journal 12<sup>th</sup> July 1871 - [13] The Banian slaves told me that they would go to Lomame but no further This I suspected would be the case -I report to Dugumbe and if he does not help must go back to Bambarre and send to Zanzibar for other people I am fairly in the power of the Ujijian slaves - Shereef destroys my letters = the Governor does the same to prevent evidence of his plunder going to the coast Lord help me - When told that they would lose all their pay they said they would not lose their lives and would be employed by others & get more pay = Dugumbe will speak to them -

13<sup>th</sup> Dugumbe came and spoke to the Banian slaves = They profess to wish to go back to Ujiji to bring Shereef as a leader - They have no one to beat them say they or order them = The upshot was that they refuse

to go and it was well to let Dugumbe hear them say we "Hawezi" are unable = non possumus =
I then said to Dugumbe I have goods at Ujiji I dont know how many but they are considerable = Take them all and give me men and if not enough I will add to them = only dont let me be forced to return to Ujiji so near the end of my work - He said that he would consult his company and form a plan =

14<sup>th</sup> Dugumbe consulted his
Arab company and one Adie said
to me your slaves are very bad shewing
that Dugumbe had given a truthful
account of them = I am distressed
& perplexed what to do so as not
to be foiled but all seems against me

### [CXLVI]

CXLVI Journal = 15<sup>th</sup> July 1871
The reports of guns on the other side of Lualaba tell of Dugumbe's men murdering Kimburu and another for slaves = Manilla is in it again = and it is said that Kimburu gave him 3 slaves to sack the ten villages we saw in flames - He is meeting his doom in spite of mixing blood and giving nine slaves for the operation = Moenemgunga was his victim = & so it goes on making me fear to go with Dugumbe's people to be partakers in their blood guiltiness

Chitoka about 1500 people came though many villages were burning before us = I saw three of Dugumbes people with guns in the market place with wonder but thought it ignorance and retired [-] when 50 yards off two guns were fired and a general flight took place - goods thrown away in terror firing on the helpless canoes took place = a long line of heads in the water shewed the numbers that would perish for they could not swim two miles shot after shot followed on the terrified fugitives = great numbers died -

and a worthless Moslem asserted that all was done by the people of the English - This will spread though the murderers are on the other side plundering and shooting - It is awful - terrible a dreadful world this = as I write shot after shot falls on the fugitives on the other side who are wailing loudly over those they know are already slain = Oh let thy kingdom come =

#### [CXLVII]

CXLVII Journal - 15<sup>th</sup> July continued [11] The canoes were all jammed in a creek at the bottom of the market place and the owners could not get them out - women threw away their produce and scrambled for dear life - men left their paddles in dread as the merciless fire was rained upon them by other men who must been cognisant of the plan of Murder The women soon sank into their watery graves - I counted 33 canoes afloat [+ 19 still in creek] one capsized - some overcrowded so as to be logged in the stream without paddles one long canoe that could have held 30 was occupied by one man who seemed to have lost his head - others paddled fast to save the sinking till in danger of swamping - no one will ever know how many perished in this bright summer morning All the camp people set on the land comers & plundered them = Women were carrying loads for hours of what the water comers had thrown down Manilla's brother was over at one village of a friend - I sent men to rescue him with our flag to protect them for Dugumbe's people are shooting right and left & without a flag they might have been victims - I count twelve villages burned this morning = this with the previous ten makes twenty two -Dugumbe wisely objected to my men going to rescue the brother of Manilla - He would send his own men who were known to all the fighting crew = -

# [CXLVIII]

CXLVIII Journal 15<sup>th</sup> July continued I went over to Dugumbe and proposed to catch the bloodhounds who fired in the chitoka and on the canoes and put their heads on poles = He declared it was done by Manilla's people to destroy the market Eighteen women and a man had been taken out of the water as they scrambled along the long grass on the water's edge I got them to frank them back to their friends and they slept at our camp waiting for their friends to come and claim them the other Manyema would charge for their redemption so I manage all for them myself - Four came and claimed the saved ones and of course got their relatives = In Manyema war the market women are never molested - these Moslems are inferior to them in sense of justice and right = I write names of the women and the husbands who claim them so that if deception is practised we may know them

[...]  $16^{\rm th}$  = liberating captured got them all into the hands of husbands and friends - one had a ball shot through the thigh - a pretty woman = the canoes are to be delivered to the owners too -

A manyema man said to be murdered by one of Dugumbe's people after finishing a piece of work = said he was tired and refusing to do more was killed by an axe - friends came - cried over and burned him -

12 AM Dugumbe's people shooting people on other side Lualaba = set fire to a village on bank = many captives caught on other side river

## [CXLIX] CXLIX Journal [10]

1 PM The marauders are returning in canoes and firing their guns beating drums and doing all they can to say "see the conquering heroes come" They are answered by the women

lullilooing and friends in Dugumbe's camp firing guns of welcome = The smokes of many villages ascend straight up and form clouds above I count seventeen villages in flames and these of our market people = Dugumbe says that he did not send this foray - and Tagamoio the head of it says that he went to punish the friends of Manilla who being a slave had no right to make war & burn villages - Manilla confesses to me that he did wrong in that and loses all his beads and many friends in - consequence

2 PMan old man called Kabobo came for his old wife - I asked her if this were her husband she went to him and put her arm lovingly round him and said "yes" I gave her five strings of beads to buy food she bowed down and put her fore-head to the ground as thanks and old Kabobo did the same = The tears were in her eyes as she went off

Tagamoio has caught seventeen women = or say by his party [the] captives by Arabs = 27 — Dead by gunshot = 25 — 2 heads of chiefs brought over to be sold to relations

[CL]
CL Journal 16 July
drowned 5 men & women [^] [of Ñomba] numbers unknown
of drownd in river of the people generally
They can only be spoken of as by hundreds

4 PM went over to Dugumbe
He had a number of headmen and made
them mix blood and promise to bri[...]
market people - Tagamoio kept out
of sight - this open murder fills me
with unspeakable horror = and I wish
to get away from it = I cannot go
in Tagamoios company and must
either go up Lualaba or down which
ever my Banian slaves choose - It

is a great affliction to have such at all

17<sup>th</sup> Went over to Dugumbe and spoke of my plan = MuanamosunbaMuanamosimba denied that 27 people were captured only ten but why ten? and of our best friends = the market people = Ispoke of my plan as he advanced no other = I cannot go with Tagamoio's murderers = the Banian slaves say that they would go only to Lomame and then return - it would not be possible to force them beyond that for whatever the Ujijian slaves may talk they all hate to have me a witness of their blood--shed and would connive at the desertion of my slaves = Tried to go down Lualaba and up Tanganyikabut that too was objected to It remained only to go up river and on to Ujiji = Dugumbe asked them why they refused to go = answer "Afraid" then you are cowards -"Yes we are" are you not men = Ans -"We are slaves" I said that I was glad that they

#### [CLI]

CLI - Journal 17<sup>th</sup> July 1871 continued [12] confessed it before Dugumbe = they would lose all pay - I had entreated them not to throw it away but if not theirs no wonder they care not for it - At last I said that I would start for Ujiji in three days on foot = All asked here

- [...] t to be ashamed to ask beads or
- [...] nything else they possessed but
- [...] aid that I had enough for going

back to Ujiji to get other people -

It is a sore affliction forty four

days back or 300 miles at least

45 days and all after feeding the slaves [Series of calculations on the left-hand side of the page.]

for twenty one months -

but it is for the best - though

if I dont trust the riffraff

of Ujiji I must wait for

other men at least ten

months - I shall go through

Rua - see the excavations

first and then the four

fountains and after

that Lake Lincoln

 $18^{\underline{\text{th}}}$  the murderous assault on the market people was Hell without the fire and brimstone = it brought on headache which might have been serious had it not been relieved by a copious discharge of blood - I was held up all yesterday afternoon with [...] impression which the bloodshed made - It filled me with unspeakable horror Dont go away say the chiefs but I cannot stay here in agony -

## [CLII]

CLII Journal 19<sup>th</sup> July 1871 Dugumbe sent me a fine goat [2] a maneh of gunpowder = 100 of fine blue beads and 230 cowries as good in the way = I proposed to leave a doti merikano & one of Kanike to buy specimens of workmanship - He sent two very fine large swords and two equally fine spears and said that I must not send anything = and would buy others with his own goods = I sent one piece of Kanike and one [^] [doti] of merikano as he has no cloth and is very friendly no action as to the captives =

#### [Calculation.]

= River fallen 4½ feet in all = since 5 [ult] one and a half foot

Few market people appear today - formerly they came in crowds - a few came from the West bank with salt to buy back the baskets with which they and others carried food for sale = about 200 came in all chiefly of those who have not lost relatives - seven canoes instead of fifty - an

old established custom has great charms for this people if no fresh outrage is committed it will be re-established No canoes come into the creek of death but land above it at Ntambewe's = Pack up to start  $20^{th}$ 

## [CLIII]

CLIII Journal - 20<sup>th</sup> July 1871 [15] Start back for Ujiji 300 miles off - One doti Kanike to Susi 2 Dotis Merikano to D<sup>o</sup> for wife

made but a short march as I have been long inactive and it is unwise to tire oneself at beginning of a journey - one does not get over it - one man detained by sporadic cholera which seems to be serious

 $21^{st}$  waiting to see what turn the sickness may take = if favourable will leave him with Dugumbe Dugumbe came over to advise me not to wait for the sick man but leave him to his care = It was not altogether on the sickness I waited - I was told falsely about him while my slaves were negotiating for women with whom they cohabited - Dugumbe advised haste which I am only too anxious to make and to travel in a compact body as stragglers are cut off - He lost a woman and his party seven people in the [...]

## [CLIV]

CLIV. Journal =  $22^{\underline{nd}}$  July 1871 off at daylight about six miles to village of Mañkwara where I

spent the night in going - the chief Mokandira coveyed us thither = promised him a cloth if I came across from Lomame = wonders much at the underground houses - never heard of them before I told him = many of the rivulets and rain gullies dried up grass burning going on = I heard sporadic thunder today and a few drops of cold rain fell = same sprinkling yesterday

23<sup>d</sup> WillWe shall reach R. Kunda tomorrow = 24 crossed it = 50 yds in two canoes then went up into LaBango[...] = crowds followed all anxious to carry loads for beads several market women saluted us In going from LoBango to the Nyangwe chitoka and back they about 25 miles in one day with heavy loads such as no slave would carry =

The most High speaking in Exekiel of Jerusalemsays I put of my come liness upon thee = If he does not put of his comeliness on me I shall never be comely in soul = If he does not impart to me of his goodness I shall never be good - but like these wretched Arabs in whom Satan has full sway - the god of this world having blinded their eyes -

#### [CLV]

CLV - Journal = 25<sup>th</sup> July 1871 [17] we came over a beautiful country yesterday - a vast hollow with much culti vation is intersected by a ridge on which the villages are built - the path runs along its top and we see the fine country all spread out below with different shades of green marking the plantations this great hollow is drained by the Kunda = into Lualaba

Today we descended into another hollow drained by the fast flowing Kahembai into Kunda then on to another ridge with a great many villages burned off by Matereka's foray - The [We] met the horde climbing up on to the ridge as we went N W. They slept on the ridge and next morning in sheer wantoness set their lodgings on fire = The slaves had evidently carried the fire along and applied it to villages in their route - It was done only because they could do it without danger and it was such fun to make Mashenebe houseless

## [CLVI]

CLVI Journal 26<sup>th</sup> July 1871 came up out of the last valley of denudation drained by the Kahembai and then along a level country Met 4 men in hot haste to announce a woman's death. Two died lately North & two South of this of dysentery or some disease of Abdomen = Pleurisycommon from cold winds of the North West - Twenty two men with large shields came to carry the woman's body and all her gear to her own home for burial about twenty women followed them & the men waited under the trees till they had wound up the body - The women of Kama in large numbers went to weep for her smeared their bodies with clay - The relatives put soot on their faces and shields

27<sup>th</sup> left Kama's and soon through many groups of villages of Kasongo welcomed by Matereka Syde bin Sultan and another

### bought two milk goats reasonably

28<sup>th</sup> rest 29<sup>th</sup> Sunday rest
Matereka sends a party to Ujiji
with me for goods this will
increase our safety among
the irritated people between
this and Bambarre = It is
colder here than at Nyangwe
Kasongo is off in the forest N.
of this guiding a party & buying
ivory when he can for himself

## [CLVII]

CLVII. Note Manyema Nyangwe = [18] 12 July 1871 = our statesmen seem to have come to the conclusion that Railways and Telegraphs will be better managed by the Government than by private companies - The reasons for that seem to apply to the Great Newspapers as the "Times" which are certainly not so well managed for the safety of the nation by private anonymous contributors as they would be by the agents of Government both angency and public official being responsible to the country nothing could be more dangerous to the welfare of the country than pigheaded effusions of a secret con-[or club frequenters] clave indulging in merciless vi--tuperation against Louis Napoleon who in spite of the extremest abuse which could be raked up against him in [^] [specimens] ancient & modern railing has proved himself to be a wise and able ruler - a true friend to France and a good ally to England Then again the Times laboured to misrepresent the Northerners in th[...] great Black war - It was t[...] our great misleading Journal and the utmost efforts of our statesmen were required to prevent the b[...] ghtful calamity of a war with the United States which was imminent through the hole and corner machinations of irrespons ible penny a liners = Every Northern

victory was noticed with the insulting insinuation that it must be remembered that the account came through Northern channel[...]

### [CLVIII]

CLVIII Notes = Southern successes were issued without any such [damaging] warning Why were Englishmen kept in the dark as to the steady crushing advances of the North ern army on Richmond while the Journal Des Debats gave truthful news of the War - Simply because the ruling power has influence in France which Government unfortu nately does not possess in England them who can tell the harm done to our name and arms by divulging all the secrets of the Crimean war This led to a compromise in the suppression of the Indian mutiny by which the irresponsible con--clave brought the Indian command to its knees - Is it for the honour or dignity of England that this secret Inquisition should be tolerated Is it not a fact that the Times of late years is always in the wrong always on the losing side - Nothing could shew the need of guidance from a superior power than the late affair in Jamaica - The Times talked and railed but the Gov<sup>±</sup> aware of the outrageous legislation that inevitably led to the outbreak applied the common sense remedy by abolishing the legislative assembly = We Englishhave been so accustomed to feel proud that by the freedom of the Press our rulers could be bearded that we we have allowed a secret Inquisition to ride roughshod over all law and order and make itself supreme in defiance of dignity and common sense

# [CLVIX [CLIX]]

CLVIX Note [Journal] Note The foregoing Note to be amplified & sent to the [21] "Times" in laughing forebodings of his

### awful-ire-Jupiter tonans

Journal some Manyema are going with us to Ujiji = Arabs anxious to hear my opinion of the Bloody massacre of Nyangwe but I decling to enter on it - They know all about it already -

30<sup>th</sup> July 1871 left and went about 3 miles to a village overlooking the Shokoye a man a little ill refuses to march though the others carry his bundle = - They send thirty tusks with us and are glad of the opportunity to get more goods from Ujiji - about a dozen Manyema go the first that ever travelled so far

 $31\frac{\text{st}}{\text{c}}$  came yesterday to village on hill and today went through the defile between mt Kimazi and Kiyila a cavern on the pass side of the latter with a slatactite pillar in entrance = came on to Mangala's numerous villages and two being ill on the  $1\frac{\text{st}}{\text{c}}$  August = Wedens day = we rest - a large market assembles in their midst -

#### [CLX]

[...] ournal CLX 2 August 1871
Left Mangala's and came through [25]
a great many villages all deserted at
our approach in consequence of the
vengeance taken by Dugumbes party
for the murder of some of his [Drawing of the head of an African individual.]
followers = Kasongo's men
eager plunderers of other Manyema
had to scold and threaten them
and will set some to watch their
deeds tomorrow = Plantains [Drawing of the head of an African individual.]
very abundant and good =
came to Kitette and lodged in a
village of Loembo = about thirty

smith y[ies] or rather foundres in [Drawing of the head of an African individual.] the villages we passed = they are very high in the roof to avoid fires and [Drawing of an African hut.] that ched with a sort of wild plan-tain leaf from which sparks and rain run off equally well -

Batata = ancients = Molenda Mbayo = YambaYamva = Kamoanga Kitambwe = Ñoñgo = aulumba Yeñgeyenge = Sim[^][ba]a = Mayañga Loembwe recently dead = offer them goatsflesh = Kongolako kwa where they came from - == effigies of in court

3<sup>d</sup> = August three slaves escaped by night and as all are enjoined to help us we are constrained to wait so as not to abandon ivory but it is vexatious to wait for fugitives = Men sent in pursuit met others coming from Kasongo to carry so we go on homeward sacrifice[...] ar[...] [...] ffered to [...]

[[CLXI]]
[...] Journal [24]
4<sup>th</sup> came through miles of villages burned because men refused Abdullah lodging a goat speared by a lurking revenge seeker -

 $5^{th}$ 

 $6^{\underline{\text{th}}}$  [^] [came on to] to Boma village through many miles of palm or bananas [...]

 $7^{\underline{\mathrm{th}}}$  to village ill every step [...] - in pain

8<sup>th</sup> people shewed suspicion by running away - In passing along the narrow path with a wall of dense vegetation touch ing each hand a large spear was thrown at me from my right and it glanced past my back heavily into the soil about 20 feet beyond me = the two men from whom it came were about 30 feet off only & bolted - I dont know how it missed except by the man being too sure of his aim and God's good hand upon me I was in front and [of] a small squad and the main body had been allowed to go till the leader came the guilt is [...] h Bogharib's - a little way on a gigantic tree burned off so as to fall with a fearful crash one yard from my body & covered me with dust thank God

### [CLXII]

Notes [CLXII] = <u>Uruko</u> Kuss or Kuns name of coffee - <u>Kanone</u> = Manyema name of Ibis religiosa - <u>Makéssi</u> DoDo of oysters = Pearls are said to be found in them but no use is made of them = never strung = boreing not thought [...]

The handwritten undertext that follows appears at the center of the page beneath another layer of text also written by Livingstone.

Note send for frasila samsam[...]

Frasilahs Langio — 3 Frasilahs Pink — 3

Jorahs americano - 30

Jorahs Kanikeo — 30

china box of Tea — Indianlata2

Pack china Tea Wine 4

clothing - 4 shirts 
Medicines 4 Tr[...] rs — stockings

Pens = Paper letters ink

[...] - Watch = [...]

[...]

The overtext that follows continues from the bottom of the page, but appears in the middle of the page. Livingstone has written this text perpendicularly over another portion of text already on the page.

as they think that I await
Bogharib - He offered
to bring me ten goats for
my three if I would send
my guns - It would
only make matters
worse Dugumbe
had a women speared
here our two women
were borne off to be

[...] sugar - candles By Dugumbe's men = eaten - the chief shewed us on 10<sup>th</sup> spot where they had killed one man and eaten him lately 11<sup>th</sup> came to Mamohela

9<sup>th</sup> four hours of narrow [Calculation on the right-hand side of the page.] path in dense vegetation [Adie goes to Lomame] waylaid by spearmen = awoman and girl killed and a spear again missed me by a hairbreadth in front = peering into each hole of the vegetable mass expected each moment to to hear the rustling of spears and the ru[...] hing away of the enemy - I be[...] e sick & weary & careless of [...] me taunted us but we could [...] ein = Heartsore reached [...] He offered to g[...] [...] declined

#### [CLXIII]

[CLXIII] Note = The Manyema are so afriad of guns that [...] ne gets the loan of a musket to settle any disputed claim - merely carrying it on his shoulder gives him [22] all the influence he needs though it is known that he [...] not use it = spears are disregarded = however [...] any one may have - but a musket is potent

Note = 24<sup>th</sup> May - The party that came through from Mamohela report a great fight at Mwana mpunda's and they saw the dead cut up for cooking with bananas - This [...] onforms Rashid's evidence - Mokandirwa [...] chief at Nyangwe says that they eat those [...] illed in war only - that the meat is not good[...] and it makes the eater dream of the dead Another man not so trustworthy said that it is saltish and even peppery = needs but a little condiment - It seems to be cannibal-ism out of revenge or to inspire courage

Note  $\underline{\text{Gulu}}$  deity above or Heaven -  $\underline{\text{Mamvu}} = \text{earth} = \underline{\text{Gulu}}$  is personal & men on death go to  $\underline{\text{him}}$  - Nkoba lightning

Note = Zurampela is about  $[ \hat{} ]$  [N] West

of this - in going thither 3 days off the [...] uive R. of very red water is crossed Mabila R recieves it into its very dark water which flows into Lualaba

Note = many oysters in Lualaba - The shells very thick and deformed by inse[...] It is probable that Pearls are in them

 $\underline{\text{Kalonda}}$  = salt springs on West side of the  $\underline{\text{Lualaba}}$  - not hot - boiled for salt

Kirila islet 3 miles below Nyangwe Magoyado 6 do - people and trees on it

 $\frac{\text{K}\bar{\text{u}}\text{la}}{\text{West}}$  of  $\frac{\text{N}\text{k}\text{u}\text{la}}{\text{L}\text{u}\text{alaba}}$  name of salt lagoon on

Lualaba is never fordatable anywhere at anytime except by canoes

Two days from this a rapid exists [...] e [...] side of the river = this side a[...] Kirians its name =

Rice in ear in 73 days = D[...] [...] = m[...] [...]