

## Letter to John Washington, 18 April 1861

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[0001]

Private

Johanna 18<sup>th</sup> April

1861

Dear Captain Washington

After ascending barely 30 miles  
we found that the water of Rovuma was  
falling at the rate of about half a foot a day  
and we saw at once that had we proceeded  
we should be detained till next flood. Had  
the whole of the bishop's party been with us  
we should have had little hesitation about it -  
but as only he & Rowley were there we resolved not  
to be caught but return here and then go to Shire  
Had we taken them there first we see now that all  
would have perished - fever is unusually severe  
this year probably from the amount of rain  
being greater than ever known. While on the  
Fever I may say at once all have had it with  
one or two exceptions and all have recovered  
It was all we could do to make Mohilla - there  
we bought very indifferent wood - then we bought  
a ton [of coals] here to take us round the island to H M.  
Wasp. where we got 26 tons - we got also a  
rain awning of which we stood very greatly  
in need for our "sun awning" allowed any  
one under it to be drenched. Having a great  
many things in the cabin, as we have no  
hold, most sleep on deck - the rain awning  
will be a great protection & comfort. I  
treated all the men who had been sick with  
fresh meat & vegetables as often as we could  
get them. I engaged six Johanna men  
[some of] whom have been on board whalers at £1  
8/8 a month or as they say seven dollars  
I advanced 2 months pay to each - they are  
easily rationed and should there be pleased  
[0002]

After 12 months service we shall get as  
many as we please. I had just taken our

Makololo crew home to their own land when Pioneer arrived, and sixteen who are now with us are perfectly raw & useless on the sea. For land they are invaluable - they brought the half caste Arabs on the Rovuma to their senses in no time by only making a rush to their arms when they began the insolence of which Burton so much complains - but on the sea they are like children, and I have to treat them with the greatest gentleness. We discharged five men into the Wasp on receiving the Johannese. One Quarter master is quite useless from old Rheumatism - and a leading stoker a most willing man, from chronic dysentery of old standing - the others were quite well. We shall reduce the whites as soon as we can. the stokers for instance, but they are necessary for this sea voyage. M<sup>r</sup> May goes home by way of the Cape. He has suffered somewhat from fever, and his remaining would have broken up the previous arrangements of the Foreign Office, and possibly caused disturbance, so I proposed to him to retire in an amicable way. As you had wisely forewarned him might be necessary, I giving him a letter thanking him for his services in bringing out the Pioneer. [...]—  
[...], I have avoided saying a word about his retirement to any one - except to the Foreign Office, and hope no unfavourable inference may be drawn from his retiring  
[0003]

Returning to the subject of expenses, I received £17 [from M<sup>r</sup> May] the balance of money received by him at the Cape. The Bishop had advanced £10 to a [black] man intended to act as M's interpreter. this man was to receive £36 per annum & £2 per month was to be advanced to his wife out of it. As we could not well break through the arrangement though he is useless as an interpreter we have made him cook.

We found that he had been a slave and would have made mischief so send him off to the Cape. His wife and he will cost us not £17 but £22. the balance of £17 was therefore only nominal. Our expenses for fresh meat & vegetables, which for the sake of those I ~~got from~~ who had had fever I got as frequently as possible;

for fowls - wood at Mohilla - boat hire  
one ton of coals to take us round from  
Pomony bay to the Wasp - provisions  
for the natives on board, and advance  
of two months wages to each, amounted  
to nearly £50. So I gave a receipt for  
that amount on the 18<sup>th</sup> April to the  
Paymaster. [H.M S Wasp]. We got also stronger tackling  
that used to take the ship off a bank in  
Rovuma having broke several times. Also  
an addition to the white crew's provisions  
We shall not come down the river till  
1<sup>st</sup> January 1862. We ought then to  
have a stock of fresh provisions ready  
at the mouth of Kongone. Preserved  
meats are the most important article  
for us, those on board Pioneer when  
she came were to last till September  
[0004]

In consequence of having the bishop & Rowley  
Kirk, Livingstone & myself addition M<sup>r</sup> May  
will tell you there is not much likelihood of  
of the stock lasting so long. We shall use as  
much native produce as we can. We ask the  
bishop to contribute to the cabin table from  
this place onwards. The only thing we ask of  
you is Preserved fresh meats. We can get  
coffee tea & sugar from the Cape. Salt meats  
and biscuit from the men of war. We  
found 23 bottles of brandy in Pioneer, and  
put them into the medical stores. Of wines  
and spirits a good quantity was got at the  
Cape & that is the best place to send if we  
need any more. A present of 4 dozen  
best Export ale from M<sup>r</sup> C. S. Hanbury turned  
out to be only four bottles. They had forgotten  
to wire their corks!! The idea that these were  
safe made us use those you kindly sent  
freely after our long tramp up to Sesheke  
Please do not send any more cotton gins  
till you hear from me - but honour  
a small bill for some medicines from  
the Apothecaries company which will be  
sent. The new medicines got at the Cape  
are rubbish and in some cases required  
a shovelful of salts atop to make them  
operate.

I could not square our last years  
account because I could not get a bill  
from Quilimane & another from Mos-

ambigue - but though the expenses arising  
from our goods being pretty well all expended  
the calicoes being very dear & our means  
of locomotion gone - the sum against Gov<sup>t</sup>  
is not large. I have recieved £130 by way  
of the Cape Treasury  
[0005]

If there are any means of getting  
M<sup>rs</sup> Livingstonea passage out I think  
I shall be able to provide a house for  
her by January 1862. I understand  
that Government has contracts  
with certain lines whereby they can  
send whom they will at a lower  
rate of fare than the common. If  
you can procure that or any other  
advantage you will oblige me much  
the bishops sisters are now at the  
Cape and come up by a Man of  
War in January next. I suppose  
we shall have entered into little  
contracts with as many villages  
on our route as we touch at  
to buy cotton and also settled the  
Nyassa & Rovuma questions  
by that time and it will not do for  
me to keep away from my wife after  
the other ladies have come. So I give  
her leave to come and she will  
be sort of headquarters for us.  
The steamer must remain up all  
the time [till January] as our point of retreat.

A small gun boat's condenser  
said not to be more than 18 inches  
[0006]  
in diameter and costing only £15 or  
£20 - would enable ~~to~~ us to get rid  
a great inconvenience - the want of a  
hold. It is said that there are a number  
of these little condensers always on  
hand - they are made for the ~~lowe~~  
smallest gunboats and distil enough  
for all we shall ever need to put aboard.  
We could get rid of the large Tanks  
We are now obliged to put in three  
tons of water - and though we may  
not be in the sea often yet we  
should condense in unhealthy water  
such as Rovuma in flood which

gave us all diarrhoea. I mention  
this to you only. I think all additional  
we should require would be piping  
and only a few feet of that.

We have ordered 2 mules and  
2 Scotch carts from the Cape by  
Sir George Grey to transport our  
goods past the Cataracts. By the  
way our goods should have been  
got from James Aspinall Turner  
M.P. for Manchester He supplied  
us formerly and his goods gave  
great satisfaction. M<sup>r</sup> Clegg's people  
[0007]

sent a lot of fragments in one bale, &  
the articles generally good for the  
West in doubt are too flimsy for our  
people. Of the men discharged into  
the Wasp two were suffering  
from the effects of former  
Tropical diseases - but all the  
fever cases recovered well.  
Proctor complains of a little fever today

I am &c

David Livingstone

I enclose requests made by Hardisty, &  
George for you to draw and appropriate  
part of their pay, as it seems you  
kindly offered to do. I told them that  
a quarterly life certificate was not  
necessary.

I enclose also a plan and  
measurements for the condenser  
M<sup>r</sup> H. says that the second size  
used in the gun boats and not  
the very smallest would suit us  
We could take out the tanks  
and make a sort of hold and  
thereby stop any talk that may  
arise about forgetting one.