Letter to William Thompson, 27 September 1855

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My Dear M^r Thompson

I have just learned that my Arabian post office man is detained at Sesheke by the sickness of one of his party so I am glad of the opportunity to write a little appendix to that hurried note of the 13th I particularly wish to express my sympathy in the bereave ment you have been called on to suffer in the departure of your most excellent father in law. I hear of it only now and as I have always since my attendance on his theological lectures and ministry regarded him with very great affection I think of his removal with unfeigned sorrow. May God grant us grace to follow in his footsteps. Unquestionably he served God in his day and generation with rare abilities and unswerving devotion through good & through bad reports. When such are removed we feel somewhat nearer to the grave. There seems to be nothing now between it and us. May we live to Christ and for the prosperity of his great cause and recieve the welcome well done as we have every reason to believe our much lamented [0002][friend]has done. I shall always revere his

memory.

I believe I did not refer very pointedly to what may be called missionary prospects in this region. And the reason is I feel perplexed on one point viz. the insalubrity of the climate. It is no obstacle to myself personally. I think no London society's "zendeling" worth his salt. would bolt at that. Even though we have

no law against cowardice (vide the 2^{d Art.} of the Bushman commando mighty men of valour) most of our fellows must feel in the same way. And my better half would go as readily as any one. But I am not clear on exposing my little ones without their own intelligent self dedication. As far as opportunity goes there is no lack. There are tribes and villages without number to the North and East of this and all would be proud of the presence of a white man. I know of no hindrance to missionary operations in any part of the country North of the Zambesi and towards the centre of the Continent. And every day we hear of commerce extending its ramifications in all directions. Only think of the way this letter goes. by an Arab from [0003]

Zanzibar who takes charge of a party of Makololo with ivory for Loanda. When they return my late companions will be ready to start again. So one relay will always be abroad on business. Before my trip the Makololo never visited another tribe except to plunder. They have not given this trade up yet, for two forays were made during my absence. (not being in the country I did not lend my pot again) What a mercy, the "ill report" wont be retailed in Government House again) But [^][the] remedy for that and every evil is being applied. The blessed word of the living God has been preached though in much weakness - and the prayers of Gods people are ascending as incense before the throne of the Hope of Israel, and the time is coming, the set time, when all nations shall call Him blessed.

I have been guilty of some innocent wonderment in seeing it stated in terms lugubrious enough that the Bakwains Bakhatla and Bahurutse &c were not a whit better for all our labours, nay much worse. I followed the rule invaribly of making no enquiries respecting the labours or conduct of other missionaries among <u>natives</u> and therefore can say [0004]

nothing about Bahurutse or Bakhatla. But about the Bakwains the verdict would I most sincerely think, require reconsideration. During the whole of our sojourn there we strove so to conduct ourselves as that there should be no cause of offence except concerning the law of our God. I feel humbly and heartily thankful to our Heavenly father for enabling us to effect this. This is a point of vital importance in estimating what has been effected among a people. So when we left we had not one single enemy in the whole tribe x [Note: if it were necessary for me to seek a "character" I would confidently refer to the Bakwains for it/ and even when the waggon was inspanned on our departure for Sebituane's country. Sechele and his principal [men] [^] tried to persuade me to remove to the (afterwards) scene of the massacre of his people, offering to build a house and church free of expence. I need not refer to my reasons for refusing- (I am perfectly satisfied as to their validity) except that the principal one was determined hostility to the requirements of the gospel unmixed with any hostility to ourselves. Some may think this [0005]hostility to the gospel evidence of deterioration from their state of heathenism I believe it to be a most important step in advance from that state. for though they refuse to bow in humility to the Divine law, the truths they have imbibed exert a most salutary influence on their morals * [Note: Sechele asked the Boers on commando not to fight on Sunday. The former beat the Bakwains hollow in lying & meanness - and it would be an insult to compare the honesty of the Bakwains with the dishonesty of the Boers] I know this to be a fact - a plain palpable fact. And if any one doubts it. As he cannot compare what the Bakwains were with what they are let a comparison be made between the Makololo and Bakwains. Why in [^][coming from Makololo] meeting with them and [^][some of the] people near Kuruman who still hate the gospel as much

as the Bakwains I used to feel I had entered civilized life, I dont wonder at it. The word of the living God has been brought in contact with their hearts &[minds] His word has life and power. Few [0006]human souls can withstand its force and no hatred however deep can quench its power. I bless God from the bottom of my heart for allowing me to sow the good seed among the Bakwains. Their present posture is a terrible one if they continue so to the end. But though they do [^][so] it is God's will the offer should be made though thousands both white and black make a bad use of it. You will probably live longer than I shall. Remember seed was sown among the people of Sechele.

I thank you for publishing the "Pot" defence. I have not seen the remarks of Scholz or whoever it was that wrote in a defamatory way against me. I bear the poor wretched Boers in [^][the interior] no malice - I never did, but I pitied their ignorance and wickedness - Although I were a Boer myself I could not help saying [^][as they do] that in moralityand good sense they are decidedly inferior to [0007]the Bakwains and considerably worse indeed than the heathen who have had no advantages. I think it is not usual for Editors of Newspapers to publish defamatory remarks against persons whom. they know cannot, for months or as in my case years, have an opportunity of answering them. They would not in England publish the like against officers in an Artic expedition. Would they? But you have got a new constitution now and M^r Buchanan has crept under the wing of a likelier hen. requiescat in pace

I have got only one scrap from you but it accompanied the celestial map & pamphlets. Go on & fear nothing my friend. O, O!! What a shame to spring on the poor bishop. The first and only bishop and box his ears so unmercifully.

Believe me very Affectionately

Yours

David Livingstone [0008]

I get no letters from my wife. Cannot account for it no way. Hope she has not come to the Cape. But you will take care of her no doubt.

Excuse this nasty Yankee paper I have nought else

May I beg you to give the Directors notice of my welfare at this date. I cannot write them now

Wretched Yankee paper this all else is expended - assuredly they need rags

<u>via St. Helena</u> Rev^d.W. Thompson Cape of Good Hope