## The Manyema Diary, 1871, p.117, DLC297b\_117\_003v

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The valleys into which the water is led are covered with a thick sward of wiry damp loving grass & other aquatic plants up to the verge of the forest - no bushes or trees can live on the oozing earthen mantle which supports the long grass and is itself supported on water and the pearl white [^][river] sand above mentioned - The nearest approach to oozing earthen sponge is our "Bog" but here we have no peat nor yet the, in the sun, the mosses or Heaths from which peat is formed - The earthen sponge is a great specific gravity and though constantly pouring out clear what water [^][which] descends into the centre of the valley & forms a perennial rill = it is only when the rains have supersat[...] ated the flats and the slopes of the valleys are so full as to lift up the whole earthen sponge that the natural valves by it weight was shut opens [especially thevalves at its lower end] and the water of innundation in all the upland streams is gently let go - The ensuing floods happen towards the close of the rainy season and even after the rains have entirely ceased the water generally is clear - [Then [...] ] near the centre of all the valleys on the watershed a rivulet is formed whose perennial flow is fed on each bank by 30 or a hundred yards of oozing sponge [...] ranches[^][rills] enter it on all its course down and these rills & rivulets are almost innumerable - that is it would require more than half a mans lifetime to count them a birds eye view of them would appear somewhat like the vegetation [...] frost on our window panes

or more closely the vegetation