Letter to George Grey, 18 December 1858

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Tette $18^{\underline{\text{th}}}$ Dec $\underline{\text{r}}$ 1858

Private

Dear Sir George

We have been up to examine the rapids of Kebra or more correctly Kaorabasa when the water in the Zambesi was at its lowest and we found that all we knew of the it previously from Portuguese description was just nothing at all. We steamed about four miles beyond where any description we could get even here terminated and found that instead of a number of detached rocks jutting out of the water across the stream the affair arises from the Zambesi being confined by mountains to a bed 1/4 mile wide at parts and at one point to 50 or 60 yards In the wider parts there is a deep groove cut out of the solid rock if such it can be called where rocks are twisted, broken, cleaved & huddled together in every direction besides being water worn and drilled with potholes everywhere When sailing up the groove with the walls far above our masts the man at the lead kept calling out "no bottom at ten fathoms" yet the groove fills at flood and flows over the adjacent bed though to do so it must rise perpendicularly 80 or 100 feet There are rapids in the groove which this feeble vessel cannot

stem but we have no doubt that a steamer of good power would go up easily at flood one rapid which had five feet [0003]of fall became level at three feet general rise of the river - the Ma Robert was just 1/16 of an inch thick when new - it is now thinner so we fear to try towing her up lest she should go craunch like an old tin kettle in the operation There is also a place with perpendicular walls past which no towing line could be carried The mountains are at least 2000 or 2300 feet high, covered with trees and very healthy As far as the can reach Northwest we see ranges of the same even into the blue distance. We slept without cover or quinine & but for the toil which was excessive we should all have returned improved in health. It made us so lean that had I come down this way in 1856 I should have perished before reaching Tette. It is an impediment to [0004]navigation i.e. canoe or bum boat navigation - they cannot paddle against a four knot current and then here they cannot punt at 60 feet deep nor tow from a height of 80 ft so they go over land. We have abundance of work in the mean time down here, the geologist reports having found 3 seams of coal 1st 7 feet thick 2^d 13 ft 6in. 3^d twenty five feet thick in a five cliff section It was fired by lightning a few years ago and burned a long time. We are all in good health. Have had colds only, no fever except among the Kroomen. The Portuguese command and Major Secard gave us the Residencia of Government house to live in at Tette I am going up the Shire next week.

Thanks for the pamphlet containing the account of your library. I made a collection of Bechuana orations

Maina or names they are called and each boy must produce his own at the circumcision. They contained a great number of to me entirely new words. I intended to have examined & translated them but the boers in plundering Kolobengdestroyed them all. (that took place at the very time when my friend

D¹ Robertson was recieving them (the boers) into the bosom of the Dutch church in the presence of the Cape dignitaries, if the others knew of they existence of these orations they might recollect them)

David Livingstone