## Letter Inclosure No. 1, 13 November 1859

Livingstone, David, 1813-1873

Published by Livingstone Online (livingstoneonline.org) [0001](IV.) Statement respecting a turning lathe furnished by M<sup>r</sup> John Laird to the Zambesi Expedition The Engineer of the Expedition having been ordered to see that every necessary tool was supplied mentioned a turning lathe as part of the usual equipment - and as he understood one was ordered from Whitworth's Manchester at a cost of £53 but some delay occurring in the delivery at Birkenhead, M<sup>r</sup> Laird proposed to substitute an old one from his shop, and the naval officer in charge professed willingness to accede to this proposal. But M<sup>r</sup> Rae refused his consent saying that "as a new article was to be paid for, it would be as well for us to get the new thing." We left under the conviction that the new lathe was supplied, as the new price (£53) was paid; but on opening the box at Tette, which had never been disturbed from our leaving Liverpool we found that the bolts inside

## [0002]

which held the machine had been unscrewed though furnished with double nuts. Some old parts of a turning lathe substituted for new ones - and not a single tool left in the box. Important parts of the machine were also abstracted & M<sup>r</sup> Rae has been obliged to make them the N<sup>o</sup> on the old parts substituted being "56" from an old established house, is proof of the swindling; and affords a cue which might be traced were the proposal made & agreed to by Commander Bedingfeld & refused

by M<sup>r</sup> Rae not sufficient to point the delinquent.

I make this statement not from any wish to injure M<sup>r</sup> Laird, but from a natural desire to prevent the Government, with which I have the honour to be connected, being again stultified - and its operations retarded - and possibly public blame attached, by similar frauds.

David Livingstone
13 Nov<sup>r</sup>
1859
Captain Washington R. N. &c.
Admiralty

## [0003]

M<sup>r</sup> Rae shewed Bedingfeld that she was then drawing 19 inches and when weight equal to that of the house was put in she drew 25 inches yet Bedingfeld reported her to be "just the thing we required."

The cylinder is unquestionably a low pressure one applied to high pressure purposes. The projecting portion in the middle of the cylinder of which I shall endeavour to send you a photograph proceed it at a glance - and a corresponding hollow inside cannot be explained on any other idea It is quite evident that we were furnished at an exhorbitant price with the sweepings of the shop.

For a considerable time after the fire is lighted the water on one side remains cold - and by opening a cock on that side the hand may be held in it while the other side is too hot to be endured. Until steam is generated one side remains comparatively cold.

the vessel is altogether an ill planned affair. She drew more than 18 inches at her first trial in the Mersey. We shall make the most of a bad & shabby bargain, but it is mortifying to be obliged to spend precious time which otherwise

## [0004]

would have been devoted to the exploration & civilisation of Africa, in tinkering a vessel - a mere punt - for which

we paid such an enormous price - £1200 (extras all paid for besides) was pretty fair for 12 months very slow work with-out any whine of "doing it all for the good of the cause." If I ever hear the phrase after this, I shall ask if the "cause" at the bankers is meant or what.

It occurs to me that it will be well to add the irrelevant sentence I left out in another sheet It is.

"I have not seen Baikie's official report to Lord Clarendon, but in his letter to me describing the accident to the Dayspring it seems have arised from the Bow being in one current and the Stern in another in consequence the vessel would not answer her helm - she was in fact ascending a rapid without a steadying line to the shore - which in the Nile - Indus - & Euphrates has always been found necessary" - With this sentence you have the entire note of 16 Jany 58

The compartments joined by Laird's plan become force pumps as soon as the pins below wear a little The motion of the vessel

brings the comp<sup>ts</sup> together below with a jerk & the water is forced out on all sides & above. No caulking can prevent it. This is the reason of our being always wet