Statistical Analysis of Designs with Repeated Measures by Linear Mixed Models

Livio Finos

Contents

1	Mo	Motivation		
	1.1	Import	1	
	1.2	EDA	2	
2	Mix	ked models	4	
	2.1	IMPORTANT REMARK about contrasts in (mixed) linear models	4	
	2.2	Intuition		
	2.3	The model	F	
	2.4	Plotting tools	7	
	2.5	Validity of the assumptions	Ć	
3	(mi	nimal) Bibliography	11	

1 Motivation

1.1 Import

```
load("./dataset/datiEEG_LMM_2x2.Rdata")
summary(dati)
```

```
##
         Subj
                  Chan
                            {\tt Condition}
                                            Y
    s01
           : 16
                  01:160
                            f:160
                                      Min.
                                              :-9.9964
    s02
           : 16
                  02:160
                            n:160
                                      1st Qu.:-2.5505
##
##
    s03
           : 16
                                      Median :-0.8299
##
   s04
           : 16
                                      Mean :-0.6867
   s05
           : 16
                                      3rd Qu.: 1.3913
    s06
           : 16
                                      Max. : 5.5468
##
   (Other):224
```

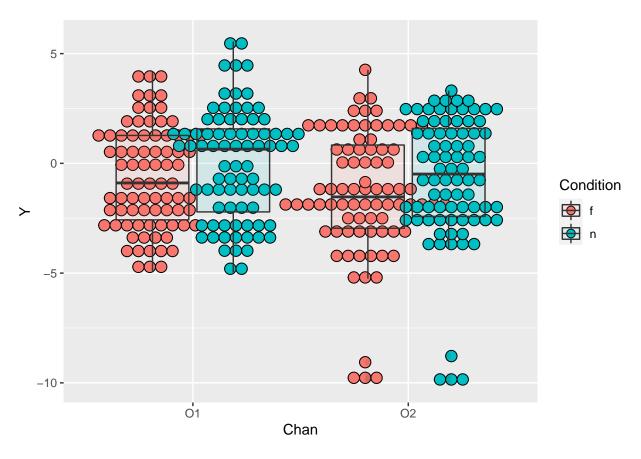
- 10 Subjects,
- 2-levels factor Chan
- 2-levels factor Condition

1.2 EDA

For Y: P300 Average Amplitude

```
library(ggplot2)
p <- ggplot(dati,aes(x=Chan,y=Y,fill=Condition))
p=p+geom_dotplot(binaxis = "y",position=position_dodge(0.8),stackdir = "center") +geom_boxplot(alpha=.1
p</pre>
```

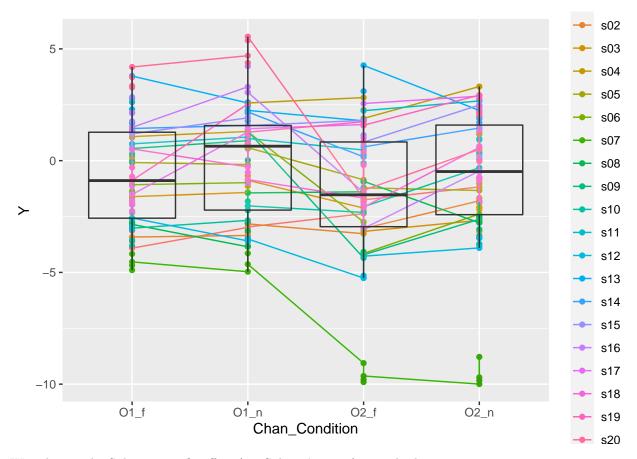
Bin width defaults to 1/30 of the range of the data. Pick better value with 'binwidth'.



Is there a specificity of the Subject?

```
dati$Chan_Condition=paste(sep = "_",dati$Chan,dati$Condition)

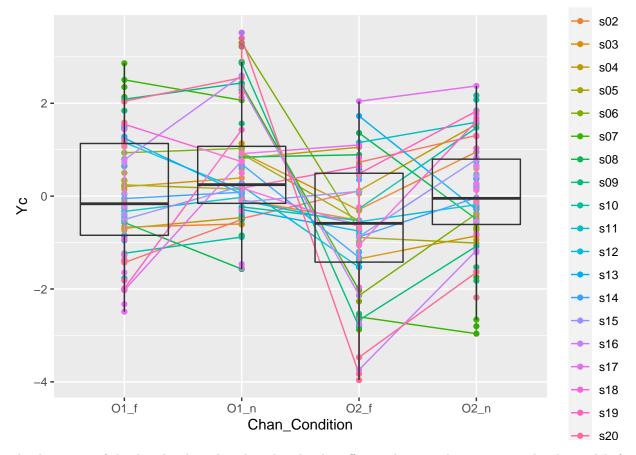
p <- ggplot(dati,aes(x=Chan_Condition,y=Y))
p+geom_point(aes(group = Subj, colour = Subj))+
   geom_line(aes(group = Subj, colour = Subj))+
   geom_boxplot(alpha=.1)</pre>
```



We subtract the Subject-specific effect (i.e. Subject's mean) to each observation.

```
mod=lm(Y~Subj,data=dati)
# summary(mod)
Y=residuals(mod)
dati$Yc=as.vector(Y)

library(ggplot2)
p <- ggplot(dati,aes(Chan_Condition,Yc))
p+geom_point(aes(group = Subj, colour = Subj))+
    geom_line(aes(group = Subj, colour = Subj))+
    geom_boxplot(alpha=.1)</pre>
```



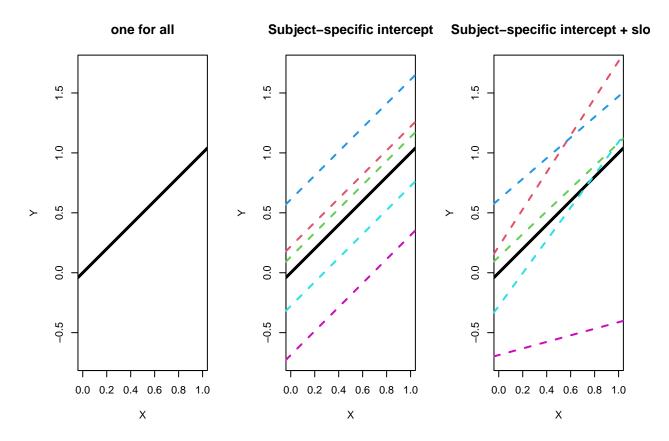
The dispersion of the data has been largely reduced. This effect is the one taken in account by the models for repeated measures.

2 Mixed models

2.1 IMPORTANT REMARK about contrasts in (mixed) linear models

```
# VERY IMPORTANT:
contrasts(dati$Condition) <- contr.sum(2) #2 is the number of levels
contrasts(dati$Chan) <- contr.sum(2) #2 is the number of levels</pre>
```

2.2 Intuition



Mixed models allow to model Subject-specific (average) effect by assuming that it is randomly drawn from the dstribution of the population (which is normal).

I assume you are expert on mixed models, if not https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mixed_model and much more on: http://webcom.upmf-grenoble.fr/LIP/Perso/DMuller/M2R/R_et_Mixed/documents/Bates-book.pdf

and

https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/lme4/vignettes/lmer.pdf

Due to the small size of the dataset, in our example we only explore the scenario with random intercept and fixed slope (i.e. a simpler model, less parameters).

2.3 The model

Models with random effects can be defined as:

$$Y_{n\times 1} = X_{n\times p}B_{p\times 1} + Z_{n\times q}b_{q\times 1} + \varepsilon_{n\times 1}$$

where

$$\varepsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2 I_n)$$

In the models we will consider, the random effects are modeled as a multivariate normal random variable:

$$b \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \Sigma_{q \times q}),$$

In a linear mixed model the Conditional distribution $(Y|\mathcal{B}=b)$ is a spherical multivariate Gaussian.

In our case $n = \#Subj \times \#Chan \times \#Condition = 10 \times 2 \times 2 = 40$. X is the matrix of (dummified) predictors. Z can take many dimensions and values. Examples follow.

Random effect for Subject (Random Intercept)

Z is the matrix of dummy variables of the column dati\$Subj.

```
library(lmerTest)
mod=lmer(Y~ Condition*Chan +(1|Subj),data=dati)
summary(mod)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: Y ~ Condition * Chan + (1 | Subj)
##
      Data: dati
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 1165
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q
                      Median
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -2.45740 -0.57314 -0.04347 0.69734
                                        2.21259
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                         Variance Std.Dev.
## Subj
             (Intercept) 5.647
                                  2.376
## Residual
                         1.709
                                  1.307
## Number of obs: 320, groups: Subj, 20
##
## Fixed effects:
                     Estimate Std. Error
                                                df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                     -0.68675
                                 0.53639 19.00000
                                                   -1.280
                                                              0.216
## Condition1
                     -0.32723
                                 0.07309 297.00000
                                                   -4.477 1.08e-05 ***
## Chan1
                      0.34713
                                 0.07309 297.00000
                                                     4.749 3.18e-06 ***
## Condition1:Chan1
                      0.02160
                                 0.07309 297.00000
                                                     0.295
                                                              0.768
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
               (Intr) Cndtn1 Chan1
##
## Condition1 0.000
## Chan1
              0.000 0.000
## Cndtn1:Chn1 0.000 0.000 0.000
car::Anova(mod,type=3)
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type III Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: Y
##
                    Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
                                 0.2004
## (Intercept)
                   1.6392 1
```

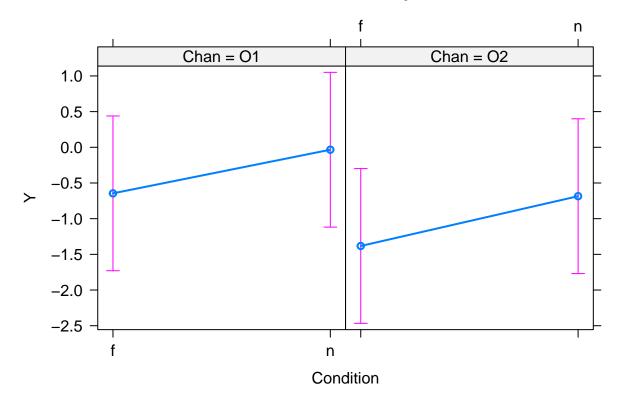
```
## Condition 20.0447 1 7.565e-06 ***
## Chan 22.5567 1 2.040e-06 ***
## Condition:Chan 0.0873 1 0.7676
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

2.4 Plotting tools

for the first model:

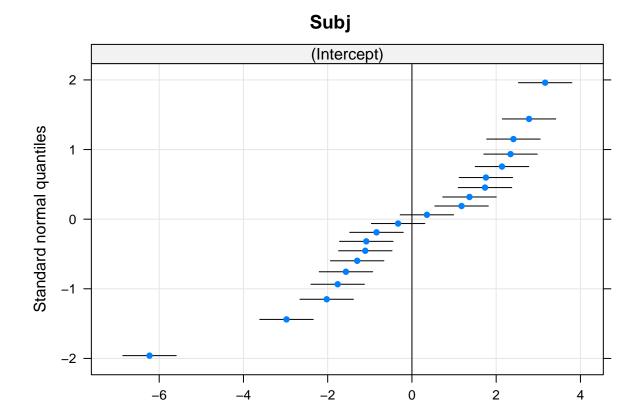
```
library(effects)
plot(allEffects(mod))
```

Condition*Chan effect plot



```
#plot random effects:
require(lattice)
qqmath(ranef(mod, condVar=TRUE))
```

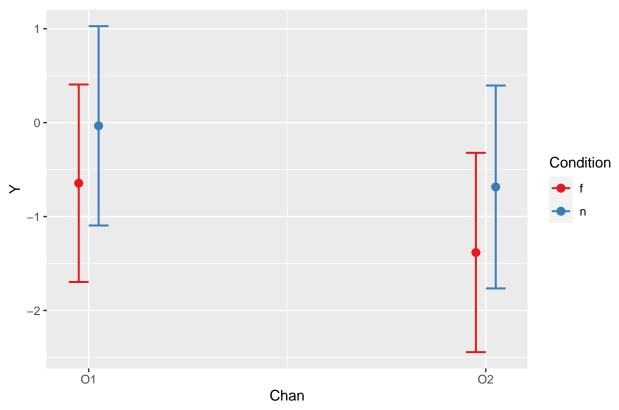
\$Subj



An alternative plotting tool:

```
library(sjPlot)
library(ggplot2)
plot_model(mod, type = "pred", terms = c("Chan", "Condition"))
```

Predicted values of Y



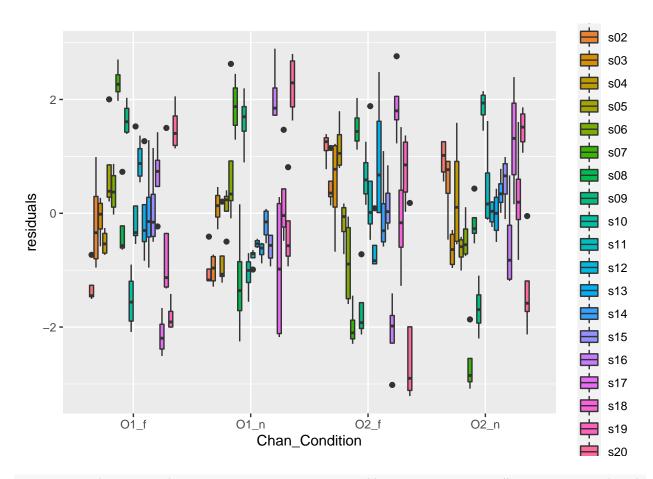
2.5 Validity of the assumptions

- Independence of the residuals?
- Normality of the residuals?
- Homoscedasticity of the residuals (i.e. same variance between Subject/Condition/Chan?
- \bullet outliers?
- Leaverage? (influential observations)

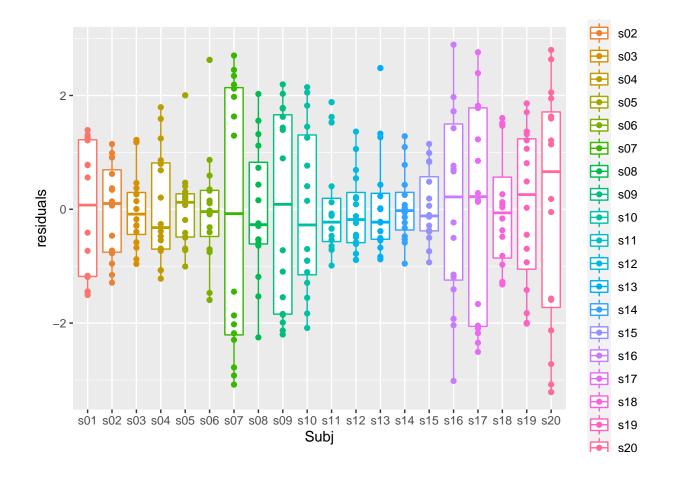
Please, do not test for normality, for homoscedasticity, sphericity etc.

Use Exploratory data Analysis, instead!

```
dati$residuals=residuals(mod)
p <- ggplot(dati, aes(x=Chan_Condition, y=residuals,fill=Subj)) + geom_boxplot()
p</pre>
```



p <- ggplot(dati, aes(x=Subj, y=residuals,col=Subj)) + geom_boxplot()+ geom_point(aes(group = intera
p</pre>



3 (minimal) Bibliography

Jonathan Baron (2011) Notes on the use of R for psychology experiments and questionnaires https://www.sas.upenn.edu/~baron/from_cattell/rpsych/rpsych.html

and Course materal of

ST 732, Applied Longitudinal Data Analysis, NC State University by Marie Davidian https://www.stat.ncsu.edu/people/davidian/courses/st732/notes/chap5.pdf from https://www.stat.ncsu.edu/people/davidian/courses/st732/

 $About\ Type\ I,\ II,\ III\ SS:\ https://mcfromnz.wordpress.com/2011/03/02/anova-type-iiiiii-ss-explained/linear contraction of the contraction o$

About Mixed models:

 $http://webcom.upmf-grenoble.fr/LIP/Perso/DMuller/M2R/R_et_Mixed/documents/Bates-book.pdf and$

https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/lme4/vignettes/lmer.pdf