# Fundamentals of R.

### Block 3 - Practical Visualizations

### Henrique Sposito and Livio Muller-Silva

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#### R Markdown

Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and Word documents.

Creating an R Markdown document is just like an R script, you just have to click the new document button and select R Markdown from the options.

You can embed an R code chunk like this:

In the case above, we are just adjusting the setup for the document and loading some packages for our R Markdown document.

This is the best resource for information on R Markdown!

# **Some Basics:**

Section headers work with #:

### First-level header

### Second-level header

#### Third-level header

For changing text styles use \*:

#### Italics Bold Italics and bold

For inserting R code click on the C buttom above or use Cmd + Option + I on MAC (for Windows: Ctrl + Alt + I).

#### as.character("R Markdown is awesome")

### ## [1] "R Markdown is awesome"

Code chunks can be evaluated (run code?), included (should it be displayed in knitted document?), and much more. rmarkdown, as a tidyverse package, has a cheat sheet!

When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document.

Lastly, R Markdown can be further used to create presentations in R (as the ones we use in class, see the xaringan package) or even to write your Master's thesis (check out iheidown).

# Visualizations

#### Mind the GAP: with visualizations!

Do you remember the gapminder package and data?

```
gapminder <- gapminder::gapminder # create an object
summary(gapminder) # summary data
```

### The ggplot2 canvas

Before we start, the holy grail of visualization books, using the ggplot2 package, is open source and was written in R Markdown.

Do not forget that ggplot2 is a tidyverse package, therefore, there is a cheat sheet for it!

In ggplot2, we use the '+' operator instead of the '%>%'. Remember the '%>%' takes the result of a previous operation and uses as the first argument to the following operation (for more details see here). The '+', instead, adds layers to a ggplot2 plot (for more infomation see here)

For example, without layers a ggplot2 plot looks like this:

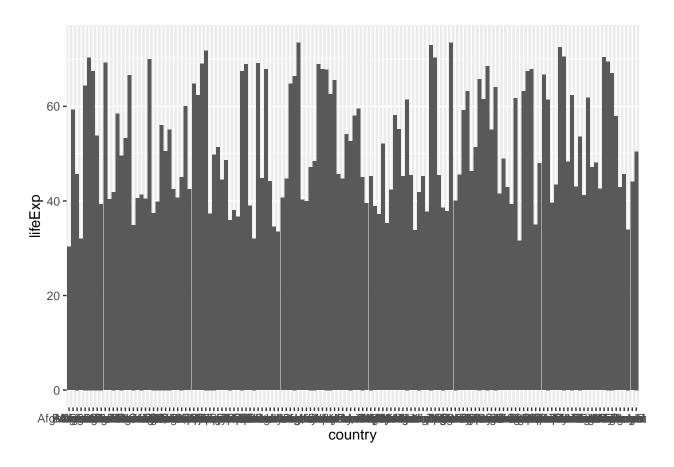
This is just an empty canvas waiting to be filled with your art!

### Life expectancy from 1957 to 2007 across continents (Bar plots)

To create bar plot in ggplot2 we use the geom\_bar() function.

What are bar plots good for?

Would a bar plot be a good choice to plot life expectancy by country in 1957?

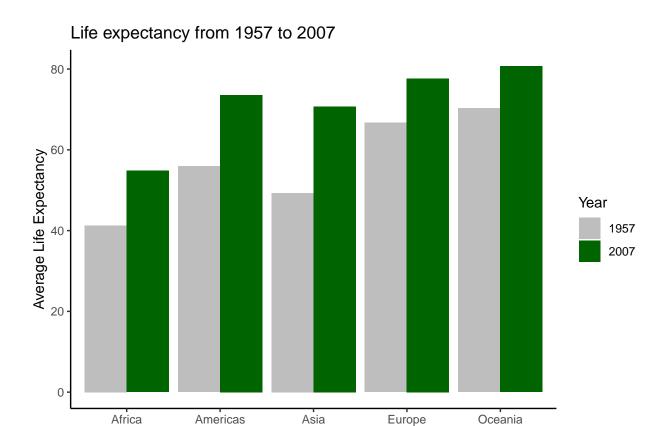


# stat = "identity" tells R that the values are provided and need not be counted!

This is clearly not a good plotting choice (too much information)...

Instead, let's use bars to plot the average difference in life expectancy from 1957 to 2007 across continents.

## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'continent'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.



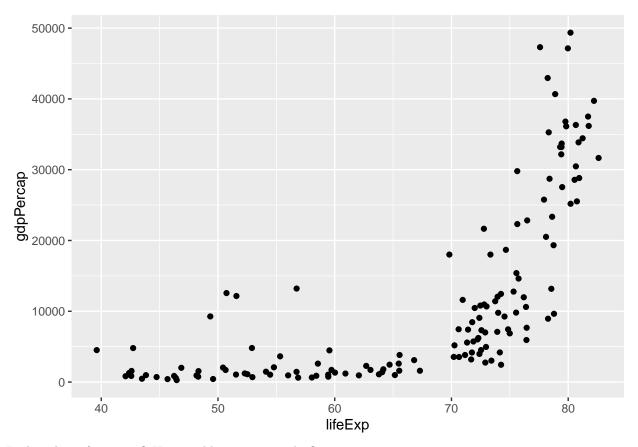
# Population, life expectancy and GDP (Scatter plots)

To create scatter plots in ggplot2 we use the geom\_point() function.

What are scatter plots good for in this case?

Let's plot population and GDP per capita, in 2007!

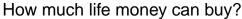
Continent

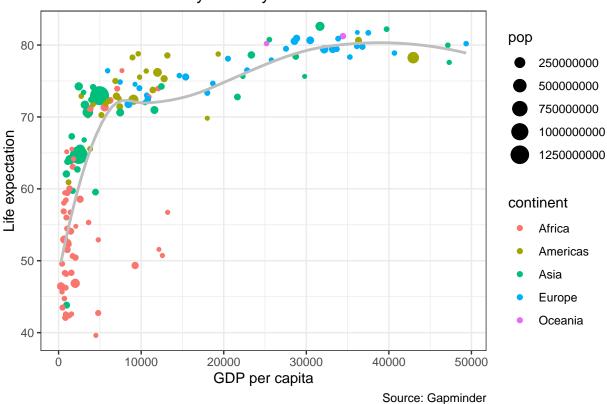


Is this plot informative? How could we improve this?

What if we focus on population, life expectation and GDP?

## 'geom\_smooth()' using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'





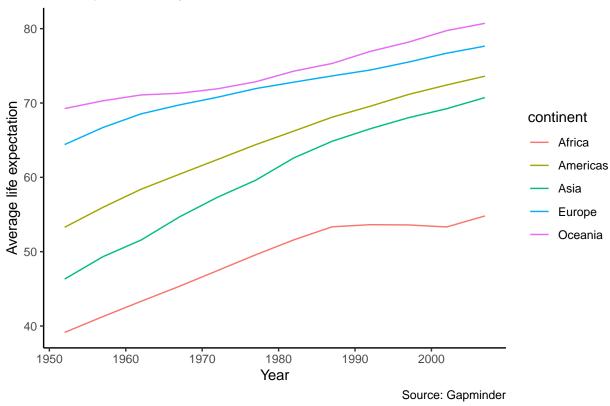
# The evolution of life expectancy (Line plots)

To create scatter plots in ggplot2 we use the geom\_line() function.

What are line plots good for in this case?

## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'continent'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.



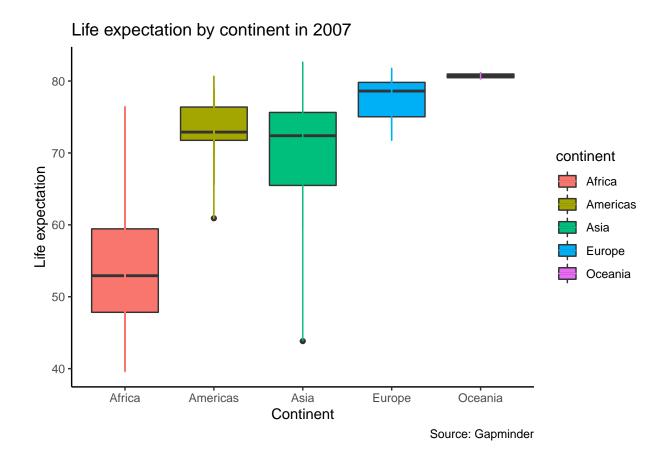


Could you make the same line plots for GDP per capita across continents in time?

# Distribution of life expectancies across continent (Box plots)

To create scatter plots in ggplot2 we use the geom\_boxplot() function.

What are box plots good for in this case?



Can you make the same box plot for GDP?