

Fid__Nov__18

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```
## reads in functions that calculate daily log returns, log closed value, etc.
source(file = "./functions/fid_data_wrangler.R")
## reads in functions calculate goodness of fit
source(file = "./functions/fid_goodness_of_fit.R")

FSPTX = dailynlogReturn(StartDate,read_csv("./Index_Data/FSPTX.csv"))      ## Target Fund
NASDAQ = dailynlogReturn(StartDate,read_csv("./Index_Data/IXIC.csv"))      ## NASDAQ
SnP500 = dailynlogReturn(StartDate,read_csv("./Index_Data/GSPC.csv"))      ## S&P500
SnPMID = dailynlogReturn(StartDate,read_csv("./Index_Data/MID.csv"))      ##
SnPSML = dailynlogReturn(StartDate,read_csv("./Index_Data/SML.csv"))
RUSSELL2000 = dailynlogReturn(StartDate,read_csv("./Index_Data/RUT.csv"))
VGT = dailynlogReturn(StartDate,read_csv("./Index_Data/VGT.csv"))
VIGAX = dailynlogReturn(StartDate,read_csv("./Index_Data/VIGAX.csv"))
VTSAX = dailynlogReturn(StartDate,read_csv("./Index_Data/VTSAX.csv"))
SnP500Info <- dailynlogReturn(StartDate,read_csv("./Index_Data/SnP500Info.csv"))
SnPNATech <- dailynlogReturn(StartDate,read_csv("./Index_Data/SnPNATECH_clean.csv"))
MSCI_INFO_TECH <- dailynlogReturn(StartDate,read_xls(path = "./Index_Data/MSCI_Us_IMI_information_Tech_25/50.xls"))
Benchmark_industry_XOI <- dailynlogReturn(StartDate,read_csv("./Index_Data/Benchmark_industry_XOI.csv"))
VIX <- dailynlogReturn(StartDate,read_csv("./Index_Data/VIX.csv"))
```

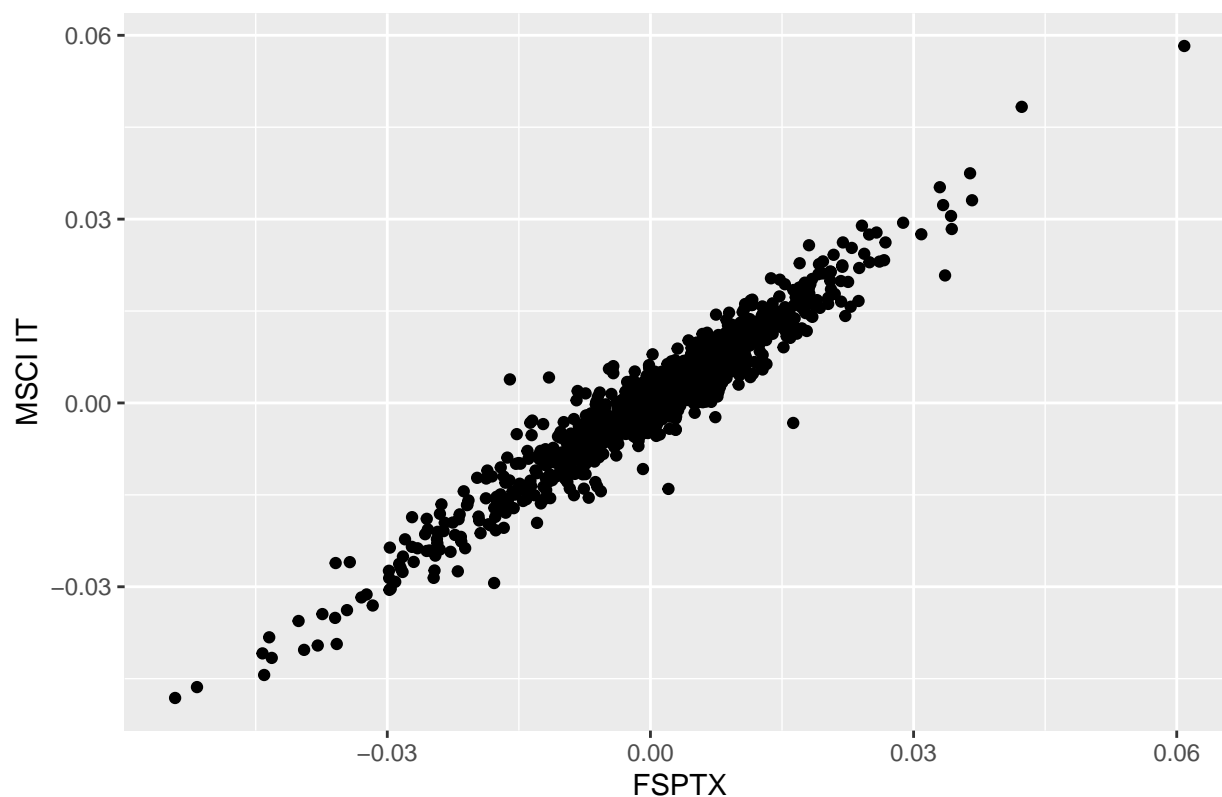
fit benchmark

The logic goes:

- fit a lm model with FSPTX as the outcome and benchmark(MSCI US IMI Info Tech 25/50) as predictor(drop intercept)
- Check if fund and benchmark has linear relationship
- Check residuals
 - Does the residual plot show any trend?
 - Is residual follows a normal distribution?
 - Standardized residual Show follows a distribution of $\mathcal{N}(0,1)$. Does the residual plot support that?
- Check if we can regenerate the original data
 - Calculate y_{sim} and y_{obs} .
 - KS test: Check if we can reject the hypothesis they are from the same distribution.
 - Permutation test: Check if we can reject the hypothesis that they are independent.
 - T test: If they are dependent, check the mean of them using t test.(assume normality)
 - F test: If they are dependent, check the if the variance are different using f test.(assume normality)
 - Visually compare results using histogram.

```
ggplot()+aes(x = FSPTX$log.Return, y = MSCI_INFO_TECH$log.Return)+
  geom_point()+xlab("FSPTX")+ylab("MSCI IT")+ggtitle(label = "Check linear relationship")
```

Check linear relationship

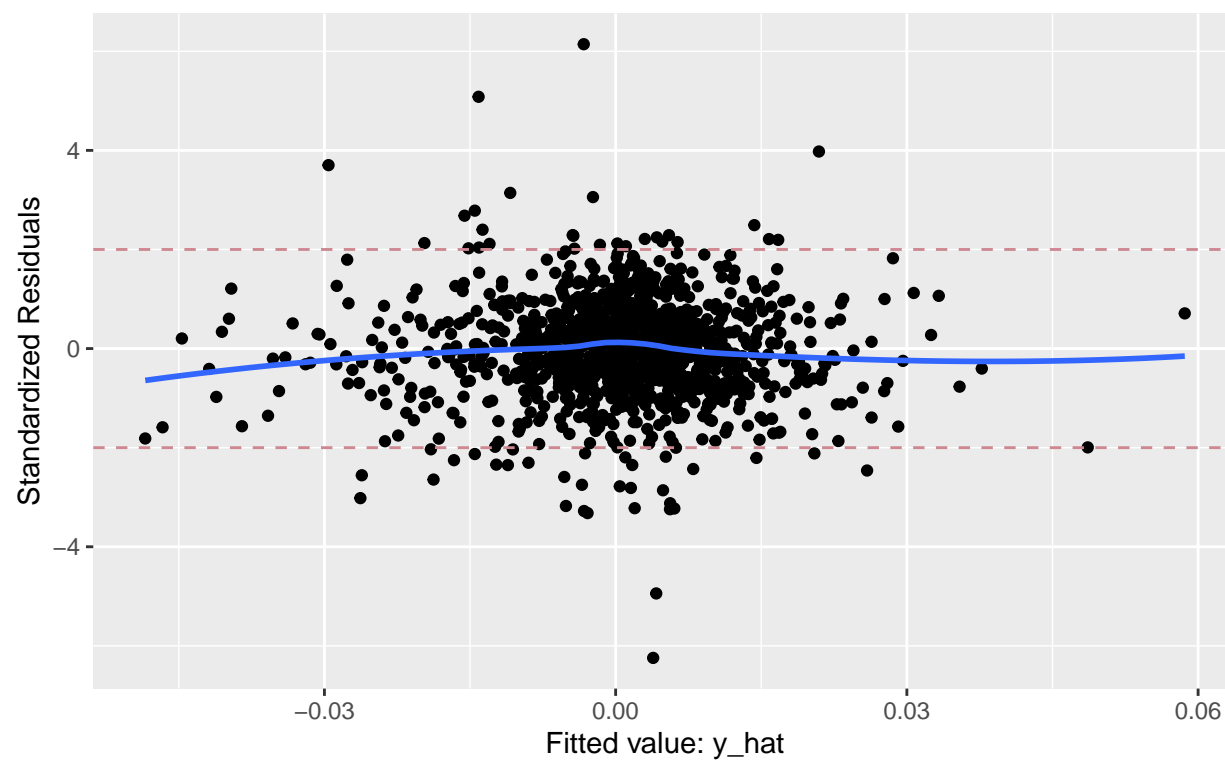


```
fit.benchmark <- lm(FSPTX$log.Return ~ MSCI_INFO_TECH$log.Return - 1)
summary(fit.benchmark)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = FSPTX$log.Return ~ MSCI_INFO_TECH$log.Return - 1)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.019885 -0.001731  0.000043  0.001789  0.019566
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## MSCI_INFO_TECH$log.Return 1.006367   0.008347   120.6  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.003185 on 1248 degrees of freedom
## (2 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.9209, Adjusted R-squared:  0.9209
## F-statistic: 1.454e+04 on 1 and 1248 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

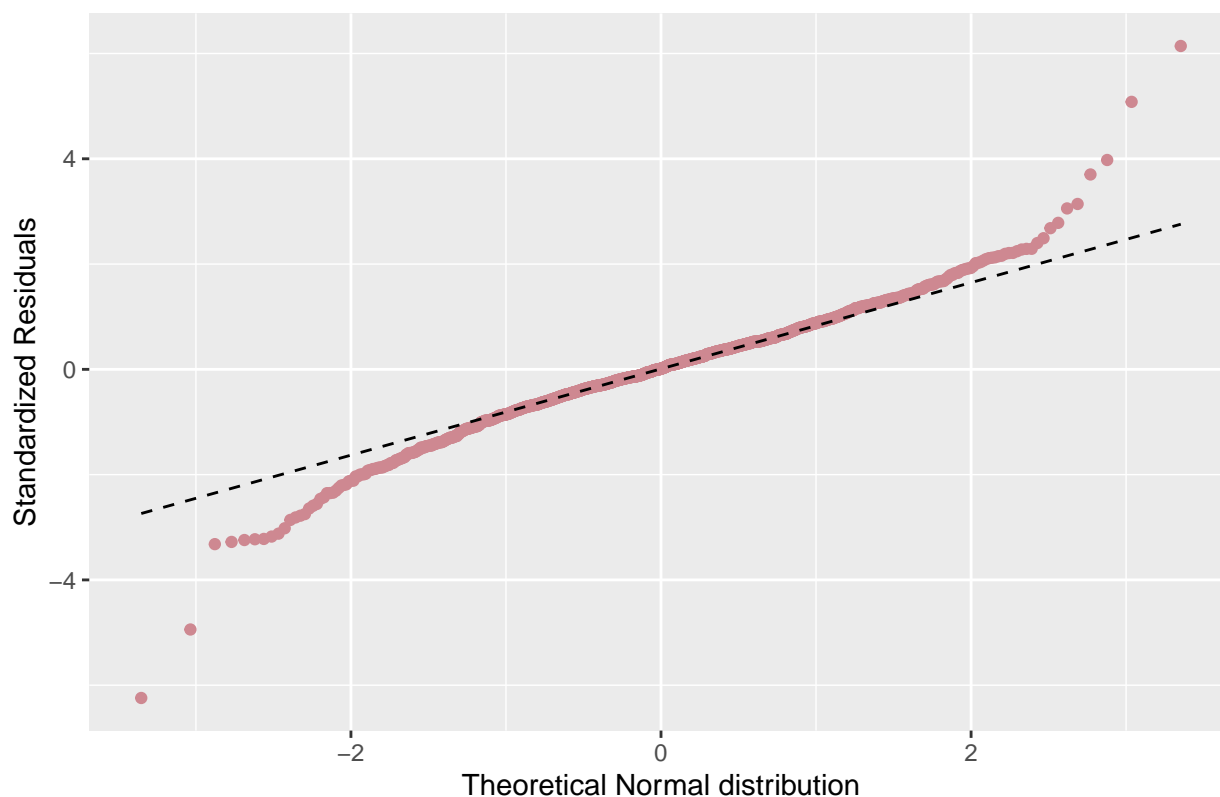
p.benchmark <- plotmodel(fit.benchmark, "y ~ MSCI(benchmark) - 1", "#CE8891")
## check residuals
p.benchmark$redidualplot
```

Residual plot
 $y \sim \text{MSCI}(\text{benchmark}) - 1$



```
p.benchmark$qqplot
```

QQ plot for residuals



```
## check standardized residuals the 95% interval
quantile(scale(fit.benchmark$residuals),probs = c(.25,.95))

##          25%          95%
## -0.5436968  1.4779482

## simulate fake data and compare results
md_test(fit.benchmark,method = "pearson",modelequation = "y ~ MSCI(benchmark) - 1" )

## $KS_test
##
## Two-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
## data:  y_obs and y_sim
## D = 0.03763, p-value = 0.3395
## alternative hypothesis: two-sided
##
## $Permutation_test
##
## Asymptotic General Independence Test
##
## data:  y_obs by y_sim
## Z = 32.365, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
##
## $t_test
```

```

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: y_obs and y_sim
## t = 0.080171, df = 2496, p-value = 0.9361
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.0008510090 0.0009235614
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 0.0005033058 0.0004670296
##
##
## $correlation_test
## [1] 0.9161674
##
## $variance_F_test
##
## F test to compare two variances
##
## data: y_sim and y_obs
## F = 0.99672, num df = 1248, denom df = 1248, p-value = 0.9537
## alternative hypothesis: true ratio of variances is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.8919933 1.1137436
## sample estimates:
## ratio of variances
## 0.9967206
##
##
## $histogram

```

