

Supplementary Information for “Joint Optimization of Communication, Caching, and Computing in Wireless Network Virtualization Based on Contract Theory”

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Algorithm 1: Joint 3C Resource Allocation Algorithm

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Input:  $V_n^{fq}, V_n^f, u_n$ 
Output: Optimal contract  $(\bar{R}_{n_\theta}^* (x_{n_\theta}^*, y_{n_\theta}^*), W_{n_\theta}^*)$ ,  $\theta = \{1, \dots, \vartheta\}$ , caching strategy  $a^f$ 
1 Step 1: The S-E algorithm
2  $K \leftarrow 0$ ;
3 for  $temp = 0.01 : 0.01 : 10$  do
4    $\bar{R}_{n_\theta} = temp \cdot R_\theta^{EXP}$ ,  $\theta = \{1, \dots, \vartheta\}$ ;
5   for  $W_{n_\theta} = 0 : 0.2 : 25$ ,  $\theta = \{1, \dots, \vartheta\}$  do
6     if  $IC\&IR$  then
7        $ContractPairs \leftarrow (\bar{R}_{n_\theta}, W_{n_\theta})$ ,  $\theta = \{1, \dots, \vartheta\}$ ;
8        $K = K + 1$ ;
9     end
10  end
11 end
12 Step 2: Resource allocation based on optimal contracts and caching strategy
13  $U_{m,n_\theta}^{max} \leftarrow 0$ ,  $\theta \in \{1, \dots, \vartheta\}$ ;
14 for  $k = 1 : K$  do
15   for  $\theta = 1 : \vartheta$  do
16      $\bar{R}_{n_\theta} \leftarrow \bar{R}_{n_\theta}^k$ ,  $W_{n_\theta} \leftarrow W_{n_\theta}^k$ ;
17     if  $f \in CacheSpace$  then
18       if  $q = Q$  then
19          $\text{compute } \max_{x_{n_\theta}} U_{m,n_\theta}^{Cache}, i > 1$ ;
20       else
21          $\text{compute } \max_{x_{n_\theta}, y_{n_\theta}} U_{m,n_\theta}^{Cache}, i > 1$ ;
22       end
23     else
24       if  $j^f N \geq 1$  then
25          $CacheSpace \leftarrow f$ ,  $a^f \leftarrow 1$ ,  $z^f \leftarrow 1$ ;
26         if  $q = Q$  then
27            $\text{compute } \max_{x_{n_\theta}} U_{m,n_\theta}^{Cache}, i = 1$ ;
28         else
29            $\text{compute } \max_{x_{n_\theta}, y_{n_\theta}} U_{m,n_\theta}^{Cache}, i = 1$ ;
30         end
31       else
32         if  $q = Q$  then
33            $\text{compare } \max_{x_{n_\theta}} \sum_{i=1}^{j^f N} U_{m,n_\theta}^{Cache} \text{ and } \max_{x_{n_\theta}} j^f N \cdot U_{m,n_\theta}^{N-Cache}$ ;
34           if  $a^f == 1$  then
35              $CacheSpace \leftarrow f$ ,  $z^f \leftarrow 1$ ;
36           end
37         else
38            $\text{compare } \max_{x_{n_\theta}, y_{n_\theta}} \sum_{i=1}^{j^f N} U_{m,n_\theta}^{Cache} \text{ and } \max_{x_{n_\theta}, y_{n_\theta}} j^f N \cdot U_{m,n_\theta}^{N-Cache}$ ;
39           if  $a^f == 1$  then
40              $CacheSpace \leftarrow f$ ,  $z^f \leftarrow 1$ ;
41           end
42         end
43       end
44     end
45     if  $U_{m,n_\theta}^{max} \leq U_{m,n_\theta}$  then
46        $U_{m,n_\theta}^{max} \leftarrow U_{m,n_\theta}$ ,  $\bar{R}_{n_\theta}^* \leftarrow \bar{R}_{n_\theta}$ ,  $W_{n_\theta}^* \leftarrow W_{n_\theta}$ ;
47     end
48   end
49 end

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Lemma 1. For video file f , if $j^f N \geq 1$, we have $a^f = 1$.

proof: Since $\frac{c_{ca} V_n^f}{j^f N} \ll \frac{\beta V_n^f}{j^f N}$, if (12) ≥ 0 , we have $\beta V_n^f \geq \frac{\beta V_n^f}{j^f N}$. For video with a high request rate, $j^f N \geq 1$, which leads that the function (12) is greater than zero and $a^f = 1$.