1 Matlab correction

1.1 Binary attribute filtering

If I is a binary image, the different attribute are proposed in the following code (filtering small squares -25×25 , small objects, by elongation or convexity, respectively).

```
S= imreconstruct(imopen(I, strel('square',25)), I));
A= bwareaopen(I, 1000);
B= bwpropfilt(I, 'eccentricity', [0.75 1]);
C= bwpropfilt(I, 'solidity', [0.75 1]);
```

1.2 Grayscale filtering

The grayscale filtering is the previous binary filtering process applied to all level-sets of the original image. The image is first decomposed into the level-sets.

Then, for each level, the binary set is filtered by some attribute, and the resulting image is reconstructed by taking the maximum value on all levels.

```
13 % IMAGE RECONSTRUCTION

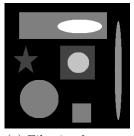
B1 = max(levelSets_res1,[],3);

B2 = max(levelSets_res2,[],3);

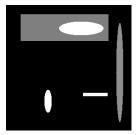
B3 = max(levelSets_res3,[],3);

B4 = max(levelSets_res4,[],3);
```

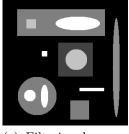
Results are illustrated in Fig.1.



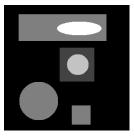
(a) Filtering by area.



(b) Filtering by elongation.



(c) Filtering by convexity.



(d) Filtering objects larger than a square.

Figure 1: Attribute filtering examples.